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1@ Project 2 - Part 2
 2@ The program uses GPIO pins to turn the user LEDs on and off in a specific
 3@ It uses a push button to determine if the LED flash sequence should be on or
 4@ the button triggers an IRQ interrupt that handles the process of changing a
 5@ that keeps track of the flash sequence status
 6@ Ryan Bentz - 11/30/17
 8 .data
 9.align 2
10 LED_STATUS:
                  .word 0x00
11 STACK1:
                  .rept 1024
                  .word 0x00
12
13
                  .endr
14 STACK2:
                  .rept 1024
15
                  .word 0x00
16
                  .endr
17.text
18 .global _start
19 .global INT_DIRECTOR
20 _start:
22@ Define the Register Addressed, Offsets, and write values to control the LEDs
        LED0, 0x00200000
                                       @ constant for LED0
23 .equ
          LED1, 0 \times 00400000
                                       @ constant for LED1
24 .equ
          LED2, 0x00800000
                                       @ constant for LED2
25 .equ
26.equ
          LED3, 0x01000000
                                       @ constant for LED3
          DELAY_VAL, 0x0022DCD5
27.equ
          BUTTON_PIN, 0x4000000
28 .equ
                                       @ constant for the Button pin/bit
29 .equ
         LED_ON, 0x0000001
                                       @ constant for LED flash = ON
30.equ
         LED_OFF, 0x0000000
                                       @ constant for LED flash = OFF
31
32@ initialize the stack frames
33 LDR R13, =STACK1
                                       @ initialize stack one for supervisor mode
34 ADD R13, R13, #0x1000
                                       @ point stack pointer to top of stack
35 CPS #0x12
                                       @ change to IRQ mode
36 LDR R13, = STACK2
                                       @ initialize stack for IRQ mode
37 ADD R13, R13, #0x1000
                                       @ point stack pointer to top of stack
38 CPS #0x13
                                       @ change back to supervisor mode
39
40@Initialize the clock to GPIO 1
41 LDR R0, = 0x44E000AC
42 MOV R2, #0x00000002
                          @ value to turn on the GPIO module
43 LDR R1, [R0]
                          @ Read the register value
44 ORR R1, R1, R2
                          @ Combine new value and existing register value
                          @ Write the value to the register
45 STR R1, [R0]
47@ Set the LED pin state as low (OFF state)
48@ default values for GPIO pin states is OFF
50@Configure the LED pins as output
51 LDR R0, = 0x4804C134
                          @ GPIO_OE
52 LDR R1, [R0]
                          @ Read the register value
53@ Write zeroes to register bits to enable as output
54 MOV R2, #0xFE1FFFFF @ Value to enable the pin
55 AND R1, R1, R2
                         @ Combine value to write new to register
56 STR R1, [R0]
                         @ write new value to the register
57
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58@ initialize GPIO pin for falling edge detect
 59 LDR RO, =0x4804C14C @ GPIO_FALLING_DETECT
                           @ read the register value
 60 LDR R1, [R0]
                        @ word to program the register
 61 MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
 62 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ modify the register value
 63 STR R1, [R0]
 65@ initialize GPIO pin for external interrupt
 66 LDR R0, =0x4804C034 @ GPIO_IRQ_STATUS_SET0
                       @ read the register value
@ load the word to program the register
@ modify the current value with new value
67 LDR R1, [R0]
68 MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
 69 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ write new value to the register
70 STR R1, [R0]
72@ initialize interrupt controller for GPIO pins
73@ unmask interrupt by writing a 1 to MIR_CLEAR which sets the bit to 0
74@ 0 = interrupt enabled, 1 = interrupt disabled
                        @ INTC_MIR_CLEAR3
 75 LDR R0, =0x482000E8
76 LDR R1, [R0]
77 MOV R2, #0x00000004
                           @ read the register value
                        @ interrupt 98 = bit 3 in MIR3
78 ORR R1, R1, R2
                           @ unmask GPIO interrupt
                           @ write new value to the register
79 STR R1, [R0]
80
 81@ initialize interrupts in the processor
 82 MRS R3, CPSR
                @ copy CPSR to R3
 83 BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
 84 MSR CPSR_c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
 86@ initialize button state variable
 87@ button state already initialized as unchanged
 89@ MAIN LOOP
 90 MAIN_LOOP:
 91
      NOP
                       @ do nothing and wait for interrupt
 92
      B MAIN_LOOP
 93
      B END
 94
95
 96 @----
 97@ INTERRUPT SERVICE ROUTINE:
 98@ This procedure is hooked into the interrupt vector table to supercede
 99@ processor IRQ requests. It checks if the button was the source of the
100@ interrupt and runs a specific procedure if it is the source of the interrupt
101 INT_DIRECTOR:
102
       STMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR}
                               @ push registers on to the stack
103
104@ check if GPIO was the interrupt source
    LDR R0, =0x482000F8 @ INTC_PENDING_IRQ3
105
106
       LDR R1, [R0]
                                    @ read the pending interrupt register
       MOV R2, #0x00000004
                                    @ load test value to check if GPIO triggered
   interrupt
108
       AND R1, R1, R2
                                    @ test if GPIO was interrupt source
109
       CMP R1, \#0x00
110
       @ if the result is zero, GPIO was not source of interrupt
111
       BEQ PASS_ON
112
113@ If result is nonzero, GPIO triggered the interrupt
114@ check to see if the button was the source of the GPIO interrupt
                                 @ GPIO_IRQSTATUS0
       LDR R0, =0x4804C02C
       LDR R1, [R0]
116
                                   @ read value of register
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```
MOV R2, #BUTTON_PIN
                                        @ load the value for the button pin
       AND R1, R1, R2
118
                                        @ make resultant word for comparison
       CMP R1, \#0\times00
                                        @ compare to see if result is nonzero.
