

# PHE Rebuy Rate Analysis

Ryan Mersereau

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```
#Attaching packages  
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.5.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.5.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.5.2
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
```

```
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
```

```
## v forcats   1.0.1      v stringr   1.6.0
```

```
## v ggplot2   3.5.2      v tibble    3.2.1
```

```
## v lubridate 1.9.4      v tidyr     1.3.2
```

```
## v purrr     1.2.1
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(dplyr)  
library(ggplot2)
```

```
orders <- read.csv("C:/Users/gemer/Downloads/Finalorderscsv.csv")
```

```
#Converting date objects and adding time to delivery variable  
orders$dateAndTime <- ymd_hms(orders$dateAndTime, tz = "UTC")
```

```
## Warning: 206 failed to parse.
```

```

orders$dateAndTime <- as.Date(orders$dateAndTime)
orders$dateAndTime <- format(orders$dateAndTime, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

orders <- orders %>%
  rename(arrival_date = dateAndTime)

orders$arrival_date <- as.Date(orders$arrival_date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
orders$shipping_date <- as.Date(orders$shipping_date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

orders <- orders %>%
  mutate(time_to_delivery = difftime(orders$arrival_date, orders$shipping_date,
                                     units = "days"))

orders$time_to_delivery <- as.integer(orders$time_to_delivery)

orders <- drop_na(orders)

```

*#Table Stats*

```
sum(orders$times_ordered == 1)
```

```
## [1] 7933
```

```
sum(orders$times_ordered > 1)
```

```
## [1] 1529
```

*# n = 9462, 7933 orders from customers who ordered once,  
# 1529 from customers who ordered previously or went on to order again*

```
sum(orders$time_to_delivery == 1)
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
n_distinct(orders$g_user_id)
```

```
## [1] 8432
```

*#Count number of unique guids, for repeat buyers select earliest date  
# (first order)*

```

orders %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(count = n_distinct(g_user_id))

```

```

## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   times_ordered count
##         <int> <int>
## 1             1  7704
## 2             2   589

```

```
## 3      3    102
## 4      4     25
## 5      5      6
## 6      6      6
```

```
mean(orders[orders$times_ordered == 1, "time_to_delivery"])
```

```
## [1] 4.857557
```

```
#Average for non-repeat customers: 4.857 days
```

```
mean(orders[orders$times_ordered > 1, "time_to_delivery"])
```

```
## [1] 4.805755
```

```
#Average for repeat customers: 4.805 days
```

```
mean(orders$time_to_delivery)
```

```
## [1] 4.849186
```

```
#Average delivery time: 4.849 days
```

```
sd(orders$time_to_delivery)
```

```
## [1] 1.959202
```

```
#Std dev: 1.959 days
```

```
#Create new firstorders table
```

```
firstorders <- orders %>%
  mutate(order_create_date = as.Date(order_create_date, "%m/%d/%Y")) %>%
  group_by(g_user_id) %>%
  filter(order_create_date == min(order_create_date)) %>%
  filter(1:n() == 1)
```

```
#Compare averages for first ship times by times ordered from first orders
```

```
firstorders %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(minimum = min(time_to_delivery),
            Q1 = quantile(time_to_delivery, probs = .25),
            mean = mean(time_to_delivery),
            median = median(time_to_delivery),
            Q3 = quantile(time_to_delivery, probs = .75),
            maximum = max(time_to_delivery))
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
```

```
##   times_ordered minimum    Q1  mean median    Q3 maximum
##         <int>    <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <int>
## 1             1        1     3  4.86     4     6        28
```

```
## 2      2      2      3 4.84      4      6      17
## 3      3      2      3 4.65      4      6      11
## 4      4      3      4 5.68      6      7      12
## 5      5      3      4 4.83      4.5  5.75      7
## 6      6      4      4 4.5       4      4.75      6
```

```
#Compare average number of rebuys by delivery time from first orders
firstorders %>%
  group_by(time_to_delivery) %>%
  summarise(minimum = min(times_ordered),
            Q1 = quantile(times_ordered, probs = .25),
            mean = mean(times_ordered),
            median = median(times_ordered),
            Q3 = quantile(times_ordered, probs = .75),
            maximum = max(times_ordered))
```

