

# Mental Health Series

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## Base Panel Construction - ZCTA-Week Level

### Hospital Data - ZCTA-Week level

```
hosp_zcta <- read_csv("Data/Restricted MHA Data/minnepop_1620_agg_zipfull_MH_102222.csv") %>%  
  arrange(zipcode, year, weekofyr) %>%  
  select(-c(`_chk`, zippop_tag)) %>%  
  filter(!(year==2016 & weekofyr==53))
```

### ZCTAs and ACS 5-Year Estimates

```
#adding in 5-year ACS data  
census_api_key("ecda17575f4d914b502c70f2bae7a5f3d253792d")  
  
year <- lst(2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020)  
  
acs <- map_dfr(  
  year,  
  ~ get_acs(geography = "zcta",  
            variables = c("B01001_001E", "B03003_003E",  
                          "B02001_003E", "B02001_002E",  
                          "B02001_004E", "B02001_008E",  
                          "B02001_005E", "B02001_006E",  
                          "B02001_007E", "B11001_003E",  
                          "B17001_002E", "B01002_001E",  
                          "B09010_002E", "B06009_005E",  
                          "B01001_002E", "B99233_005E",  
                          "B23025_005E",  
                          "B19057_002E",  
                          "B11003_015E",  
                          "B06009_002E",  
                          "B25003_002E",  
                          "B05002_013E",  
                          "B19013_001E",  
                          "B23025_002E",  
                          "B07001_017E"),  
            output = "wide",  
            survey = "acs5",  
            year = .x, .id = "year") %>%  
  rename(total_pop = B01001_001E,  
         white_pop = B02001_002E,
```

```

black_pop = B02001_003E,
na_pop = B02001_004E,
asian_pop = B02001_005E,
hpi_pop = B02001_006E,
other_pop = B02001_007E,
biracial_pop = B02001_008E,
hisp_pop = B03003_003E,
ssi_snap = B09010_002E, #snap, ssi, public cash transfers
med_age = B01002_001E,
mar_fam = B11001_003E,
povlevel = B17001_002E,
bach_degree = B06009_005E,
male = B01001_002E,
nowork_12 = B99233_005E,
total_ilf = B23025_002E,
unemp = B23025_005E,
pub_assist = B19057_002E,
female_hh = B11003_015E,
no_hs_dip = B06009_002E,
res_mob = B07001_017E,
own_hh = B25003_002E,
foreign = B05002_013E,
med_hh_inc = B19013_001E) %>%
select(-ends_with("M", ignore.case = F), -GEOID) %>%
mutate(zcta = str_sub(NAME, 6),
       unemp_rate = 100*unemp/total_ilf,
       pov_rate = 100*povlevel/total_pop,
       pub_assist_rate = 100*pub_assist/total_pop,
       female_hh_rate = 100*female_hh/total_pop,
       no_hs_dip_rate = 100*no_hs_dip/total_pop,
       bach_degree_rate = 100*bach_degree/total_pop,
       res_mob_rate = 100-100*res_mob/total_pop,
       own_hh_rate = 100*own_hh/total_pop,
       foreign_rate = 100*foreign/total_pop) %>%
select(-NAME) %>%
select(zcta, everything()) %>%
mutate(year = as.numeric(year),
       zcta = as.numeric(zcta))

#joining to hospital data
hosp_panel <- hosp_zcta %>%
  left_join(acs, by = c("zipcode"="zcta", "year"))

#SF geometries - get all ZCTAs
zcta <- get_acs(geography = "zcta",
               variables = "B01001_001",
               output = "wide",
               year = 2020, #change back to 2020
               geometry = T,
               survey = "acs5") %>%
rename(zcta = GEOID,
       pop_2020 = B01001_001E) %>%
select(-c(NAME, B01001_001M, pop_2020)) %>%

```

```

mutate(zcta = as.numeric(zcta))

## |

#minneapolis shapefile (source: openminneapolis.gov)
mpls <- st_read("Data/mpls_city-shp/16cdbbfa-ad10-493c-afaf-52b61f2e76e42020329-1-180h9ap.whbo.shp") %>%
  st_set_crs(st_crs(zcta))

## Reading layer `16cdbbfa-ad10-493c-afaf-52b61f2e76e42020329-1-180h9ap.whbo' from data source `C:\User
## using driver `ESRI Shapefile'
## Simple feature collection with 1 feature and 4 fields
## Geometry type: POLYGON
## Dimension: XY
## Bounding box: xmin: -93.32911 ymin: 44.89059 xmax: -93.19433 ymax: 45.05125
## Geodetic CRS: WGS 84

#zctas that intersect MPLS
zcta_intersect <- zcta %>%
  st_filter(mpls, .predicate = st_intersects) %>%
  mutate(zcta_area = as.numeric(st_area(.)),
         zcta_area_sqkm = zcta_area*.000001,
         zcta_area_sqmi = zcta_area_sqkm*.386102,
         intersection_area = as.numeric(st_area(st_intersection(., mpls))),
         perc_intersection = round(intersection_area/zcta_area*100,2)) %>%
  filter(perc_intersection >= 5)

#filter hospital panel
panel <- hosp_panel %>%
  filter(zipcode %in% zcta_intersect$zcta) %>%
  mutate(zcta = zipcode)

#creating date bookends
panel <- panel %>%
  group_by(zipcode, year) %>%
  mutate(begin_date = ISOweek2date(paste(year, paste0("W", sprintf("%02d", weekofyr)), 1, sep = "-")),
         end_date = begin_date+weeks(1)-days(1))

#number of unique MPLS ZCTAs
n_zcta <- length(unique(panel$zcta))

#vector of intersecting ZCTAs for filtering downstream
zcta_universe <- unique(panel$zcta)

```

## ZCTA-Week Level Police Data

```

#Minneapolis Police Department - Use of Force Dashboard
uof_spatial <- read_csv("Data/Police_Use_Of_Force.csv") %>%
  mutate(date=ymd_hms(ResponseDate),
         year=isoyear(date),
         week=isoweek(date)) %>%
  select(OBJECTID, year, week, X, Y, Race) %>%
  st_as_sf(coords = c("X", "Y"), crs = "NAD83", remove=F) %>%
  mutate(intersection = as.integer(st_intersects(geometry, zcta)),
         zcta = ifelse(is.na(intersection), NA, zcta$zcta[intersection])) %>%
  st_drop_geometry() %>%

```

```

filter(!is.na(zcta) & year >= 2016 & year <= 2021 & zcta %in% zcta_universe) %>%
group_by(year, week, zcta, Race, .drop=F) %>%
tally(name = "use_of_force") %>%
filter(!is.na(Race) & Race!="not recorded") %>%
ungroup() %>%
complete(year, week, zcta=zcta_universe, Race, fill = list(use_of_force = 0)) %>%
arrange(year, week, zcta, Race) %>%
mutate(race = str_to_lower(Race)) %>%
select(-Race) %>%
pivot_wider(names_from = race,
            values_from = use_of_force,
            values_fill = 0,
            names_glue = "{race}_{.value}") %>%
mutate(total_use_of_force = asian_use_of_force+black_use_of_force+`native american_use_of_force`+
`other / mixed race_use_of_force`+`pacific islander_use_of_force`+unknown_use_of_force+
white_use_of_force)

#MPD Stop Dashboard
stop_spatial <- read_csv("Data/Police_Stop_Data.csv") %>%
mutate(date=ymd_hms(responseDate),
      year=isoyear(date),
      week=isoweek(date)) %>%
select(OBJECTID, year, lat, long, race) %>%
st_as_sf(coords = c("long", "lat"), crs = "NAD83", remove=F) %>%
mutate(intersection = as.integer(st_intersects(geometry, zcta)),
      zcta = ifelse(is.na(intersection), NA, zcta$zcta[intersection])) %>%
st_drop_geometry() %>%
filter(!is.na(zcta) & year >= 2016 & year <= 2020 & zcta %in% zcta_universe) %>%
group_by(year, week, zcta, race, .drop=F) %>%
tally(name = "police_stops") %>%
filter(!is.na(race) & race!="not recorded") %>%
ungroup() %>%
complete(year, week, zcta=zcta_universe, race, fill = list(police_stops = 0)) %>%
mutate(race = str_to_lower(race)) %>%
arrange(year, week, zcta, race) %>%
pivot_wider(names_from = race,
            values_from = police_stops,
            values_fill = 0,
            names_glue = "{race}_{.value}") %>%
mutate(total_police_stops = asian_police_stops+black_police_stops+
`east african_police_stops`+latino_police_stops+`native american_police_stops`+
other_police_stops+unknown_police_stops+white_police_stops)

#Officer Involved Shootings - MPD
ois_spatial <- read_csv("Data/Police_Officer_Involved_Shootings.csv") %>%
mutate(date=ymd_hms(IncidentDate),
      year=isoyear(date),
      week=isoweek(date)) %>%
select(OBJECTID, year, week, CenterLatitude, CenterLongitude, SubjectOfForceRace) %>%
rename(race = SubjectOfForceRace,
      lat = CenterLatitude,
      long = CenterLongitude) %>%
st_as_sf(coords = c("long", "lat"), crs = "NAD83", remove=F) %>%

```

```

mutate(intersection = as.integer(st_intersects(geometry, zcta)),
       zcta = ifelse(is.na(intersection), NA, zcta$zcta[intersection])) %>%
st_drop_geometry() %>%
filter(!is.na(zcta) & year >= 2016 & year <= 2020 & zcta %in% zcta_universe) %>%
group_by(year, week, zcta, race, .drop=F) %>%
tally(name = "police_shootings") %>%
filter(!is.na(race) & race!="not recorded") %>%
ungroup() %>%
complete(year=2016:2021, week=1:53, zcta=zcta_universe, race, fill = list(police_shootings = 0)) %>%
mutate(race = str_to_lower(race)) %>%
arrange(year, week, zcta, race) %>%
pivot_wider(names_from = race,
            values_from = police_shootings,
            values_fill = 0,
            names_glue = "{race}_{.value}") %>%
mutate(total_police_shootings = asian_police_shootings+black_police_shootings+
       hispanic_police_shootings+other_police_shootings+
       unknown_police_shootings+white_police_shootings)

panel <- panel %>%
  left_join(uof_spatial, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week", "zcta"="zcta")) %>%
  left_join(stop_spatial, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week", "zcta"="zcta")) %>%
  left_join(ois_spatial, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week", "zcta"="zcta"))

#creating period indicators for panel
panel <- panel %>%
  mutate(post_floyd = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-05-25"))),
         post_floyd_3 = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-05-25")+months(3))),
         stay_at_home = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-03-28") &
         state_of_emerg = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-03-13"))),
         weeks_post = as.numeric(begin_date-as.Date("2020-05-25"))/7,
         t_post_floyd = ifelse(weeks_post >=0,
                               weeks_post,
                               0),
         uof_rate = total_use_of_force/total_pop*1000,
         stops_rate = total_police_stops/total_pop*1000,
         ois_rate = total_police_shootings/total_pop*1000) %>%
  group_by(zcta) %>%
  arrange(year, weekofyr) %>%
  mutate(t = row_number(),
         uof_lag = dplyr::lag(uof_rate, 1),
         stops_lag = dplyr::lag(stops_rate, 1),
         shoot_lag = dplyr::lag(ois_rate, 1))

```

## Weather Data

```

# Minnesota DNR Daily Date
# https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/climate/historical/daily-data.html?sid=mspthr&sname=Minneapolis/St%20Paul
# Station Name: Minneapolis/St Paul Threaded Record - Station ID: mspthr

weather <- read_csv("Data/dnr_weather.csv") %>%
  mutate(year=isoyear(Date),

