# Assignment 1 A Little Light Number Theory

Prof. Darrell Long
Department of Computer Engineering

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#### 1 Introduction

We are going to answer some simple but fundamental questions about the sequence of natural numbers  $\mathbb{N} = 1,2,3,...$  We are going to look at primality, composites and perfect numbers. Primes numbers are fundamental in mathematics and Computer Science, and perfect numbers are an interesting curiosity.

You will also be concerned with the execution time of your programs.

#### 1.1 Prime Numbers

God may not play dice with the universe, but something strange is going on with the prime numbers.

—Paul Erdös

Prime numbers are among the most interesting of the natural numbers. A number  $p \in \mathbb{N}$  is *prime* if it is evenly divisible by only 1 and p. That means that  $(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}, 1 < m < p) m \nmid p$  or alternatively,  $(\forall m \in \mathbb{N}, 1 < m < p)p$  mod  $m \neq 0$ . The first prime number is 2, all primes except 2 must be odd, since all even numbers are divisible by 2. There are an infinity of primes, which was proven by Euclid about 300 B.C. There is no formula for finding the primes, but the *prime number theorem* tells us that the probability of a given  $m \in \mathbb{N}, 1 < m \leq N$  being prime is very close to  $\frac{1}{\ln N}$ , since the number of primes less than N, denoted  $\pi(N)$ , is

$$\frac{N}{\ln N - (1 - \epsilon)} < \pi(N) < \frac{N}{\ln N - (1 + \epsilon)}.$$

Determining whether a number n is prime is conceptually simple, all that must be done is to try every  $k \in \{2, ..., n-1\}$ . The execution time for this method is O(n), which for large n is prohibitive. A little thought shows that we do not need to check so many, and that evaluating  $k \mid n$  for  $k \in \{2, ..., \lceil \sqrt{n} \rceil\}$  is sufficient. The resulting execution time of  $O(\sqrt{n})$  is a great improvement. Is that the best that we can hope for? No, but a lower bound is unknown.

#### 1.2 Composite Numbers

The problem of distinguishing prime numbers from composite numbers and of resolving the latter into their prime factors is known to be one of the most important and useful in arithmetic.

—Carl Friedrich Gauss

All natural numbers that are not prime are called *composite*. The *fundamental theorem of arithmetic*, also called the *unique factorization theorem*, states that every integer m > 1 is either prime or a unique product of primes  $(p_0, ..., p_k)$ . That is,

$$m = p_0^{\alpha_0} \times p_1^{\alpha_1} \times \ldots \times p_k^{\alpha_k} = \prod_{i=0}^k p_i^{\alpha_k}.$$

For example,  $83736 = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 1163$ . In 1801, the fundamental theorem of arithmetic was proved by Gauss in his book *Disquisitiones Arithmeticæ*.

Determining the prime factorization of m can be accomplished trying all primes  $p_0, \ldots, p_k \le m$ . The execution time is difficult to compute, since each successful division reduces the complexity, but is it bounded from above by  $O(\log m)$ , provided you have a list of primes to consult.

#### 1.3 Perfect Numbers

Perfect numbers like perfect men are very rare.

—Rene Descartes

A *perfect number* is a natural number that is equal to the sum of its proper divisors. That is,

$$m=\sum_{i|m}i.$$

For example, 1+2+3=6 and 496=1+2+4+8+16+31+62+124+248. The first four perfect numbers are 6,28,496 and 8128, and you will not find the next one until 33550336.

It is not known whether there are any *odd* perfect numbers, but it is considered unlikely. All even perfect numbers have the form  $2^{p-1}(2^p-1)$  where p is prime and its *digital root* is 1.

#### 2 Your Task

Your task is to go through each natural number beginning with 2 and determine whether it is *prime* (P), *composite* (C) or *perfect* (or E in honor of Euclid). Prime numbers cannot be factored, but you must perform a *prime factorization* of all composites. If you determine that a number is perfect, then you must list all of its *proper divisors*.

