

# Homework 3

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## 1 Part 1: Math

### 1.1 A

The following steps prove the equality by the properties of logarithms:

$$y_i = e^\alpha \delta^{d_i} z_i^\gamma e^{\eta_i} \quad (1)$$

$$\ln(y_i) = \ln(e^\alpha \delta^{d_i} z_i^\gamma e^{\eta_i}) \quad (2)$$

$$= \ln(e^\alpha) + \ln(\delta^{d_i}) + \ln(z_i^\gamma) + \ln(e^{\eta_i}) \quad (3)$$

$$= \alpha + \ln(\delta^{d_i}) + \ln(z_i^\gamma) + \eta_i \quad (4)$$

$$= \alpha + \ln(\delta) d_i + \gamma \ln(z_i) + \eta_i \quad (5)$$

### 1.2 B

The parameter  $\delta$  is a multiplicative **factor representing the retrofit's effect on energy production**.

### 1.3 C

We want to show proof of the following equality:

$$\frac{\Delta y_i}{\Delta d_i} = \frac{\delta - 1}{\delta^{d_i}} y_i \quad (6)$$

Since coefficient  $\delta$  is only "activated" by the binary variable  $d_i$  taking a value of 1, we can think of the following expression with potential outcomes notation,

$$y_i(\delta - 1) = \delta y_i - y_i = y_{1i} - y_{0i} = \Delta y_i \quad (7)$$

If the above (8) is the numerator of equation (7), we can use the same notation to rework the denominator too:

$$\delta^{d_i} = d_1 i - d_0 i = \Delta d_i \quad (8)$$

Combining (8) and (9) gives us the original equality,

$$\frac{\Delta y_i}{\Delta d_i} = \frac{\delta - 1}{\delta^{d_i}} y_i \quad (9)$$

This term is the **average marginal effect** of  $d_i$ .

## 1.4 D

We want to show that the following equality holds:

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial z_i} = \gamma \frac{y_i}{z_i} \quad (10)$$

Using properties of exponents and partial derivatives, we manipulate terms.

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial z_i} (e^\alpha \delta^{d_i} z_i^\gamma e^{\eta_i}) = \gamma z_i^{\gamma-1} (e^\alpha \delta^{d_i} e^{\eta_i}) \quad (11)$$

$$= \gamma z_i^{\gamma-1} \left( \frac{y_i}{z_i^\gamma} \right) \quad (12)$$

$$= \gamma \left[ \frac{y_i (z_i^{\gamma-1})}{z_i^\gamma} \right] \quad (13)$$

$$= \gamma \left[ y_i \left( z_i^{\gamma-1-\gamma} \right) \right] \quad (14)$$

$$= \gamma y_i z_i^{-1} = \gamma \frac{y_i}{z_i} \quad (15)$$

This term is the **average marginal effect** of  $z_i$ .

## 2 Part 2: Stata

### 2.1 Estimation

Table 1: Regression results and Marginal Effects

	1	2
Retrofit	-0.101 [-0.113 -0.088]	
ln(Square Feet)	0.894 [0.880 0.909]	
ln(Temperature (F))	0.281 [0.040 0.523]	
Intercept	-0.769 [-1.834 0.296]	
Marginal Effects, Retrofit		-114.050 [-114.521 -113.578]
Marginal Effects, Square Feet		0.629 [0.628 0.629]
Marginal Effects, Temperature (F)		4.077 [3.969 4.185]
Number of observations	1000	1000

### 2.2 Graph

