

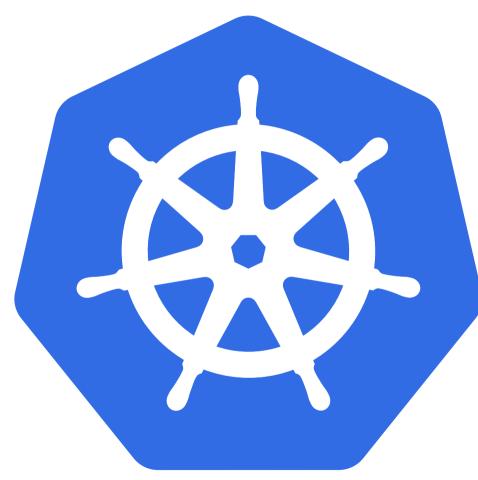
# Kubernetes

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### **Local K8s Cluster Options**



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- <u>Docker Desktop</u> Supports running a single-machine Kubernetes instance. Edit settings from the task-bar icon.
- minikube Single-machine solution for developing on / testing Kubernetes.
- k3s Lightweight Kubernetes that can run on embedded devices.
   Great for k8s on an Raspberry Pi.
- <u>Kind</u> Runs Kubernetes inside a Docker container.

#### **Kubectl**

- The most common CLI to a Kubernetes cluster
- Can switch between contexts (different clusters)
- Can apply objects, read logs, get status, etc.
- Most things build off of these commands or at least reference them.



#### **Kubectl Example**

```
$ kubectl cluster-info
  Kubernetes master is running at https://kubernetes.docker.internal:6443
  KubeDNS is running at https://kubernetes.docker.internal:6443/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/
services/kube-dns:dns/proxy
  To further debug and diagnose cluster problems, use 'kubectl cluster-info dump'.
  $ kubectl config view
  apiVersion: v1
  clusters:
  - cluster:
      certificate-authority-data: DATA+OMITTED
      server: https://kubernetes.docker.internal:6443
    name: docker-desktop
  - cluster:
      certificate-authority: C:\Users\rxt1077\.minikube\ca.crt
      server: https://192.168.18.66:8443
    name: minikube
  contexts:
  - context:
  <snip>
```

#### **Pods**



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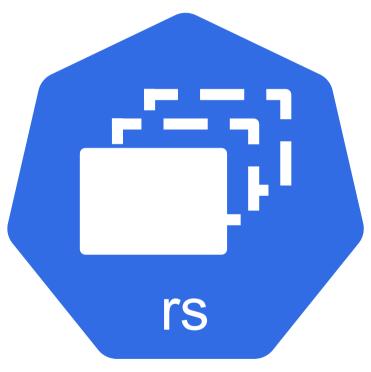
- A pod is the minimum unit of compute in Kubernetes. It typically runs a single container.
- kubectl get pod is a good starting point when troubleshooting
- kubectl describe <pod-name>
   will give you even more info

#### **Pod Example**

```
$ kubectl get pod
NAME
                             READY
                                     STATUS
                                               RESTARTS
                                                          AGF
hello-node-7dc7987866-xnbxz
                                     Running
                                                          225
                             1/1
$ kubectl describe pod hello-node-7dc7987866-xnbxz
             hello-node-7dc7987866-xnbxz
Name:
Namespace: default
Priority:
Node:
             docker-desktop/192.168.65.3
Start Time:
             Thu, 09 Jul 2020 16:22:31 -0400
             app=hello-node
Labels:
             pod-template-hash=7dc7987866
Annotations:
             <none>
Status:
             Running
IP:
             10.1.0.7
IPs:
               10.1.0.7
 IP:
Controlled By: ReplicaSet/hello-node-7dc7987866
Containers:
 echoserver:
<snip>
```

### ReplicaSets

- A ReplicaSet is a grouping of pods that Kubernetes attempts to keep running
- Kubernetes can detect failure (configurable) and restart a pod
- Kubernetes will back-off if something keeps failing



