



Machine Learning Models To Predict Covid Mortality

Rutgers Bootcamp for Data Science

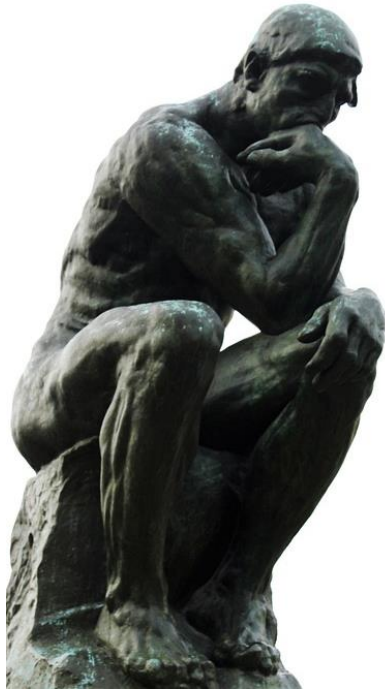
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Jialin Huang, Roger Vroom
March 23, 2023

Team Introduction



Abraham Abate

*Cruncher of numbers and
dominator of databases*



Ashish Shukla

*Philosopher of
“One more thing”*



Jialin Huang

Artistic and Visual Director



Roger Vroom



Background

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus. Most people infected with COVID-19 virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and recover without requiring special treatment, but some Covid patients with certain medical conditions will develop severe symptoms leading to death.

The main goal of this project is to build a machine learning model that, given a Covid-19 patient's current symptom, status, and medical history, will predict whether the patient is high risk or not.

Objectives



We decided to focus on Covid-19 due to its continued impact on the world's population.



Dataset, provided by Mexican government, consists of 21 unique features and 1,048,576 unique patients



