

Google is All You Need

巧用开发文档、搜索引擎学习Python

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为什么要用搜索引擎

- Python课程的后期会学习很多的第三方库，比如
numpy/pandas/matplotlib/scipy
- 我们不可能记住这些库里面每一个函数的每一个变量
- 面对不熟悉的函数，我们需要学会“现用现查”
- 学助有时候被问到不熟悉的函数，也是需要现场查文档看懂
- 把官网文档、搜索引擎当做字典来用

在哪里搜索需要的内容

- 使用英语搜索
- Google或Bing，千万别用百度
 - 怎么上Google可以私聊学助
- 第三方库的官方文档
 - NumPy: <https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/index.html#reference>
 - Pandas: <https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/reference/index.html#api>
 - matplotlib: <https://matplotlib.org/stable/api/index>
- 技术论坛、博客：StackOverFlow, GeekForGeeks, TowardsDataScience等（不建议CSDN）
- GitHub

Case Study: constrained_layout

Figure instance and an array of Axes objects:

- `fig1, f1_axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, nrows=2, constrained_layout=True)`
- Similarly, you can create multiple subplots using the `GridSpec` function. You can create the

- 在Session12的ppt里面，`plt.subplots`有一个参数叫`constrained_layout`，但我们并没有学过这个参数
- 这时候我们应该考虑的查找顺序：
 - 先找官方文档
 - 再找个人博客
 - 如果问题很具体，就需要到技术论坛里找

方法一：查官方文档

0. 确定要查询的函数是 `matplotlib.pyplot.subplot`

matplotlib

Plot types Examples Tutorials Reference User guide Develop Release notes

stable

Section Navigation

- matplotlib
- matplotlib.afm
- matplotlib.animation
- matplotlib.artist
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- matplotlib.backend_tools
- matplotlib.backends
- matplotlib.bezier
- matplotlib.blocking_input
- matplotlib.category
- matplotlib.cbook
- matplotlib.cm
- matplotlib.collections
- matplotlib.colorbar
- matplotlib.colors
- matplotlib.container

API Reference

When using the library you will typically create `Figure` and `Axes` objects and call their methods to add content and modify the appearance.

- `matplotlib.figure`: axes creation, figure-level content
- `matplotlib.axes`: most plotting methods, Axes labels, access to axis styling, etc.

Example: We create a `Figure` `fig` and `Axes` `ax`. Then we call methods on them to plot data, add axis labels and a figure title.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.arange(0, 4, 0.05)
y = np.sin(x*np.pi)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3,2), constrained_layout=True)
ax.plot(x, y)
ax.set_xlabel('t [s]')
ax.set_ylabel('S [V]')
ax.set_title('Sine wave')
fig.set_facecolor('lightsteelblue')
```

(Source code, png)

1. 在左栏找到 `matplotlib.pyplot`

matplotlib.pyplot

matplotlib.pyplot.acorr

matplotlib.pyplot.angle_spectrum

matplotlib.pyplot.annotate

2. 在 `pyplot` 里面找到 `subplot` 函数

matplotlib.pyplot.subplot

`matplotlib.pyplot.subplot(*args, **kwargs)` [\[source\]](#)

Add an `Axes` to the current figure or retrieve an existing `Axes`.

This is a wrapper of `Figure.add_subplot` which provides additional behavior when working with the implicit API (see the notes section).

Call signatures:

```
subplot(nrows, ncols, index, **kwargs)
subplot(pos, **kwargs)
subplot(**kwargs)
subplot(ax)
```

Parameters: `*args` : `int`, (`int`, `int`, `int`, `index`), or `SubplotSpec`, default: (1, 1, 1)

3. 进入 `subplot` 的页面，寻找参数 `constrained_layout`

方法一：查官方文档

4a. 如果能找到`constrained_layout`这个参数，就可以直接读参数的说明

Property	Description
<code>adjustable</code>	{'box', 'datalim'}
<code>agg_filter</code>	a filter function, which takes a (m, n, 3) float array and a dpi value, and returns a (m, n, 3) array and two offsets from the bottom left corner of the image
<code>alpha</code>	scalar or None
<code>anchor</code>	(float, float) or {'C', 'SW', 'S', 'SE', 'E', 'NE', ...}
<code>animated</code>	bool
<code>aspect</code>	{'auto', 'equal'} or float
<code>autoscale_on</code>	bool

(像是这些)

4b. 如果没找到(比如`constrained_layout`就没被找到)，那么就需要用搜索引擎查找答案

方法二：搜索引擎

1. 在搜索框里怎么搜



我们要搜索的是 `matplotlib.pyplot.subplot` 中的 `constrained_layout` 参数

方法二：搜索引擎

2. 搜索结果

matplotlib plt constraint layout



All



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Books



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Tools

About 10.600.000 results (0,45 seconds)

<https://matplotlib.org> › [stable](#) › [tutorials](#) › [intermediate](#) ⋮

[Constrained Layout Guide — Matplotlib 3.6.2 documentation](#)

官方文档的说明

constrained_layout automatically adjusts subplots and decorations like legends and colorbars so that they fit in the figure window while still preserving, as ...

<https://matplotlib.org> › [subplots_axes_and_figures](#) › [de...](#) ⋮

[Resizing axes with constrained layout - Matplotlib](#)

8 Apr 2020 — **Constrained layout** attempts to resize subplots in a figure so that there are no overlaps between axes objects and labels on the axes. See ...

<https://matplotlib.org> › [subplots_axes_and_figures](#) › [de...](#) ⋮

[Resizing axes with constrained layout - Matplotlib](#)

Constrained layout attempts to resize subplots in a figure so that there are no overlaps between axes objects and labels on the axes. See **Constrained Layout** ...

<https://matplotlib.org> › [stable](#) › [tutorials](#) › [intermediate](#) ⋮

[Tight Layout guide — Matplotlib 3.6.2 documentation](#)

Tight **Layout** guide#. How to use tight-layout to fit plots within your figure cleanly. tight_layout automatically adjusts subplot params so that the ...

<https://www.scivision.dev> › [matplotlib-constrained-layo...](#) ⋮

[Matplotlib constrained_layout vs. tight_layout](#)

技术博客

12 Jul 2020 — **Matplotlib** constrained_layout is more advanced than tight_layout, works better.

People also ask ⋮

What is constrained layout in Matplotlib? ▾

What is Constrained_layout? ▾

What is fig Tight_layout? ▾

How do I stop Matplotlib overlapping? ▾

Feedback

<https://www.matplotlib.org.cn> › [tutorials](#) › [intermediate](#) ⋮

[Constrained Layout Guide - Matplotlib 中文](#)

中文官方文档

27 Apr 2020 — constrained_layout automatically adjusts subplots and decorations like legends and colorbars so that they fit in the figure window while still ...

<https://stackoverflow.com> › [questions](#) › [python-matplot...](#) ⋮

技术论坛

[How to disable Constrained Layout but keep the axes position?](#)

1 Jun 2020 — What am I missing? enter image description here import **matplotlib.pyplot** as plt
fig, ax = plt.

1 answer · Top answer: Is it wrong to adjust the vertical and horizontal in the subplot? fig, ax = ...

[How to use matplotlib tight layout with Figure? - Stack Overflow](#) 7 Mar 2012

[Add external margins with constrained layout? - Stack Overflow](#) 20 Aug 2020

[Text moves axes upon panning with constrained layout](#) 5 Apr 2022

[overlapping constrained 3d subplots - matplotlib](#) 11 May 2022

[More results from stackoverflow.com](#)

<https://github.com> › [matplotlib](#) › [tutorials](#) › [intermediate](#) ⋮

GitHub

[matplotlib/constrainedlayout_guide.py at main - GitHub](#)

using the respective argument to `.func:~.pyplot.subplots` or `.func:~.pyplot.figure`, e.g.:
`plt.subplots(layout="constrained")`.

方法二：搜索引擎

3. 看搜索结果，比如点开中文官网文档

Matplotlib

简介 示例陈列馆 在线论坛 Matplotlib 教程 API概览 文档概览 精选资源 选择语言 GitHub

Constrained Layout Guide

Simple Example

Colorbars

Supptitle

Legends

Padding and Spacing

Spacing with colorbars

rcParams

Use with GridSpec

Manually setting axes positions

Manually turning off 'constrained_layout'

Limitations

Incompatible functions

Other Caveats

Debugging

Notes on the algorithm

Figure layout

Simple case: one Axes

Simple case: two Axes

Two Axes and colorbar

Colorbar associated with a Gridspec

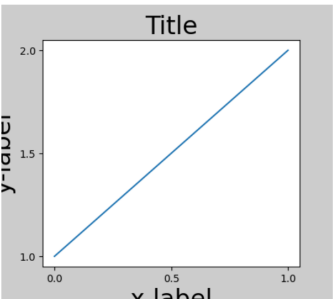
Uneven sized Axes

Empty gridspec slots

Other notes

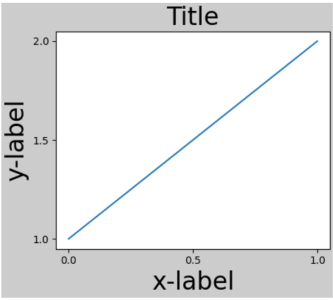
Download

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(constrained_layout=False)
example_plot(ax, fontsize=24)
```



To prevent this, the location of axes needs to be adjusted. For subplots, this can be done by adjusting the subplot params ([Move the edge of an axes to make room for tick labels](#)). However, specifying your figure with the `constrained_layout=True` kwarg will do the adjusting automatically.

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(constrained_layout=True)
example_plot(ax, fontsize=24)
```



When you have multiple subplots, often you see labels of different axes overlapping each other.

沃趣，这篇文章没被翻译成中文
不过可以看下示意图

能看出来，这个参数主要是用来：

- 对齐绘图的内容（比如图中的x-label、y-label等字样）不会被画出画布之外
- 去掉画布中的空白（比如右上角）

差不多看懂了

一点碎碎念

- 用英语搜索、阅读大量英语内容的能力需要慢慢锻炼
 - 开始用英语进行搜索的时候确实很难
 - 但这是南科大学生的必修课之一
 - 一定要好好学英语！！
-
- 大家对这个教程有什么问题，随时欢迎在课程群里提问，或者私聊我（qq:360189767）
 - 各位加油，期末顺利！