```
## # A tibble: 21 x 7
##   time_to_delivery minimum    Q1  mean median    Q3 maximum
##         <int>      <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <int>
## 1             1         1     1  1     1     1     1
## 2             2         1     1  1.12    1     1     3
## 3             3         1     1  1.11    1     1     5
## 4             4         1     1  1.11    1     1     6
## 5             5         1     1  1.11    1     1     6
## 6             6         1     1  1.11    1     1     6
## 7             7         1     1  1.12    1     1     5
## 8             8         1     1  1.10    1     1     4
## 9             9         1     1  1.12    1     1     3
## 10            10         1     1  1.05    1     1     3
## # i 11 more rows
```

```
# trim <- function(x){
#   x[(x > mean(x)-1.5*IQR(x)) & (x < mean(x)+1.5*IQR(x))]
# }
#
# trimmedorders <- orders %>%
#   mutate(orders$time_to_delivery = trim(orders$time_to_delivery)) %>%
#
```

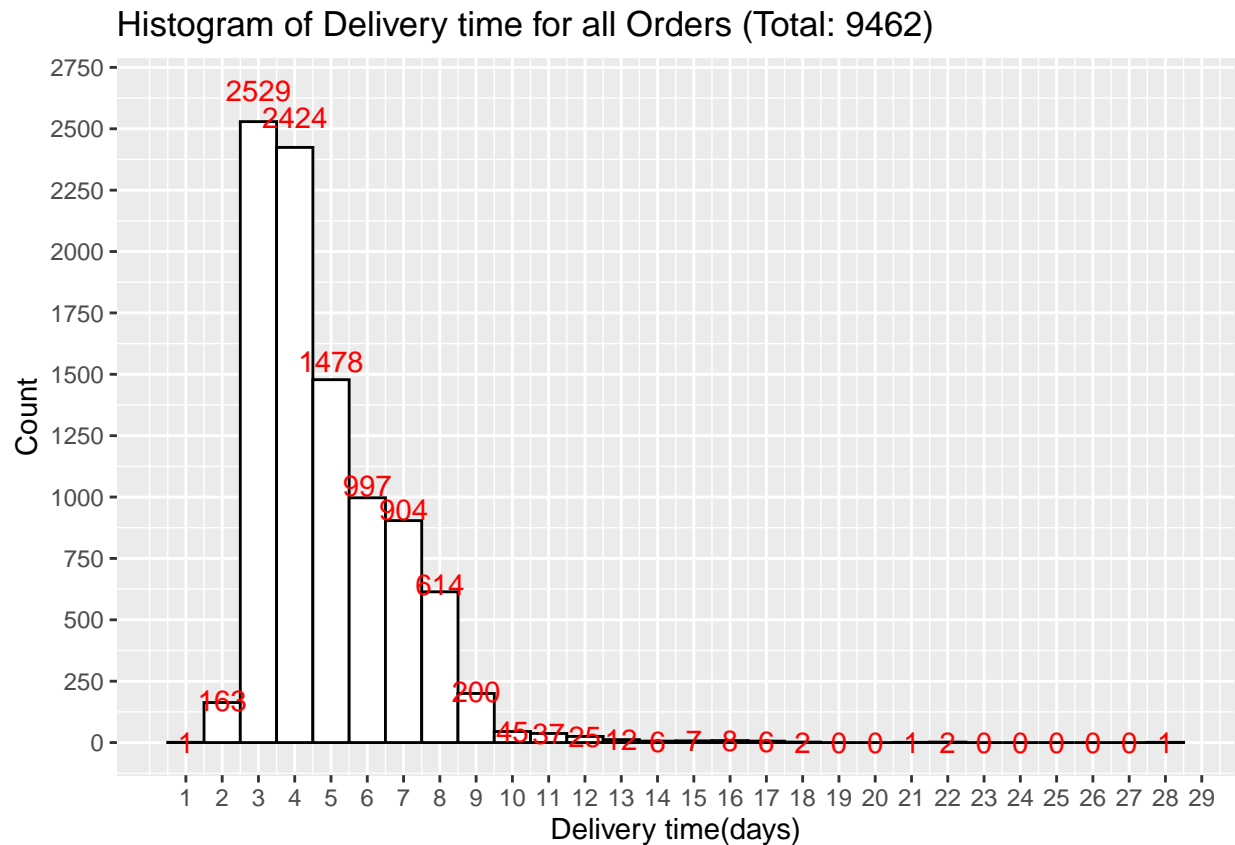
```
#Histogram of delivery time for all orders
```

