

Basic python

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You can get this ppt and related files at:

https://github.com/ryan-leung/2016-JAN_python_workshop/

Learning Outcomes

- Know how to get a working python for your operating system.
- Define different data structures
- Make a loop with for and while
- Defining functions
- Reading files and plotting graphs

What is python



General-purpose, high-level programming language

Why python?



- Coding and debugging is a tough task
- Spend less time on it and get your work done!

Why python?

- Easy to learn.
- Increasing number of package.
- A powerful language used by sites like Google and Dropbox.
- Learn the coding in one hour.

What you need?

- A running computer, with Windows/Linux/OSX installed
- A text editor
- A python distribution

Installing / Configuration

How to install python and get it work?

Python distribution

Anaconda / Miniconda

<https://store.continuum.io/cshop/anaconda/>

<http://conda.pydata.org/miniconda.html>

Official Site

<https://www.python.org/downloads/>

Portable Python

<http://portablepython.com/>

IF you run Linux, get it from repository is faster:

```
sudo yum install python numpy scipy python-matplotlib ipython python-pandas  
sympy python-nose
```

```
sudo apt-get install python-numpy python-scipy python-matplotlib ipython  
ipython-notebook python-pandas python-sympy python-nose
```


Anaconda in Windows

Anaconda for Windows

PYTHON 2.7	PYTHON 3.5
<div>Windows 64-bit Graphical Installer</div> <div>337M</div>	<div>Windows 64-bit Graphical Installer</div> <div>392M</div>
<div>Windows 32-bit Graphical Installer</div> <div>321M</div>	<div>Windows 32-bit Graphical Installer</div> <div>316M</div>
Behind a firewall? Use these zipped Windows installers .	

Windows Anaconda Installation

1. Download the installer.
2. Double-click the .exe file to install Anaconda and follow the instructions on the screen.
3. Optional: [Verify data integrity with MD5](#).

Anaconda in Mac

Anaconda for OS X

PYTHON 2.7	PYTHON 3.5
Mac OS X 64-bit Graphical Installer 27411 (OS X 10.7 or higher)	Mac OS X 64-bit Graphical Installer 25711 (OS X 10.7 or higher)
Mac OS X 64-bit Command-Line installer 23911 (OS X 10.5 or higher)	Mac OS X 64-bit Command-Line installer 23311 (OS X 10.5 or higher)

OS X Anaconda Installation

1. Download the installer.
2. Double click the .pkg file and follow the instructions on the screen.
3. **Command-Line Installs:**

After downloading the installer, in the shell execute for Python 2.7:

```
bash Anaconda2-2.4.1-MacOSX-x86_64.sh
```

Or for Python 3.5:

```
bash Anaconda3-2.4.1-MacOSX-x86_64.sh
```

NOTE: You should type "bash", regardless of whether or not you are actually using the bash shell.

4. Optional: [Verify data integrity with MD5](#).

Anaconda in Linux

Anaconda for Linux

PYTHON 2.7	PYTHON 3.5
<div>Linux 64-bit</div> <div>23311</div>	<div>Linux 64-bit</div> <div>23511</div>
<div>Linux 32-bit</div> <div>27911</div>	<div>Linux 32-bit</div> <div>27711</div>

Linux Anaconda Installation

1. Download the installer.
2. After downloading the installer, in your terminal window execute for Python 2.7:

```
bash Anaconda2-2.4.1-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Or for Python 3.5:

```
bash Anaconda3-2.4.1-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

NOTE: Type "bash" regardless of whether or not you are actually using the bash shell.

3. Optional: [Verify data integrity with MD5](#).

Install package (Normal build)

- To search/install packages, use “pip”
- Package list: <https://pypi.python.org/pypi>
- Command:
 - `pip search xxxxxx`
 - `pip install xxxxxx`

Full Commands:

<code>install</code>	Install packages.
<code>uninstall</code>	Uninstall packages.
<code>freeze</code>	Output installed packages in requirements format.
<code>list</code>	List installed packages.
<code>show</code>	Show information about installed packages.
<code>search</code>	Search PyPI for packages.
<code>zip</code>	Zip individual packages.
<code>unzip</code>	Unzip individual packages.
<code>bundle</code>	Create pybundles.
<code>help</code>	Show help for commands.

