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1@ Project 2 - Part 3
 2@ This program uses GPIO pins to turn on user LEDs and interface with a push
 3@ The push button enables/disables a timer and the timer ISR controls the LED
  flash sequence.
 4@ The current state of the LED flash sequence is stored in memory.
 5@ Ryan Bentz - 12/2/17
 7.data
 8.align 2
 9 LED_STATUS:
                  .word 0x00
10 STACK1:
                  .rept 1024
11
                  .word 0x00
12
                  .endr
13 STACK2:
                  .rept 1024
14
                  .word 0x00
15
                   .endr
16.text
17.global _start
18 .global INT_DIRECTOR
19 _start:
20
21@ Define the Register Addressed, Offsets, and write values to control the LEDs
                                     @ constant for the Button pin/bit
22 .equ
        BUTTON_PIN, 0 \times 40000000
          LED_STATE0, 0x00000000
                                       @ constant for ALL LEDs OFF
23 .equ
          LED_STATE1, 0x0000001
                                       @ constant for LED0 ON
24 .equ
        LED_STATE2, 0x00000002
LED_STATE3, 0x00000003
                                       @ constant for LED1 ON
25.equ
                                       @ constant for LED2 ON
26.equ
27 .equ
         LED_STATE4, 0x0000004
                                       @ constant for LED3 ON
         TIM_COUNT_VAL, 0xFFFF7FFE
28.equ
29
30@ Initialize the stack frames
31 @----
32 LDR R13, =STACK1
                                      @ initialize stack one for supervisor mode
33 ADD R13, R13, #0x1000
                                       @ point stack pointer to top of stack
34 CPS #0x12
                                       @ change to IRQ mode
35 LDR R13, =STACK2
                                       @ initialize stack for IRQ mode
36 ADD R13, R13, #0x1000
                                       @ point stack pointer to top of stack
                                       @ change back to supervisor mode
37 CPS #0x13
38
39@ Initialize the peripheral clocks
41@ Enable the timer clock source in CMDLL at 32.768
42 LDR RO, =0x44E0050C @ CM_DLL Timer 3 Register
43 LDR R1, [R0]
44 MOV R2, #0x02
                           @ read the register value
                          @ enable 32kHz clock
45 ORR R1, R1, R2
                          @ modify the current value
46 STR R1, [R0]
                           @ write new value to register
47
48@ Enable GPIO 1 clock
49 LDR R0, = 0 \times 44 E000 AC
                           @ CM_PER GPIO1 Register
50 LDR R1, [R0]
                           @ Read the register value
51 MOV R2, #0x00000002
                          @ value to turn on the GPIO module
52 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ Combine new value and existing register value
53 STR R1, [R0]
                           @ Write the value to the register
54
55@ Enable Timer 3 clock
56 LDR R0, = 0x44E00084
                           @ CM PER Timer 3 Register
57 LDR R1, [R0]
                           @ get the value of the register
58 MOV R2, #0x02
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59 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ modify the register
 60 STR R1, [R0]
 62@ Wait for periphals clocks to be ready for modification
 63 BL DELAY
 64
 65@ Initialize the GPIO
 66@ Set the LED pin state as low (OFF state)
 67@ default values for GPIO pin states is OFF
 69@Configure the LED pins as output
 70 LDR R0, =0x4804C134 @ GPIO1_OE (output enable)
 71 LDR R1, [R0]
                           @ Read the register value
 72@ Write zeroes to register bits to enable as output
 73 MOV R2, #0xFE1FFFFF @ Value to enable the pin
 74 AND R1, R1, R2
                           @ Combine value to write new to register
 75 STR R1, [R0]
                           @ write new value to the register
 77@ initialize GPIO pin for falling edge detect
 78 LDR R0, =0x4804C14C @ GPIO1_FALLING_DETECT
                           @ read the register value
 79 LDR R1, [R0]
                        @ word to program the register
 80 MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
 81 ORR R1, R1, R2
                          @ modify the register value
 82 STR R1, [R0]
 83
 84@ Initialize the timer
 85@ enable auto-reload for the timer overflow
 86 LDR R0, =0x48042038 @ load the address for TIM 3 CONTROL
 87 LDR R1, [R0]
                           @ read the register value
 88 MOV R2, #0x02
                           @ enable auto-reload
 89 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ modify the current value with new value
 90 STR R1, [R0]
                            @ write new value to the register
 92@ set the counter value
 93 LDR R0, =0x48042040
                        @ TIM3 Load Register
 94 LDR R1, =TIM_COUNT_VAL @ load the counter value
 95 STR R1, [R0]
                           @ write new value to register
 96
 97 LDR R0, = 0x4804203C
                           @ TIM3 Counter Register
 98 LDR R1, =TIM COUNT VAL
 99 STR R1, [R0]
100
101@ Enable interrupts
102@ initialize GPIO pin for external interrupt
103 LDR R0, =0x4804C034 @ GPIO1_IRQSTATUS_SET0
                        @ read the register value
@ load the word to program the register
@ modify the current value with new value
104 LDR R1, [R0]
105 MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
106 ORR R1, R1, R2
107 STR R1, [R0]
                           @ write new value to the register
109@ enable timer IRQs for overflow
110 LDR R0, =0x4804202C
                          @ load the address for TIM3_IRQ_SET
111 LDR R1, [R0]
112 MOV R2, #0x02
                            @ read the register value
                           @ load the word to program the register
                           @ modify the current value with new value
113 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ write new value to the register
114 STR R1, [R0]
115
116@ Initialize interrupt controller for Timer interrupts
117@ DMTimer3 = # 69
118 LDR R0, =0x482000C8 @ INTC_MIR_CLEAR2
```