```

```

    week=isoweek(Date),
    precip_in = as.numeric(ifelse(`Precipitation (inches)`=="T", .001, `Precipitation (inches)`)),
    snow_in = as.numeric(ifelse(`Snow (inches)`=="T", .001, `Snow (inches)`)),
    tmax_f = `Maximum Temperature degrees (F)` %>%
filter(year >= 2016 & year <= 2020) %>%
select(year, week, precip_in, snow_in, tmax_f) %>%
group_by(year, week) %>%
summarize(precip_in = mean(precip_in, na.rm = T),
          snow_in = mean(snow_in, na.rm = T),
          tmax_f = mean(tmax_f, na.rm = T))

#join to panel
panel <- panel %>% left_join(weather, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week"))

```

## Time Series Construction - Week Level

### Aggregate Hospital Panel to Week-Level

```

#panel to week-level, aggregating over ZCTAs
hosp_series <- panel %>%
  group_by(year, weekofyr) %>%
  summarize(mh_all_tot = sum(mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            white_mh_all_tot = sum(white_mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            indig_mh_all_tot = sum(indig_mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            asian_mh_all_tot = sum(asian_mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            black_mh_all_tot = sum(black_mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            latin_mh_all_tot = sum(latin_mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            total_pop = sum(total_pop, na.rm = T),
            white_pop = sum(white_pop, na.rm = T),
            na_pop = sum(na_pop, na.rm = T),
            hisp_pop = sum(hisp_pop, na.rm = T),
            asian_pop = sum(asian_pop, na.rm = T),
            black_pop = sum(black_pop, na.rm = T)) %>%
  mutate(mh_incid_c = (mh_all_tot/total_pop)*1000,
         white_mh_incid_c = (white_mh_all_tot/white_pop)*1000,
         indig_mh_incid_c = (indig_mh_all_tot/na_pop)*1000,
         asian_mh_incid_c = (asian_mh_all_tot/asian_pop)*1000,
         black_mh_incid_c = (black_mh_all_tot/black_pop)*1000,
         latin_mh_incid_c = (latin_mh_all_tot/hisp_pop)*1000) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(week_id = row_number())

```

### Police Data Week-Level

```

#Minneapolis Police Department - Use of Force Dashboard
uof <- read_csv("Data/Police_Use_Of_Force.csv") %>%
  mutate(date=ymd_hms(ResponseDate),
         year=isoyear(date),
         week=isoweek(date)) %>%
  group_by(year, week, .drop=F) %>%
  tally(name = "use_of_force") %>%
  arrange(year, week) %>%

```

```

ungroup() %>%
select(year, week, everything())

#merge onto series
series <- hosp_series %>%
  left_join(uof, by=c("year", "weekofyr"="week")) %>%
  mutate(use_of_force_rate = (use_of_force/total_pop)*1000)

#MPD Officer Involved Shootings
ois <- read_csv("Data/Police_Officer_Involved_Shootings.csv") %>%
  mutate(date=ymd_hms(IncidentDate),
         year=isoyear(date),
         week=isoweek(date)) %>%
  group_by(year, week, .drop=F) %>%
  tally(name = "off_inv_shooting") %>%
  arrange(year, week) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(year, week, everything())

#merge onto series
series <- series %>%
  left_join(ois, by=c("year", "weekofyr"="week")) %>%
  mutate(off_inv_shooting = ifelse(is.na(off_inv_shooting), 0, off_inv_shooting),
         off_inv_shooting_rate = (off_inv_shooting/total_pop)*1000)

#Minneapolis Police Department - Police Stops Dashboard
stop <- read_csv("Data/Police_Stop_Data.csv") %>%
  mutate(date=ymd_hms(responseDate),
         year=isoyear(date),
         week=isoweek(date)) %>%
  group_by(year, week, .drop=F) %>%
  tally(name = "police_stops")

#merge onto series
series <- series %>%
  left_join(stop, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week")) %>%
  mutate(police_stop_rate = (police_stops/total_pop)*1000)

#creating date variable
#removing week 53 of 2020
series <- series %>%
  mutate(begin_date = ISOweek2date(paste(year, paste0("W", sprintf("%02d", weekofyr)), 1, sep = "-")),
         end_date = begin_date+weeks(1)-days(1)) %>%
  filter(!(year==2020 & weekofyr== 53)) %>%
  left_join(weather, by = c("year", "weekofyr"="week"))

```

## Time Series Vizualization

```

ggplot(series)+
  scale_x_date(date_labels = "%b-%Y", date_breaks = "6 months")+

```

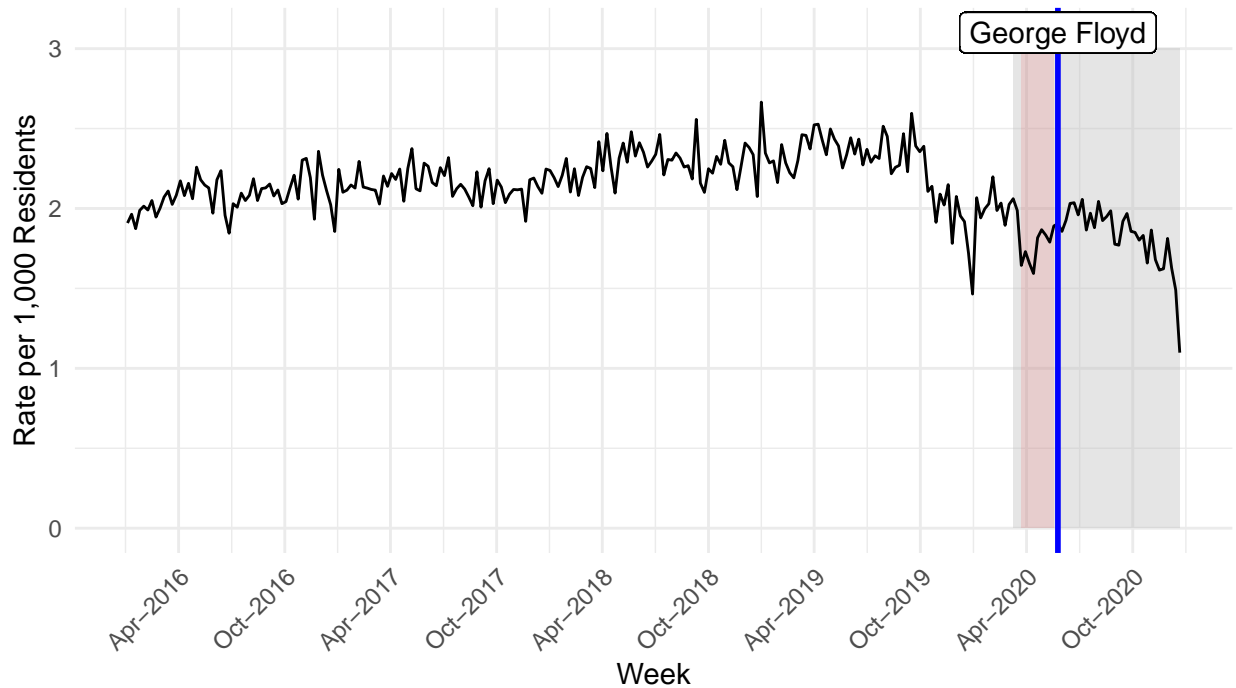
```

annotate(geom="rect",
  xmin = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-03-13"))],
  xmax = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-12-27"))],
  ymin = 0,
  ymax = 3,
  fill = "grey",
  alpha = .4) +
annotate(geom="rect",
  xmin = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-03-28"))],
  xmax = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-18"))],
  ymin = 0,
  ymax = 3,
  fill = "Red",
  alpha = .1) +
scale_fill_manual(values=c("grey","red"), labels=c("Stay at Home", "State of Emergency")) +
geom_line(aes(x=begin_date, y=mh_incid_c))+
geom_vline(xintercept=series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-25"))],
  linetype="solid", color="blue", size=1) +
geom_label(aes(x=series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-25"))],
  y=3.1),
  label = "George Floyd", show.legend = FALSE)+
labs(title = "Figure 1: Weekly Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016-2020",
  subtitle = "MHA Hospital Data",
  x = "Week",
  y = "Rate per 1,000 Residents",
  fill = "MN COVID-19 Policy",
  caption = "The grey period represents the COVID-19 State of Emergency order,
  and the red represents the COVID-19 Stay at Home order.")+
theme_minimal()+
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=45, hjust=1))

```



Figure 1: Weekly Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016–2020  
MHA Hospital Data



The grey period represents the COVID-19 State of Emergency order, and the red represents the COVID-19 Stay at Home order.

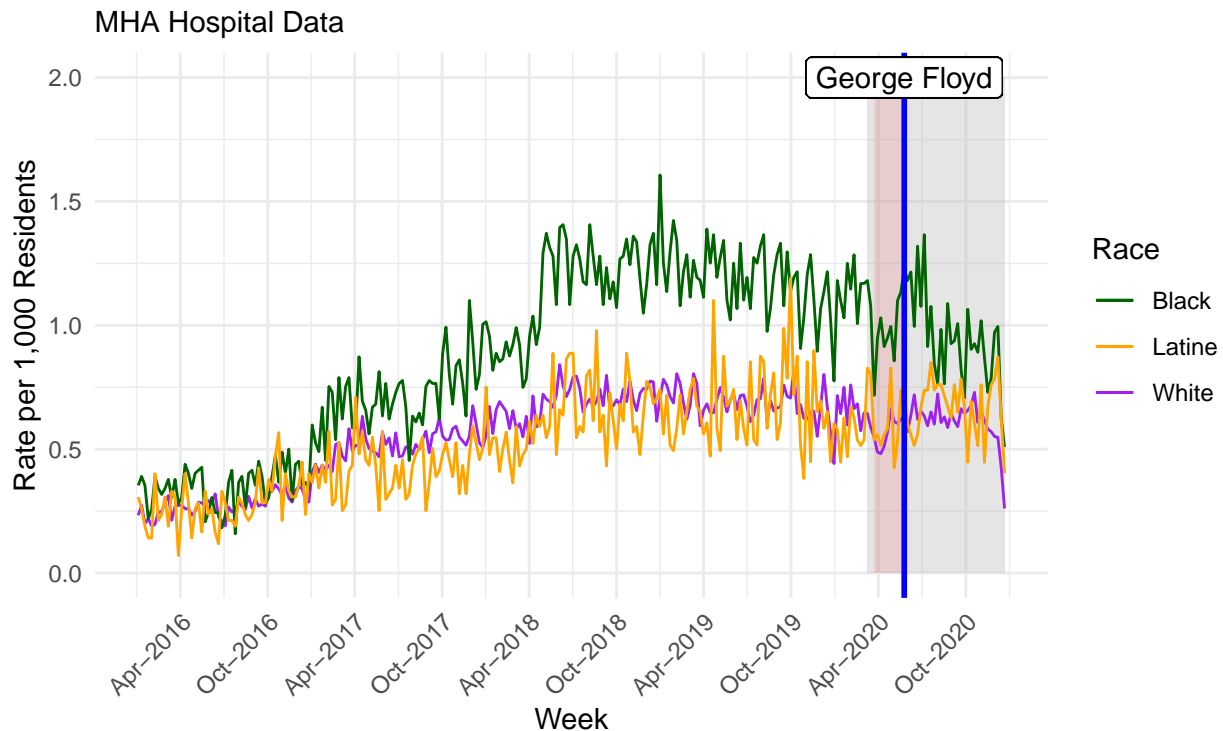
```
ggplot(series)+
  scale_x_date(date_labels = "%b-%Y", date_breaks = "6 months")+
  annotate(geom="rect",
    xmin = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-03-13"))],
    xmax = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-12-27"))],
    ymin = 0,
    ymax = 2,
    fill = "grey",
    alpha = .4) +
  annotate(geom="rect",
    xmin = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-03-28"))],
    xmax = series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-18"))],
    ymin = 0,
    ymax = 2,
    fill = "Red",
    alpha = .1) +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("grey","red"), labels=c("Stay at Home", "State of Emergency")) +
  geom_line(aes(x=begin_date, y=white_mh_incid_c, color = "White"))+
  geom_line(aes(x=begin_date, y=black_mh_incid_c, color = "Black"))+
  geom_line(aes(x=begin_date, y=latin_mh_incid_c, color = "Latine"))+
  geom_vline(xintercept=series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-25"))],
    linetype="solid", color="blue", size=1) +
  geom_label(aes(x=series$begin_date[series$year==2020 & series$weekofyr==isoweek(date("2020-05-25"))],
    y=2),
    label = "George Floyd", show.legend = FALSE)+
  labs(title = "Figure 2: Weekly Mental Health Diagnoses by Race, Minneapolis 2016-2020",
```

```

subtitle = "MHA Hospital Data",
x = "Week",
y = "Rate per 1,000 Residents",
fill = "MN COVID-19 Policy",
color = "Race",
caption = "The grey period represents the COVID-19 State of Emergency order,
and the red represents the COVID-19 Stay at Home order.")+
theme_minimal()+
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=45, hjust=1)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("darkgreen", "orange", "purple"))

