

TUTORIAL 4

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC SIMPLIFICATION (PART II)

PDS0101: INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL SYSTEMS
TRI 2, 2022-2023

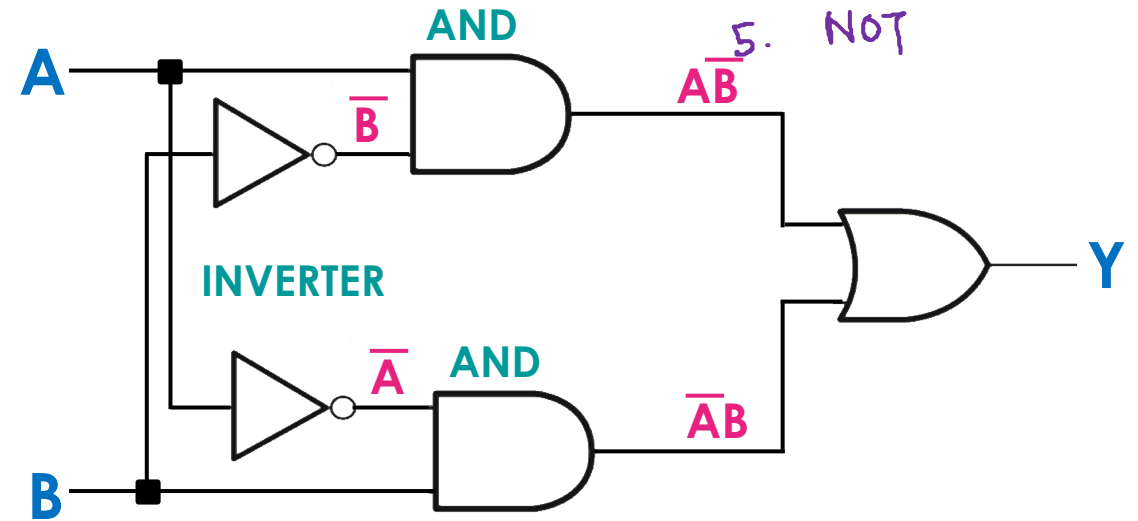


Question 2 : Draw the **LOGIC CIRCUIT** represented by the following expressions

a) $Y = A \bar{B} + \bar{A} B$

Diagram illustrating the logic expression $Y = A \bar{B} + \bar{A} B$ with annotations:

- INVERTER**: Points to the complementation of B and A .
- AND**: Points to the terms $A \bar{B}$ and $\bar{A} B$.
- OR**: Points to the addition (+) operation.



term by term

1. ()
2. negative gate
3. AND gate
4. OR gate
5. NOT

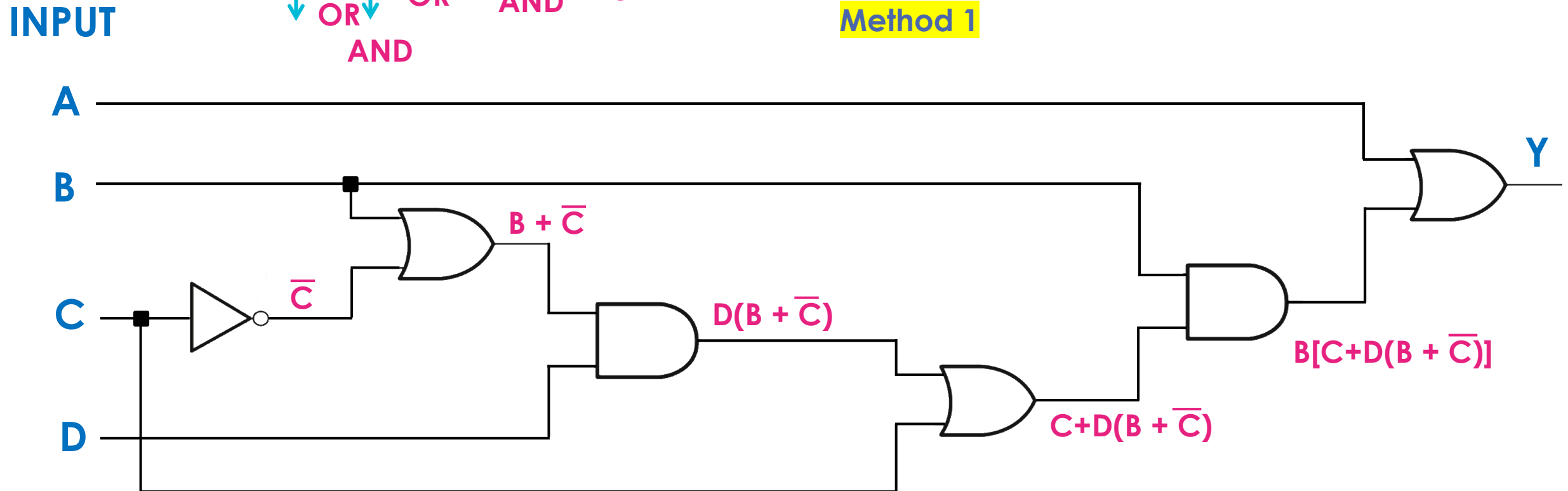
Question 2 : Draw the **LOGIC CIRCUIT** represented by the following expressions

