Given a linked list where every node represents a linked list and contains two pointers of its type:

- 1. Pointer to next node in the main list (**right pointer**)
- Pointer to a linked list where this node is head (down pointer). All linked lists are sorted.

You are asked to flatten the linked list into a single list. Use **down** pointer to link nodes of the flattened list. **The flattened linked list should also be sorted.** 

#### **Problem Constraints**

1 <= Total nodes in the list <= 100000

1 <= Value of node <= 10<sup>9</sup>

# Input 1:

## Input 2:

#### **Example Output**

## Output 1:

# Output 2:

```
1 ListNode* center(ListNode* head) {
       if(head == NULL) return head;
       ListNode *slow = head, *fast = head;
       while(fast->right != NULL && fast->right->right != NULL) {
           slow = slow->right;
           fast = fast->right->right;
       return slow;
11 ListNode* merge(ListNode* first, ListNode* second) {
       // using down.
       if(first == NULL) return second;
       if(second == NULL) return first;
       ListNode* result = new ListNode(-1), *temp = NULL;
       temp = result;
       while(first != NULL && second != NULL) {
           if(first->val < second->val) {
               temp->down = first;
               temp = first;
               first = first->down;
           } else {
               temp->down = second;
               temp = second;
               second = second->down;
       if(first != NULL) temp->down = first;
       else temp->down = second;
       return result->down;
35 ListNode* flatten (ListNode* root) {
       if(root == NULL || root->right == NULL) return root;
       ListNode* c1 = center(root);
       ListNode* second = c1->right;
       c1->right = NULL;
       root = flatten(root);
       second = flatten(second);
       return merge(root, second);
```

# #100daysofDSA











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