Consider the example given below. This shows the *required* format of the output.

```
1 2 P
2 3 P
3 4 C: 2 2
4 5 P
5 6 C: 2 3
6 6 E: 1 2 3
8 8 C: 2 2 2
9 C: 3 3
10 10 C: 2 5
11 11 P
12 12 C: 2 2 3
13 13 P
14 14 C: 2 7
15 15 C: 3 5
16 16 C: 2 2 2 2
17 17 P
18 18 C: 2 3 3
19 19 P
20 20 C: 2 2 5
                                        Example
```

What you should observe immediately is that you will need to store some quantities. You may want to store the prime factors of each composite. Is that necessary? You will need to store the store the proper divisors of a composite since you will not know that a number is perfect until you have tallied its proper divisors. The most obvious data structure for storing those divisors is an *array*.

## 3 Specifics

Writing the program using the naïve approach of finding primes up to the value of a given number into order to find its prime factorization is, frankly, silly. You can and will do much better, and you will do so by using a *sieve*.

Your sieve will take as its sole argument a *bit vector* and it will mark with 1 the positions that correspond to a prime number, while all other positions will be marked 0.

A bit vector is a rarely taught but essential tool in the kit of all Computer Scientists and Engineers. Your bit vector implementation *must* match the given interface.

```
# ifndef _BVector
2 # define _BVector
3 # include <stdint.h>
5 typedef struct bitV {
     uint8_t *vector;
     uint32_t length;
8 } bitV;
10 bitV *newVec(uint32_t); // Create a new vector of specified length
void delVec(bitV *); // Deletes a vector
14 void oneVec(bitV *); // Creates a vector of all 1
void setBit(bitV *, uint32_t); // Sets a specified bit
18 void clrBit(bitV *, uint32_t); // Clears a specified bit
20 uint8_t valBit(bitV *, uint32_t); // Returns the value of a specified
     bit
22 uint32_t lenVec(bitV *); // Return the length of the vector
23 # endif
                                    bv.h
```

The header file bv.h defines the exported type bitV and its associated operations. Even though C will not prevent you from directly manipulating the data structure, you must avoid the temptation and only use the functions defined in bv.h—no exceptions!

You must implement each of the functions specified in the header file. Most of them are just a line of two of **C** code, but their implementation can be subtle. You are warned *again* against using code that you may find on the Internet.

One *could* write a function

but that would be foolishness, even though the prime density is approximately  $\frac{1}{\ln n}$ . Instead, you will use a sieve. The easier to implement is the *Sieve of Eratosthenes* but ambitious students are encouraged to use a more sophisticated method. The number of operations to find up to N primes is

$$\log\log N - \frac{1}{\log N} \left(1 - \frac{4}{\sqrt{N}}\right) + M - \log 2,$$

where  $M \approx 0.261497212847642783755...$  (the Meissel-Mertens constant). Is this the best that can be done? No, the *general number field sieve* is the most efficient classical algorithm *known* for factoring integers larger than  $10^{100}$ . Is it the best possible? We simply do not know.

Since you have been given the code for the Sieve of Eratosthenes, you *must* cite it and give proper credit if you use it. If, for example, you were to implement the Sieve of Sundaram, or the more modern Sieve of Atkin, you would not need to cite beyond the source of the algorithm and any pseudocode that you followed.

### **Submission**

Your program must be *capable* of executing correctly until it would find the *sixth* perfect number. But, that would take a very long time unless you were very clever with your algorithms. So, your program will *by default* run until it

reaches 100 000. Along the way it should find four perfect numbers and a large number of prime numbers as well.

We will test your program by comparing its output with the output of a known correct program. Example output is given at the end of the assignment, and your program should match it exactly (for as far as the example goes, the test will go to 100000).