b) $Y = A + B [C + D (B + \bar{C})]$

Diagram illustrating the logic expression with annotations:

- INVERTER** points to \bar{C} .
- OR** (cyan) points to $C + D$.
- AND** (purple) points to $D (B + \bar{C})$.
- OR** (cyan) points to $B [C + D (B + \bar{C})]$.
- AND** (cyan) points to $A + B [C + D (B + \bar{C})]$.

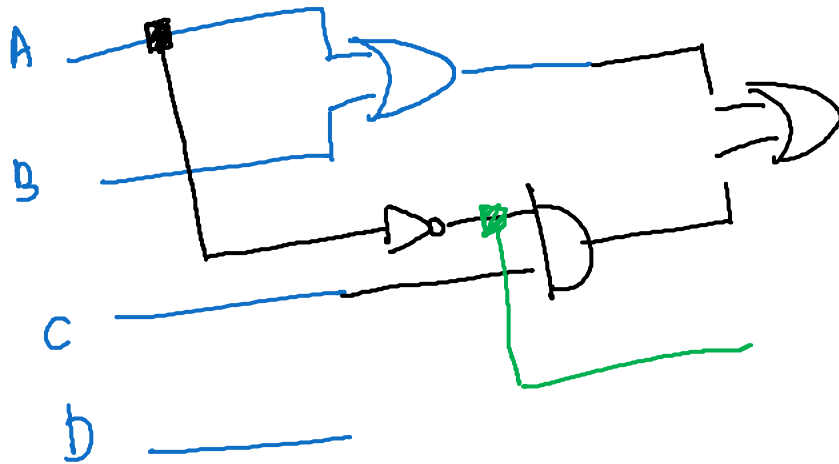
Method 1



drawing logic circuit

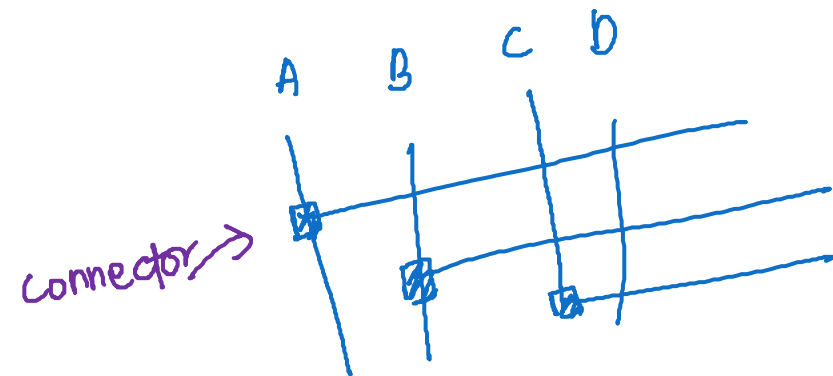
Method 1

Input using row



Method 2

