



Class Objectives

By the end of today's class you will be able to:



Use for Each and callback functions and how to use them.



Create, update, and iterate JavaScript Objects.



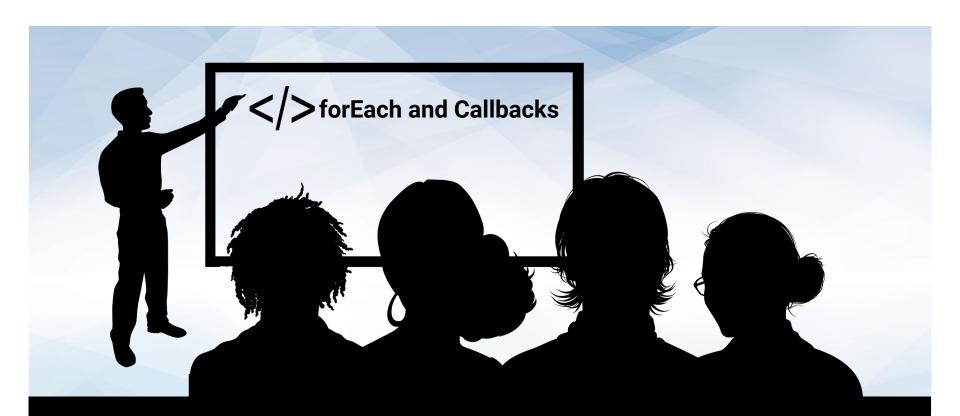
Understand how to apply map and filter to parse data.



Create and use arrow functions to simply code.



Understand the basic structure of a Bootstrap HTML table.



Instructor Demonstration for Each and Callbacks





JavaScript is a language that will provide you different ways of doing something. For instance for Each and for loops.





Activity: Movie Scores - forEach

In this activity, you will revisit the activity Movie Scores from the previous class and refactor the code using the **forEach** method instead of a **for** loop.



Activity: Movie Scores - forEach

Instructions:

- Revisit the MovieScore activity from the previous class.
- Refactor the code to use the forEach method instead of a for loop.

• Hint:

Remember that forEach will pass a function to each element in an array.





Time's Up! Let's Review.



Instructor Demonstration JavaScript Objects



What is JSON?



- A Syntax for storing and exchanging data.
- Is similar to a Python dictionary in many ways:
 - Organize information in key and value pairings.
 - They are unordered.
 - key is used to access the value.





Activity: Word Frequency Counter

In this activity, you will create a function in JavaScript that counts the number of occurrences of each word in a string.



Activity: Word Frequency Counter

Instructions:

- Create a function in JavaScript that counts the number of occurrences of each word in a string.
- The function should take in a string as its parameter.
- Use an object to hold word frequency in key-value pairs. For example, the following will be the frequency list for the string "I yam what I yam and always will be what I yam"

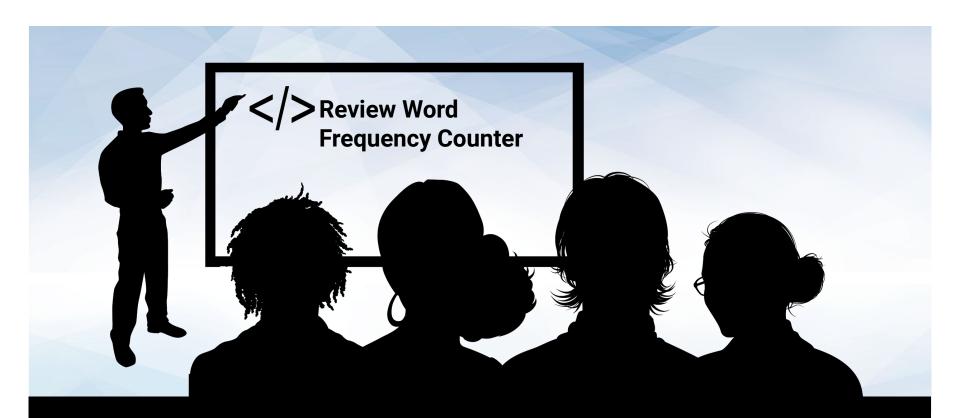


Hint

- How would you split a string into an array of words?
- Start the word frequency counter an empty object.

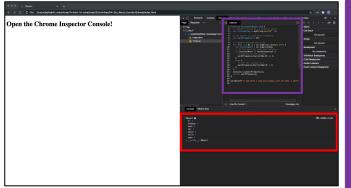
```
I: 3,
  always: 1,
  and: 1,
  be: 1,
  what: 2,
  will: 1,
  yam: 3
}
```

 How would you determine whether a word already exists in the object?



Instructor Demonstration
Review Word Frequency Counter

Review Word Frequency Counter



- Convert string to an array of words.
- 2. An empty object is created to hold values.
- 3. Iterates through the array and increases the count by 1 for repeated words.
- **4.** The function outcome.





Everyone do: Map

In this activity, everyone will have the opportunity to cover the use of the map function.





What is the map() method?



- A method that creates a new array with the results of calling a function for every element array.
- A method that calls the provided function in order and once for each element in an array.





Everyone do: Arrow Functions

In this activity, everyone will be presented to the **arrow functions**.