```
hist <- ggplot(orders, aes(x=time_to_delivery)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, color = "black", fill = "White") +
  stat_bin(binwidth = 1, geom = 'text', aes(label = ..count..), color = "red",
           position = position_stack(vjust = 1.05)) +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 3000, 250)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1, 30, 1)) +
  labs(y = "Count", x = "Delivery time(days)") +
  ggtitle("Histogram of Delivery time for all Orders (Total: 9462)")

hist
```

```
## Warning: The dot-dot notation ('..count..') was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
```

```
## i Please use 'after_stat(count)' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.
```

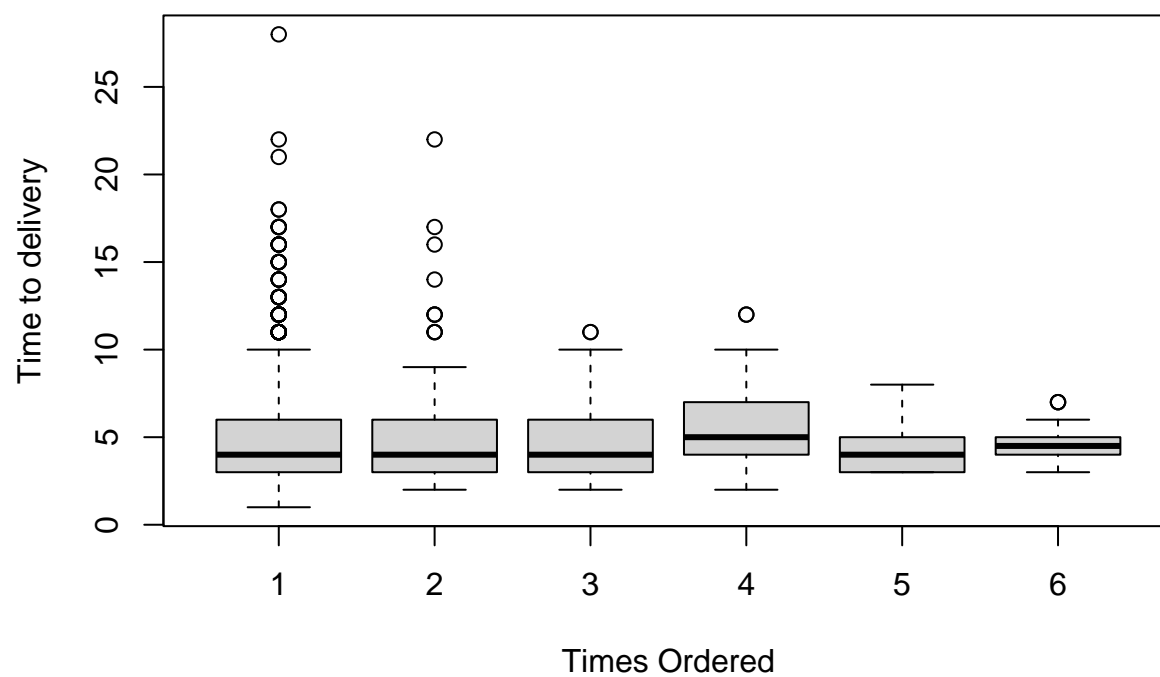


```
#ggplot(orders, aes(x=time_to_delivery, fill=as.factor(times_ordered))) +
#  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, alpha = .5, position = "identity")

#ggplot(orders, aes(x=time_to_delivery, fill=as.factor(times_ordered))) +
#  geom_density(alpha = .3)

