Foreign Exchange Accumulator

- A FX Accumulator has the following features:
- The holder has to buy fixed amounts of a FX from the issuer at a strike price K per unit of FX on a series of settlement dates.
- The fixed amount bought when the FX spot rate is greater than K is less than the fixed amount bought when the FX spot rate is less than K (in our case, 8 and 20 millions).

General Description

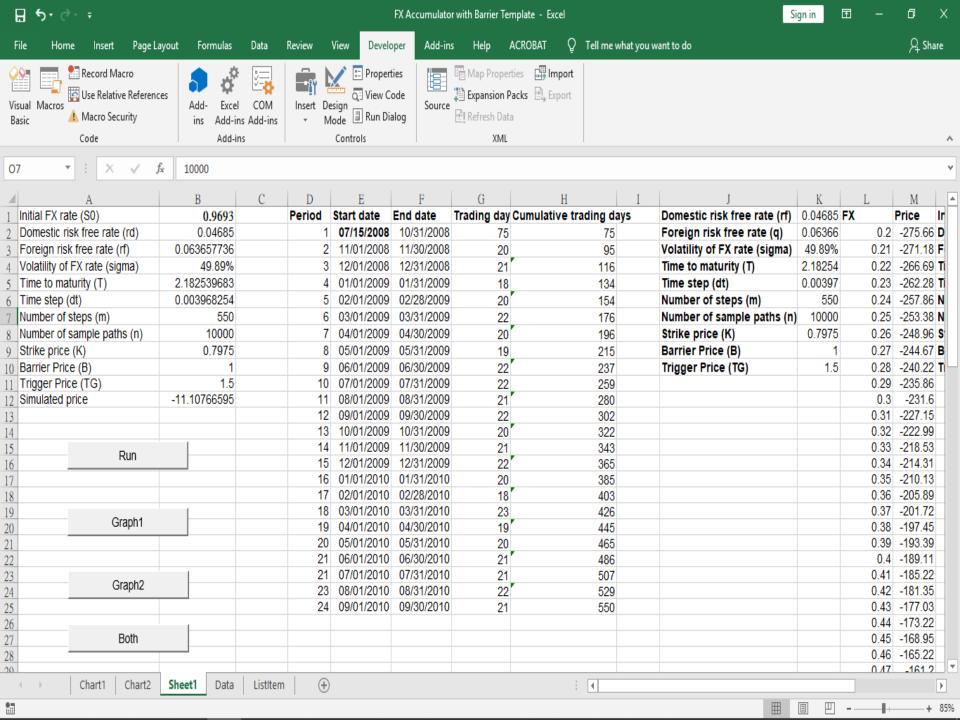
- On any day when the spot rate is above a barrier price B, the contract is settled and ended.
- On any settlement date when the cumulative undiscounted payoff is greater than a trigger value TG, the contract is settled and ended.

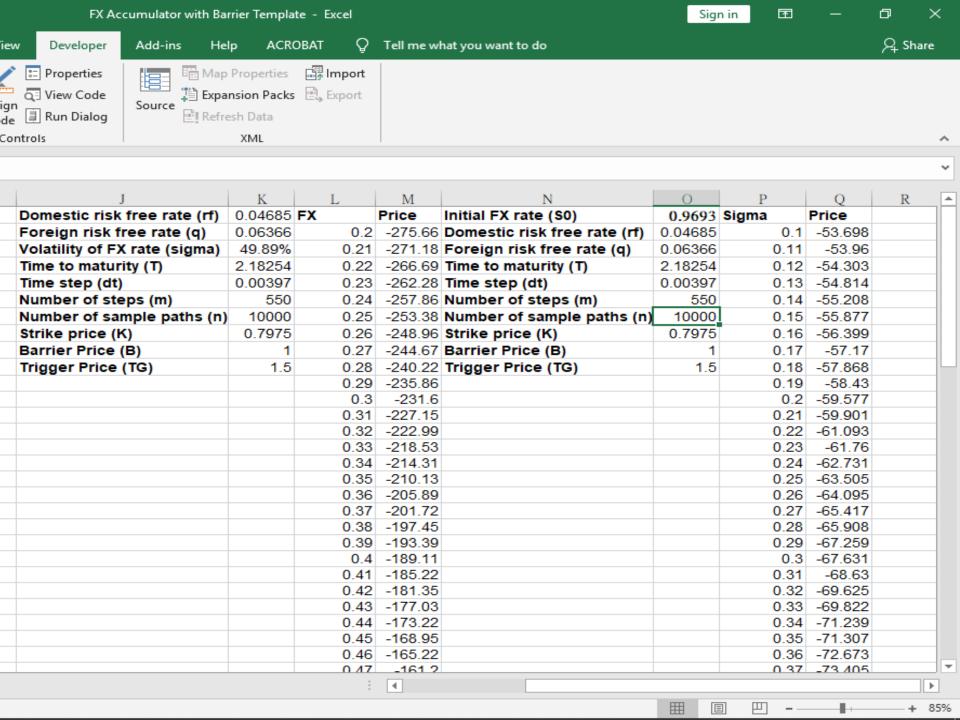
General Description

- Write VBA code that estimates value as well as price sensitivities to initial FX spot rate and volatility for FX Accumulators by
 - Simulating multiple paths for a geometric brownian motion FX spot rate process
 - Estimating the value of the FX Accumulator for each path and averaging those values
 - Estimating price sensitivities to the initial FX rate and its volatility.

- Once you have simulated multiple paths for the geometric brownian motion FX spot rate process, transform these paths through the "Emartingale" public function before using them.
- The function is an implementation of "empirical martingale simulation", a corrective method that aims to ensure the martingale property of the simulated results holds, i.e. the current price at time 0 equals the expected PV of any future time t price.

Note





• At step j + 1 of a path, rate S changes as follows:

$$S_{j+1} = S_j + (r_f - r_q)S_j\Delta t + \sigma S_j\sqrt{\Delta t}Z_j$$

- r_f is the domestic risk-free rate
- r_q is the foreign risk-free rate
- Δt is the time between 2 steps
- σ is the annual FX rate volatility
- Z_j is a random value from a standard normal distribution (NormInv on Excel)

FX Rate Dynamics