

Step-1

Given $E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$

If the order of A is $2 \times n$ then only matrix multiplications EA is possible.

The rows of EA are the entries of products of rows of E with columns of A .

i.e. row i of $EA = (\text{row } i \text{ of } E) \text{ times } A$.

Step-2

If the order of A is $n \times 2$ then only matrix multiplications AE is possible and

column j of $AE = A \text{ times } (\text{column } j \text{ of } E)$.