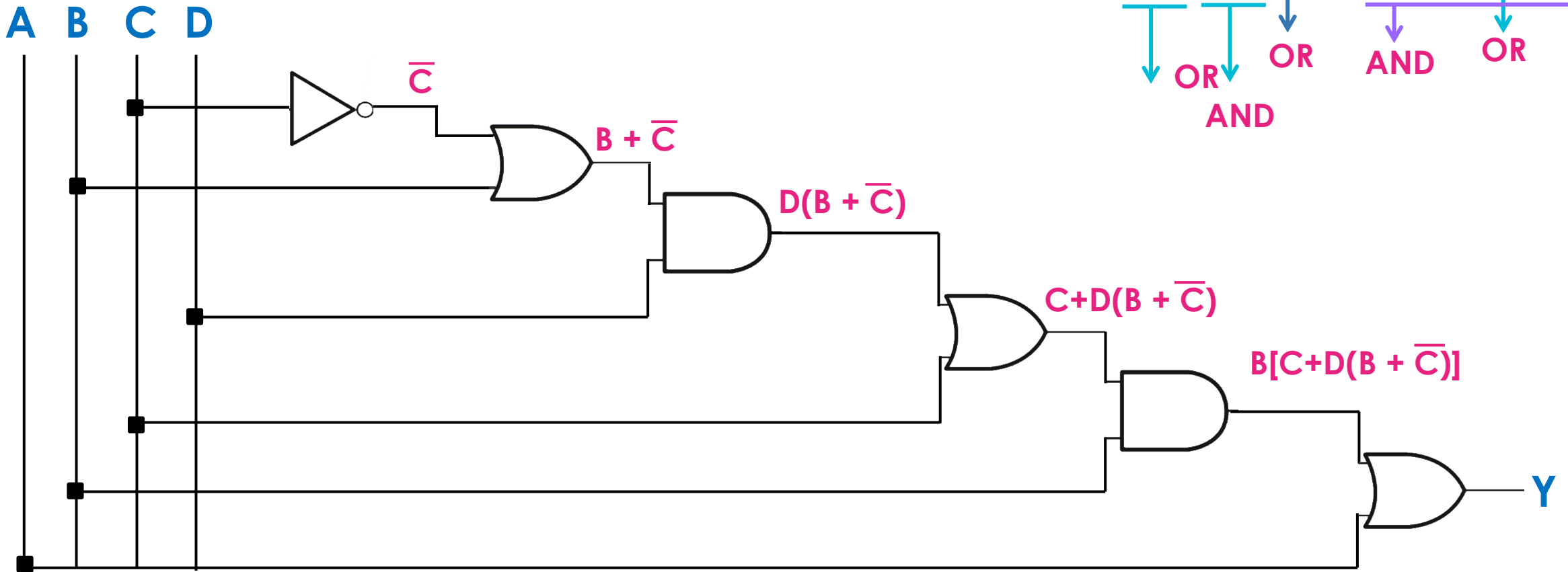
Input using column



Method 2

$2^4 = 16$ possible input combinations

b) $Y = A + B [C + D (B + \bar{C})]$



Question 2(b) : Simplify the given **BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS**
ADDITIONAL

b) $Y = A + B [C + D (B + \bar{C})]$

$$\begin{aligned} Y &= A + B [C + D (B + \bar{C})] \\ &= A + B [C + BD + \bar{C}D] \\ &= A + B (C + D + BD) \\ &= A + B (C + D) \\ &= A + BC + BD \quad \# \end{aligned}$$