Install package (Anaconda build)

- To search/install packages, use “conda”
- Command:
 - `conda search xxxxxx`
 - `conda install xxxxxx`
- Other commands:

http://conda.pydata.org/docs/_downloads/conda-cheatsheet.pdf

Packages for Symbolic/numerical/statistical



NumPy



SciPy.org



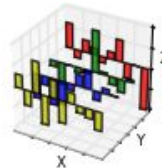
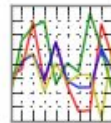
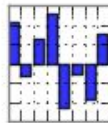
machine learning in Python



SymPy

pandas

$$y_{it} = \beta' x_{it} + \mu_i + \epsilon_{it}$$



- For symbolic
 - sympy
- For numerical
 - numpy
 - scipy
- For statistical and machine learning
 - scikit-learn
 - pandas

Running python

How to run your scripts?

Python interpreter

Open by clicking “python” shortcut in start menu (Windows).

Or type “python” in terminal for Linux / OSX

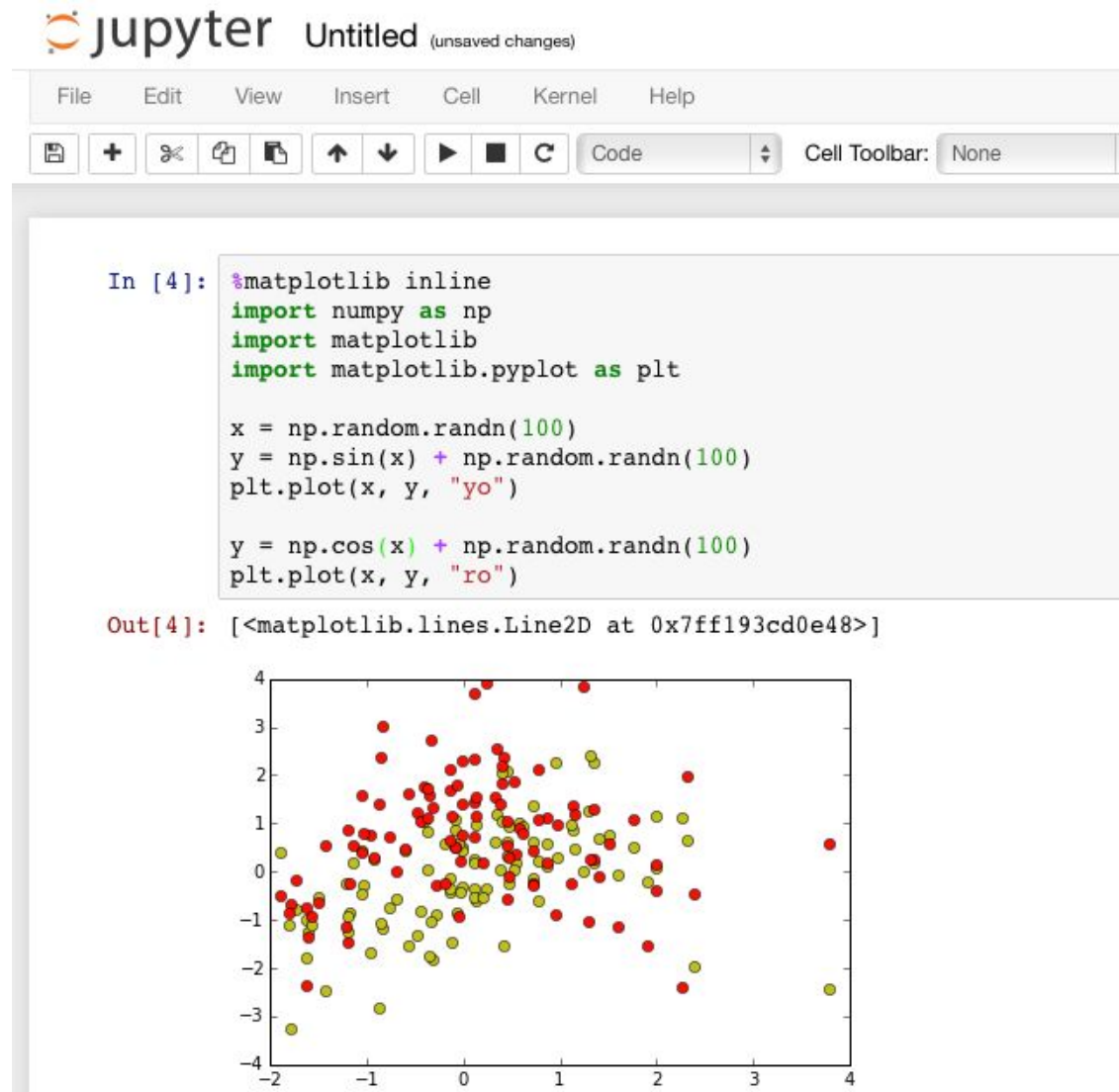
```
python
# yanyan at vela in ~ [17:34:44]
$ python
Python 2.7.11 [Anaconda 2.3.0 (64-bit)] (default, Dec  6 2015, 18:08:32)
[GCC 4.4.7 20120313 (Red Hat 4.4.7-1)] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>> □
```

```
python
Deactivating environment "D:\Apps\Anaconda"...
Activating environment "D:\Apps\Anaconda"...

[Anaconda] C:\Users\yanyan>python
Python 2.7.11 [Anaconda 2.4.1 (32-bit)] (default, Dec  7 2015, 14:13:17) [MSC v.1500 32-bit Intel] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>>
```