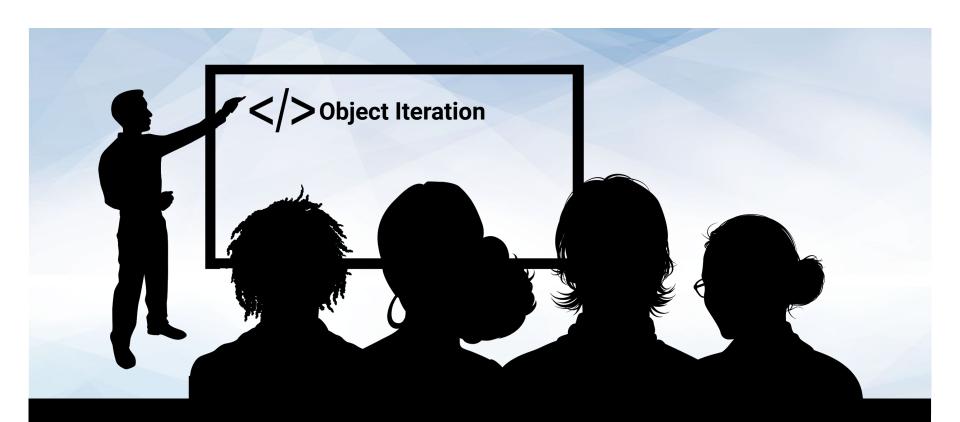
What is the arrow functions?



- The arrow function is an alternative way to write functions in JavaScript.
- It was introduced in ES6 and allow us to write shorter functions syntax.







Instructor Demonstration
Object Iteration





 A method used with Object.keys() that calls a function to iterate over Object keys and values, in order.



Activity: Recipe Iteration

In this activity, you will practice iterating over arrays of objects.



Activity: Recipe Iteration

Instructions:

- Create two empty arrays called dishes and spices.
- Use Object.entries and forEach() to iterate over an array of recipe objects.
- Push each dish into the dishes array.
- Push each spice into the spices array.
- Log each final array to the console.

Bonus:

• Create both arrays using map instead of forEach.



Time's Up! Let's Review.



Instructor Demonstration Filter





 A method that creates an array with elements that pass a test provided as a function.





Activity: Filters

In this activity, you will use the filter() method to determine which players have made the team and which have not.



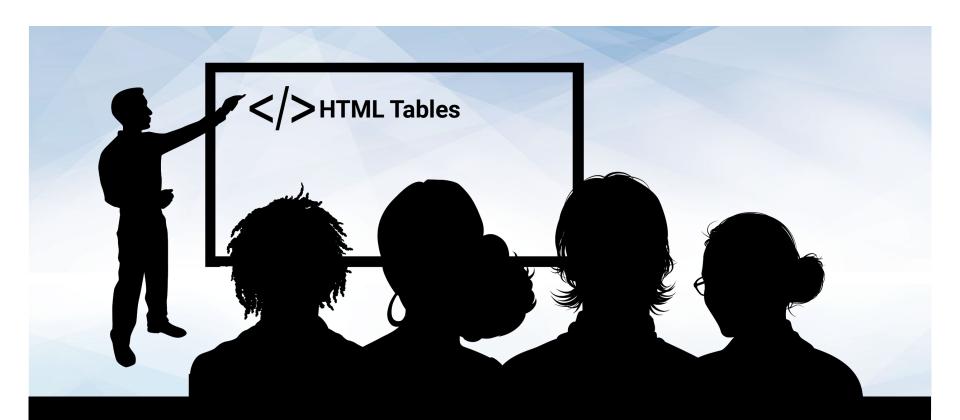
Activity: Filters

Instructions:

- Given a roster of players, determine which players have made the team and which have not, using filter().
- Print out all players who have made the team.
- Print out the number of players who made the team, and of players who did not.

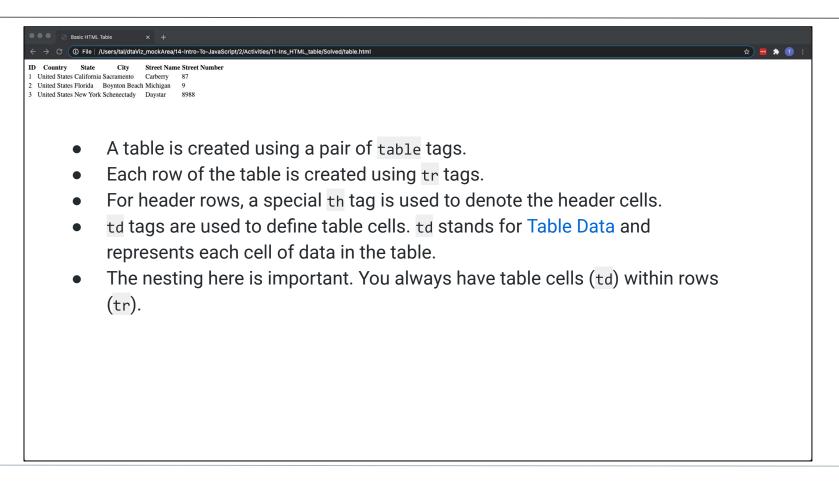


Time's Up! Let's Review.



Instructor Demonstration HTML Tables

HTML Tables



HTML Tables