```

Figure 2: Weekly Mental Health Diagnoses by Race, Minneapolis 2016–2020



The grey period represents the COVID-19 State of Emergency order,  
and the red represents the COVID-19 Stay at Home order.

## Time Series Analysis

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{Time}_t + \theta \text{Event}_t + \beta_2 \text{TimePost}_t + \phi \mathbf{X}_t + \rho_1 y_{t-1} + \rho_2 y_{t-2} + \rho_3 y_{t-3} + \epsilon_t$$

```

series <- series %>%
  mutate(t = 1:length(mh_incid_c),
         post_floyd = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-05-25"))),
         post_floyd_3 = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-05-25")+months(3))),
         stay_at_home = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-03-28") &
         state_of_emerg = as.factor(as.numeric(begin_date >= as.Date("2020-03-13"))),
         weeks_post = as.numeric(begin_date-as.Date("2020-05-25"))/7,
         t_post_floyd = ifelse(weeks_post >= 0,
                               weeks_post,
                               0),
         uof_lag=lag(use_of_force_rate,1),

```

```

    stops_lag = lag(police_stop_rate,1),
    shoot_lag = lag(off_inv_shooting_rate,1))

mean(series$mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==0 & series$weeks_post %in% c(-1, -2, -3, -4)])

## [1] 1.845131
mean(series$mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==1 & series$weeks_post %in% c(0,1,2,3)])

## [1] 1.929959
mean(series$black_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==0 & series$weeks_post %in% c(-1, -2, -3, -4)])

## [1] 1.021377
mean(series$black_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==1 & series$weeks_post %in% c(0,1,2,3)])

## [1] 1.154474
mean(series$white_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==0 & series$weeks_post %in% c(-1, -2, -3, -4)])

## [1] 0.6247813
mean(series$white_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==1 & series$weeks_post %in% c(0,1,2,3)])

## [1] 0.6404627
mean(series$latin_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==0 & series$weeks_post %in% c(-1, -2, -3, -4)])

## [1] 0.6318638
mean(series$latin_mh_incid_c[series$post_floyd==1 & series$weeks_post %in% c(0,1,2,3)])

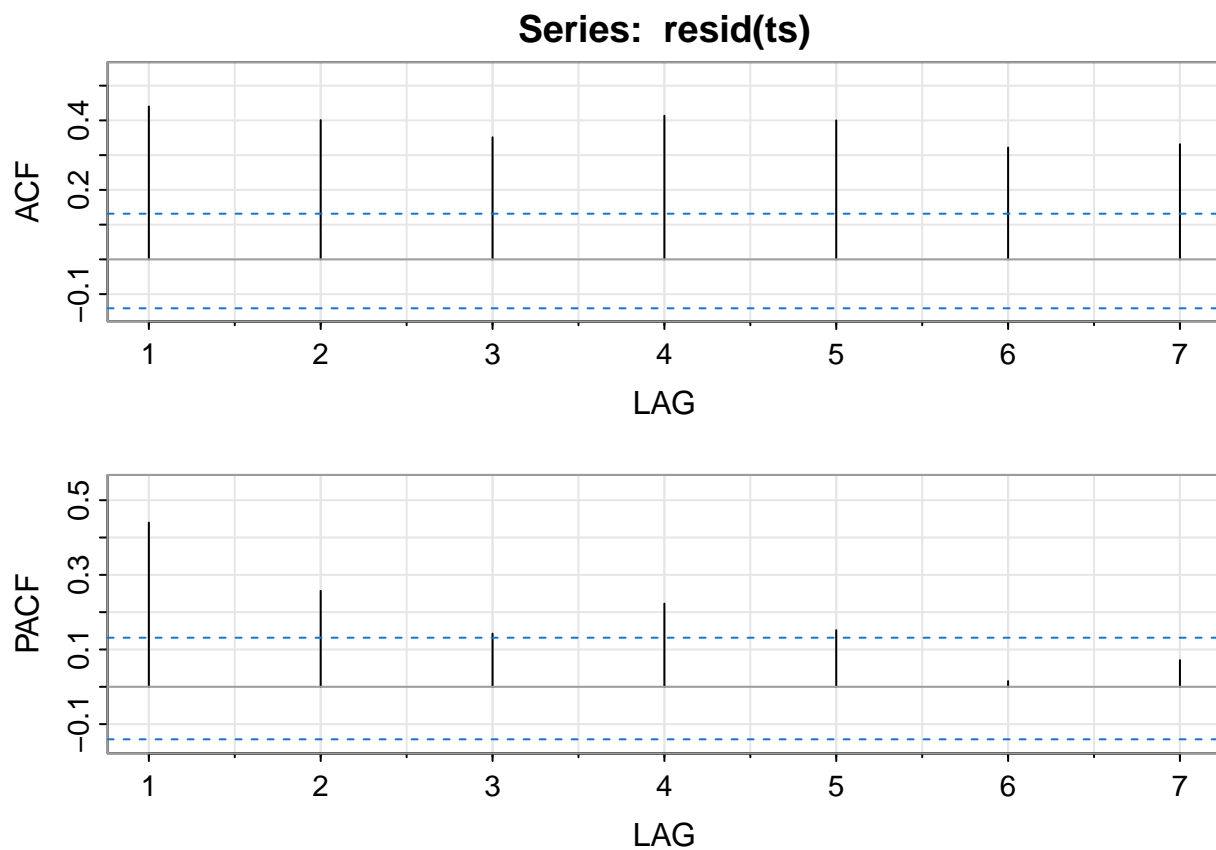
## [1] 0.5983135

ts <- lm(mh_incid_c~t+state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
        tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
        uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag,
        data = series)
summary(ts)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mh_incid_c ~ t + state_of_emerg + stay_at_home +
##      post_floyd + t_post_floyd + tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in +
##      uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag, data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.74180 -0.06998  0.00004  0.08675  0.49258
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   2.090e+00  9.567e-02  21.845  < 2e-16 ***
## t              1.091e-04  3.045e-04   0.358  0.720385
## state_of_emerg1 -3.898e-01  9.412e-02  -4.141  5.06e-05 ***
## stay_at_home1  -9.756e-02  9.716e-02  -1.004  0.316495
## post_floyd1     9.963e-02  1.019e-01   0.977  0.329542
## t_post_floyd   -1.372e-02  3.525e-03  -3.893  0.000134 ***

```

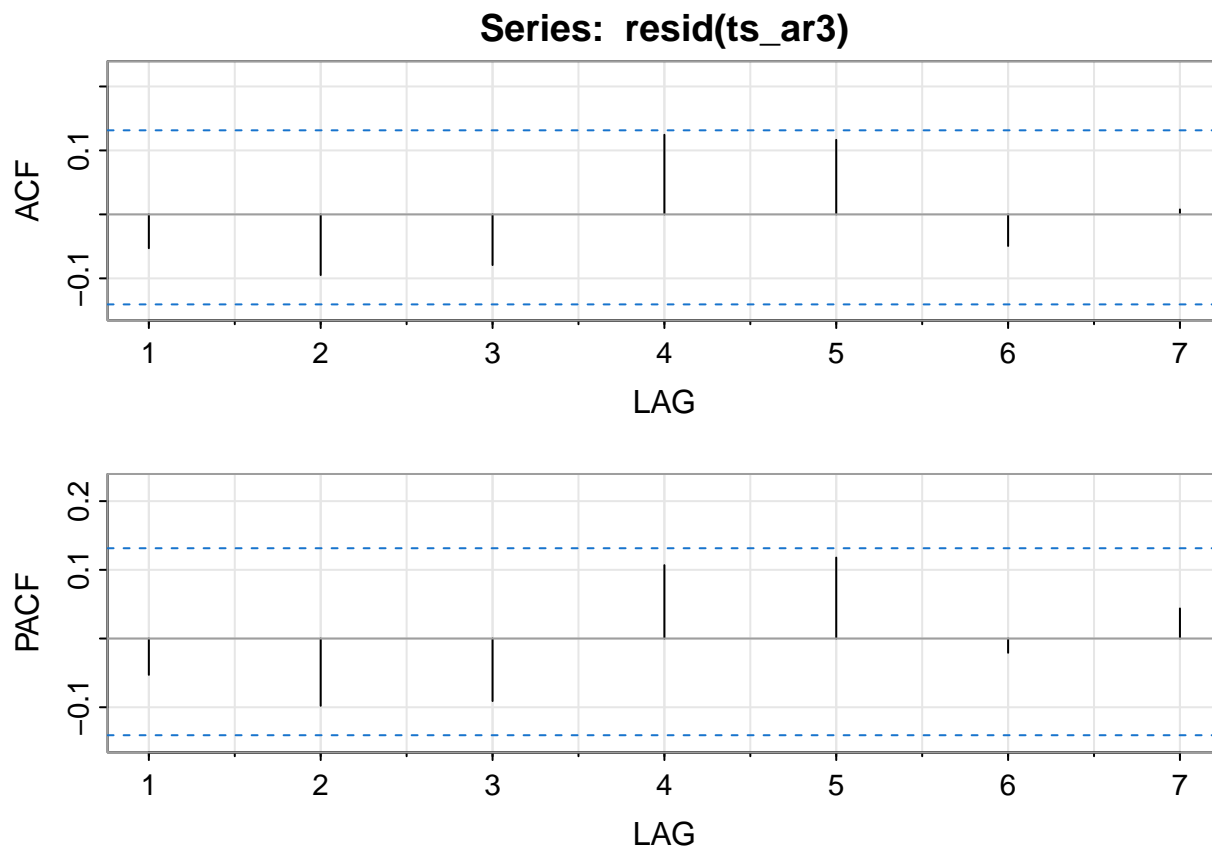
```
## tmax_f      3.227e-03  6.547e-04  4.929 1.71e-06 ***
## snow_in     2.249e-02  2.845e-02  0.790 0.430197
## precip_in   -1.318e-01  9.986e-02 -1.320 0.188389
## uof_lag      3.454e-01  2.266e-01  1.524 0.129040
## stops_lag   -4.002e-02  3.732e-02 -1.072 0.284874
## shoot_lag   -1.344e+01  6.542e+00 -2.054 0.041213 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1515 on 204 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5958, Adjusted R-squared:  0.574
## F-statistic: 27.34 on 11 and 204 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
acf2(resid(ts), max.lag = 7)
```



```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7]
## ACF  0.44 0.40 0.35 0.41 0.40 0.32 0.33
## PACF 0.44 0.26 0.14 0.22 0.15 0.02 0.07
ts_ar3<- lm(mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
            state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
              uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
              tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
              dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 2)+
              dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 3),
            data = series)
```

```
summary(ts_ar3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
##      stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
##      snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 1) + dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c,
##      2) + dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.47460 -0.07316  0.00035  0.06877  0.45214
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      6.026e-01  1.763e-01   3.419 0.000761 ***
## t                -8.530e-05  2.543e-04  -0.335 0.737660
## post_floyd1       1.521e-01  8.530e-02   1.783 0.076035 .
## t_post_floyd     -9.641e-03  2.982e-03  -3.233 0.001432 **
## state_of_emerg1  -1.983e-01  8.114e-02  -2.444 0.015369 *
## stay_at_home1     6.598e-02  8.267e-02   0.798 0.425733
## uof_lag           3.949e-01  1.899e-01   2.080 0.038777 *
## stops_lag        -3.024e-02  3.122e-02  -0.969 0.333831
## shoot_lag        -1.111e+01  5.476e+00  -2.029 0.043792 *
## tmax_f            1.523e-03  5.772e-04   2.638 0.008983 **
## snow_in           1.081e-02  2.382e-02   0.454 0.650417
## precip_in        -2.597e-01  8.442e-02  -3.077 0.002385 **
## dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 1) 3.165e-01  6.910e-02   4.580 8.15e-06 ***
## dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 2) 2.676e-01  6.952e-02   3.849 0.000159 ***
## dplyr::lag(mh_incid_c, 3) 1.344e-01  6.850e-02   1.962 0.051191 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1261 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7241, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7049
## F-statistic: 37.68 on 14 and 201 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
acf2(resid(ts_ar3), max.lag = 7)
```



```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7]
## ACF  -0.05 -0.09 -0.08 0.12 0.12 -0.05 0.01
## PACF -0.05 -0.10 -0.09 0.11 0.12 -0.02 0.04
```

