```
1 1051 | Easy | Height Checker | Sorting
   A school is trying to take an annual photo of all the students.
   The students are asked to stand in a single file line in
   non-decreasing order by height.
6
   Let this ordering be represented by the integer array expected
   where expected[i] is the expected height of the ith student in line.
9
   You are given an integer array heights representing the current order
   that the students are standing in. Each heights[i] is the height of
   the ith student in line (0-indexed).
13
   Return the number of indices where heights[i] != expected[i].
15
   Constraints:
17 1 <= heights.length <= 100
   1 <= heights[i] <= 100
```

Example 1:

```
Input: heights = [1,1,4,2,1,3]
Output: 3
Explanation:
heights: [1,1,4,2,1,3]
expected: [1,1,2,3,4]
Indices 2, 4, and 5 do not match.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: heights = [5,1,2,3,4]
Output: 5
Explanation:
heights: [5,1,2,3,4]
expected: [1,2,3,4,5]
All indices do not match.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: heights = [1,2,3,4,5]
Output: 0
Explanation:
heights: [1,2,3,4,5]
expected: [1,2,3,4,5]
All indices match.
```

```
int heightChecker(vector<int>& heights) {
       int N = heights.size();
       vector<int> exp(N);
       // * assign is importants.
5
        exp.assign(heights.begin(), heights.end());
6
        sort(heights.begin(), heights.end());
8
       int count = 0;
9
       for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
10
            if(heights[i] != exp[i]) count++;
11
12
       return count;
13
14 }
```

#100daysofDSA











/rvislive

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