You *must* turn in your assignment in the following manner:

- 1. By default your program runs up through 100 000.
- 2. Optionally, you can provide for ./parfait -n K were K is the largest natural number considered.
- 3. Have file called Makefile that when the grader types make will compile your program. At this point you will have learned about make and can create your own Makefile.
  - CFLAGS=-Wall -Wextra -Werror -pedantic must be included.
  - CC=gcc must be specified.
  - make clean must remove all files that are compiler generated.
  - make should build your program, as should make all.
  - Your program executable must be named parfait.
- 4. You program *must* have the source and header files:
  - by . h to specify the bit vector operations and abstract data type bit V.
  - by.c to implement the functionality.
  - sieve.h specifies the interface to the sieve.
  - sieve.c to implement the sieve algorithm of your choice.
  - parfait.c contains main() and *may* contain the other functions necessary to complete the assignment.
- 5. You may have other source and header files, but *do not try to be overly clever*.
- 6. A plain text file called README that describes how your program works.
- 7. The executable file produced by the compiler *must be called* parfait.
- 8. These files must be in the directory assignment1.
- 9. You must commit and push the directory and its contents using git.

## Example

```
1 2 P
2 3 P
3 4 C: 2 2
4 5 P
5 6 C: 2 3
6 6 E: 1 2 3
7 7 P
8 8 C: 2 2 2
9 9 C: 3 3
10 10 C: 2 5
11 11 P
12 12 C: 2 2 3
```

```
13 13 P
14 14 C: 2 7
15 15 C: 3 5
16 16 C: 2 2 2 2
17 17 P
18 18 C: 2 3 3
19 19 P
20 C: 2 2 5
21 C: 3 7
22 22 C: 2 11
23 23 P
24 24 C: 2 2 2 3
25 25 C: 5 5
26 26 C: 2 13
27 C: 3 3 3
28 28 C: 2 2 7
29 28 E: 1 2 4 7 14
30 29 P
31 30 C: 2 3 5
32 31 P
33 32 C: 2 2 2 2 2
34 33 C: 3 11
35 34 C: 2 17
36 35 C: 5 7
37 36 C: 2 2 3 3
38 37 P
39 38 C: 2 19
40 39 C: 3 13
41 40 C: 2 2 2 5
42 41 P
43 42 C: 2 3 7
44 43 P
45 44 C: 2 2 11
46 45 C: 3 3 5
47 46 C: 2 23
48 47 P
49 48 C: 2 2 2 2 3
50 49 C: 7 7
51 50 C: 2 5 5
52 51 C: 3 17
53 52 C: 2 2 13
54 53 P
55 54 C: 2 3 3 3
56 55 C: 5 11
57 56 C: 2 2 2 7
58 57 C: 3 19
59 58 C: 2 29
60 59 P
61 60 C: 2 2 3 5
62 61 P
```

```
63 62 C: 2 31
64 63 C: 3 3 7
65 64 C: 2 2 2 2 2 2
66 65 C: 5 13
67 66 C: 2 3 11
68 67 P
69 68 C: 2 2 17
70 69 C: 3 23
71 70 C: 2 5 7
72 71 P
73 72 C: 2 2 2 3 3
74 73 P
75 74 C: 2 37
76 75 C: 3 5 5
77 76 C: 2 2 19
78 77 C: 7 11
79 78 C: 2 3 13
80 79 P
81 80 C: 2 2 2 5
82 81 C: 3 3 3 3
83 82 C: 2 41
84 83 P
85 84 C: 2 2 3 7