ipython / jupyter

For more
interaction and
fun, we use
ipython to run our
python code



Spyder IDE



Spyder (Python 3.4)

File Edit Search Source Run Debug Consoles Tools View Help

Editor - /tmp/interpolation.py

```
4 From the SciPy Cookbook
5 """
6
7 from numpy import arange, cos, linspace, pi, sin, random
8 from scipy.interpolate import splprep, splev
9
10 # make ascending spiral in 3-space
11 t=linspace(0,1.75*2*pi,100)
12
13 x = sin(t)
14 y = cos(t)
15 z = t
16
17 # %% add noise
18 x+= random.normal(scale=0.1, size=x.shape)
19 y+= random.normal(scale=0.1, size=y.shape)
20 z+= random.normal(scale=0.1, size=z.shape)
21
22 # %% spline parameters
23 s=3.0 # smoothness parameter
24 k=2 # spline order
25 nest=-1 # estimate of number of knots needed (-1 = maximal,
26
27 # %% find the knot points
28 tckp,u = splprep([x,y,z],s=s,k=k,nest=-1)
29
30 # %% evaluate spline, including interpolated points
31 xnew,ynew,znew = splev(linspace(0,1,400),tckp)
32
33 import pylab
```

Object inspector

Source Console Object numpy.mean

mean

Definition: mean(a, axis=None, dtype=None, out=None, keepdims=False)

Type: Function of numpy.core.fromnumeric module

Compute the arithmetic mean along the specified axis.

Returns the average of the array elements. The average is

Object inspector Variable explorer File explorer Static code analysis

IPython console

IP: Console 1/A

Python 3.4.0 on linux -- IPython 4.0.0

In [1]: runfile('/tmp/interpolation.py', wdir='/tmp')

Internal console Console History log IPython console

Permissions: RW End-of-lines: LF Encoding: UTF-8 Line: 18 Column: 43 Memory: 86 %

1. Syntax

https://github.com/ryan-leung/2016-JAN_python_workshop/blob/master/Syntax.ipynb

2. Data Structures and Loops

https://github.com/ryan-leung/2016-JAN_python_workshop/blob/master/Data%20Structures%20and%20Loops.ipynb

3. Functions

https://github.com/ryan-leung/2016-JAN_python_workshop/blob/master/Functions.ipynb

4. Files and Plots

https://github.com/ryan-leung/2016-JAN_python_workshop/blob/master/Files%20and%20Plot.ipynb

Practise and exercise session

Factorial

Write a program which can compute the factorial of a given numbers.

Suppose the input is:

8

Then, the output should be:

40320

Even Fibonacci numbers

Each new term in the Fibonacci sequence is generated by adding the previous two terms. By starting with 1 and 2, the first 10 terms will be:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, ...

By considering the terms in the Fibonacci sequence whose values **do not exceed four million**, find the **sum of the even-valued terms**.

10001st prime

By listing the first six prime numbers: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, and 13, we can see that the 6th prime is 13.

What is the 10 001st prime number?