*#race specific models*

```
ts_ar3_white <- lm(white_mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                    state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                    uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                    tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
                    dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 2)+
                    dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 3),
                    data = series)
summary(ts_ar3_white)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = white_mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd +
##     state_of_emerg + stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag +
##     tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c,
##     1) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 2) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c,
##     3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.20534 -0.03435 -0.00292  0.03864  0.16128
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    0.0583648  0.0430397   1.356  0.17660
## t              0.0003492  0.0001858   1.880  0.06154 .
## post_floyd1    0.0611223  0.0423438   1.443  0.15044
## t_post_floyd  -0.0045809  0.0014674  -3.122  0.00206 **
## state_of_emerg1 -0.0570625  0.0404843  -1.409  0.16023
## stay_at_home1  0.0158191  0.0406328   0.389  0.69745
## uof_lag        0.2325829  0.0952384   2.442  0.01547 *
## stops_lag      0.0032765  0.0158027   0.207  0.83596
## shoot_lag      -3.5962851  2.7322235  -1.316  0.18959
## tmax_f         0.0004028  0.0002743   1.469  0.14346
## snow_in        0.0115073  0.0118299   0.973  0.33186
## precip_in      -0.0774247  0.0416193  -1.860  0.06430 .
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 1) 0.4580650  0.0696676   6.575 4.11e-10 ***
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 2) 0.1996833  0.0755440   2.643  0.00886 **
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_incid_c, 3) 0.1102985  0.0713478   1.546  0.12370
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.0628 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.711, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6908
## F-statistic: 35.31 on 14 and 201 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

ts_ar3_black <- lm(black_mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
  state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
  uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
  tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
  dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 2)+
  dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 3),
  data = series)
summary(ts_ar3_black)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = black_mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd +
##     state_of_emerg + stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag +
##     tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c,
##     1) + dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 2) + dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c,
##     3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.36850 -0.09573  0.00568  0.08878  0.38651
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    0.0141863  0.0889070   0.160  0.87339
## t              0.0012463  0.0004333   2.877  0.00445 **
## post_floyd1    0.2275118  0.0944478   2.409  0.01690 *
## t_post_floyd  -0.0064742  0.0034013  -1.903  0.05841 .
## state_of_emerg1 -0.2777338  0.0884739  -3.139  0.00195 **
## stay_at_home1  0.1933975  0.0908916   2.128  0.03457 *
## uof_lag        0.1002663  0.2101135   0.477  0.63374
```

```

## stops_lag                0.0401415  0.0347963  1.154  0.25003
## shoot_lag                0.9357288  6.0406071  0.155  0.87705
## tmax_f                   0.0002127  0.0006120  0.348  0.72850
## snow_in                  -0.0015209  0.0262945 -0.058  0.95393
## precip_in                -0.1546230  0.0919942 -1.681  0.09436 .
## dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 1) 0.3404288  0.0687366  4.953 1.55e-06 ***
## dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 2) 0.1746462  0.0712275  2.452  0.01506 *
## dplyr::lag(black_mh_incid_c, 3) 0.2304896  0.0691261  3.334  0.00102 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1396 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7485, Adjusted R-squared:  0.731
## F-statistic: 42.73 on 14 and 201 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

ts_ar3_latin <- lm(latin_mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                    state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                    uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                    tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
                    dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 2)+
                    dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 3),
                    data = series)
summary(ts_ar3_latin)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = latin_mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd +
##     state_of_emerg + stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag +
##     tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c,
##     1) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 2) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c,
##     3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.32627 -0.08952 -0.00498  0.07227  0.46747
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    0.1212575  0.0888653   1.365   0.1739
## t              0.0015661  0.0003621   4.325 2.4e-05 ***
## post_floyd1    0.0220082  0.0922099   0.239   0.8116
## t_post_floyd  -0.0010224  0.0031846  -0.321   0.7485
## state_of_emerg1 -0.0957676  0.0853273  -1.122   0.2631
## stay_at_home1  -0.0254365  0.0884428  -0.288   0.7739
## uof_lag        -0.0604641  0.2052003  -0.295   0.7686
## stops_lag      0.0244754  0.0338034   0.724   0.4699
## shoot_lag     -0.7411583  5.9017391  -0.126   0.9002
## tmax_f         0.0006496  0.0005993   1.084   0.2797
## snow_in       -0.0166330  0.0258945  -0.642   0.5214
## precip_in     -0.0139139  0.0906619  -0.153   0.8782
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 1) 0.0759002  0.0708414   1.071   0.2853
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 2) 0.1220236  0.0705143   1.730   0.0851 .
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_incid_c, 3) 0.1010719  0.0706985   1.430   0.1544
## ---

```



```

## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1366 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.395, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3529
## F-statistic: 9.373 on 14 and 201 DF,  p-value: 8.539e-16

ts_ar3_indig <- lm(indig_mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                  state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                  uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                  tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
                  dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 2)+
                  dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 3),
                  data = series)
summary(ts_ar3_indig)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = indig_mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd +
##      state_of_emerg + stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag +
##      tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c,
##      1) + dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 2) + dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c,
##      3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.94493 -0.48732 -0.03297  0.41472  2.16175
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    0.091617   0.511596   0.179 0.858055
## t              0.011116   0.002409   4.613 7.05e-06 ***
## post_floyd1    -0.005883   0.542891  -0.011 0.991364
## t_post_floyd   -0.028015   0.019477  -1.438 0.151886
## state_of_emerg -1.078173   0.512933  -2.102 0.036801 *
## stay_at_home1   0.615417   0.517587   1.189 0.235838
## uof_lag         1.068696   1.219766   0.876 0.381995
## stops_lag       0.129703   0.205592   0.631 0.528838
## shoot_lag      -20.852896  34.969339  -0.596 0.551633
## tmax_f          0.012843   0.003693   3.478 0.000619 ***
## snow_in        -0.097473   0.152010  -0.641 0.522102
## precip_in      -0.297496   0.534246  -0.557 0.578248
## dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 1)  0.088732   0.070461   1.259 0.209381
## dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 2)  0.003019   0.071388   0.042 0.966307
## dplyr::lag(indig_mh_incid_c, 3)  0.102202   0.070032   1.459 0.146026
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.8054 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4717, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4349
## F-statistic: 12.82 on 14 and 201 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

ts_ar3_asian <- lm(asian_mh_incid_c~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                  state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+

```

```

        uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
        tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
        dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 1)+ dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 2)+
        dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 3),
        data = series)
summary(ts_ar3_asian)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = asian_mh_incid_c ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd +
##     state_of_emerg + stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag +
##     tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in + dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c,
##     1) + dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 2) + dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c,
##     3), data = series)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.178998 -0.056140 -0.002342  0.054363  0.249322
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    0.0893138   0.0508908   1.755 0.080781 .
## t              0.0006955   0.0001904   3.652 0.000332 ***
## post_floyd1    0.0377839   0.0555733   0.680 0.497354
## t_post_floyd  -0.0011112   0.0018789  -0.591 0.554914
## state_of_emerg1 -0.1012373   0.0526218  -1.924 0.055784 .
## stay_at_home1   0.0830828   0.0526227   1.579 0.115945
## uof_lag         0.0032839   0.1202325   0.027 0.978238
## stops_lag      -0.0059968   0.0198598  -0.302 0.762996
## shoot_lag      -3.9811684   3.4672731  -1.148 0.252245
## tmax_f          0.0003519   0.0003468   1.015 0.311359
## snow_in        -0.0011587   0.0151301  -0.077 0.939033
## precip_in      -0.0309254   0.0528962  -0.585 0.559443
## dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 1) 0.0299524   0.0713825   0.420 0.675223
## dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 2) 0.0269270   0.0709786   0.379 0.704815
## dplyr::lag(asian_mh_incid_c, 3) -0.0795650   0.0714834  -1.113 0.267014
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.08022 on 201 degrees of freedom
## (44 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1816, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1246
## F-statistic: 3.185 on 14 and 201 DF,  p-value: 0.0001513

stargazer(ts_ar3, ts_ar3_white, ts_ar3_black, ts_ar3_latin,
          title = "Interrupted Time Series Models of Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016-2020",
          covariate.labels = c("T",
                              "Post-Killing", "T Post-Killing",
                              "COVID - State of Emerg.", "COVID - Stay at Home",
                              "MPD Use of Force t-1", "MPD Stops t-1",
                              "MPD OIS t-1",
                              "Mean Max. Temp.", "Snow (in.)", "Precip. (in.)",
                              "AR(1) Overall", "AR(2) Overall", "AR(3) Overall",
                              "AR(1) White", "AR(2) White", "AR(3) White",