119
120
                                        @ Nonzero = GPIO flag was set
121@ If button was pressed go to button service procedure
122 BNE BUTTON_SVC
       @ ELSE
123
       @ Do nothing
124
125
126@ exit int director ISR
127 PASS_ON:
128@ re-enable IRQ interrupts in the processor
129
      MRS R3, CPSR @ copy CPSR to R3
130
        BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
        MSR CPSR c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
132@ restore register states and exit
LDMFD SP!, {RO-R3, LR} @ restore register states

SUBS PC, LR, #4 @ return service to the system IRQ
135
136
137 @-----
138@ BUTTON SERVICE PROCEDURE
139@ This procedure handles the specific button service requirements
140@ It resets the GPIO IRQ flag and changes the LED flash status variable
141 BUTTON_SVC:
142@ push saved program status register on stack
MRS R3, SPSR
144
      STMFD R13!, {R3}
145
146@ mask lower priority interrupts
147@ not necessary
148
149@ reset the GPIO interrupt request
150 @ RO currently has the address for the GPIO IRQ status register
        @ R2 currently has the word to check/write the button pin
151
152
      STR R2, [R0]
153
154@ change the LED flash status
LDR RO, =LED_STATUS @ load the address for the button variable
      LDR R1, [R0] @ get status of the LED flashing
MOV R2, #LED_ON @ load the test value to see if it is on
CMP R1, R2 @ compare with current state
MOVEQ R1, #LED_OFF @ if equal = ON, load the status to turn it off
MOVNE R1, #LED_ON @ if not equal = OFF, load the status to turn it
156
      MOV R2, #LED ON
157
158
    CMP R1, R2
159 MOVEQ R1, #LED_OFF
160 MOVNE R1, #LED_ON
  on
161
        STR R1, [R0]
                                   @ write the new status to the variable
162
163@ reset interrupt controller IRQ requests
LDR R0, =0x48200048 @ INTCT_CONTROL
LDR R1, [R0] @ read the register value
MOV R2, #0x01 @ value to reset IRQ generation
167
        STR R2, [R0]
168
169@ re-enable IRQ interrupts in the processor
     MRS R3, CPSR @ copy CPSR to R3
BIC R3, #0x80 @ clear bit 7
170
171
172
        MSR CPSR_c, R3 @ write back to CPSR
174@ check the LED flash status
175 LDR RO, =LED_STATUS @ load the address for the button variable
```

```
LDR R1, [R0]
MOV R2, #LED_ON
176
                               @ get status of the LED flashing
177
178
     CMP R1, R2
                                  @ check to see if the LED status is ON
     BEQ LED FLASH
179
                                  @ IF LED status is ON, go to LED flash
   sequence
180
                                  @ otherwise exit back to main
181@ disable IRQs
     MRS R3, CPSR
       ORR R3, R3, #0x80
183
184
       MSR CPSR_c, R3
185
186@ restore saved program status register from recent BUTTON SVC
187 LDMFD R13!, {R3}
     MSR SPSR cf, R3
189@ restore register states from recent INT DIRECTOR
       LDMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR} @ restore register states
191
192@ pop delay stuff off the stack, not needed
193 LDMFD R13!, {R0, R1}
194
195@ restore saved program status register from first BUTTON SVC
196 LDMFD R13!, {R3}
     MSR SPSR cf, R3
198@ restore register states
199 LDMFD SP!, {R0-R3, LR} @ restore register states 200 SUBS PC, LR, #4 @ return service to main
201
202
203 @-----
204@ LED Flasher Subroutine
205@ This procedure handles the LED flash sequence
206 LED_FLASH:
207@ save the register states and link register location
208@STMFD R13!, {R0-R2, R14}
209
210@ Turn on the LEDs one by one
211
    LDR R0, =0x4804C13C
212
      MOV R1, #LED0 @ Turn on LED 0
      STR R1, [R0]
213
                          @ Wait 1 second
214
      BL DELAY
215
     ORR R1, #LED1
                          @ Turn on LED 1
      STR R1, [R0]
216
                          @ Wait 1 second
217
      BL DELAY
218
                          @ Turn on LED 2
      ORR R1, #LED2
219
       STR R1, [R0]
220
      BL DELAY
                          @ Wait 1 second
221
      ORR R1, #LED3
                          @ Turn on LED 3
222
       STR R1, [R0]
      BL DELAY
223
                          @ Wait 1 second
224@ Turn off the LEDs all at once
225
      MOV R1, \#0\times00
226
       STR R1, [R0]
                              @ Write the value to the register
227
                             @ Wait 1 second
       BL DELAY
228
229@ check if the LED flash status is on
230@ (status is turned off in button ISR)
231
     LDR RO, =LED_STATUS @ get the address for the LED status variable
232
      LDR R1, [R0]
                                  @ get the state of the variable
233
     MOV R2, #LED_ON
234
     CMP R1, R2
                                  @ check to see if the LED status is ON
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```
235 @ IF LED status is ON, continue
236 BEQ LED_FLASH @ IF button flag was set
237
238
239 @-----
240@ Delay Loop Subroutine
241@ Handles the delay loop timing
242 DELAY:
243 STMFD R13!, {R4, R14} @ save the register states and link register location
244 LDR R4, =DELAY_VAL
245 D_LOOP:
246 NOP
247 SUBS R4, #1
248 BNE D_LOOP
249 LDMFD R13!, {R4, PC}
250
251 END:
252 .END
```