Rule 11

$$A + \bar{A}B = A + B$$

$$C + \bar{C}D = C + D$$

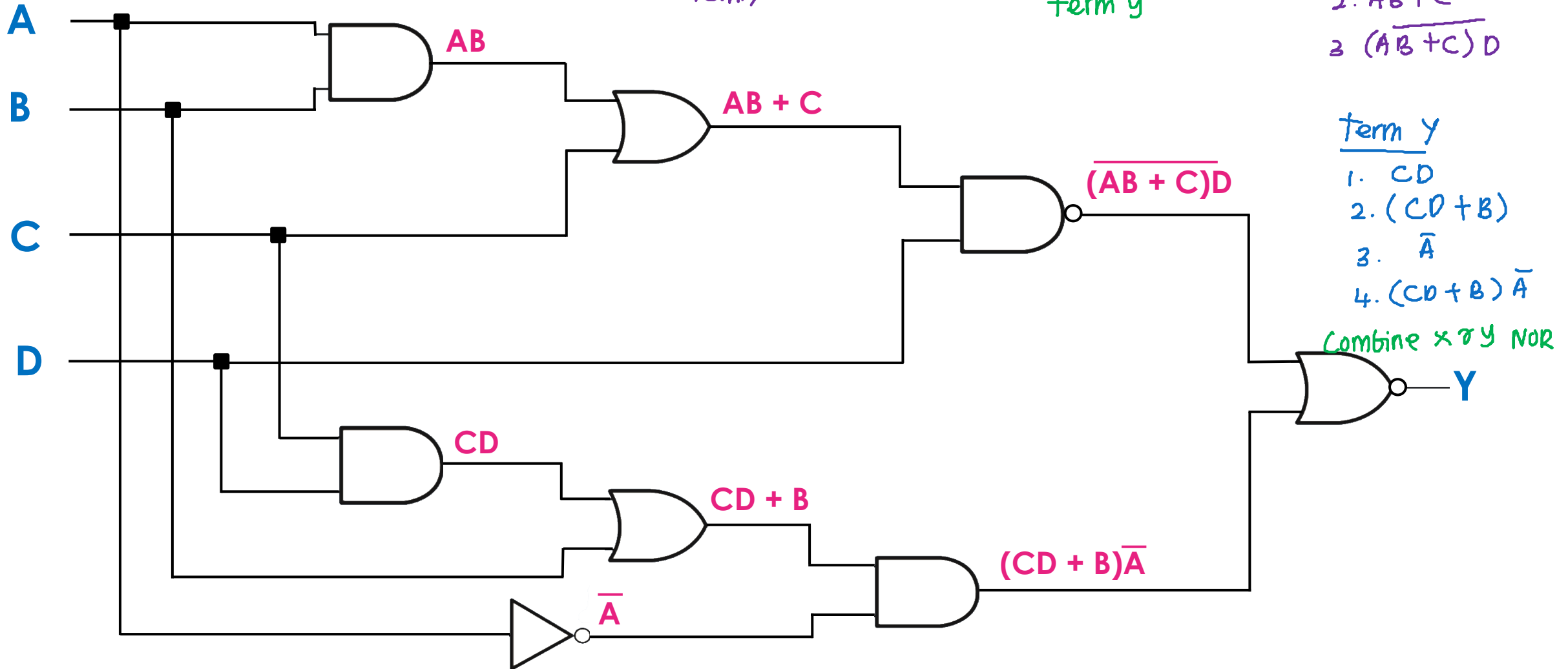
Rule 10

$$A + AB = A$$

$$D + DB = D$$

Question 2 : Draw the **LOGIC CIRCUIT** represented by the following expressions

$$c) Y = \underbrace{[(AB + C)D]}_{\text{term } x} + \underbrace{[(CD + B)\bar{A}]}_{\text{term } y}$$



Question 2(c) : Simplify the given **BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS**

ADDITIONAL

assume $K = \overline{(AB + C)}D$

$$c) Y = \overline{[(AB + C)D] + [(CD + B)\bar{A}]}$$

$$L = (CD + B)\bar{A}$$

$$= \overline{K + L}$$

$$= \overline{K} \overline{L}$$

$K \text{ NOR } L = \text{negative } K \text{ AND negative } L$
 $\overline{K+L} = \overline{K} \overline{L}$

