

STUDENT ID NO									

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### **MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY**

## FINAL EXAMINATION

**TRIMESTER 3, 2016/2017** 

#### PMT0101 – MATHEMATICS I

(All sections / Groups)

26 MAY 2017 3:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. (2 Hours)

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENT

- 1. This question paper consists of six pages with **FIVE** questions.
- 2. Attempt **ALL** questions. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.
- 3. Please write all your answers in the answer booklet provided.
- 4. No calculators are allowed.
- 5. You are required to write proper steps.

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#### QUESTION 1 [10 marks]

(a) Simplify the expression and write your final expression as a fraction with no negative exponents. Assume all variables have nonzero values.

$$\left(\frac{-2xy^{-2}}{y^3}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{x^{-4}}{4y^2}\right)$$
 [2 marks]

- (b) Rationalize the denominator for  $\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{1+2\sqrt{5}}$  and simplify. [2 marks]
- (c) Simplify the following expression and write your final expression as a single term. Assume all variables have positive values.

$$-3y\sqrt{\frac{4x^2}{3}} + 2\sqrt{3x^2y^2}$$
 [2 marks]

(d) Factor the polynomial completely.

$$5xy^2 - 7xy - 6x$$
 [2 marks]

(e) Express  $\frac{3+2i}{2-3i}$  in the form a+bi, where a and b are real numbers. [2 marks]

**Continued** ......

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#### QUESTION 2 [10 marks]

(a) Factor  $x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4$  completely.

Then use your result to solve the following equation.

$$x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$$

[2.5 marks]

(b) Solve the equation  $x - 4 = \sqrt{3x - 8}$ . Remember to check your answers.

[3 marks]

(c) Solve  $1 \le \frac{2x-1}{-3} \le 5$ . Give your final answer in interval notation.

[2 marks]

(d) Solve the equation |4x-3|=13

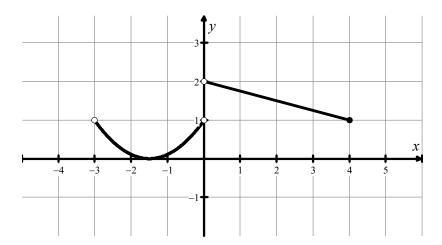
[2.5 marks]

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#### QUESTION 3 [10 marks]

(a) The figure shows the graph of a function. (*The axes are marked off in one-unit intervals.*)



- (i) State the domain and the range of the function in interval notation.
- (ii) State whether it is a one-to-one function.

[2 marks]

- (b) Given the functions  $f(x) = \sqrt{3+x}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{6}{4x+1}$ , find
  - (i)  $(f \circ g)(6)$ , giving your final answer in the form  $\frac{m}{n}$  where m and n are integers.
  - (ii)  $f^{-1}(x)$ , as a polynomial in x.

[3 marks]

- (c) Given a polynomial function  $f(x) = 2x^3(x-4)^2(x+1)$ .
  - (i) What is the degree of f?
  - (ii) Find the zeros of f and their multiplicities. At each zero, determine whether the graph of f crosses or touches the x-axis.
  - (iii) Find the y-intercept of the graph of f.
  - (iv) Determine the end behavior of f.
  - (v) Sketch the graph of the function f.Make sure your graph shows all intercepts and exhibits the proper end behaviour.

[5 marks]

Continued ......

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#### QUESTION 4 [10 marks]

(a) Use long division to find the quotient and the remainder when the polynomial  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + 10x - 7$  is divided by  $x^2 + 3$ .

You are required to state clearly what the quotient and the remainder are. [3 marks]

(b) Solve the equation  $8^{3x-1} = 4^{2x+3}$ .

[2 marks]

(c) Given  $h(x) = -2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x + 1$ .

Find the value of m such that h(m) = 53.

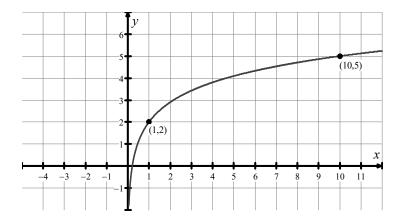
[1 mark]

(d) Express the following expression as a single natural number. Show proper steps.

$$2\log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 12 - \log_{10} 3$$

[2 marks]

(e) The graph of  $y = a + k \log_{10} x$  passes through points (1, 2) and (10, 5).



Find the values of a and k.

[2 marks]

**Continued** ......

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#### QUESTION 5 [10 marks]

- (a) Given an equation of a circle  $x^2 4x + y^2 + 8y 5 = 0$ .
  - (i) Express the equation in the form  $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$  where h, k and r are constants.
  - (ii) Find the centre and radius of the circle.

[2.5 marks]

(b) Find an equation of a line that contains the point (-1, 2) and is perpendicular to the line x + 3y = 6.

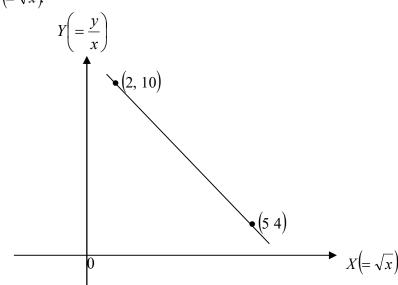
Write your final answer in the form y = mx + b.

[2.5 marks]

- (c) Find an equation of the locus of a moving point P(x, y) which is always equidistant from points A(-2,3) and B(4,-1). [2 marks]
- (d) Two variables x and y are related by an equation  $y = px + qx^{\frac{3}{2}}$ , where p and q are constants.

The diagram below shows part of a straight line obtained by plotting  $Y\left(=\frac{y}{x}\right)$  against

 $X = \sqrt{x}$ 



- (i) **Rewrite** the given equation to express  $\frac{y}{x}$  in terms of  $\sqrt{x}$ .
- (ii) Find the values of p and q.

[3 marks]

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