Step-1

Spherical coordinates P, ϕ, θ given

 $x = P\sin\phi\cos\theta, y = P\sin\phi\sin\theta, z = P\cos\phi$

Now

 $x = P \sin \phi \cos \theta$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{\partial x}{\partial P} = \sin \phi \cos \theta$

 $\frac{\partial x}{\partial \phi} = P \cos \phi \cos \theta$

 $\frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} = -P \sin \phi \sin \theta$

Step-2

 $y = P \sin \phi \sin \theta$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{\partial y}{\partial P} = \sin \phi \sin \theta$

 $\frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} = P \sin \phi \cos \theta$

 $\frac{\partial y}{\partial \phi} = P \cos \phi \sin \theta$

Step-3

And

 $Z = P\cos\phi$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{\partial z}{\partial P} = \cos \phi$

 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} = -P \sin \phi$

 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} = 0$

Step-4

So, the Jacobian matrix of partial derivatives is

$$\det J = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \phi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial P} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \phi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \phi} & \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \phi} & \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \theta} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \sin \phi \cos \theta & P \cos \phi \cos \theta & -P \sin \phi \sin \theta \\ \sin \phi \sin \theta & P \cos \phi \sin \phi & P \sin \phi \cos \theta \\ \cos \phi & -P \sin \phi & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

Step-5

The columns are mutually orthogonal and length of columns are given by

$$\sqrt{\sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{P(\cos^2 \phi \cos^2 \theta + \cos^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta + \sin^2 \phi)} = P$$

$$\sqrt{P^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \phi + P^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \phi} = P \sin \phi$$

$$\therefore \det J = 1.P.P.\sin \phi$$

$$= P^2 \sin \phi$$
And hence
$$\frac{dV = P^2 \sin \phi dP d\phi d\theta}{dV = P^2 \sin \phi dP d\phi d\theta}$$