$$= \overline{(\overline{AB + C})D} \cdot \overline{(CD + B)\bar{A}}$$

$$= (\overline{AB + C})D \cdot (\overline{m} \bar{A})$$

$m \text{ NAND } \bar{A} = \text{negative } m \text{ OR negative } \bar{A}$

rule 9
 $\overline{\bar{A}} = A$

$$(\overline{AB + C})D = (AB + C)D$$

$$= (\overline{AB + C})D \cdot (\overline{m} + \bar{A})$$

$$= (\overline{AB + C})D \cdot (\overline{CD + B} + A)$$

$CD \text{ NOR } B = \text{negative } CD \text{ AND negative } B$

assume $m = CD + B$

$$= (\overline{AB + C})D \cdot (\overline{CD}(\bar{B}) + A)$$

$C \text{ NAND } D = \bar{C} \text{ OR } \bar{D}$

$$= (\overline{AB + C})D \cdot ((\bar{C} + \bar{D})\bar{B} + A)$$

rule 1
 $A + 0 = A$

rule 8
 $A\bar{A} = 0$

$$= (ABD + CD)(\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{B}\bar{D} + A)$$

rule ?
 $AA = A$

rule 3
 $A0 = 0$

$$= \cancel{ABD\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{ABD\bar{B}\bar{D}} + ABD(A) + \cancel{CD\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{CD\bar{B}\bar{D}} + CDA$$

$$= ABD + ACD$$

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \overline{(A + \bar{B})} &= \bar{A} \cdot \bar{\bar{B}} \\ &= \bar{A} B \quad \text{✗} \end{aligned}$$

A NOR \bar{B} = negative A AND negative \bar{B}

$$\underline{\underline{\bar{\bar{B}} = B}}$$

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \overline{\overline{A} B} &= \overline{\overline{A}} + \overline{B} \\ &= A + \overline{B} \quad \text{X} \end{aligned}$$

\overline{A} NAND B = negative \overline{A} OR negative B

$$\boxed{\overline{\overline{A}} = A}$$

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

$$c) \overline{(A + \bar{B} + C + \bar{D})} + \overline{(ABC\bar{D})}$$

$$= \bar{A}\bar{\bar{B}}\bar{C}\bar{\bar{D}}$$

$$= \bar{A}B\bar{C}D + \bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + \bar{D}$$

$$= \bar{A}B\bar{C}D + \bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + D \quad \text{X}$$

$$\overline{A + \bar{B} + C + \bar{D}}$$

NOR = negative AND

$$\overline{ABC\bar{D}}$$

NAND = negative OR

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

d) $\overline{(A\bar{B}(C + \bar{D}))}$
= \overline{xy}
= $\bar{x} + \bar{y}$
= $\overline{A\bar{B}} + \overline{C + \bar{D}}$
= $\bar{A} + B + \bar{C}D$ ✖

$X \text{ NAND } Y = \text{negative } X \text{ OR negative } Y$

$A \text{ NAND } \bar{B} = \text{negative } A \text{ OR negative } \bar{B}$
 $\overline{A\bar{B}} = \bar{A} + \bar{\bar{B}}$
= $\bar{A} + B$

$X = A\bar{B}$
 $Y = C + \bar{D}$

$C \text{ NOR } \bar{D} = \text{negative } C \text{ AND negative } \bar{D}$
 $\overline{C + \bar{D}} = \bar{C} \bar{\bar{D}}$
= $\bar{C}D$

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

e) $\overline{\overline{(A B C)(E F G) + (H I J)(K L M)}}$ ← NOR = negative AND

$$= \overline{\overline{ABC} \overline{EFG}} \overline{\overline{HIJ} \overline{KLM}}$$

$$= \overline{ABC} \overline{EFG} \overline{HIJ} \overline{KLM}$$

$$= (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C})(\bar{E} + \bar{F} + \bar{G})(\bar{H} + \bar{I} + \bar{J})(\bar{K} + \bar{L} + \bar{M})$$

$$\overline{ABC} = \bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C}$$

Question 4 : Apply **DeMorgan's theorems** to following expressions

f) $\overline{\overline{(A+B)(C+D)(E+F)(G+H)}}$ = $(\overline{A+B})(\overline{C+D})(\overline{E+F})(\overline{G+H})$

nor = negative AND

= $(\overline{A}\overline{B})(\overline{C}\overline{D})(\overline{E}\overline{F})(\overline{G}\overline{H})$

= $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D}\overline{E}\overline{F}\overline{G}\overline{H}$ ✖

END DISCUSSION PART II
ANY QUESTIONS ??