Compare and evaluate performances of different machine learning models

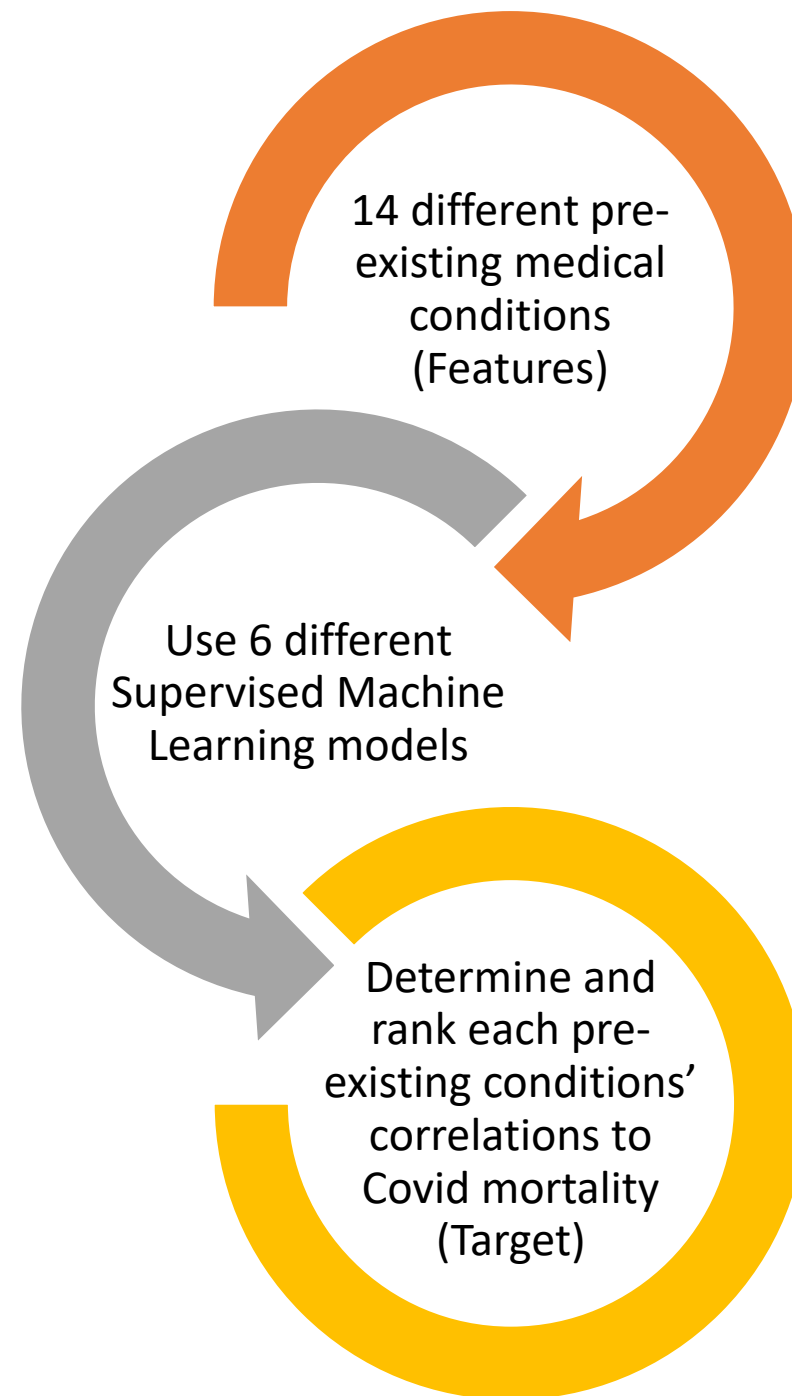


Predict a person's likelihood contract severe Covid by pre-existing conditions (features)

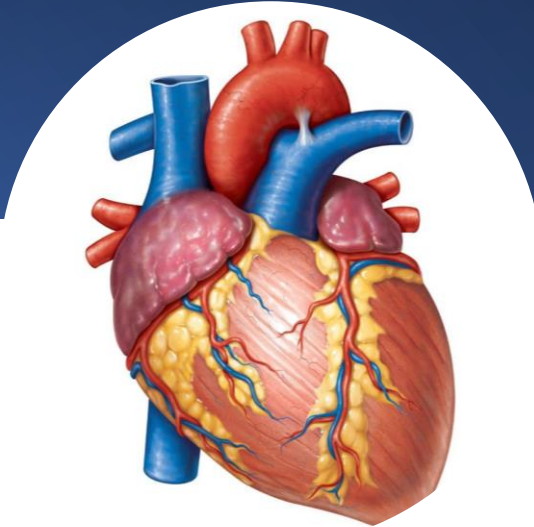


Develop website to visualize medical conditions correlation to Covid and mortality

Data Exploration



Pre-existing Diseases or Conditions



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Older people, and those with underlying medical conditions like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, chronic respiratory disease, and cancer, have higher chance to develop serious Covid symptoms, possibly leading to mortality