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### ReplicaSet Example

```
$ kubectl get replicasets
NAME
                       DESTRED
                                 CURRENT
                                           RFADY
                                                   AGF
hello-node-7dc7987866 1
                                                   4m4s
$ kubectl describe replicaset hello-node-7dc7987866
               hello-node-7dc7987866
Name:
               default
Namespace:
Selector:
               app=hello-node,pod-template-hash=7dc7987866
Labels:
               app=hello-node
               pod-template-hash=7dc7987866
Annotations:
               deployment.kubernetes.io/desired-replicas: 1
               deployment.kubernetes.io/max-replicas: 2
               deployment.kubernetes.io/revision: 1
Controlled By:
               Deployment/hello-node
Replicas:
               1 current / 1 desired
Pods Status:
               1 Running / 0 Waiting / 0 Succeeded / 0 Failed
Pod Template:
 Labels: app=hello-node
          pod-template-hash=7dc7987866
 Containers:
<snip>
```

#### **Deployments**



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- A Deployment creates
   ReplicaSets to support the
   deployment of an app
- Deployments also support update strategies

#### **Deployment Example**

```
$ kubectl get deployments
NAME
            RFADY
                    UP-TO-DATE
                                 AVATI ABI F
                                             AGF
hello-node 1/1 1
                                             7m18s
$ kubectl describe deployment hello-node
                       hello-node
Name:
                        default
Namespace:
CreationTimestamp:
                       Thu. 09 Jul 2020 16:22:31 -0400
Labels:
                        app=hello-node
                        deployment.kubernetes.io/revision: 1
Annotations:
Selector:
                        app=hello-node
Replicas:
                       1 desired | 1 updated | 1 total | 1 available | 0 unavailable
StrategyType:
                        RollingUpdate
MinReadySeconds:
                        0
RollingUpdateStrategy: 25% max unavailable, 25% max surge
Pod Template:
 Labels: app=hello-node
 Containers:
   echoserver:
   Image:
                 k8s.gcr.io/echoserver:1.4
<snip>
```

## Working with YAML objects

- Define your objects in YAML files instead of just via the command line.
- kubectl apply -f <file> will apply your file to make the cluster provide the resources you specified.
- Similar to ansible, this is *descriptive*: if you want three replicas and you already have two, it'll just make the third.



#### YAML Deployment Example

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
    replicas: 3
    selector:
      matchLabels:
        app: nginx
    template:
      metadata:
        labels:
          app: nginx
      spec:
        containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: nginx:1.14.2
          ports:
          - containerPort: 80
```

- What k8s objects will this create?
- How many pods will the cluster start?
- What container image is being used?

### YAML from a running deployment

```
$ kubectl get deployment -o yaml
apiVersion: v1
items:
- apiVersion: apps/v1
  kind: Deployment
  metadata:
    annotations:
      deployment.kubernetes.io/revision: "1"
    creationTimestamp: "2020-07-09T20:22:31Z"
    generation: 1
    labels:
      app: hello-node
    name: hello-node
    namespace: default
    resourceVersion: "1816"
    selfLink: /apis/apps/v1/namespaces/default/deployments/hello-node
    uid: 31356fed-0365-49df-8327-3c3c6ff0cb32
  spec:
    progressDeadlineSeconds: 600
    replicas: 1
<snip>
```

#### **Services**

Services make ports on pods available to other parts of the cluster *or* the outside world:

```
$ kubectl expose deployment hello-node --type=LoadBalancer --port=8080
service/hello-node exposed
$ kubectl get services
NAME
            TYPE
                            CLUSTER-IP
                                             EXTERNAL - IP
                                                           PORT(S)
                                                                            AGE
hello-node
            LoadBalancer
                            10.105.154.187
                                             localhost
                                                           8080:30031/TCP
                                                                            100s
kubernetes
            ClusterIP
                            10.96.0.1
                                             <none>
                                                           443/TCP
                                                                            32m
```

#### **Addition Kubenetes Resources**

- kubectl Cheat sheet
- <u>Deployments</u>
- Hello Minikube
- <u>Services</u>



Kubernetes 3 Wishes is used under fair use