Advantages of data types

In programming, there are several different types of data, which are for storing specific things.

		Example of assignment	Space occupied (bytes)
A sequence of characters	Displaying messages and output	str text = "hello world";	10 + 1 per character
A single character	Checking individual characters in a string	char letter = 'a';	1
A whole/natural number	Mathematical operations and counting	Int num1 = 65;	2 for short, 4 for long
A decimal number	Mathematical operations and counting with decimals	float count = 4.6;	Up to 8
True/false value	For variables that will only ever be two values, and in loops	bool answer = True;	2
A list (array) of any of the previously mentioned data types	Storing lots of the same type of variable. Can be iterated over.	Int array nums = [1,4,7];	Bytes per data type * length of array
	A single character A whole/natural number A decimal number True/false value A list (array) of any of the	A single character Checking individual characters in a string Mathematical operations and counting Mathematical operations and counting with decimals True/false value For variables that will only ever be two values, and in loops A list (array) of any of the Storing lots of the same type of variable.	A single character Checking individual characters in a string char letter = 'a'; A whole/natural number Mathematical operations and counting Int num1 = 65; A decimal number Mathematical operations and counting with decimals float count = 4.6; with decimals True/false value For variables that will only ever be two values, and in loops A list (array) of any of the Storing lots of the same type of variable. Int array nums = [1,4,7];