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All Stolen Bases Were Not Created Equal

by Ryan King
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Fielding percentage is often criticized for the selection bias introduced by a player's range (good defenders attempt more difficult plays, leading to more errors). A similar issue of selection bias is present in stolen bases. On any given pitch, it is at the sole discretion of the runner if he will steal a base or not. Naturally, the runner will only attempt a stolen base when he believes he has an advantage over the pitcher and catcher.

Ivan Rodriguez caught 46% of base-stealers throughout his career, topping out at a 60% caught stealing rate in his prime and leading the league in CS% in nine seasons. Knowing that stealing against Pudge is little more than a pipe dream for most, only the best baserunners would dare to attempt a steal. If this assumption holds, Rodriguez's CS% would in fact be far more impressive than initially reported due to the level of competition he faces relative to a typical catcher.

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To adjust for selection bias in stolen-base attempts, I developed an ELO model. For those unfamiliar, ELO ratings are a method of calculating the relative skill levels of players in zero-sum games. You might recognize ELO from chess rankings or **FiveThirtyEight's sports prediction models**. These ratings can be used to directly estimate the probability of winning a match between two individuals or teams. The ratings change after each match, rewarding a win by an underdog more than a win by the favorite.

On a stolen-base attempt, the runner, pitcher, and catcher all play a major role in the outcome of the play. An argument could also be made for the importance of the fielder receiving the throw, especially when considering the select few who can make tags like this:



That being said, for the sake of this analysis, it is assumed that all tags are equal. Additionally, the ratings of the pitcher and catcher are combined into a single defense rating, leaving a two-sided match between the battery and the baserunner. The defense rating is a simple weighted average, taking 70% of the pitcher's rating and 30% of the catcher's rating. The 70–30 split comes from **Max Weinstein's findings** regarding the impact of pitchers and catchers on the battery's ability to control the running game.

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The model uses 1978 as the base year, starting all players at a rating of 1000 and updating after each stolen base attempt. At the end of each season, ratings are mildly

regressed to the mean and then used as the starting value for the upcoming season. 1979 is the first full season, and by no coincidence, Rickey Henderson's rookie year.

Best Runners by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
1	Willie Wilson	1979	83	9	1178
2	Tim Lincecum	1983	90	10	1170
3	Willie Wilson	1980	79	6	1166
4	Rickey Henderson	1985	79	7	1157
5	Rickey Henderson	1988	93	12	1157
6	Tim Lincecum	1982	78	6	1157
7	Willie Wilson	1984	47	5	1155
8	Tim Lincecum	1986	68	8	1147
9	Willie Wilson	1983	59	6	1146
10	Jack Perconte	1985	31	1	1146
11	Tim Lincecum	1987	50	4	1144
12	Jacoby Ellsbury	2013	51	2	1143
13	Rudy Law	1983	77	8	1141
14	Ichiro Suzuki	2006	44	2	1140
15	Rickey Henderson	1993	52	8	1139

Best Pitchers by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
	Pat Rapp	1995	5	15	1224
	Jim Deshaies	1993	7	17	1190
	Rick Mahler	1987	9	15	1184
	Gaylord Perry	1981	2	11	1182
	Frank Castillo	1997	12	14	1178
	Eric Show	1985	15	16	1177
	Pete Redfern	1981	3	12	1172
	John Tudor	1986	7	14	1172
	Rick Reed	1998	7	14	1172
	Rick Langford	1982	5	13	1172
	Mike Witt	1982	2	11	1169
	Justin Verlander	2009	9	15	1169
	Zack Greinke	2017	5	8	1168
	Mike Mussina	2002	6	10	1168
	Hisashi Iwakuma	2014	0	8	1168

Best Catchers by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
	Ivan Rodriguez	1997	36	41	1242
	Henry Blanco	2000	27	38	1215
	Jason LaRue	2001	27	41	1215
	Ivan Rodriguez	1996	44	45	1203
	Ivan Rodriguez	1998	36	42	1200
	Jody Davis	1986	98	86	1196
	Yadier Molina	2007	22	23	1195
	Bob Boone	1982	46	60	1194
	Ivan Rodriguez	1999	33	38	1194
	Yadier Molina	2012	37	31	1193
	Ron Karkovice	1993	47	56	1191
	Gerald Laird	2007	58	39	1190
	Rich Gedman	1986	53	52	1185
	Tom Pagnozzi	1991	82	70	1184
	Ivan Rodriguez	1992	52	57	1181