```
119 LDR R1, [R0]
120 MOV R2, #0x00000020
                         @ set bit 5 for interrupt 69
121 ORR R1, R1, R2
                             @ unmask Timer interrupt
122 STR R1, [R0]
                            @ write new value to the register
123
124@ Initialize interrupt controller for GPIO pins
125@ unmask interrupt by writing a 1 to MIR_CLEAR which sets the bit to 0
126 @ 0 = interrupt enabled, 1 = interrupt disabled
127 LDR R0, =0x482000E8  @ INTC_MIR_CLEAR3
128 LDR R1, [R0]  @ read the register value
129 MOV R2, #0x00000004  @ interrupt 98 = bit 3 in MIR3
130 ORR R1, R1, R2  @ unmask GPIO interrupt
                            @ write new value to the register
131 STR R1, [R0]
132
133
134@ Initialize interrupts in the processor
                 @ copy CPSR to R3
135 MRS R3, CPSR
136 BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
137 MSR CPSR_c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
138
139 MAIN_LOOP:
140
     NOP
141
      NOP
142
      B MAIN_LOOP
143
      B END
144
145
146 @-----
147@ INTERRUPT SERVICE ROUTINE:
148@ This procedure is hooked into the interrupt vector table to supercede
149@ processor IRQ requests. It checks if the button was the source of the
150@ interrupt and runs a specific procedure if it is the source of the interrupt
151 INT_DIRECTOR:
152
        STMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR} @ push registers on to the stack
154@ check if GPIO was the interrupt source
155
     LDR R0, =0x482000F8
                             @ INTC_PENDING_IRQ3
156
       LDR R1, [R0]
                                      @ read the pending interrupt register
      MOV R2, #0x00000004
157
                                     @ load test value to check if GPIO triggered
interrupt
158
      AND R1, R1, R2
                                     @ test if GPIO was interrupt source
      CMP R1, \#0\times00
      BEQ TIMER_CHECK
                                     @ if the result is zero, GPIO was not source
  of interrupt
161
                                      @ if result is nonzero, GPIO triggered the
   interrupt
162
                                      @ check to see if the button was the source of
  the GPIO interrupt
                                   @ GPIO1_IRQSTATUS_0
163 LDR R0, =0x4804C02C
      LDR R1, [R0]
                                     @ read value of register
      MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
                                    @ load the value for the button pin
165
       AND R1, R1, R2
                                     @ make resultant word for comparison
166
                                     @ compare to see if result is nonzero.
167
       CMP R1, \#0\times00
168
                                     @ Nonzero = GPIO flag was set
169
      BNE BUTTON SVC
                                      @ If button was pressed go to button service
  procedure
170 B PASS_ON
                                      @ otherwise different GPIO caused interrupt
       TIMER_CHECK:
                                      @ ELSE, check if the timer caused the
  interrupt
172
        LDR R0, =0x482000D8 @ INTC_PENDING_IRQ2
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LDR R1, [R0] @ read the pending interrupt register
MOV R2, #0x00000020 @ load test value to check if GPIO triggered
  interrupt
175 AND R1, R1, R2
                                      @ test if GPIO was interrupt source
           CMP R1, \#0\times00
                                       @ if the result is nonzero, timer was the
source of interrupt
           BNE TIMER_SVC_RTN @ otherwise timer was not the source
178
      @ exit int director ISR
179 PASS_ON:
180
            @ re-enable IRQ interrupts in the processor
            MRS R3, CPSR @ copy CPSR to R3 BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
181
182
            MSR CPSR c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
183
184
           LDMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR} @ restore register states
SUBS PC, LR, #4 @ return service to the system IRQ
186
187
188
189 @----
190@ BUTTON SERVICE PROCEDURE
191@ This procedure handles the specific button service requirements
192@ It resets the GPIO IRQ flag and changes the LED flash status variable
193@ IRQ #98
194 BUTTON_SVC:
195@ push SPSR on stack
196 MRS R3, SPSR @ copy the saved pr
197 STMFD R13!, {R3} @ push on to stack
                                 @ copy the saved program status register
198
199@ mask lower priority interrupts
200 @ already masked
201
202@ enable IRQ to allow higher priority IRQ interrupts
203 MRS R3, CPSR @ copy CPSR to R3
204 ORR R3, #0x80 @ re-enable IRQs
205 MSR CPSR_c, R3 @ write back to lower bits of CPSR
206
207@ reset the GPIO interrupt request
208 LDR R0, =0x4804C02C
209
      MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
210 STR R2, [R0]
211
212@ reset interrupt controller IRQ requests
213 LDR R0, =0x48200048 @ INTC_CONTROL 214 MOV R1, \#0x01 @ value to reset IRQ generation
215
      STR R1, [R0]
216
217@ enable/disable the timer
LDR R0, =0x48042038 @ TIM3 Control Register
LDR R1, [R0] @ read the register value
AND R2, R1, #0x00000001 @ mask all but the start bit
MOV R3, #0x00 @ load test value

