

**Southern University of Science and Technology**  
**Advanced Linear Algebra Spring 2023**

**MA109– Quiz #3**

2023/03/09

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Give an example of a function  $\varphi : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  such that

$$\varphi(av) = a\varphi(v)$$

for all  $a \in \mathbf{R}$  and all  $v \in \mathbf{R}^2$  but  $\varphi$  is not linear.

给出一个函数  $\varphi : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ , 使得对于任意  $a \in \mathbf{R}, v \in \mathbf{R}^2$  有

$$\varphi(av) = a\varphi(v)$$

成立, 但是  $\varphi$  不是线性的.

2. Suppose  $b, c \in \mathbf{R}$ . Define  $T : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$  by

$$Tp = (3p(4) + 5p'(6) + bp(1)p(2), \int_{-1}^2 x^3 p(x) dx + c \sin p(0)).$$

Show that  $T$  is linear if and only if  $b = c = 0$ .

设  $b, c \in \mathbf{R}$ , 定义  $T : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$  如下

$$Tp = (3p(4) + 5p'(6) + bp(1)p(2), \int_{-1}^2 x^3 p(x) dx + c \sin p(0)).$$

证明  $T$  是线性的当且仅当  $b = c = 0$ .