Tableau Visualization

to be demonstrated in website

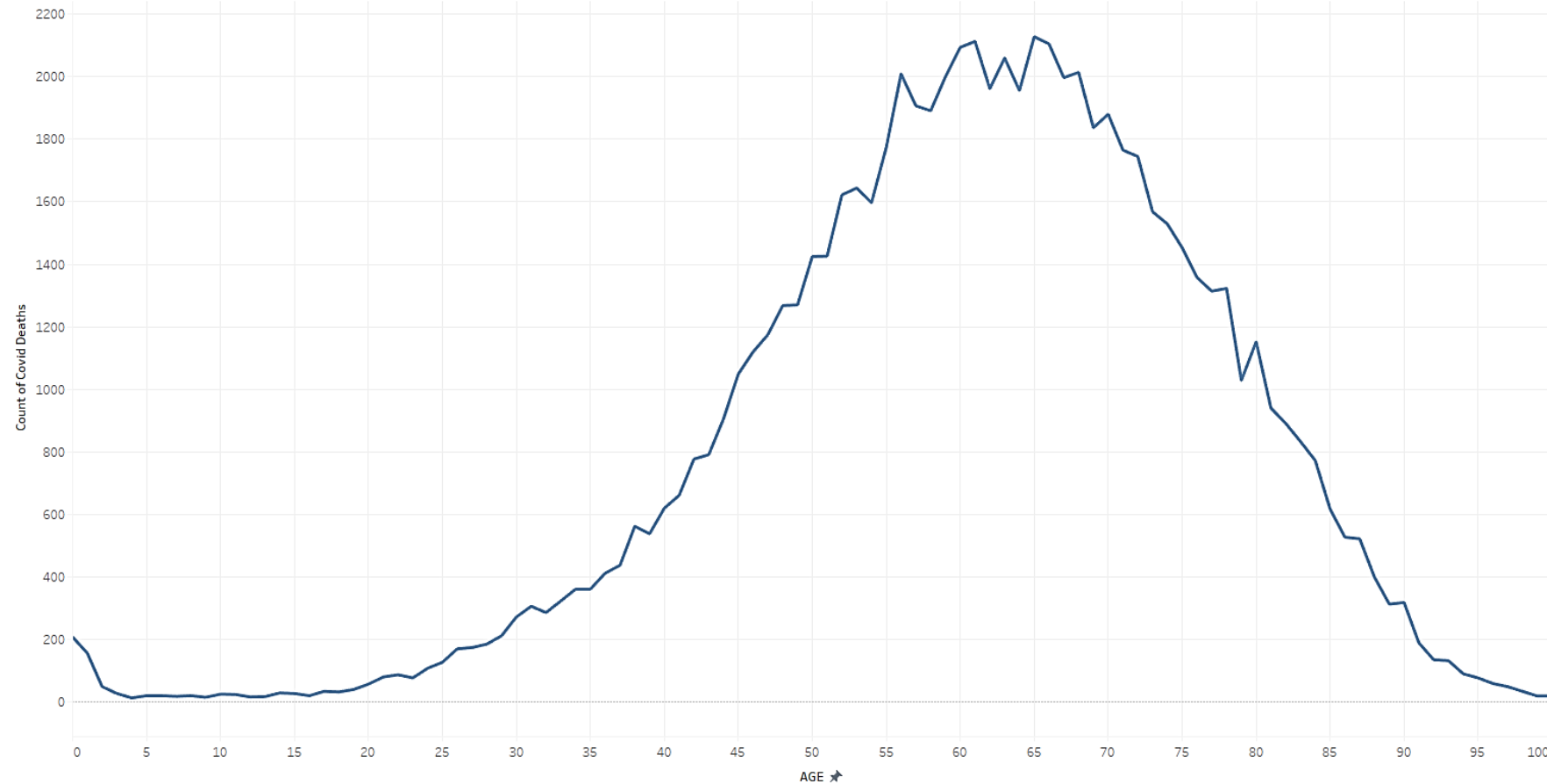
Hypertension



Obesity



Deaths by Age Group



People who had **hypertension**, **obesity**, **pneumonia**, and **diabetes** had high correlation to Covid deaths (as represented by **BLUE**)