86 85 C: 5 17
87 86 C: 2 43
88 87 C: 3 29
89 88 C: 2 2 2 11
90 89 P
91 90 C: 2 3 3 5
92 91 C: 7 13
93 92 C: 2 2 23
94 93 C: 3 31
95 94 C: 2 47
96 95 C: 5 19
97 96 C: 2 2 2 2 3
98 97 P
99 98 C: 2 7 7
100 99 C: 3 3 11
101 100 C: 2 2 5 5
102 101 P
103 102 C: 2 3 17
104 103 P
105 104 C: 2 2 2 13
106 105 C: 3 5 7
107 106 C: 2 53
108 107 P
109 108 C: 2 2 3 3 3
110 109 P
111 110 C: 2 5 11
112 111 C: 3 37
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113 112 C: 2 2 2 7
114 113 P
115 114 C: 2 3 19
116 115 C: 5 23
117 116 C: 2 2 29
118 117 C: 3 3 13
119 118 C: 2 59
120 119 C: 7 17
121 120 C: 2 2 2 3 5
122 121 C: 11 11
123 122 C: 2 61
124 123 C: 3 41
125 124 C: 2 2 31
126 125 C: 5 5 5
127 126 C: 2 3 3 7
128 127 P
129 128 C: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
130 129 C: 3 43
131 130 C: 2 5 13
132 131 P
133 132 C: 2 2 3 11
134 133 C: 7 19
135 134 C: 2 67
136 135 C: 3 3 3 5
137 136 C: 2 2 2 17
138 137 P
139 138 C: 2 3 23
140 139 P
141 140 C: 2 2 5 7
142 141 C: 3 47
143 142 C: 2 71
144 143 C: 11 13
145 144 C: 2 2 2 2 3 3
146 145 C: 5 29
147 146 C: 2 73
148 147 C: 3 7 7
149 148 C: 2 2 37
150 149 P
151 150 C: 2 3 5 5
152 151 P
153 152 C: 2 2 2 19
154 153 C: 3 3 17
155 154 C: 2 7 11
156 155 C: 5 31
157 156 C: 2 2 3 13
158 157 P
159 158 C: 2 79
160 159 C: 3 53
161 160 C: 2 2 2 2 5
162 161 C: 7 23
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163 162 C: 2 3 3 3 3
164 163 P
165 164 C: 2 2 41
166 165 C: 3 5 11
167 166 C: 2 83
168 167 P
169 168 C: 2 2 2 3 7
170 169 C: 13 13
171 170 C: 2 5 17
172 171 C: 3 3 19
173 172 C: 2 2 43
174 173 P
175 174 C: 2 3 29
176 175 C: 5 5 7
177 176 C: 2 2 2 11
178 177 C: 3 59
179 178 C: 2 89
180 179 P
181 180 C: 2 2 3 3 5
182 181 P
183 182 C: 2 7 13
184 183 C: 3 61
185 184 C: 2 2 2 23
186 185 C: 5 37
187 186 C: 2 3 31
188 187 C: 11 17
189 188 C: 2 2 47
190 189 C: 3 3 3 7
191 190 C: 2 5 19
192 191 P
193 192 C: 2 2 2 2 2 3
194 193 P
195 194 C: 2 97
196 195 C: 3 5 13
197 196 C: 2 2 7 7
198 197 P
199 198 C: 2 3 3 11
200 199 P
201 200 C: 2 2 2 5 5
202 201 C: 3 67
203 202 C: 2 101
204 203 C: 7 29
205 204 C: 2 2 3 17
206 205 C: 5 41
207 206 C: 2 103
208 207 C: 3 3 23
209 208 C: 2 2 2 13
210 209 C: 11 19
211 210 C: 2 3 5 7
212 211 P
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213 212 C: 2 2 53
214 213 C: 3 71
215 214 C: 2 107
216 215 C: 5 43
217 216 C: 2 2 2 3 3 3
218 217 C: 7 31
219 218 C: 2 109
220 219 C: 3 73
221 220 C: 2 2 5 11
222 221 C: 13 17
223 222 C: 2 3 37
224 223 P
225 224 C: 2 2 2 2 7
226 225 C: 3 3 5 5
227 226 C: 2 113
228 227 P
229 228 C: 2 2 3 19
230 229 P