Historical Analysis

Stolen bases have been on the decline recently, making it most interesting to look back to the glory days of stolen bases for this metric. Below are the most impressive player seasons dating back to 1979:

Best Runners by sbELO						Best Pitchers by sbELO						Best Catchers by sbELO					
	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO		Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO		Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
1	Willie Wilson	1979	83	9	1178		Pat Rapp	1995	5	15	1224		Ivan Rodriguez	1997	36	41	1242
2	Tim Raines	1983	90	10	1170		Jim Deshaies	1993	7	17	1190		Henry Blanco	2000	27	38	1215
3	Willie Wilson	1980	79	6	1166		Rick Mahler	1987	9	15	1184		Jason LaRue	2001	27	41	1215
4	Rickey Henderson	1985	79	7	1157		Gaylord Perry	1981	2	11	1182		Ivan Rodriguez	1996	44	45	1203
5	Rickey Henderson	1988	93	12	1157		Frank Castillo	1997	12	14	1178		Ivan Rodriguez	1998	36	42	1200
6	Tim Raines	1982	78	6	1157		Eric Show	1985	15	16	1177		Jody Davis	1986	98	86	1196
7	Willie Wilson	1984	47	5	1155		Pete Redfern	1981	3	12	1172		Yadier Molina	2007	22	23	1195
8	Tim Raines	1986	68	8	1147		John Tudor	1986	7	14	1172		Bob Boone	1982	46	60	1194
9	Willie Wilson	1983	59	6	1146		Rick Reed	1998	7	14	1172		Ivan Rodriguez	1999	33	38	1194
10	Jack Perconte	1985	31	1	1146		Rick Langford	1982	5	13	1172		Yadier Molina	2012	37	31	1193
11	Tim Raines	1987	50	4	1144		Mike Witt	1982	2	11	1169		Ron Karkovice	1993	47	56	1191
12	Jacoby Ellsbury	2013	51	2	1143		Justin Verlander	2009	9	15	1169		Gerald Laird	2007	58	39	1190
13	Rudy Law	1983	77	8	1141		Zack Greinke	2017	5	8	1168		Rich Gedman	1986	53	52	1185
14	Ichiro Suzuki	2006	44	2	1140		Mike Mussina	2002	6	10	1168		Tom Pagnozzi	1991	82	70	1184
15	Rickey Henderson	1993	52	8	1139		Hisashi Iwakuma	2014	0	8	1168		Ivan Rodriguez	1992	52	57	1181

Legendary base-stealers Henderson, Tim Laines, and Willie Wilson dominate the list. These players played at the height of stolen bases and each had track-like speed.

The leaderboard for pitchers is more scattered, with no player repeating in the top 15. This is likely a function of the limited sample size in any given season for an elite starting pitcher. Few runners will attempt steals, leading to a larger influence of luck.

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The top catcher seasons read like a tribute to Ivan Rodriguez as he appears five times in the top 15. As discussed at the beginning of this article, Rodriguez was truly excellent at throwing out even the best runners. **Yadier Molina** also takes two spots — the only active player on this list.

Flipping these leaderboards upside down, the following are the worst sbELO seasons:

Worst Runners by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
1	Will Clark	1987	5	17	850
2	Jose Vizcaino	1994	1	11	857
3	Greg Gagne	1994	10	14	863
4	Tony Johnson	1982	3	12	868
5	Ozzie Guillen	1990	12	17	868
6	Warren Morris	2000	6	10	876
7	Oscar Robles	2005	0	8	878
8	Elliott Maddox	1980	1	8	878
9	Jose Offerman	2000	0	7	879
10	Dave Parker	1985	4	11	880
11	Mike Marshall	1985	3	10	882
12	Chet Lemon	1983	0	6	884
13	Steve Garvey	1980	6	11	884
14	Tom Foley	1988	2	7	885
15	Vinny Castilla	1995	1	8	886