```

```

      "AR(1) Black", "AR(2) Black", "AR(3) Black",
      "AR(1) Latine", "AR(2) Latine", "AR(3) Latine"),
  dep.var.caption = "Mental Health Diagnoses/1,000",
  dep.var.labels.include = FALSE,
  column.labels = c("Overall", "White", "Black", "Latine"),
  model.numbers = TRUE,
  single.row = FALSE,
  align = T,
  omit.stat = c("adj.rsq", "f"),
  font.size="footnotesize", no.space = T, column.sep.width = "1pt",
  #star.cutoffs = c(.05, .01, .001), star.char = c("*", "**", "***"),
  report = "vcs",
  ci=TRUE,
  ci.level=0.95,
  ci.separator = "|",
  notes = "95\\% Confidence Intervals in parentheses",
  header = F,
  notes.append = F)

```

## ZCTA-Week Level Analysis

### Panel Analysis

```

panel <- panel %>%
  mutate(black_pop_center = scale(black_pop, center = T, scale = T),
         post_floyd = as.factor(post_floyd),
         stay_at_home = as.factor(stay_at_home),
         state_of_emerg = as.factor(state_of_emerg),
         mh_rate = mh_all_tot/total_pop*1000,
         blk_mh_rate = black_mh_all_tot/black_pop*1000,
         white_mh_rate = white_mh_all_tot/white_pop*1000,
         latin_mh_rate = latin_mh_all_tot/hisp_pop*1000)

#CFA: CD
library(lavaan)

cd_model_1 <- ' cd =~ unemp_rate + pov_rate + female_hh_rate + no_hs_dip_rate + black_pop
               black_pop ~~ unemp_rate'

cfa_cd <- cfa(cd_model_1, data = panel, std.lv = T)

## Warning in lav_data_full(data = data, group = group, cluster = cluster, :
## lavaan WARNING: some observed variances are (at least) a factor 1000 times
## larger than others; use varTable(fit) to investigate

## Warning in lav_data_full(data = data, group = group, cluster = cluster, : lavaan WARNING: some obser
## lavaan NOTE: use varTable(fit) to investigate

modificationindices(cfa_cd)

##           lhs op           rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 13    unemp_rate ~~      pov_rate  6.692  1.221   1.221    0.035    0.035
## 14    unemp_rate ~~ female_hh_rate 98.234 -0.805  -0.805   -0.196   -0.196
## 15    unemp_rate ~~ no_hs_dip_rate 77.525  1.305   1.305    0.148    0.148

```

Table 1: Interrupted Time Series Models of Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016-2020

	Mental Health Diagnoses/1,000			
	Overall	White	Black	Latine
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
T	-0.0001 (-0.001 0.0004)	0.0003 (-0.00001 0.001)	0.001 (0.0004 0.002)	0.002 (0.001 0.002)
Post-Killing	0.152 (-0.015 0.319)	0.061 (-0.022 0.144)	0.228 (0.042 0.413)	0.022 (-0.159 0.203)
T Post-Killing	-0.010 (-0.015 -0.004)	-0.005 (-0.007 -0.002)	-0.006 (-0.013 0.0002)	-0.001 (-0.007 0.005)
COVID - State of Emerg.	-0.198 (-0.357 -0.039)	-0.057 (-0.136 0.022)	-0.278 (-0.451 -0.104)	-0.096 (-0.263 0.071)
COVID - Stay at Home	0.066 (-0.096 0.228)	0.016 (-0.064 0.095)	0.193 (0.015 0.372)	-0.025 (-0.199 0.148)
MPD Use of Force t-1	0.395 (0.023 0.767)	0.233 (0.046 0.419)	0.100 (-0.312 0.512)	-0.060 (-0.463 0.342)
MPD Stops t-1	-0.030 (-0.091 0.031)	0.003 (-0.028 0.034)	0.040 (-0.028 0.108)	0.024 (-0.042 0.091)
MPD OIS t-1	-11.110 (-21.844 -0.377)	-3.596 (-8.951 1.759)	0.936 (-10.904 12.775)	-0.741 (-12.308 10.826)
Mean Max. Temp.	0.002 (0.0004 0.003)	0.0004 (-0.0001 0.001)	0.0002 (-0.001 0.001)	0.001 (-0.001 0.002)
Snow (in.)	0.011 (-0.036 0.057)	0.012 (-0.012 0.035)	-0.002 (-0.053 0.050)	-0.017 (-0.067 0.034)
Precip. (in.)	-0.260 (-0.425 -0.094)	-0.077 (-0.159 0.004)	-0.155 (-0.335 0.026)	-0.014 (-0.192 0.164)
AR(1) Overall	0.316 (0.181 0.452)			
AR(2) Overall	0.268 (0.131 0.404)			
AR(3) Overall	0.134 (0.0001 0.269)			
AR(1) White		0.458 (0.322 0.595)		
AR(2) White		0.200 (0.052 0.348)		
AR(3) White		0.110 (-0.030 0.250)		
AR(1) Black			0.340 (0.206 0.475)	
AR(2) Black			0.175 (0.035 0.314)	
AR(3) Black			0.230 (0.095 0.366)	
AR(1) Latine				0.076 (-0.063 0.215)
AR(2) Latine				0.122 (-0.016 0.260)
AR(3) Latine				0.101 (-0.037 0.240)
Constant	0.603 (0.257 0.948)	0.058 (-0.026 0.143)	0.014 (-0.160 0.188)	0.121 (-0.053 0.295)
Observations	216	216	216	216
R <sup>2</sup>	0.724	0.711	0.749	0.395
Residual Std. Error (df = 201)	0.126	0.063	0.140	0.137

*Note:*

95% Confidence Intervals in parentheses

```
## 16      pov_rate ~~ female_hh_rate 667.761 -4.369  -4.369  -0.422  -0.422
## 17      pov_rate ~~ no_hs_dip_rate 592.734  8.179   8.179   0.369   0.369
## 19 female_hh_rate ~~ no_hs_dip_rate  13.188  0.339   0.339   0.128   0.128
```

```
summary(cfa_cd, fit.measures=TRUE, standardized = T)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6.15 ended normally after 47 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method          NLMINB
##      Number of model parameters          11
##
##      Number of observations          5742
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic          1186.074
##      Degrees of freedom           4
##      P-value (Chi-square)        0.000
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##      Test statistic          15500.990
##      Degrees of freedom          10
##      P-value          0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)          0.924
##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)           0.809
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##      Loglikelihood user model (H0)          -115690.433
##      Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)    -115097.396
##
##      Akaike (AIC)          231402.865
##      Bayesian (BIC)          231476.076
##      Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC)    231441.122
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##      RMSEA          0.227
##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower    0.216
##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper    0.238
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050          0.000
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080          1.000
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##      SRMR          0.049
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors          Standard
```

```
## Information
## Information saturated (h1) model Expected
## Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## cd =~
## unemp_rate 1.834 0.056 32.752 0.000 1.834 0.444
## pov_rate 5.673 0.139 40.859 0.000 5.673 0.520
## female_hh_rate 1.925 0.024 80.082 0.000 1.925 0.866
## no_hs_dip_rate 3.434 0.046 74.115 0.000 3.434 0.822
## black_pop 3606.213 40.331 89.416 0.000 3606.213 0.930
##
## Covariances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .unemp_rate ~~
## .black_pop 422.838 109.450 3.863 0.000 422.838 0.080
##
## Variances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .unemp_rate 13.712 0.268 51.234 0.000 13.712 0.803
## .pov_rate 86.768 1.673 51.873 0.000 86.768 0.729
## .female_hh_rate 1.233 0.034 36.717 0.000 1.233 0.250
## .no_hs_dip_rate 5.657 0.132 42.766 0.000 5.657 0.324
## .black_pop 2047184.631 92832.942 22.052 0.000 2047184.631 0.136
## cd 1.000 1.000 1.000
```

```
cd_predict <- as.vector(lavPredict(cfa_cd, newdata = as.data.frame(panel)))
panel$conc_dis <- cd_predict
```

$$y_{ti} = \beta_{0i} + \beta_1 Time_t + \theta_i Event_t + \beta_2 TimePost_t + \phi \mathbf{X}_{ti} + \rho_1 y_{t-1} + \rho_2 y_{t-2} + \rho_3 y_{t-3} + \epsilon_{ti}$$

$$\beta_{0i} = \gamma_{00} + u_{0i}$$

$$\theta_i = \gamma_{10} + u_i$$

*#random effects specifications*

```
library(lme4)
library(lmerTest)
```

*#RE random coefficient model*

```
re <- lmer(mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
           state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
           uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
           tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
           conc_dis+
           dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2)+
           dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3)+
           (post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)
```

```
## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling
```

```
## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling
```

```
summary(re)
```

```

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula:
## mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg + stay_at_home +
##   uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in +
##   conc_dis + dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1) + dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2) +
##   dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3) + (post_floyd | zcta)
## Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 19403.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -11.1733  -0.1857  -0.0051   0.1692  15.0710
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## zcta (Intercept) 16.204 4.025
## post_floyd1 2.026 1.423 -1.00
## Residual 2.152 1.467
## Number of obs: 5320, groups: zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 2.861e+00 8.643e-01 2.147e+01 3.310 0.00326 **
## t 7.629e-04 3.574e-04 4.886e+03 2.134 0.03285 *
## post_floyd1 -1.845e-01 3.712e-01 4.190e+01 -0.497 0.62174
## t_post_floyd -3.707e-02 6.749e-03 5.279e+03 -5.492 4.16e-08 ***
## state_of_emerg1 -1.378e-01 2.012e-01 5.259e+03 -0.685 0.49356
## stay_at_home1 -5.033e-01 2.094e-01 5.261e+03 -2.404 0.01626 *
## uof_lag -6.569e-02 1.013e-02 5.280e+03 -6.482 9.84e-11 ***
## stops_lag 7.822e-03 4.799e-03 5.266e+03 1.630 0.10318
## shoot_lag -3.098e+00 2.505e+00 5.283e+03 -1.237 0.21618
## tmax_f 3.528e-03 1.182e-03 5.255e+03 2.984 0.00286 **
## snow_in 9.525e-02 5.722e-02 5.254e+03 1.664 0.09608 .
## precip_in 3.351e-02 1.957e-01 5.256e+03 0.171 0.86403
## conc_dis -1.608e-01 1.354e-01 2.250e+01 -1.188 0.24723
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1) -8.160e-04 1.365e-02 5.304e+03 -0.060 0.95234
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2) 3.758e-03 1.141e-02 5.286e+03 0.329 0.74195
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3) 1.301e-02 1.140e-02 5.285e+03 1.141 0.25383
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling
re_blk <- lmer(blk_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
               state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
               uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
               tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
               conc_dis+
               dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)+
               dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)+
               (post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider

```

```
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

summary(re_blk)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: blk_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
## stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
## snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate,
## 1) + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate,
## 3) + (post_floyd | zcta)
## Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 29185.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##   Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -2.683 -0.146 -0.021  0.088 35.992
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##   zcta      (Intercept)    2.282     1.511
##             post_floyd1    1.559     1.249   -0.54
## Residual                    13.736     3.706
## Number of obs: 5320, groups:  zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    7.565e-01  3.822e-01 2.762e+01   1.979  0.05783
## t              5.833e-03  9.135e-04 5.138e+03   6.385 1.86e-10
## post_floyd1    2.918e+00  6.045e-01 1.942e+02   4.827 2.80e-06
## t_post_floyd  -7.239e-02  1.707e-02 5.278e+03  -4.241 2.26e-05
## state_of_emerg1 -2.499e+00  5.085e-01 5.249e+03  -4.914 9.20e-07
## stay_at_home1    2.277e+00  5.285e-01 5.249e+03   4.309 1.67e-05
## uof_lag        -9.975e-02  2.496e-02 3.188e+03  -3.996 6.58e-05
## stops_lag       2.348e-02  1.159e-02 1.384e+03   2.027 0.04290
## shoot_lag      -1.464e+00  6.414e+00 5.267e+03  -0.228 0.81951
## tmax_f         -1.128e-03  2.984e-03 5.247e+03  -0.378 0.70540
## snow_in        -1.148e-01  1.445e-01 5.245e+03  -0.795 0.42687
## precip_in      -3.439e-01  4.946e-01 5.246e+03  -0.695 0.48689
## conc_dis       -8.979e-01  2.716e-01 2.227e+01  -3.306 0.00318
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1) -8.113e-03  1.382e-02 5.304e+03  -0.587 0.55710
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)  1.881e-02  1.313e-02 5.300e+03   1.433 0.15204
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)  6.402e-03  1.311e-02 5.298e+03   0.488 0.62531
##
## (Intercept)      .
## t                 ***
## post_floyd1      ***
## t_post_floyd     ***
## state_of_emerg1  ***
## stay_at_home1    ***
## uof_lag          ***
```



```

## stops_lag          *
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
## precip_in
## conc_dis          **
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling

re_white <- lmer(white_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
                conc_dis+
                dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2)+
                dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3)+
                (post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

summary(re_white)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: white_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
##      stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
##      snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate,
##      1) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate,
##      3) + (post_floyd | zcta)
##      Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11251.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.7724 -0.2816 -0.0224  0.2272 20.2499
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      zcta     (Intercept) 0.65634   0.8101
##      post_floyd1 0.01115   0.1056   0.14
##      Residual    0.46525   0.6821
## Number of obs: 5320, groups: zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)

```

```

## (Intercept)          3.337e-01  1.770e-01  1.557e+01   1.886 0.078122
## t                    2.856e-03  1.828e-04  4.962e+03  15.624 < 2e-16
## post_floyd1         -2.101e-03  1.021e-01  8.315e+02  -0.021 0.983586
## t_post_floyd        -1.303e-02  3.125e-03  5.277e+03  -4.170 3.09e-05
## state_of_emerg1     -1.849e-01  9.365e-02  5.242e+03  -1.975 0.048358
## stay_at_home1       -8.914e-02  9.725e-02  5.244e+03  -0.917 0.359403
## uof_lag             -2.896e-02  4.692e-03  5.200e+03  -6.172 7.25e-10
## stops_lag           8.292e-03  2.190e-03  3.531e+03   3.786 0.000155
## shoot_lag          -1.567e+00  1.166e+00  5.272e+03  -1.345 0.178829
## tmax_f              7.334e-04  5.497e-04  5.239e+03   1.334 0.182209
## snow_in             1.227e-04  2.659e-02  5.238e+03   0.005 0.996319
## precip_in          -6.866e-02  9.100e-02  5.241e+03  -0.754 0.450611
## conc_dis            -5.142e-01  9.977e-02  1.110e+02  -5.154 1.12e-06
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1) -4.577e-03  1.361e-02  5.289e+03  -0.336 0.736714
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2)  4.465e-02  1.061e-02  5.252e+03   4.210 2.60e-05
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3)  7.406e-03  1.061e-02  5.256e+03   0.698 0.485171
##
## (Intercept)          .
## t                    ***
## post_floyd1
## t_post_floyd        ***
## state_of_emerg1     *
## stay_at_home1
## uof_lag             ***
## stops_lag           ***
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
## precip_in
## conc_dis            ***
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2) ***
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3)
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling

re_latin <- lmer(latin_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                 state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                 uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                 tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+
                 conc_dis+
                 dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2)+
                 dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3)+
                 (post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

```

```
summary(re_latino)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: latin_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
##   stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
##   snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate,
##   1) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate,
##   3) + (post_floyd | zcta)
##   Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 37187.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##   Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -3.485 -0.087 -0.011  0.057 62.356
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups      Name      Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##   zcta      (Intercept)  1.7293  1.3150
##             post_floyd1  0.2414  0.4913  -1.00
## Residual              79.1055  8.8941
## Number of obs: 5150, groups:  zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -5.464e-02  5.806e-01 2.009e+02  -0.094  0.92511
## t              6.866e-03  2.225e-03 5.131e+03   3.086  0.00204
## post_floyd1   -3.447e-01  1.301e+00 3.951e+03  -0.265  0.79101
## t_post_floyd    2.681e-02  4.059e-02 5.114e+03   0.661  0.50885
## state_of_emerg1 -9.535e-01  1.221e+00 5.117e+03  -0.781  0.43476
## stay_at_home1    6.466e-02  1.268e+00 5.113e+03   0.051  0.95933
## uof_lag         8.599e-01  9.095e-02 4.460e+03   9.454 < 2e-16
## stops_lag      -1.163e-02  2.992e-02 1.064e+02  -0.389  0.69834
## shoot_lag      -8.867e+00  1.530e+01 5.119e+03  -0.579  0.56235
## tmax_f         -5.510e-03  7.270e-03 5.119e+03  -0.758  0.44856
## snow_in        -5.237e-01  3.498e-01 5.113e+03  -1.497  0.13447
## precip_in       6.403e+00  1.214e+00 5.116e+03   5.274 1.39e-07
## conc_dis       -4.225e-01  2.952e-01 1.986e+01  -1.431  0.16794
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1) -6.657e-03  1.381e-02 5.083e+03  -0.482  0.62995
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2) -1.148e-02  1.308e-02 5.094e+03  -0.878  0.38007
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3) -6.900e-03  1.307e-02 5.094e+03  -0.528  0.59766
##
## (Intercept)
## t              **
## post_floyd1
## t_post_floyd
## state_of_emerg1
## stay_at_home1
## uof_lag         ***
## stops_lag
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
```

```

## precip_in          ***
## conc_dis
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2)
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3)
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')

#extract random coefficients
re_pf_white <- as.data.frame(coef(re_white)$zcta) %>%
  select(post_floyd1) %>%
  mutate(zipcode = as.numeric(rownames(.))) %>%
  rename(post_floyd1_white = post_floyd1)

re_pf_blk <- as.data.frame(coef(re_blk)$zcta) %>%
  select(post_floyd1) %>%
  mutate(zipcode = as.numeric(rownames(.))) %>%
  rename(post_floyd1_blk = post_floyd1)

re_pf_latin <- as.data.frame(coef(re_latin)$zcta) %>%
  select(post_floyd1) %>%
  mutate(zipcode = as.numeric(rownames(.))) %>%
  rename(post_floyd1_latin = post_floyd1)

#aggregate to zip-level over years
zip_level <- panel %>%
  group_by(zcta) %>%
  summarize(mh_all_tot = sum(mh_all_tot, na.rm = T),
            total_pop = sum(total_pop, na.rm = T),
            conc_dis = mean(conc_dis, na.rm = T)) %>%
  mutate(mh_incid_c = (mh_all_tot/total_pop)*1000) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  left_join(zcta, by = "zcta")

zip_level <- zip_level %>%
  left_join(re_pf_white, by = c("zcta" = "zipcode")) %>%
  left_join(re_pf_blk, by = c("zcta" = "zipcode")) %>%
  left_join(re_pf_latin, by = c("zcta" = "zipcode"))

#george floyd square
gfs <- geocode("George Floyd Square, Minneapolis", output = "latlon") %>%
  st_as_sf(coords = c("lon", "lat"), crs = "NAD83", remove=F) %>%
  mutate(name = "George Floyd Square")

re_coef_map_white <- ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = zip_level, aes(geometry = geometry, fill = post_floyd1_white), color = "lightgrey") +

```

```

geom_sf(data = mpls, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black", alpha = 0)+
geom_sf(data = gfs, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black")+
geom_text_repel(data = gfs, aes(x=lon, y=lat, label = name),
  size = 2,
  fontface = "bold")+
scale_fill_distiller(palette = "Spectral",
  limits = c(min(zip_level$post_floyd1_latin),
    max(zip_level$post_floyd1_blk)))+
labs(title = "Figure 3: RE Coefficients-White Residents",
  subtitle = "Rate per 1,000",
  fill = "Post-Killing Change")+
theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
  axis.text.y = element_blank(),
  axis.line = element_blank(),
  axis.ticks = element_blank(),
  panel.border = element_blank(),
  panel.grid = element_blank(),
  axis.title = element_blank(),
  panel.background = element_blank(),
  panel.grid.major = element_line(colour="transparent"),
  plot.subtitle = element_text(face="italic"),
  strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white",
    colour = "black"))+
ggspatial::annotation_scale()+
ggspatial::annotation_north_arrow(which_north = "true",
  location = "tr")

re_coef_map_blk <- ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = zip_level, aes(geometry = geometry, fill = post_floyd1_blk), color = "lightgrey") +
  geom_sf(data = mpls, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black", alpha = 0)+
  geom_sf(data = gfs, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black")+
  geom_text_repel(data = gfs, aes(x=lon, y=lat, label = name),
    size = 2,
    fontface = "bold")+
  scale_fill_distiller(palette = "Spectral",
    limits = c(min(zip_level$post_floyd1_latin),
      max(zip_level$post_floyd1_blk)))+
  labs(title = "Figure 4: RE Coefficients-Black Residents",
    subtitle = "Rate per 1,000",
    fill = "Post-Killing Change")+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
    axis.text.y = element_blank(),
    axis.line = element_blank(),
    axis.ticks = element_blank(),
    panel.border = element_blank(),
    panel.grid = element_blank(),
    axis.title = element_blank(),
    panel.background = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.major = element_line(colour="transparent"),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(face="italic"),
    strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white",
      colour = "black"))+
  ggspatial::annotation_scale()+

```

```

ggspatial::annotation_north_arrow(which_north = "true",
                                  location = "tr")

re_coef_map_latin <- ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = zip_level, aes(geometry = geometry, fill = post_floyd1_latin), color = "lightgrey") +
  geom_sf(data = mpls, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black", alpha = 0)+
  geom_sf(data = gfs, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black")+
  geom_text_repel(data = gfs, aes(x=lon, y=lat, label = name),
                  size = 2,
                  fontface = "bold")+
  scale_fill_distiller(palette = "Spectral",
                      limits = c(min(zip_level$post_floyd1_latin),
                                max(zip_level$post_floyd1_blk)))+
  labs(title = "Figure 5: RE Coefficients-Latine Residents",
       subtitle = "Rate per 1,000",
       fill = "Post-Killing Change")+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),
        panel.border = element_blank(),
        panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.title = element_blank(),
        panel.background = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major = element_line(colour="transparent"),
        plot.subtitle = element_text(face="italic"),
        strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white",
                                         colour = "black"))+
  ggspatial::annotation_scale()+
  ggspatial::annotation_north_arrow(which_north = "true",
                                  location = "tr")

cd_map <- ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = zip_level, aes(geometry = geometry, fill = conc_dis), color="lightgrey") +
  geom_sf(data = mpls, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black", alpha = 0)+
  geom_sf(data = gfs, aes(geometry = geometry), color = "black")+
  geom_text_repel(data = gfs, aes(x=lon, y=lat, label = name),
                  size = 2,
                  fontface = "bold")+
  scale_fill_distiller(palette = "Spectral")+
  labs(title = "Figure 6: Concentrated Disadvantage",
       subtitle = "Standard Deviation Units",
       fill = "Conc. Disad.")+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),
        panel.border = element_blank(),
        panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.title = element_blank(),
        panel.background = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major = element_line(colour="transparent"),
        plot.subtitle = element_text(face="italic"),