231 230 C: 2 5 23
232 231 C: 3 7 11
233 232 C: 2 2 2 29
234 233 P
235 234 C: 2 3 3 13
236 235 C: 5 47
237 236 C: 2 2 59
238 237 C: 3 79
239 238 C: 2 7 17
240 239 P
241 240 C: 2 2 2 3 5
242 241 P
243 242 C: 2 11 11
244 243 C: 3 3 3 3 3
245 244 C: 2 2 61
246 245 C: 5 7 7
247 246 C: 2 3 41
248 247 C: 13 19
249 248 C: 2 2 2 31
250 249 C: 3 83
251 250 C: 2 5 5 5
252 251 P
253 252 C: 2 2 3 3 7
254 253 C: 11 23
255 254 C: 2 127
256 255 C: 3 5 17
257 256 C: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
258 257 P
259 258 C: 2 3 43
260 259 C: 7 37
261 260 C: 2 2 5 13
262 261 C: 3 3 29
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263 262 C: 2 131
264 263 P
265 264 C: 2 2 2 3 11
266 265 C: 5 53
267 266 C: 2 7 19
268 267 C: 3 89
269 268 C: 2 2 67
270 269 P
271 270 C: 2 3 3 5
272 271 P
273 272 C: 2 2 2 17
274 273 C: 3 7 13
275 274 C: 2 137
276 275 C: 5 5 11
277 276 C: 2 2 3 23
278 277 P
279 278 C: 2 139
280 279 C: 3 3 31
281 280 C: 2 2 2 5 7
282 281 P
283 282 C: 2 3 47
284 283 P
285 284 C: 2 2 71
286 285 C: 3 5 19
287 286 C: 2 11 13
288 287 C: 7 41
289 288 C: 2 2 2 2 3 3
290 289 C: 17 17
291 290 C: 2 5 29
292 291 C: 3 97
293 292 C: 2 2 73
294 293 P
295 294 C: 2 3 7 7
296 295 C: 5 59
297 296 C: 2 2 2 37
298 297 C: 3 3 3 11
299 298 C: 2 149
300 299 C: 13 23
301 300 C: 2 2 3 5 5
302 301 C: 7 43
303 302 C: 2 151
304 303 C: 3 101
305 304 C: 2 2 2 2 19
306 305 C: 5 61
307 306 C: 2 3 3 17
308 307 P
309 308 C: 2 2 7 11
310 309 C: 3 103
311 310 C: 2 5 31
312 311 P
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313 312 C: 2 2 2 3 13
314 313 P
315 314 C: 2 157
316 315 C: 3 3 5 7
317 316 C: 2 2 79
318 317 P
319 318 C: 2 3 53
320 319 C: 11 29
321 320 C: 2 2 2 2 2 5
322 321 C: 3 107
323 322 C: 2 7 23
324 323 C: 17 19
325 324 C: 2 2 3 3 3 3
326 325 C: 5 5 13
327 326 C: 2 163
328 327 C: 3 109
329 328 C: 2 2 2 41
330 329 C: 7 47
331 330 C: 2 3 5 11
332 331 P
333 332 C: 2 2 83
334 333 C: 3 3 37
335 334 C: 2 167
336 335 C: 5 67
337 336 C: 2 2 2 2 3 7
338 337 P
339 338 C: 2 13 13
340 339 C: 3 113
341 340 C: 2 2 5 17
342 341 C: 11 31
343 342 C: 2 3 3 19
344 343 C: 7 7 7
345 344 C: 2 2 2 43
346 345 C: 3 5 23
347 346 C: 2 173
348 347 P
349 348 C: 2 2 3 29
350 349 P
351 350 C: 2 5 5 7
352 351 C: 3 3 3 13
353 352 C: 2 2 2 2 11
354 353 P
355 354 C: 2 3 59
356 355 C: 5 71
357 356 C: 2 2 89
358 357 C: 3 7 17
359 358 C: 2 179
360 359 P
361 360 C: 2 2 2 3 3 5
362 361 C: 19 19
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363 362 C: 2 181
364 363 C: 3 11 11
365 364 C: 2 2 7 13
366 365 C: 5 73
367 366 C: 2 3 61
368 367 P
