

Step-1

Given statement is that if v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4 is a basis for the vector space \mathbf{R}^4 , and if \mathbf{W} is a subspace, then some subset of the v 's is a basis for \mathbf{W} . We have to give a counter example for this statement.

Step-2

Consider $\beta = \{(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}$, a basis for \mathbf{R}^4

Because $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = x_1(1, 0, 0, 0) + x_2(0, 1, 0, 0) + x_3(0, 0, 1, 0) + x_4(0, 0, 0, 1)$ and vectors are linearly independent.

Let \mathbf{W} be the subspace spanned by the vector $(1, 2, 3, 4)$.

But no vector $(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)$ is in the subspace \mathbf{W} .

Therefore no subset of the v 's form a basis for \mathbf{W} .