

Problem 1: Use the timing parameters in the table for this problem.

	Setup Time	c/k-to-Q Delay	D-to-Q Delay	Contamination Delay	Hold Time
Flip-Flops	65 ps	50 ps	n/a	35 ps	30 ps
Latches	25 ps	50 ps	40 ps	35 ps	30 ps

For each of the following sequencing styles, determine the maximum logic propagation delay available when using a 500 ps clock period. Assume there is zero clock skew and no time borrowing takes place. (4 points)

- Flip-flops
- Two-phase transparent latches

Solution:

$$(a) t_{pd} = 500 - (t_{pcq} + t_{setup}) = 500 - (50 + 65) = 385 \text{ ps};$$

$$(b) t_{pd} = 500 - 2 \times t_{pdq} = 500 - 2(40) = 420 \text{ ps};$$

Problem 2: Consider a flip-flop built from a pair of transparent latches using nonoverlapping clocks with no combinational logic in between. Express the setup time and hold time of the flip-flop in terms of the latch timing parameters and $t_{nonoverlap}$. (4 points)

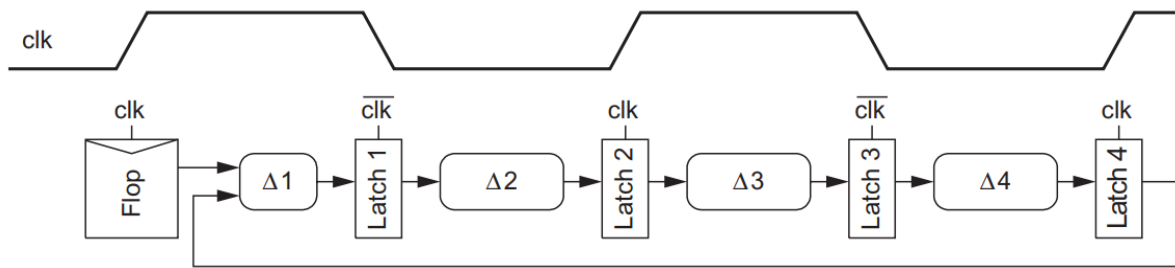
Solution:

$$\text{Flop Setup time} = \text{Latch set up time} + t_{nonoverlap \text{ time}}$$

$$\text{Flop Hold time} = \text{Latch Hold time} - t_{nonoverlap \text{ time}}$$

Problem 3: For the path in the figure below, determine which latches borrow time and if any setup time violations occur. Repeat for cycle times of 1200, 1000, and 800 ps. Assume there is zero clock skew and that the latch delays are accounted for in the propagation delay. (12 points)

- i. $\Delta 1 = 550 \text{ ps}; \Delta 2 = 580 \text{ ps}; \Delta 3 = 450 \text{ ps}; \Delta 4 = 200 \text{ ps}$
- ii. $\Delta 1 = 300 \text{ ps}; \Delta 2 = 600 \text{ ps}; \Delta 3 = 400 \text{ ps}; \Delta 4 = 550 \text{ ps}$



Solution:

$$\Delta 1 = 550 \text{ ps}, \Delta 2 = 580 \text{ ps}, \Delta 3 = 450 \text{ ps}, \Delta 4 = 200 \text{ ps}$$

a) $T_c/2 = 600 \text{ ps}$

$\Delta 1, \Delta 2, \Delta 3, \Delta 4 < T_c/2$ (no problem) \rightarrow no violation

$$T_c/2 = 500 \text{ ps}$$

$$\Delta 1 = (T_c/2) + 50 \quad \text{borrow } 50 \text{ by Latch 1}$$

$$\Delta 2 = (T_c/2) + 80 \quad \text{borrow } 80 \text{ by Latch 2}$$

$$\Delta 3 = (T_c/2) - 50 \quad \text{borrow } (50 + 80 - 50) \text{ by Latch 3}$$

$$\Delta 4 = (T_c/2) - 300 \rightarrow \text{all borrow cleared} \rightarrow \text{no violation}$$

$$T_c/2 = 400 \text{ ps}$$

$$\Delta 1 = (T_c/2) + 150 \quad \text{Borrow } 150 \text{ by Latch 1}$$

$$\Delta 2 = (T_c/2) + 180 \quad \text{Borrow } 380 \text{ by Latch 2}$$

$$\Delta 3 = (T_c/2) + 50 \quad \text{Borrow } 380 \text{ by Latch 3}$$

$$\Delta 4 = (T_c/2) - 200 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 180 \text{ by latch 4}$$

$$\Delta 1 = (T_c/2) + 150 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 330 \text{ by latch 1}$$

$$\Delta 2 = (T_c/2) + 180 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 510 \text{ by latch 2}$$

but $510 > T_c/2 \rightarrow \text{violation}$

b) $T_c/2 = 600 \text{ ps}$

$$\Delta 1, \Delta 2, \Delta 3, \Delta 4 \leq T_c/2 \rightarrow \text{no problem}$$

$$T_c/2 = 500 \text{ ps}$$

$$\Delta 1 \leq T_c/2 \rightarrow \text{no problem}$$

$$\Delta 2 = T_c/2 + 100 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 100 \text{ by Latch 2}$$

$$\Delta 3 = T_c/2 - 100 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 0 \rightarrow \text{borrow cleared}$$

$$\Delta 4 = T_c/2 + 50 \rightarrow \text{borrow } 50 \text{ by latch 4}$$

But $\Delta 1 = T_c/2 - 200$, so no violation

$$T_c = 800, T_c/2 = 400$$

$\Delta 1 < T_c/2 \rightarrow$ no violation

$\Delta 2 \neq T_c/2 + 200 \rightarrow$ borrow 200 by latch 2

$\Delta 3 = T_c/2 \rightarrow$ borrow 200 by Latch 3

$\Delta 4 = T_c/2 + 150 \rightarrow$ borrow 350 by Latch 4

$\Delta 1 = T_c/2 - 100 \rightarrow$ borrow 250 by Latch 1

$\Delta 2 = T_c/2 + 200 \rightarrow$ borrow 450 by Latch 2

but $450 > T_c/2 \rightarrow$ violation