```

```

strip.background = element_rect(fill = "white",
                                colour = "black"))+
ggspatial::annotation_scale()+
ggspatial::annotation_north_arrow(which_north = "true",
                                location = "tr")

#RE random coefficient model - interaction
re_int <- lmer(mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
              state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
              uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
              tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+conc_dis+
              post_floyd:conc_dis+
              dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2)+
              dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3)+
              (1+post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling
summary(re_int)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula:
## mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg + stay_at_home +
## uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f + snow_in + precip_in +
## conc_dis + post_floyd:conc_dis + dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1) +
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3) + (1 + post_floyd |
## zcta)
## Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 19387.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -11.2181  -0.1877  -0.0094   0.1726  15.1220
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##  zcta     (Intercept) 16.889    4.110
##          post_floyd1  2.232    1.494   -1.00
## Residual                2.145    1.464
## Number of obs: 5320, groups: zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   2.913e+00  8.822e-01 2.134e+01   3.302  0.00334 **
## t              3.852e-04  3.674e-04 5.292e+03   1.048  0.29454
## post_floyd1   -1.939e-01  3.834e-01 3.922e+01  -0.506  0.61593
## t_post_floyd  -3.574e-02  6.743e-03 5.283e+03  -5.300 1.21e-07 ***
## state_of_emerg1 -1.462e-01  2.009e-01 5.282e+03  -0.728  0.46686

```

```
## stay_at_home1      -4.979e-01  2.091e-01  5.282e+03  -2.382  0.01727 *
## uof_lag            -6.324e-02  1.013e-02  5.291e+03  -6.244  4.61e-10 ***
## stops_lag          4.657e-03  4.844e-03  5.285e+03   0.961  0.33643
## shoot_lag          -2.904e+00  2.501e+00  5.282e+03  -1.161  0.24561
## tmax_f             3.560e-03  1.180e-03  5.282e+03   3.015  0.00258 **
## snow_in            9.468e-02  5.713e-02  5.282e+03   1.657  0.09754 .
## precip_in          4.813e-02  1.954e-01  5.282e+03   0.246  0.80544
## conc_dis           -1.098e+00  2.554e-01  2.151e+03  -4.297  1.81e-05 ***
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 1) -1.259e-04  1.363e-02  5.303e+03  -0.009  0.99263
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 2)  5.719e-03  1.140e-02  5.294e+03   0.501  0.61606
## dplyr::lag(mh_rate, 3)  1.132e-02  1.139e-02  5.295e+03   0.994  0.32028
## post_floyd1:conc_dis  5.118e-01  1.185e-01  4.007e+02   4.320  1.97e-05 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## fit warnings:
```

```
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling
```

```
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
```

```
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
```

```
re_int_blk <- lmer(blk_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                  state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                  uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                  tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+conc_dis+
                  post_floyd:conc_dis+
                  dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)+
                  dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)+
                  (1+post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)
```

```
## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
```

```
## rescaling
```

```
## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
```

```
## rescaling
```

```
summary(re_int_blk)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
```

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
```

```
## Formula: blk_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
```

```
## stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
```

```
## snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + post_floyd:conc_dis + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate,
```

```
## 1) + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate,
```

```
## 3) + (1 + post_floyd | zcta)
```

```
## Data: panel
```

```
##
```

```
## REML criterion at convergence: 29186
```

```
##
```

```
## Scaled residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

```
## -2.682 -0.146 -0.021  0.088 35.962
```

```
##
```

```
## Random effects:
```

```
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
```

```
##   zcta     (Intercept)    2.324    1.524
```

```
##                post_floyd1  1.715    1.310   -0.55
```



```

## Residual          13.735    3.706
## Number of obs: 5320, groups:  zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    7.578e-01  3.848e-01  2.591e+01   1.969   0.0597
## t              5.831e-03  9.158e-04  4.988e+03   6.367  2.10e-10
## post_floyd1    2.918e+00  6.104e-01  1.695e+02   4.780  3.79e-06
## t_post_floyd   -7.238e-02  1.708e-02  5.276e+03  -4.238  2.30e-05
## state_of_emerg1 -2.497e+00  5.084e-01  5.250e+03  -4.912  9.30e-07
## stay_at_home1   2.275e+00  5.285e-01  5.249e+03   4.305  1.70e-05
## uof_lag         -1.000e-01  2.496e-02  3.179e+03  -4.007  6.30e-05
## stops_lag       2.309e-02  1.162e-02  1.299e+03   1.988   0.0471
## shoot_lag       -1.463e+00  6.414e+00  5.266e+03  -0.228   0.8196
## tmax_f          -1.127e-03  2.984e-03  5.248e+03  -0.378   0.7057
## snow_in         -1.147e-01  1.445e-01  5.246e+03  -0.794   0.4272
## precip_in       -3.431e-01  4.946e-01  5.247e+03  -0.694   0.4879
## conc_dis        -9.089e-01  3.129e-01  2.166e+01  -2.905   0.0083
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1) -8.101e-03  1.382e-02  5.303e+03  -0.586   0.5577
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)  1.894e-02  1.314e-02  5.296e+03   1.442   0.1495
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)  6.399e-03  1.311e-02  5.298e+03   0.488   0.6255
## post_floyd1:conc_dis    1.675e-02  3.237e-01  1.492e+01   0.052   0.9594
##
## (Intercept)      .
## t                ***
## post_floyd1      ***
## t_post_floyd     ***
## state_of_emerg1  ***
## stay_at_home1    ***
## uof_lag          ***
## stops_lag        *
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
## precip_in
## conc_dis         **
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 2)
## dplyr::lag(blk_mh_rate, 3)
## post_floyd1:conc_dis
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling

re_int_white <- lmer(white_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                    state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                    uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                    tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+conc_dis+
                    post_floyd:conc_dis+
                    dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2)+
                    dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3)+
                    (1+post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider

```

```
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

summary(re_int_white)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: white_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
## stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
## snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + post_floyd:conc_dis + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate,
## 1) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate,
## 3) + (1 + post_floyd | zcta)
## Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11243.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.7510 -0.2846 -0.0215  0.2314 20.2107
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## zcta (Intercept) 0.74751 0.8646
## post_floyd1 0.01762 0.1328 -0.98
## Residual 0.46481 0.6818
## Number of obs: 5320, groups: zcta, 22
##
## Fixed effects:
##
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 3.416e-01 1.883e-01 1.579e+01 1.814 0.08873
## t 2.839e-03 1.829e-04 4.990e+03 15.520 < 2e-16
## post_floyd1 -1.727e-02 1.033e-01 3.744e+02 -0.167 0.86734
## t_post_floyd -1.245e-02 3.122e-03 5.274e+03 -3.988 6.75e-05
## state_of_emerg1 -1.855e-01 9.360e-02 5.252e+03 -1.982 0.04751
## stay_at_home1 -9.026e-02 9.719e-02 5.254e+03 -0.929 0.35314
## uof_lag -2.976e-02 4.704e-03 5.248e+03 -6.326 2.73e-10
## stops_lag 6.901e-03 2.214e-03 3.860e+03 3.117 0.00184
## shoot_lag -1.513e+00 1.164e+00 5.274e+03 -1.299 0.19385
## tmax_f 7.382e-04 5.495e-04 5.249e+03 1.343 0.17921
## snow_in 2.890e-04 2.658e-02 5.248e+03 0.011 0.99133
## precip_in -6.531e-02 9.096e-02 5.250e+03 -0.718 0.47282
## conc_dis -5.843e-01 1.013e-01 1.348e+02 -5.767 5.27e-08
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1) -4.552e-03 1.361e-02 5.294e+03 -0.335 0.73793
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2) 4.450e-02 1.061e-02 5.271e+03 4.193 2.80e-05
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3) 7.018e-03 1.061e-02 5.270e+03 0.661 0.50849
## post_floyd1:conc_dis 1.874e-01 3.560e-02 2.301e+01 5.264 2.43e-05
##
## (Intercept) .
## t ***
## post_floyd1
## t_post_floyd ***
## state_of_emerg1 *
## stay_at_home1
```

```

## uof_lag          ***
## stops_lag       **
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
## precip_in
## conc_dis        ***
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 2) ***
## dplyr::lag(white_mh_rate, 3)
## post_floyd1:conc_dis ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling
re_int_latin <- lmer(latin_mh_rate~t+post_floyd+t_post_floyd+
                    state_of_emerg+stay_at_home+
                    uof_lag+stops_lag+shoot_lag+
                    tmax_f+snow_in+precip_in+conc_dis+
                    post_floyd:conc_dis+
                    dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1)+ dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2)+
                    dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3)+
                    (1+post_floyd|zcta), data = panel)

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

## Warning: Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider
## rescaling

summary(re_int_latin)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: latin_mh_rate ~ t + post_floyd + t_post_floyd + state_of_emerg +
##      stay_at_home + uof_lag + stops_lag + shoot_lag + tmax_f +
##      snow_in + precip_in + conc_dis + post_floyd:conc_dis + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate,
##      1) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2) + dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate,
##      3) + (1 + post_floyd | zcta)
##      Data: panel
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 37187.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -3.489 -0.087 -0.011  0.058 62.350
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      zcta     (Intercept)  1.7787  1.3337
##      post_floyd1  0.2815  0.5306  -1.00
##      Residual      79.1087  8.8943
## Number of obs: 5150, groups:  zcta, 22
##

```

```

## Fixed effects:
##
##               Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    -4.450e-02  5.828e-01 1.866e+02  -0.076  0.93923
## t               6.836e-03  2.226e-03  5.121e+03   3.071  0.00214
## post_floyd1    -3.699e-01  1.302e+00  3.787e+03  -0.284  0.77634
## t_post_floyd   2.786e-02  4.062e-02  5.113e+03   0.686  0.49282
## state_of_emerg1 -9.574e-01  1.221e+00  5.115e+03  -0.784  0.43290
## stay_at_home1   6.886e-02  1.268e+00  5.112e+03   0.054  0.95669
## uof_lag         8.614e-01  9.096e-02  4.468e+03   9.470 < 2e-16
## stops_lag      -1.325e-02  3.017e-02  9.929e+01  -0.439  0.66147
## shoot_lag      -8.711e+00  1.531e+01  5.117e+03  -0.569  0.56934
## tmax_f         -5.506e-03  7.270e-03  5.118e+03  -0.757  0.44891
## snow_in        -5.239e-01  3.498e-01  5.112e+03  -1.497  0.13434
## precip_in       6.407e+00  1.214e+00  5.115e+03   5.278 1.36e-07
## conc_dis       -5.116e-01  3.278e-01  1.929e+01  -1.561  0.13481
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1) -6.709e-03  1.382e-02  5.083e+03  -0.486  0.62728
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2) -1.154e-02  1.308e-02  5.094e+03  -0.883  0.37748
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3) -6.916e-03  1.307e-02  5.093e+03  -0.529  0.59686
## post_floyd1:conc_dis  2.579e-01  4.051e-01  1.142e+02   0.637  0.52568
##
## (Intercept)
## t                **
## post_floyd1
## t_post_floyd
## state_of_emerg1
## stay_at_home1
## uof_lag          ***
## stops_lag
## shoot_lag
## tmax_f
## snow_in
## precip_in        ***
## conc_dis
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 1)
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 2)
## dplyr::lag(latin_mh_rate, 3)
## post_floyd1:conc_dis
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## Some predictor variables are on very different scales: consider rescaling
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')

#specifying varcov objects from model estimates
var_re_white <- VarCorr(re_white)
var_re_int_white <- VarCorr(re_int_white)
var_re_black <- VarCorr(re_blk)
var_re_int_black <- VarCorr(re_int_blk)
var_re_latin <- VarCorr(re_latin)
var_re_int_latin <- VarCorr(re_int_latin)
class(re_white) <- "lmerMod"
class(re_blk) <- "lmerMod"
class(re_latin) <- "lmerMod"

