## Step-1

Complex inner product:  $\mathbf{u}^H \mathbf{v} = \overline{u}_1 v_1 + \dots + \overline{u}_n v_n$ .

## Step-2

Consider the following orthonormal Eigen vectors form of matrix *A*.

$$A = U\Lambda U^{-1}$$
$$= U\Lambda U^{H}$$

Prove the following:

$$AA^H = A^H A$$

## Step-3

Calculate the following:

$$AA^{H} = (U\Lambda U^{H})(U\Lambda U^{H})^{H}$$

$$= (U\Lambda U^{H})((U^{H})^{H}\Lambda U^{H})$$

$$= U\Lambda U^{H}U\Lambda U^{H}$$

$$= ((U^{H})^{H}\Lambda U^{H})(U\Lambda U^{H})$$

$$AA^H = A^H A$$

## Step-4

Therefore,  $AA^{H} = A^{H}A$ . These are exactly the normal matrices