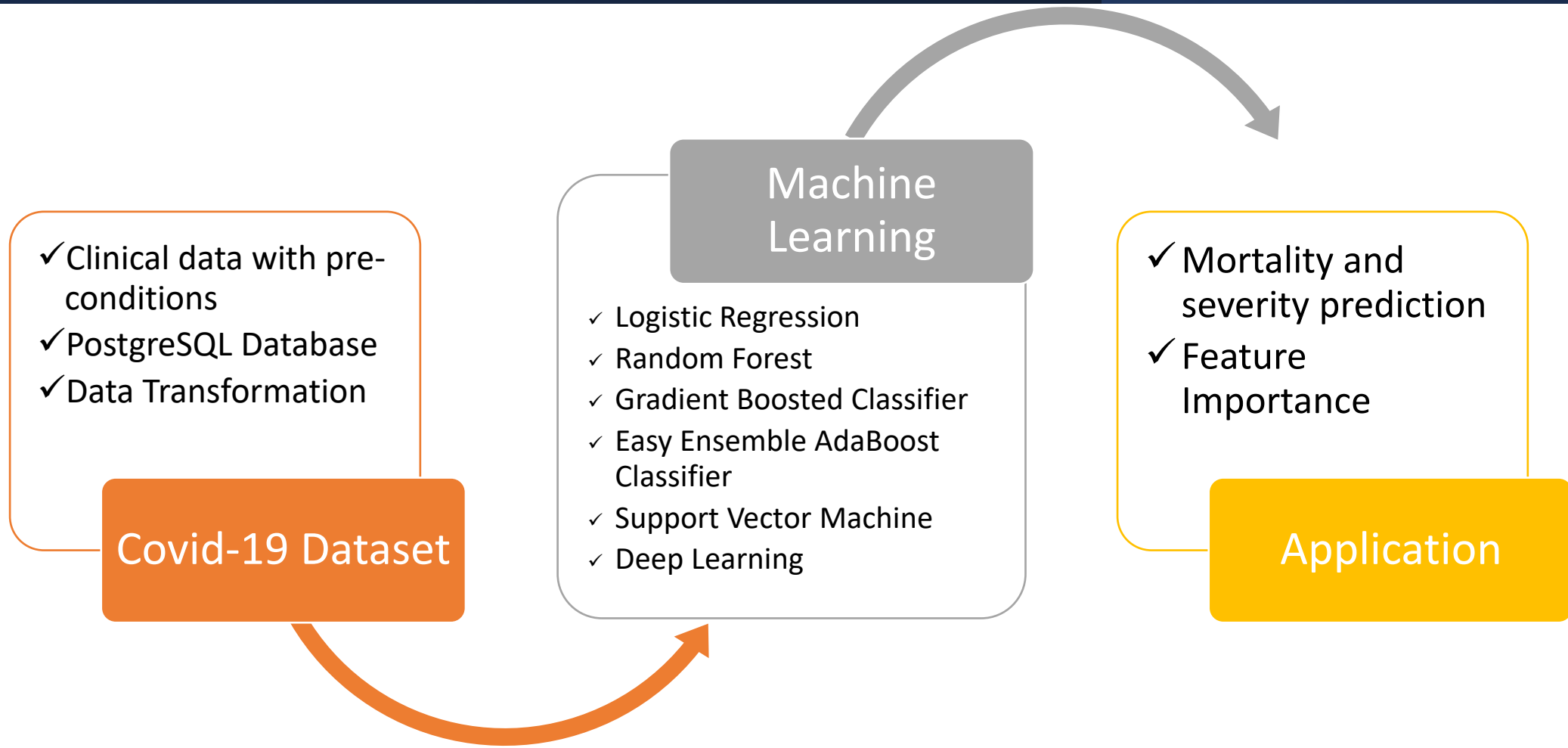
Pneumonia



Diabetes



Prediction Model/Machine Learning



PostgreSQL Database

Process/ steps to clean up/ transform data

Features are in Boolean (1 for yes, 2 for no)

All missing and NA values were dropped (values >2)

DATE_DIED dropped “9999-99-99” indicating survival

Age group divided to **0-64** and **65-100**

cleaned_covid_dataset

DATE_DIED	INT
SEX	INT
PNEUMONIA	INT
PREGNANT	INT
DIABETES	INT
COPD	INT
ASTHMA	INT
INMSUPR	INT
HIPERTENSION	INT
OTHER_DISEASE	INT
CARDIOVASCULAR	INT
OBESITY	INT
RENAL_CHRONIC	INT
TOBACCO	INT
AGE_GROUP_0_64	INT
AGE_GROUP_65_100	INT

cleaned_covid_health_dataset

DATE_DIED	INT
SEX	INT
PNEUMONIA	INT
PREGNANT	INT
DIABETES	INT
COPD	INT
ASTHMA	INT
INMSUPR	INT
HIPERTENSION	INT
OTHER_DISEASE	INT
CARDIOVASCULAR	INT
OBESITY	INT
RENAL_CHRONIC	INT
TOBACCO	INT

cleaned_covid_age_dataset

DATE_DIED	INT
AGE_GROUP_0_64	INT
AGE_GROUP_65_100	INT

Machine Learning Prediction

	Logistic Regression	Random Forest	Gradient Boosted Classifier	Easy Ensemble AdaBoost Classifier	Support Vector Machine	Deep Learning
Training Score	0.914	0.896	0.896	0.849	0.913	
Testing Score	0.912	0.911	0.912	0.845	0.911	0.912

Six ML models were trained on top of these 14 features to predict patients' mortality or discharge outcomes (target).

The logistic Regression model performs best with an accuracy of 91.4%, followed by SVM (91.3%) and Deep learning (91.2%).

The trained models were then tested on the test dataset. Three models (Logistic Regression, Gradient Boosting Classifier, neural network) had the best performance with an accuracy of 91.2%, followed by random forest and support vector machine (91.1%).

Classification Report

	Logistic Regression	Random Forest	Gradient Boosted Classifier	Easy Ensemble AdaBoost Classifier	Support Vector Machine
Accuracy	0.912	0.912	0.911	0.896	0.911
Precision	0.61	0.61	0.59	0.39	0.61
Recall/ Sensitivity	0.42	0.39	0.46	0.84	0.39
F1	0.50	0.48	0.52	0.53	0.48

Precision rate of all ML models are at ~ 0.60 and recall rate at ~ 0.40 except Easy Ensemble

Easy Ensemble has the highest recall/sensitivity rate at 0.84, but the lowest precision rate at 0.39