Worst Pitchers by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
	Mark Clear	1984	23	0	821
	Chris Young	2007	43	0	833
	Bobby Witt	1987	44	2	836
	Joe Niekro	1986	23	1	841
	Bobby Witt	1986	44	4	844
	Mark Clear	1983	33	1	847
	Noah Syndergaard	2019	41	3	849
	Ted Lilly	2011	34	1	850
	Jimmy Anderson	2001	29	0	852
	Mike Parrott	1979	34	4	854
	A.J. Burnett	2012	38	0	854
	Ted Lilly	2003	21	0	862
	Jimmy Anderson	2002	19	1	864
	Jeff Juden	1998	45	6	864
	Mike Scott	1989	37	1	865

Worst Catchers by sbELO

	Name	Year	SB	CS	ELO
	Scott Hatteberg	2001	109	10	816
	Mike Piazza	2000	105	16	851
	Rod Barajas	2012	91	4	858
	Tyler Flowers	2016	56	1	860
	Mike Piazza	2002	121	21	863
	Miguel Montero	2017	56	3	864
	Darrin Fletcher	1996	103	14	867
	Robert Fick	2001	58	7	871
	Mike Stanley	1996	89	11	872
	Josh Bard	2007	116	9	875
	Ryan Doumit	2010	77	7	881
	Hank Conger	2015	41	1	882
	Ed Taubensee	1999	93	15	883
	Mike Piazza	2006	94	13	883
	Jason Varitek	2009	103	11	884

Similar to pitchers, we see no repeat names on the worst runners list. Presumably, anyone having this poor of a season stealing bases would stop getting the steal sign from the manager. Ozzie Guillen's 1990 campaign stands out, in which he was caught 17 times on 29 attempts. It's shocking it took 29 attempts to realize he was better off staying put. Notably, it is not the slowest players who are the worst thieves, but rather the players who are overly aggressive given their talent at stealing bases. Guillen would certainly beat **David Ortiz** in a footrace, though Ortiz knows he has no business stealing second base. Picking your battles is a key component of stealing bases and is heavily rewarded by sbELO.

Unlike the best pitching seasons, the worst pitching seasons begin to see some repeat names: Mark Clear, Bobby Witt, Ted Lilly, and Jimmy Anderson. These pitchers are the most vulnerable to stolen bases and therefore see a much higher volume of attempts. This aligns well with the prior hypothesis that the best seasons were a function of small samples, as we see the effect of sample size on consistency here.

Looking at the catchers, Mike Piazza's name immediately catches the eye, appearing three times on this list. The Hall of Famer was remarkable at the plate but much less so behind it. In his 16 seasons, Piazza compiled just 1.5 WAR on defense, led the league in passed balls twice, and allowed 1400 stolen bases in his career (the second-most in the modern era behind Gary Carter).

It is also of note that no players appear on the lists of both best and worst seasons. This can be viewed as a sign that sbELO is consistent from year-to-year and that players exhibit a true, definable skill in stealing bases or preventing stolen bases.

Many of these top performers for a single season carried this success throughout their careers. The metric sbELO Above Average (EAA) is used to measure sbELO across a player's career. EAA is very simply the total ELO a player has collected over his career less league average for each season he played. That is:

$$\text{sbELO Above Average} = \text{Career ELO} - (1000 * \text{Seasons Played})$$

Below are the players who excelled the most across their careers in sbELO:

Best Runners by sbELO Above Average					Best Pitchers by sbELO Above Average				Best Catchers by sbELO Above Average					
	Name	Years	ELO	EAA		Name	Years	ELO	EAA		Name	Years	ELO	EAA
1	Rickey Henderson	25	27161	2161		Zack Greinke	14	15380	1380		Ivan Rodriguez	20	22603	2603
2	Tim Lincecum	22	23846	1846		Chris Carpenter	12	13281	1281		Lance Parrish	17	18539	1539
3	Willie Wilson	16	17504	1504		Mike Mussina	17	18258	1258		Yadier Molina	15	16531	1531
4	Paul Molitor	20	21234	1234		Tim Lincecum	14	15240	1240		Bob Boone	12	13417	1417
5	Roberto Alomar	16	17156	1156		Frank Viola	15	16140	1140		Henry Blanco	14	15281	1281
6	Ozzie Smith	18	19027	1027		Tom Glavine	21	22131	1131		Ron Karkovice	12	13006	1006
7	Kenny Lofton	16	16870	870		John Candelaria	15	16097	1097		Tom Pagnozzi	12	12899	899
8	Eric Davis	17	17866	866		Dave Stieb	16	17019	1019		Jim Sundberg	11	11894	894
9	Jimmy Rollins	16	16866	866		Bob Welch	16	17007	1007		Charles Johnson	11	11886	886
10	Barry Larkin	17	17859	859		Jon Garland	12	12933	933		Terry Steinbach	14	14885	885
11	Barry Bonds	20	20857	857		Bret Saberhagen	16	16915	915		Benito Santiago	19	19848	848
12	Stan Javier	16	16793	793		Kirk McCaskill	12	12887	887		Charlie O'Brien	14	14835	835
13	Devon White	17	17787	787		Curt Schilling	18	18883	883		Rick Dempsey	14	14833	833
14	Lance Johnson	14	14777	777		Geoff Zahn	7	7853	853		Steve Lake	11	11817	817
15	Carlos Beltran	17	17775	775		Rick Reuschel	10	10848	848		Jose Molina	14	14777	777

The names topping the list should come at no surprise. Henderson was dominant on the basepaths throughout his 25-season career, claiming the record for the most stolen bases. Meanwhile, Rodriguez is widely regarded as the most difficult catcher to steal on. He is light years ahead of the competition, with 1064 EAA separating him from Lance Parrish in second place. The pitchers on this list may not be as well-known for preventing stolen bases, although looking at career stats, it is readily apparent why they top this list. For example, **Zack Greinke** has allowed just 81

stolen bases in 161 career attempts — a tremendous weapon for an already elite pitcher.

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Looking farther down the list, Barry Bonds, The Home Run King*, may seem a bit out of place coming in at 11th. Then again, the combination of a long career, near elite base stealing in his younger years, and savvy base-running as a veteran make for a tremendous career on the base paths. Following a similar trajectory, **Alex Rodriguez** ranks 18th in sbELO Above Average.

sbELO Today: Analyzing the 2019 Season

Focusing in on the 2019 season, the following players excelled in stealing bases or preventing stolen bases:

Best Runners by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
1	Adalberto Mondesi	40	3	1098
2	Christian Yelich	28	2	1088
3	Tim Lincecum	17	0	1088
4	Jonathan Villar	40	6	1079
5	Mallex Smith	46	6	1073
6	Trea Turner	32	4	1072
7	Jarrod Dyson	30	3	1068
8	Trevor Story	23	3	1065
9	Tommy Pham	25	3	1065
10	Ramon Laureano	13	1	1062
11	Brett Gardner	10	1	1057
12	Shin-Soo Choo	14	1	1056
13	Jose Ramirez	24	4	1055
14	Terrance Gore	13	2	1054
15	Billy Hamilton	21	3	1054

Best Pitchers by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
	Mike Leake	5	7	1127
	Andrew Cashner	2	5	1117
	Mike Montgomery	7	6	1101
	Trevor Richards	3	5	1097
	Zack Greinke	2	2	1092
	Yonny Chirinos	4	5	1090
	Hector Velazquez	0	3	1088
	Marcus Stroman	11	8	1086
	Glenn Sparkman	1	4	1084
	Eduardo Rodriguez	4	4	1084
	Masahiro Tanaka	2	5	1081
	Ross Stripling	2	3	1080
	Jesse Chavez	2	3	1070
	Oliver Drake	1	3	1070
	Zach Davies	10	6	1069

Best Catchers by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
	J.T. Realmuto	47	38	1162
	Roberto Perez	28	18	1075
	James McCann	35	14	1074
	Christian Vazquez	35	18	1072
	Tony Wolters	41	20	1068
	Alex Avila	10	10	1066
	Tom Murphy	20	12	1056
	Mike Zunino	27	15	1056
	Caleb Joseph	2	3	1051
	Josh Phegley	47	18	1050
	Buster Posey	47	16	1047
	Manny Pina	19	7	1044
	Francisco Cervelli	16	6	1044
	Matt Wieters	11	8	1041
	Gary Sanchez	33	11	1038

Looking at the best base-stealers, **Jonathan Villar** comes in one spot ahead of **Mallex Smith** despite having fewer stolen bases and the same number of times caught. The logic behind this is that Villar took his 46 attempts against more difficult competition than Smith did in his 52 attempts.

