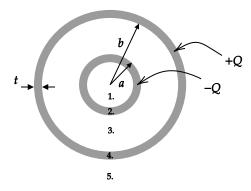
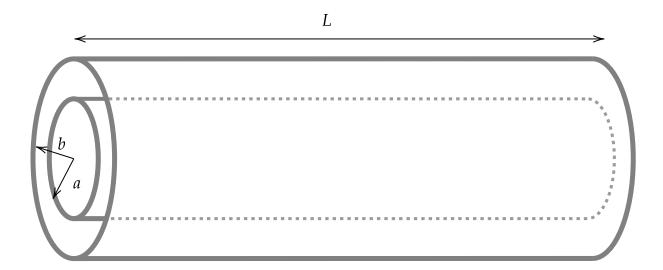
Capacitance Part II

1 Cylindrical

Charge placed on two long cylindrical conducting shells, the cross–section of which is shown. Both shells have a thickness of t. The inner shell has an outer radius of a and a net charge of -Q. The outer shell has an inner radius of b and a net charge of +Q. Assume that Q is positive and the cylinders have length L.





- 1. How will the charges distribute on each surface (assume no charge appears on the ends of the cylinders)? That is, what is the total charge on
 - the inner surface of the inner cylinder,
 - the outer surface of the inner cylinder,
 - the inner surface of the outer cylinder, and
 - the outer surface of the outer cylinder.

Answer:

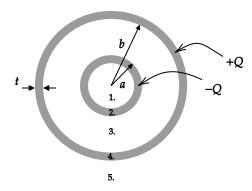


Figure from previous page is repeated above.

2. What is the electric field in each of the five regions? (Hint: Use Gauss's law.)

Answer:

3. What is the electric potential difference, V(b) - V(a), between the outer an inner cylinder? (Make sure the sign of your result matches your expectation based on the techniques covered in the last activity.)

Answer:

4. Find the capacitance in terms of ϵ_o , L, a, and b.

Answer:

5. How much work would the electric field do on a charge q_o moved from r = a to r = b? What would be the change in q_o 's electric potential energy?

Answer: