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**Recitation:** 7

Problem 1	Points:
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"I did not work in a group."

"I did not consult anyone except my group members".

non-class material: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/merge-two-sorted-arrays/

## Problem 2

**Points:** 

- 1.  $\Theta(n^3 log n)$
- 2.  $\Theta(n^3.5)$
- 3.  $\Theta(n^4)$
- 4.  $\Theta(nlog^2n)$
- 5.  $\Theta(n^{3.5}log^3n)$

Problem 3 Points:

1. the first time merging first two arrays will cost n+n time and total length will be 2n the merging of third in to the first two will cost 2n+n time and total length will be 3n so until the last, it will cost (m-1)\*n+n time and total length will be mn if we add them tougher, it will cost  $O(n*m^2)$ 

2. if we use divided and concur which introduced in class, we split the array in to half every time it will be near linear O(mlogm), and total will cost O(n\*mlogm)

Problem 4

**Points:** 

for the pivot function here, we first divided into n/3 and calculate the medians, then divided in to n/9 and return selections

total run time is  $\Theta(n) + \Theta(n/3 * log 3) + \Theta(n) + \Theta(n/9 * log 9)$ 

for n/3:

$$M = n/3$$

$$A1 > M/2 + M/2 = 2 * M/2 = M = n/3$$

$$A2 > M/2 + M/2 = 2 * M/2 = M = n/3$$

$$a = 1/3b = 2/3a + b = 1$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(nlogn)$$

for n/9:

$$M = n/9$$

$$A1 > M/2 + 4 * M/2 = 5 * M/2 = M = 5n/18$$

$$A2 > M/2 + 4 * M/2 = 5 * M/2 = M = 5n/18$$

$$a = 1/9b = 13/18a + b < 1$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n)$$

and use master theorem to have  $T(n) = \Theta(n^3 log n)$ 

Problem 5

**Points:** 

no idea