The pitcher leaderboard is again scattered with seasons of low volume of stolen base attempts. **Marcus Stroman** comes in at eighth-best, and faced 19 stolen base attempts, substantially more than any pitcher with a better sbELO. Baserunners' aggressiveness against Stroman was likely caused by his stint in New York with **Wilson Ramos**, a far below average defender, enticing runners to steal.

At catcher, **J.T. Realmuto** earned his Gold Glove award, leading the league in CS% and recording the highest sbELO of any catcher this season by a whopping 87 points.

As for the players who are having nightmares about stolen bases following their 2019 seasons:

Worst Runners by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
1	Rafael Devers	8	7	925
2	Max Kepler	1	4	931
3	Tim Beckham	1	3	931
4	Luis Rengifo	2	4	943
5	Charlie Blackmon	2	4	946
6	Kyle Schwarber	2	3	948
7	Paul DeJong	7	5	949
8	Mike Yastrzemski	2	4	950
9	Daniel Robertson	0	2	951
10	Jeff McNeil	4	6	952
11	Orlando Arcia	7	5	952
12	Dexter Fowler	6	5	954
13	Jake Bauers	3	3	955
14	Brian Dozier	3	4	955
15	Steven Duggar	1	3	955

Worst Pitchers by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
	Noah Syndergaard	41	3	849
	Yu Darvish	24	1	879
	Kenley Jansen	12	0	896
	Adam Ottavino	14	1	906
	Wade Davis	13	0	909
	Cory Gearrin	11	0	918
	Reyes Moronta	8	0	924
	Madison Bumgarner	13	1	925
	Miguel Castro	17	1	932
	Chaz Roe	10	0	935
	Anibal Sanchez	15	0	935
	Cole Hamels	8	0	936
	Edwin Diaz	11	0	937
	Steven Matz	9	2	937
	Cal Quantrill	10	0	941

Worst Catchers by sbELO

	Name	SB	CS	ELO
	Kevan Smith	29	1	904
	Kurt Suzuki	44	4	913
	Mitch Garver	28	3	927
	Wilson Ramos	94	15	946
	Stephen Vogt	28	3	947
	Omar Narvaez	56	9	952
	Chris Iannetta	19	3	952
	Tomas Nido	32	3	953
	Tyler Flowers	37	9	955
	Grayson Greiner	35	7	958
	Austin Barnes	17	3	959
	Russell Martin	22	3	963
	Robinson Chirinos	44	12	963
	Carson Kelly	28	6	965
	Brian McCann	34	6	969

The battery of Ramos and **Noah Syndergaard** had tremendous difficulty catching runners. Citing framing issues, Syndergaard began to use Tomás Nido as his personal catcher midway through the season. Undoubtedly, the inability to control the running game was a notable issue for the pair. Syndergaard was by far the worst pitcher at controlling the running game in 2019 while Ramos ranked fourth to last in sbELO. Unfortunately for the Mets (as most things are), Nido's far-below-average 953 sbELO doesn't represent much of an upgrade at the position.

Molina is another interesting case. For much of his career, Molina was consistently rated as one of the best catchers at controlling the running game. In fact, he holds two of the top 10 best seasons by a catcher according to sbELO (2007 and 2012).

However, it appears age has maybe finally caught up to him as he ranked just 31st in 2019 with an sbELO of 1019, not too far removed from league average.

Rafael Devers had a breakout season at the plate, but unfortunately for the Red Sox, he didn't like to stay on base. He was caught on seven of his 15 attempts, especially painful when big bats like **J.D. Martinez** or **Xander Bogaerts** would have had the opportunity to drive him in.

Notes and Acknowledgements

- The data for this project was downloaded from Retrosheet. Stolen base and caught stealing values may not align with official statistics as Retrosheet may categorize some of these events differently.
- If you're interested in playing with the data, a basic shiny app can be found **here**.
- This project was inspired by playerELO, an article published here on FanGraphs Community in August of 2019 by Jacob Richey. playerELO takes into account strength of schedule in batter vs. pitcher matchups. His article can be found **here**.

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