Step-1

The objective is to construct a 3 by 3 system that needs two row exchanges to reach a triangular form and a solution.

Consider the system of equation as shown below:

$$4y+5z=1$$
$$2z=2$$
$$x+y+z=3$$

Write the above system of equations in matrix form:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[A \mid B] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 5 \mid 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \mid 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \mid 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 Augmented matrix of the above system is

Step-2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \mapsto R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \mapsto R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, we used only two row exchanges to get the triangular matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} .$$

Now the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is in triangular form.

Now write the equivalent system of equations as shown below

$$3z + y + z = 3$$

$$4y + 5z = 1$$

$$2z = 2$$

Now use back substitution to find the solution.

$$2z = 2 \Rightarrow z = 1$$

Substitute
$$z = 1$$
 in $4y + 5z = 1$.

$$4y + 5(1) = 1$$

$$4y + 5 = 1$$

$$4y = 1 - 5$$

$$4y = -4$$

$$y = -1$$

Substitute z = 1, y = -1 in 3z + y + z = 3, then

$$3z + (-1) + (1) = 3$$

$$3z = 3$$

$$z = 1$$

Step-3

(b)

Consider the system of equations as shown below:

$$x + y + 2z = 1$$

$$x + z = 2$$

$$2y + z = 3$$

Write the above system of equations in matrix form:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[A \mid B] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Augmented matrix of the above system is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 Consider the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \hookrightarrow R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Notice that if we change any row operations, then cannot get the triangular form.

Now use row operations to get the triangular form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2:R_2-R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & | & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\xrightarrow{R_3:R_3+2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & | & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & | & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-4

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & -1 & -1 \\
0 & 0 & -1
\end{pmatrix}$$

Now the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ is in triangular form.

Now write the equivalent system of equations as shown below

$$x+y+2z=1$$
$$-y-z=1$$
$$-z=5$$

Now use back substitution to find the solution.

From the third equation z = -5.

Substitute
$$z = -5$$
 in $-y - z = 1$.

$$-y-(-5)=1$$
$$-y+5=1$$

$$-y=1-5$$

$$-y = -4$$

$$y = 4$$

Now substitute z = -5, y = 4 in x + y + 2z = 1

$$x+y+2z=1$$

$$x+(4)+2(-5)=1$$

$$x+4-10=1$$

$$x-6=1$$

$$x=1+6$$

$$x=7$$

Therefore, solution of the system of equation is x = 7, y = 4 and z = -5.