F1 scores of all ML models are consistent at ~ 0.50

Obstacles/Challenges

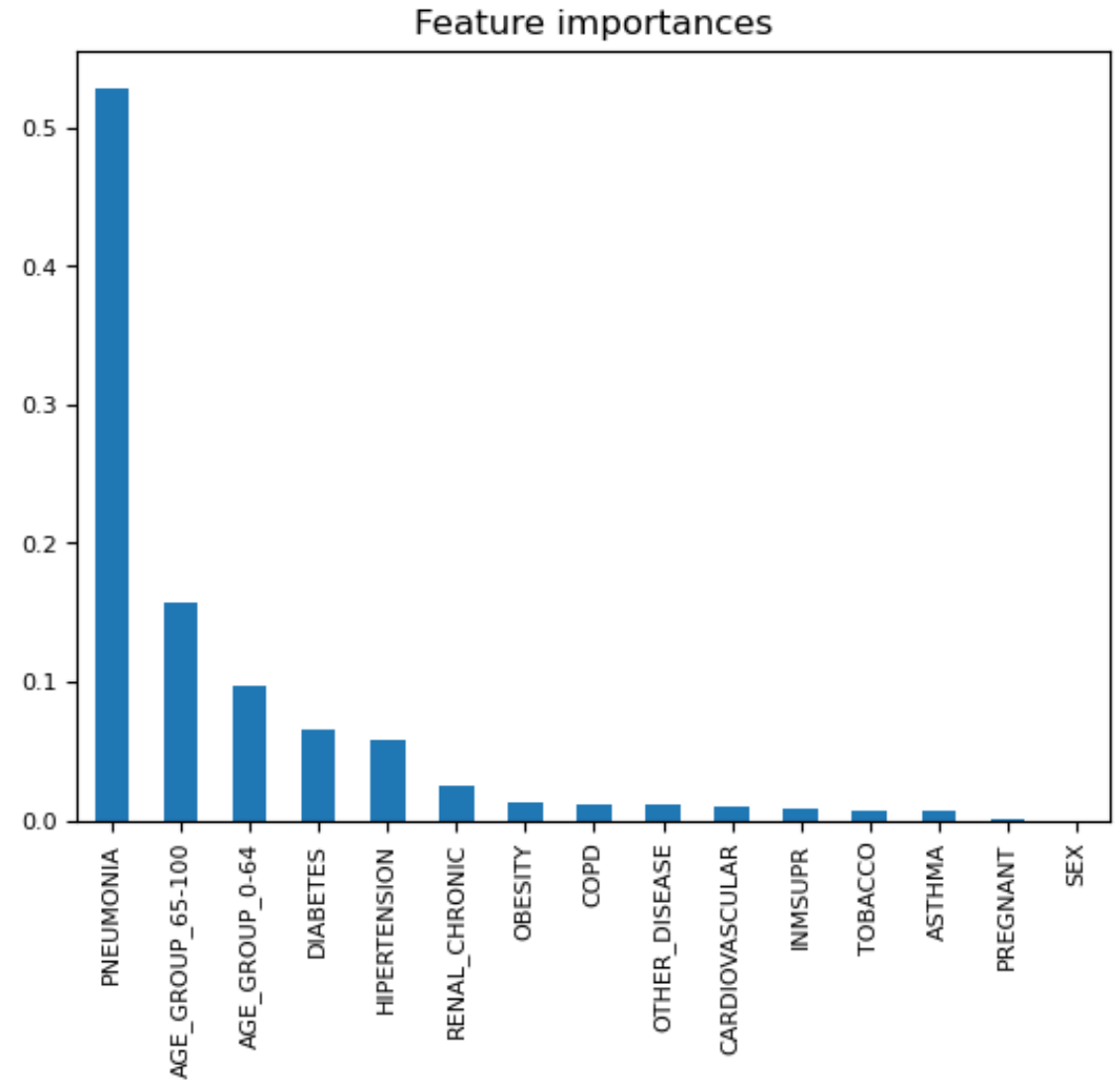
Only 10% accuracy score for SVM

- Resolved by changing y-prediction scaled data to y-prediction data

CDC data was too large (>90 MB) including 95 normalized features



Feature Importance for Random Forest model



Features were ranked from the highest (most useful to predict target) to the lowest (least useful, “noise”)

Pneumonia and age were the two top features and contributed the most to the accuracy of the model

Additional Resources

Tableau:

<https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/jialin.huang3459/viz/CovidmortalitygroupprojectMar-2023/Story1>

Github:

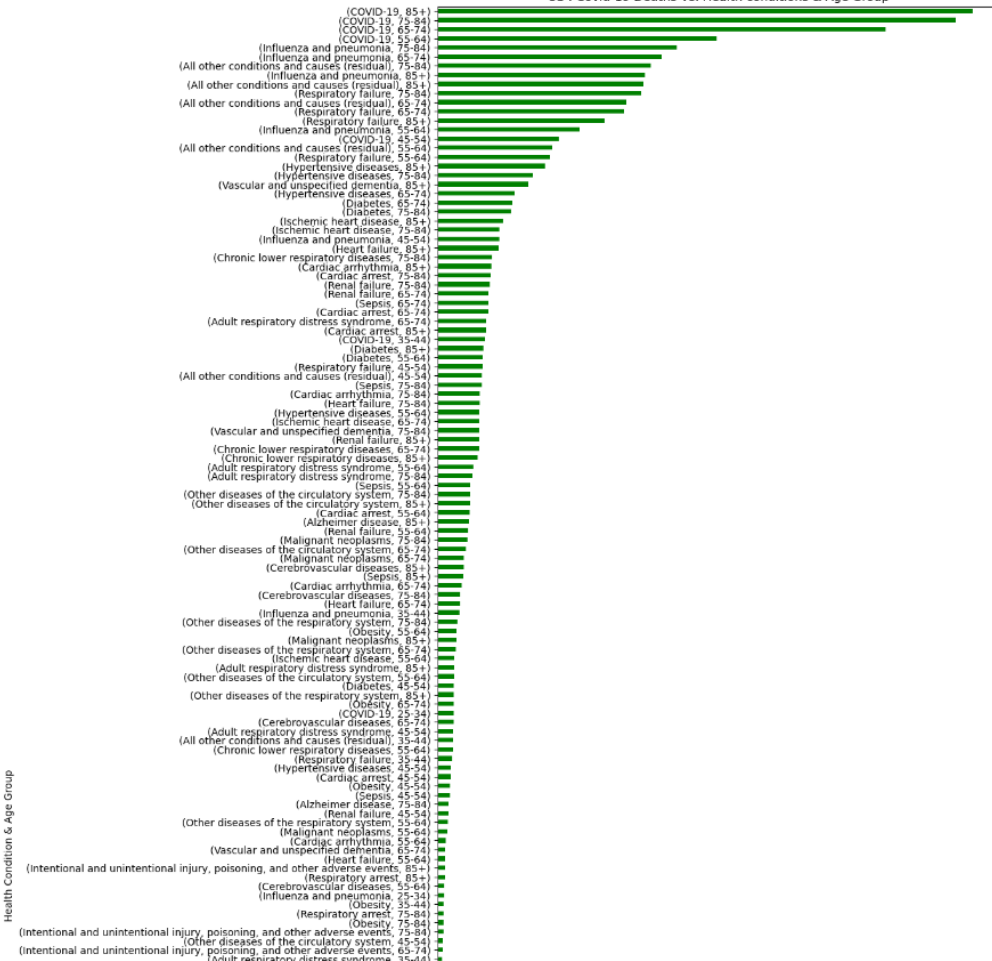
https://github.com/rvroomiii/group_hub

Website:

https://rvroomiii.github.io/group_hub/

Future Analysis

US : Covid-19 Deaths Vs. Health conditions & Age Group



Recommendations for future analysis:

- US CDC data use in conjunction (state to state comparison, urban vs rural)
- US CDC data (>90 MB, 95 normalized features) too large for machine learning/model prediction

Anything that the team would have done differently:

- Further break down age group into more subgroups
- Compare datasets from different sources
- Website in development to predict user's severity with Covid based on medical conditions and age

Credits

Data Source:

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/meirnazri/covid19-dataset>

<https://datos.gob.mx/busca/dataset/informacion-referente-a-casos-covid-19-en-mexico>

Software/Tool used:

- ✓ HTML
- ✓ Tableau
- ✓ Python
- ✓ Pandas
- ✓ Matplotlib
- ✓ NumPy
- ✓ SciPy
- ✓ PostgreSQL
- ✓ Jupyter Notebook
- ✓ Visual Code Studio

Website Playground

Tableau visualization

https://rvroomiii.github.io/group_hub/

Predicting COVID Fatality using ML

Does patient has Pnemonia? 1

Does patient has COPD? 2

Does patient has Hypertension? 2

Does patient has OBESITY? 1

Does patient has RENAL_CHRONIC? 1

Patient AGE? 80

Predict COVID Fatality Rate

{{ prediction_text }}