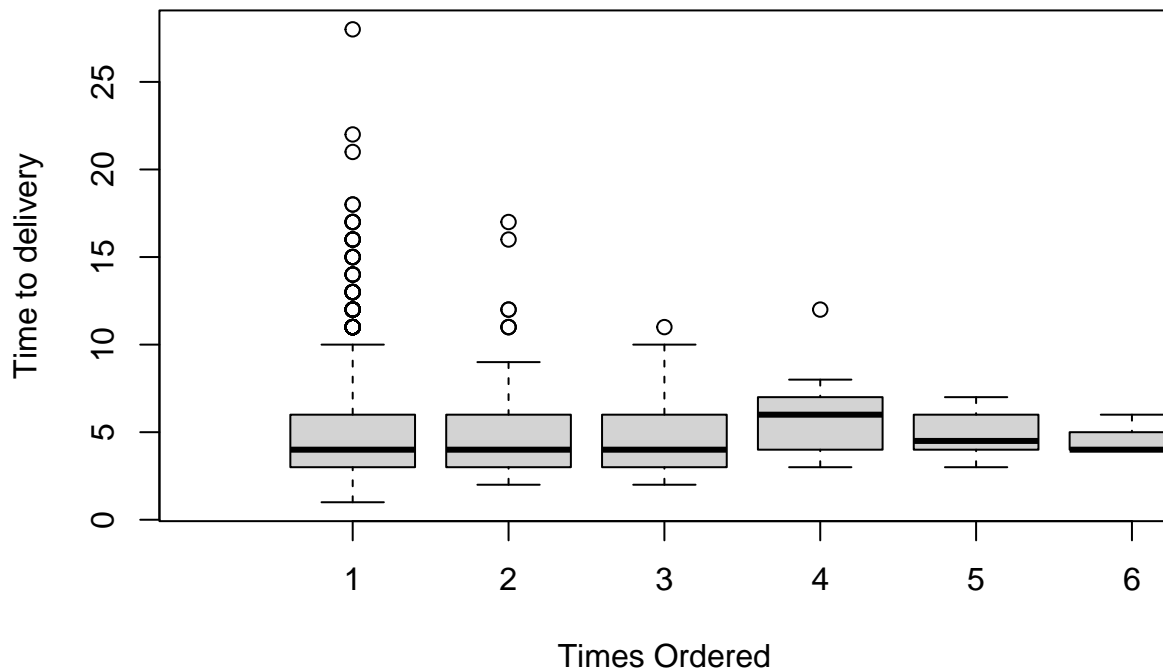
boxplot(orders$time_to_delivery ~ orders$times_ordered,
  main = "For all orders",
  xlab = "Times Ordered",
  ylab = "Time to delivery")
```

### For all orders



```
boxplot(firstorders$time_to_delivery ~ firstorders$times_ordered,  
        main = "For first order instance",  
        xlab = "Times Ordered",  
        ylab = "Time to delivery",  
        xlim = c(0,6))
```

## For first order instance



```
#Making a dataframe for each cohort

#1 to 2 days
one_to_two_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery <= 2)

#Table of rebuy rate for delivery time of 1-2 days
rebuy_one_to_two <- one_to_two_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_1to2 <- 100 - rebuy_one_to_two$percent[1]

#3 days
three_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 3)

#
rebuy_3 <- three_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)
```

```

rr_3 <- 100 - rebuy_3$percent[1]

#4 days
four_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 4)

#
rebuy_4 <- four_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_4 <- 100 - rebuy_4$percent[1]

#5 days
five_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 5)

#
rebuy_5 <- five_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_5 <- 100 - rebuy_5$percent[1]

#6 days
six_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 6)

#
rebuy_6 <- six_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_6 <- 100 - rebuy_6$percent[1]

#7 days
seven_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 7)

#
rebuy_7 <- seven_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_7 <- 100 - rebuy_7$percent[1]

```

```

#8 days
eight_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery == 8)

#
rebuy_8 <- eight_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_8 <- 100 - rebuy_8$percent[1]

#9 days or more
nine_days <- firstorders %>%
  filter(time_to_delivery >= 9)

#
rebuy_9_or_more <- nine_days %>%
  group_by(times_ordered) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(freq = n/sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(percent = (n/sum(n)) * 100)

rr_9_or_more <- 100 - rebuy_9_or_more$percent[1]

#Rounding and putting into dataframe
rr_all <- c(rr_1to2, rr_3, rr_4, rr_5, rr_6, rr_7, rr_8,
            rr_9_or_more)

rr_all <- round(rr_all, digits = 2)

rebuyrates <- data.frame(Days_to_delivery = c('1-2', '3', '4', '5', '6',
                                              '7', '8', '>8' ),
                        Rebuy_rates = rr_all )

rebuyrates

```

```

##   Days_to_delivery Rebuy_rates
## 1             1-2         10.27
## 2              3          8.92
## 3              4          8.21
## 4              5          8.77
## 5              6          8.37
## 6              7          9.02
## 7              8          7.54
## 8             >8          9.76

```

```

linegraph <- ggplot(data = rebuyrates, aes(x = factor(Days_to_delivery,
  level = c('1-2', '3', '4', '5', '6',
            '7', '8', '>8' )),
  y = Rebuy_rates, group = 1)) +

```

```

geom_line() +
geom_point() +
scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(6, 11, 1)) +
labs(y = "Rebuy Rate %", x = "Delivery time(days)") +
ggtitle("Plot of Rebuy rate by delivery time for first order") +
geom_text(aes(label = paste0(Rebuy_rates, "%")), color = "red",
          nudge_x = .25, nudge_y = .25)

```

linegraph

Plot of Rebuy rate by delivery time for first order

