1.0
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \implies X = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \iff p = 3$$

$$Y = A X_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \iff p = 3$$

$$Y = A X_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{12} \\ \frac{1}$$

2.0.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $X_0 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$|1X_0||_2 = \sqrt{6}, \quad X_0 = \frac{1}{16} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|Y = A X_0 = \frac{1}{16} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_1 = (X_0, \overline{Y}) = \frac{1}{6}(3 - 1 + 8) = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$|1\overline{Y}||_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}} \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 9 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_2 = (\overline{X}_1, \overline{Y}) = \frac{1}{26}(33 + 9 + 48)$$

$$= \frac{45}{13}$$

$$|1\overline{Y}||_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}} \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 9 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_3 = \frac{1}{346}(33 + 9 + 48)$$

$$= \frac{45}{13}$$

$$|\overline{X}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{346}} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_3 = \frac{1}{346}(42x11 + 9x41 + 12x42)$$

$$|\overline{X}_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{42^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 2^2}} \begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ 41 \\ 42 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_3 = \frac{1270}{346}$$

$$|\overline{X}_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{42^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 2^2}} \begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ 41 \\ 42 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\overline{X}_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{42^2 + 4^2 + 4^2 + 2^2}} \begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ 41 \\ 42 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Rightarrow \quad X_0 = \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $y = Ax_0 = \frac{1}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \Rightarrow \mu_1 = 0, \quad \overline{x_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$y = A \times_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_2 = (\vec{x}_1, \vec{y}_1) = 1, \quad \vec{x}_2 = \vec{x}_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\gamma = A \times_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_{3} = (x_{2}, \vec{y}) = \frac{1}{2}(2+2+6) = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{x}_3 = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$