jTM1637 v1.01

B4J Additional Library

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Overview

jTM1637 is an open source B4J Library to control the 4 digits LED display TM1637 connected to Raspberry Pi.

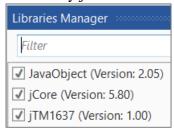
<u>B4J</u> is a development tool for desktop, server and IoT solutions by <u>Anywhere Software</u>.

The library is written in B4J (requires v5.80 or higher) and published on the B4J Forum.

Getting Started

Install

- Download the B4J Library, Source Code and Examples.
- Unzip the jTM1637.zip to a folder of choice.
- Copy the files jTM1637.jar, jTM1637.xml to the B4J additional libraries folder.
- The library jTM1637 should be listed in the B4J IDE Files Manager tab:



• Lookup folder Examples on how to use, i.e. Basic, Clock, CPU Temperature.

Dependencies

On jPi4J and the pi4j jar files (core, device, gpio-extension, service). Ensure these additional library jar files are located in the B4J additional libraries folder.

Example pi4j Library Files

pi4j-core	jar	601.948 24.07.2017
pi4j-device	jar	234.537 24.07.2017
	jar	96.326 24.07.2017
pi4j-service	jar	19.063 25.06.2017

Prototype

The prototype setup uses a Raspberry Pi 3 (running latest Raspian version)



Wiring

```
TM1637 = Raspberry Pi

GND = Pin 9 = GND

VCC = Pin 1 = 3.3v

DIO (Data In Out) = Pin 38 which is BCM20 = GPIO.28 = wiringPi 28

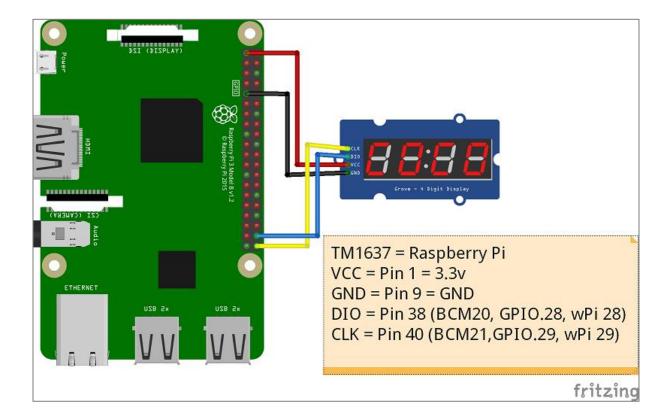
CLK (Clock) = Pin 40 which is BCM21 = GPIO.29 = wiringPi 29
```

wiringPi

The wiringPi pin numbers 28 and 29 are required to initialize the display. The table below (from Raspberry Pi Shell with command gpio -v), the two physical pins 38 and 40 are shown as output.

l	BCM	wPi	Name	Mode	V	Ţ	Physical	Ţ	V	Mode	Name	wPi	BCM
Ī	۳ ا		 3.3v	+ 			1 2		-	 	5 v		
I	2	8	SDA.1	ALTO	1		3 4				5 v		
I	3	9	SCL.1	ALTO	1		5 6			I	0 v		
I	4	7	GPIO. 7	IN	1		7 8		1	ALTO	TxD	15	14
I			v0				9 10		1	ALTO	RxD	16	15
I	17	0	GPIO. 0	IN	0		11 12		0	IN	GPIO. 1	1	18
I	27	2	GPIO. 2	IN	0		13 14			ı	0 v		
I	22	3	GPIO. 3	TUO	0		15 16		0 [IN	GPIO. 4	4	23
I	1		3.3v				17 18		0	IN	GPIO. 5	5	24
I	10	12	MOSI	IN	0		19 20			1	0 v		
ı	9	13	MISO	IN	0		21 22		0	IN	GPIO. 6	6	25
Ī	11	14	SCLK	IN	0		23 24		1	IN	CE0	10	8
П			0v	I			25 26		1	IN	CE1	11	7
Ī	0	30	SDA.0	IN	1		27 28		1	IN	SCL.0	31	1
i	5	21	GPIO.21	OUT	1		29 30			ĺ	0 v		
I	6	22	GPIO.22	IN	1		31 32		0	IN	GPIO.26	26	12
П	13	23	GPIO.23	IN	0		33 34			1	0 v		
i	19	24	GPIO.24	IN	0		35 36		0	IN	GPIO.27	27	16
	26	25	GPIO.25	IN	0		37 38		1	OUT	GPIO.28	28	20
	i		0v				39 40		1	OUT	GPIO.29	29	21
+	-		+	+	-+	+-	++	-+-	+	-		+	++
 +	BCM	wPi	Name +				Physical Pi 2				Name	wPi +	BCM ++

Circuit



Library

Object

The library object is TM1637.

Declare:

Private tm As TM1637

Properties

Brightness

Brightness As Int

Set the brightness of the LED display.

Values

BRIGHTDARKEST, BRIGHTTYPICAL, BRIGHTHIGHEST

Example

Private tm As TM1637

tm.Brightness = tm.BRIGHTDARKEST

ShowDoublePoint

ShowDoublePoint As Boolean

Set the brightness of the LED display.

Values

True to show the double point (:. False to show the digits without the double point.

Example

Private tm As TM1637

tm.ShowDoublePoint = True

Routines

Initialize

Initialize(pinData As Byte, pinClock As Byte) As Boolean

Initialize the LED display with pins data (DIO) and clock (CLK). Important: The wiringPi pin numbers are required to initialize the display.

Example for the Clock pin connected to the Raspberry Pi physical pin 40:

```
Private pinClock As Byte = 29 'CLK = GPIO.21 = BCM29 = pin 40
```

Returns

True or False

Example

```
Private tm As TM1637

Private pinData As Byte = 28 'DIO = GPIO.20 = BCM28 = pin 38

Private pinClock As Byte = 29 'CLK = GPIO.21 = BCM29 = pin 40

Dim result as boolean = tm.Initialize(pinData, pinClock)
```

Clear

Clear

Clear the display.

Returns

None

Example

Private tm As TM1637

tm.Clear

DisplayDigits

DisplayDigits(d() As Int)

Display up to 4 digits.

Returns

None

Example

Private tm As TM1637

Tm.DisplayDigits(Array As Int(1,9,5,8))

DisplayDigit

DisplayDigit(pos As Int, digit As Int)

Display a digit 0 - 9 at position 1 - 4.

Returns

None

Example

Private tm As TM1637

tm.DisplayDigit(1,1)

Delay

Delay(DurationMs As Int)

Delay for a duration in milliseconds.

Returns

None

Example

tm.Delay(2000)

Events

• There are no events.

Code Example

B4J non-UI Example.

```
Sub Process Globals
Private tm As TM1637
Private pinData As Byte = 28 'DIO
                                    'CLK
Private pinClock As Byte = 29
End Sub
Sub AppStart (Args() As String)
tm.Initialize(pinData, pinClock)
StartMessageLoop
End Sub
Sub Tests
tm.Brightness = tm.BRIGHTDARKEST
 tm.ShowDoublePoint = False
 tm.DisplayDigits(Array As Int(1,9,5,8))
 tm.Delay(2000)
 tm.Brightness = tm.BRIGHTHIGHEST
 tm.Clear
 tm.DisplayDigit(1,1)
 tm.Delay(1000)
 tm.DisplayDigit(2,9)
 tm.Delay(1000)
 tm.DisplayDigit(3,5)
 tm.Delay(1000)
 tm.DisplayDigit(4,8)
End Sub
```