CMP R2 R3
      CMP R2, R3
222
                                  @ test to see if timer is off
     MOVEQ R3, #0x03
MOVNE R3, #0x02
STR R3, [R0]
                             @ put new value in R3
223
224
                               @ update the register
225
226
227@ set the counter value
228 LDR R0, =0x4804203C
                                   @ TIM3 Counter Register
229
      LDR R1, =TIM_COUNT_VAL
230 STR R1, [R0]
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```
232@ disable IRQ for exit code critical region
233 MRS R3, CPSR
234
      ORR R3, R3, #0x80
235
     MSR CPSR c, R3
236
237@ unmask lower priority interrupts
238@ not necessary
239
240@ restore SPSR
241 LDMFD R13!, {R3}
242 MSR SPSR_cf, R3
243 LDMFD R13!, {R0-R3, R14}
244 SUBS PC, LR, #4 @ return service to main
245
2.46
247 @-----
248@ TIMER SERVICE ROUTINE
249@ Handles the LED flashing sequence
250 TIMER_SVC_RTN:
251@ Update the LEDs
252 LDR R0, =LED_STATUS @ load the address for the state variable 253 LDR R2, [R0] @ get the current state
254
255@ IF LED STATE = 0 THEN ALL LEDs = OFF
256 MOV R3, #LED_STATEO @ IF state == 0, ALL LEDs OFF, Turn on LED0 257 CMP R2, R3 @ compare with state 1
      MOVEQ R1, #0x00200000 @ if equal, turn on LED 0
258
259
260@ IF LED STATE = 1 THEN LED 0 = ON
MOV R3, #LED_STATE1
262
      CMP R2, R3
                                  @ compare with state 1
      MOVEQ R1, \#0x00600000 @ if equal, turn on LED 0, 1
263
264
265@ IF LED STATE = 2 THEN LED 0 + 1 = ON
MOV R3, #LED_STATE2
      267
268
269
270@ IF LED STATE = 3 THEN LED 0 + 1 + 2 = ON
MOV R3, #LED_STATE3
272
      CMP R2, R3
                                   @ compare with state 3
273
      MOVEQ R1, \#0\times01E00000 @ if equal, turn on LED 0, 1, 2, 3
274
275@ IF LED STATE = 4 THEN LED 0 + 1 + 2 + 3 = ON
MOV R3, #LED_STATE4
277
      CMP R2, R3
                                  @ compare with state 4
      MOVEQ R1, #0x00000000 @ if equal, turn off ALL LEDs
278
279
280@ Update the GPIO register
                                 @ GPIO1_DATAOUT
281 LDR R0, =0x4804C13C
      STR R1, [R0]
                                   @ update the GPIO register
282
283
284@ Adjust the step variable
285 ADDS R2, #1
                                   @ increment the state variable
    CMP R2, R3

@ check if it has exceeded state 4

MOVHI R2, #LED_STATE0

LDR R0, =LED_STATUS

STR R2, [R0]

@ check if it has exceeded state 4

e reset to zero if greater than 4

load the address for the state variable
286
287
288
289
290
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```
291@ Reset the Timer IRQ flags
292 LDR R0, =0x48042028 @ TIM3 IRQ Status Register
293
      MOV R1, \#0x2
                                   @ mask to clear bit 2
     STR R1, [R0]
294
295
296@ Reset the interrupt controller IRQ flag
     LDR R0, =0x48200048 @ INTC_CONTROL

MOV R1, #0x1 @ value to reset IRQ generation
297
298
299
       STR R1, [R0]
300
301@ re-enable IRQ interrupts in the processor
    MRS R3, CPSR @ copy CPSR to R3
BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
302
303
304
      MSR CPSR c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
305
     LDMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR} @ restore register states SUBS PC, LR, #4 @ return service to main
306
307
308
309
310 @-----
311@ DELAY ROUTINE
312@ Necessary to give some buffer after we turn on the peripheral clocks
313@ before we start accessing registers
314 DELAY:
315 STMFD R13!, {R4, R14} @ save the register states and link register location
316 LDR R4, =0 \times 0022 DCD5
317 D_LOOP:
    NOP
318
319 SUBS R4, #1
320 BNE D_LOOP
321 LDMFD R13!, {R4, PC}
322
323 END:
324 .END
```