369 368 C: 2 2 2 2 3
370 369 C: 3 3 41
371 370 C: 2 5 37
372 371 C: 7 53
373 372 C: 2 2 3 31
374 373 P
375 374 C: 2 11 17
376 375 C: 3 5 5 5
377 376 C: 2 2 2 47
378 377 C: 13 29
379 378 C: 2 3 3 3 7
380 379 P
381 380 C: 2 2 5 19
382 381 C: 3 127
383 382 C: 2 191
384 383 P
385 384 C: 2 2 2 2 2 2 3
386 385 C: 5 7 11
387 386 C: 2 193
388 387 C: 3 3 43
389 388 C: 2 2 97
390 389 P
391 390 C: 2 3 5 13
392 391 C: 17 23
393 392 C: 2 2 2 7 7
394 393 C: 3 131
395 394 C: 2 197
396 395 C: 5 79
397 396 C: 2 2 3 3 11
398 397 P
399 398 C: 2 199
400 399 C: 3 7 19
401 400 C: 2 2 2 2 5 5
402 401 P
403 402 C: 2 3 67
404 403 C: 13 31
405 404 C: 2 2 101
406 405 C: 3 3 3 5
407 406 C: 2 7 29
408 407 C: 11 37
409 408 C: 2 2 2 3 17
410 409 P
411 410 C: 2 5 41
412 411 C: 3 137
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413 412 C: 2 2 103
414 413 C: 7 59
415 414 C: 2 3 3 23
416 415 C: 5 83
417 416 C: 2 2 2 2 2 13
418 417 C: 3 139
419 418 C: 2 11 19
420 419 P
421 420 C: 2 2 3 5 7
422 421 P
423 422 C: 2 211
424 423 C: 3 3 47
425 424 C: 2 2 2 53
426 425 C: 5 5 17
427 426 C: 2 3 71
428 427 C: 7 61
429 428 C: 2 2 107
430 429 C: 3 11 13
431 430 C: 2 5 43
432 431 P
433 432 C: 2 2 2 2 3 3 3
434 433 P
435 434 C: 2 7 31
436 435 C: 3 5 29
437 436 C: 2 2 109
438 437 C: 19 23
439 438 C: 2 3 73
440 439 P
441 440 C: 2 2 2 5 11
442 441 C: 3 3 7 7
443 442 C: 2 13 17
444 443 P
445 444 C: 2 2 3 37
446 445 C: 5 89
447 446 C: 2 223
448 447 C: 3 149
449 448 C: 2 2 2 2 2 7
450 449 P
451 450 C: 2 3 3 5 5
452 451 C: 11 41
453 452 C: 2 2 113
454 453 C: 3 151
455 454 C: 2 227
456 455 C: 5 7 13
457 456 C: 2 2 2 3 19
458 457 P
459 458 C: 2 229
460 459 C: 3 3 3 17
461 460 C: 2 2 5 23
462 461 P
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463 462 C: 2 3 7 11
464 463 P
465 464 C: 2 2 2 2 29
466 465 C: 3 5 31
467 466 C: 2 233
468 467 P
469 468 C: 2 2 3 3 13
470 469 C: 7 67
471 470 C: 2 5 47
472 471 C: 3 157
473 472 C: 2 2 2 59
474 473 C: 11 43
475 474 C: 2 3 79
476 475 C: 5 5 19
477 476 C: 2 2 7 17
478 477 C: 3 3 53
479 478 C: 2 239
480 479 P
481 480 C: 2 2 2 2 3 5
482 481 C: 13 37
483 482 C: 2 241
484 483 C: 3 7 23
485 484 C: 2 2 11 11
486 485 C: 5 97
487 486 C: 2 3 3 3 3 3
488 487 P
489 488 C: 2 2 2 61
490 489 C: 3 163
491 490 C: 2 5 7 7
492 491 P
493 492 C: 2 2 3 41
494 493 C: 17 29
495 494 C: 2 13 19
496 495 C: 3 3 5 11
497 496 C: 2 2 2 31
498 496 E: 1 2 4 8 16 31 62 124 248
499 497 C: 7 71
500 498 C: 2 3 83
501 499 P
502 500 C: 2 2 5 5 5
                                     Longer Example
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