```

```

class(re_int_blk) <- "lmerMod"
class(re_int_white) <- "lmerMod"
class(re_int_blk) <- "lmerMod"
class(re_int_latin) <- "lmerMod"

library(patchwork)

(re_coef_map_white+re_coef_map_blk)/(re_coef_map_latin+cd_map)

```

Figure 3: RE Coefficients–White F  
Rate per 1,000

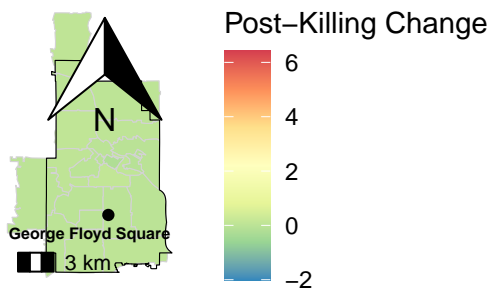


Figure 4: RE Coefficients–Black Reside  
Rate per 1,000

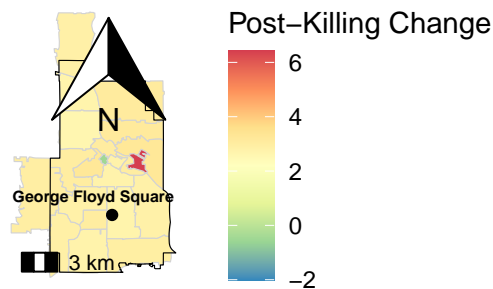


Figure 5: RE Coefficients–Latine I  
Rate per 1,000

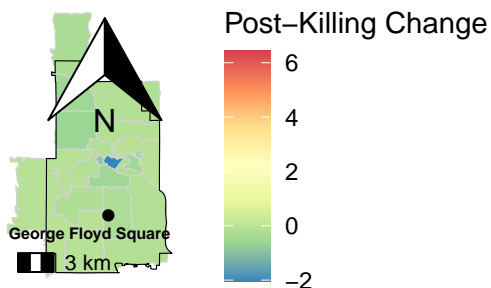
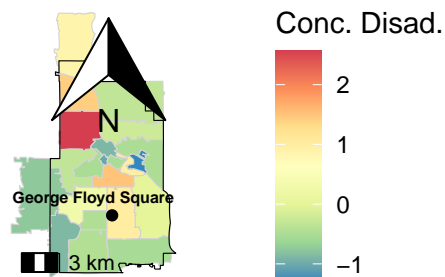


Figure 6: Concentrated Disadvantage  
Standard Deviation Units



```

stargazer(re_white, re_blk, re_latin, re_int_white, re_int_blk, re_int_latin,
  title = "Interrupted Time Series RE Models of Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016-2020",
  covariate.labels = c("T",
    "Post-Killing", "T Post-Killing",
    "COVID - State of Emerg.", "COVID - Stay at Home",
    "MPD Use of Force t-1", "MPD Stops t-1",
    "MPD OIS t-1",
    "Mean Max. Temp.", "Snow (in.)", "Precip. (in.)",
    "Conc. Disad.",
    "AR(1)-White", "AR(2)-White", "AR(3)-White",
    "AR(1)-Black", "AR(2)-Black", "AR(3)-Black",
    "AR(1)-Latine", "AR(2)-Latine", "AR(3)-Latine",
    "Post-KillingXConc.Disad."),
  dep.var.caption = "Mental Health Diagnoses/1,000",
  dep.var.labels.include = FALSE,

```

```

column.labels = c("White", "Black", "Latine",
                  "White w/ Int.", "Black w/ Int.", "Latine w/ Interaction"),
model.numbers = TRUE,
single.row = FALSE,
align = T,
omit.stat = "adj.rsq",
font.size="footnotesize",
no.space = T,
column.sep.width = "1pt",
#star.cutoffs = c(.05, .01, .001), star.char = c("*", "**", "***"),
report = "vcs",
ci=TRUE,
ci.level=0.95,
ci.separator = "|",
notes = "95\\% Confidence Intervals in parentheses",
header = F,
notes.append = F,
add.lines = list(c("Resid. Var.", round(attr(VarCorr(re_white), "sc")^2,2),
                  round(attr(VarCorr(re_int_white), "sc")^2,2),
                  round(attr(VarCorr(re_blk), "sc")^2,2),
                  round(attr(VarCorr(re_int_blk), "sc")^2,2),
                  round(attr(VarCorr(re_latine), "sc")^2,2),
                  round(attr(VarCorr(re_int_latine), "sc")^2,2)),
                  c("ZCTA Var.",
                    round(var_re_white$zcta[1,1],2),
                    round(var_re_int_white$zcta[1,1],2),
                    round(var_re_black$zcta[1,1],2),
                    round(var_re_int_black$zcta[1,1],2),
                    round(var_re_latine$zcta[1,1],2),
                    round(var_re_int_latine$zcta[1,1],2)),
                  c("Post-Floyd Var.",
                    round(var_re_white$zcta[2,2],2),
                    round(var_re_int_white$zcta[2,2],2),
                    round(var_re_black$zcta[2,2],2),
                    round(var_re_int_black$zcta[2,2],2),
                    round(var_re_latine$zcta[2,2],2),
                    round(var_re_int_latine$zcta[2,2],2))))

```

```

results_table<-standardizedSolution(cfa_cd) %>%
  filter(row_number() %in% c(1:6)) %>%
  dplyr::select(LHS=lhs, Specification=op, RHS=rhs, 'Std(Beta) '=est.std, SE=se,
               'P-Value'=pvalue) %>%
  mutate(LHS = case_when(
    LHS=="cd"~"Conc. Dis.",
    LHS=="unemp_rate"~"Unemp. Rate"),
    RHS = case_when(
      RHS=="unemp_rate"~"Unemp. Rate",
      RHS=="pov_rate"~"Poverty Rate",
      RHS=="female_hh_rate"~"Female-HH Rate",
      RHS=="no_hs_dip_rate"~"No HS Diploma Rate",
      RHS=="black_pop"~"Black Pop"
    ),
    Specification = case_when(
      Specification=="~"~"FL",

```

Table 2: Interrupted Time Series RE Models of Mental Health Diagnoses, Minneapolis 2016-2020

	Mental Health Diagnoses/1,000					
	White	Black	Latine	White w/ Int.	Black w/ Int.	Latine w/ Interaction
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
T	0.003 (0.002 0.003)	0.006 (0.004 0.008)	0.007 (0.003 0.011)	0.003 (0.002 0.003)	0.006 (0.004 0.008)	0.007 (0.002 0.011)
Post-Killing	-0.002 (-0.202 0.198)	2.918 (1.733 4.103)	-0.345 (-2.894 2.204)	-0.017 (-0.220 0.185)	2.918 (1.721 4.114)	-0.370 (-2.921 2.182)
T Post-Killing	-0.013 (-0.019 -0.007)	-0.072 (-0.106 -0.039)	0.027 (-0.053 0.106)	-0.012 (-0.019 -0.006)	-0.072 (-0.106 -0.039)	0.028 (-0.052 0.107)
COVID - State of Emerg.	-0.185 (-0.368 -0.001)	-2.499 (-3.495 -1.502)	-0.953 (-3.346 1.439)	-0.186 (-0.369 -0.002)	-2.497 (-3.494 -1.501)	-0.957 (-3.350 1.435)
COVID - Stay at Home	-0.089 (-0.280 0.101)	2.277 (1.241 3.313)	0.065 (-2.420 2.549)	-0.090 (-0.281 0.100)	2.275 (1.239 3.311)	0.069 (-2.416 2.554)
MPD Use of Force t-1	-0.029 (-0.038 -0.020)	-0.100 (-0.149 -0.051)	0.860 (0.682 1.038)	-0.030 (-0.039 -0.021)	-0.100 (-0.149 -0.051)	0.861 (0.683 1.040)
MPD Stops t-1	0.008 (0.004 0.013)	0.023 (0.001 0.046)	-0.012 (-0.070 0.047)	0.007 (0.003 0.011)	0.023 (0.0003 0.046)	-0.013 (-0.072 0.046)
MPD OIS t-1	-1.567 (-3.852 0.717)	-1.464 (-14.034 11.107)	-8.867 (-38.863 21.129)	-1.513 (-3.795 0.769)	-1.463 (-14.034 11.109)	-8.711 (-38.714 21.292)
Mean Max. Temp.	0.001 (-0.0003 0.002)	-0.001 (-0.007 0.005)	-0.006 (-0.020 0.009)	0.001 (-0.0003 0.002)	-0.001 (-0.007 0.005)	-0.006 (-0.020 0.009)
Snow (in.)	0.0001 (-0.052 0.052)	-0.115 (-0.398 0.168)	-0.524 (-1.209 0.162)	0.0003 (-0.052 0.052)	-0.115 (-0.398 0.168)	-0.524 (-1.210 0.162)
Precip. (in.)	-0.069 (-0.247 0.110)	-0.344 (-1.313 0.625)	6.403 (4.023 8.782)	-0.065 (-0.244 0.113)	-0.343 (-1.312 0.626)	6.407 (4.028 8.787)
Conc. Disad.	-0.514 (-0.710 -0.319)	-0.898 (-1.430 -0.366)	-0.423 (-1.001 0.156)	-0.584 (-0.783 -0.386)	-0.909 (-1.522 -0.296)	-0.512 (-1.154 0.131)
AR(1)-White	-0.005 (-0.031 0.022)			-0.005 (-0.031 0.022)		
AR(2)-White	0.045 (0.024 0.065)			0.045 (0.024 0.065)		
AR(3)-White	0.007 (-0.013 0.028)			0.007 (-0.014 0.028)		
AR(1)-Black		-0.008 (-0.035 0.019)			-0.008 (-0.035 0.019)	
AR(2)-Black		0.019 (-0.007 0.045)			0.019 (-0.007 0.045)	
AR(3)-Black		0.006 (-0.019 0.032)			0.006 (-0.019 0.032)	
AR(1)-Latine			-0.007 (-0.034 0.020)			-0.007 (-0.034 0.020)
AR(2)-Latine			-0.011 (-0.037 0.014)			-0.012 (-0.037 0.014)
AR(3)-Latine			-0.007 (-0.033 0.019)			-0.007 (-0.033 0.019)
Post-KillingXConc.Disad.				0.187 (0.118 0.257)	0.017 (-0.618 0.651)	0.258 (-0.536 1.052)
Constant	0.334 (-0.013 0.681)	0.757 (0.007 1.506)	-0.055 (-1.193 1.083)	0.342 (-0.027 0.711)	0.758 (0.004 1.512)	-0.044 (-1.187 1.098)
Resid. Var.	0.47	0.46	13.74	13.73	79.11	79.11
ZCTA Var.	0.66	0.75	2.28	2.32	1.73	1.78
Post-Floyd Var.	0.01	0.02	1.56	1.72	0.24	0.28
Observations	5,320	5,320	5,150	5,320	5,320	5,150
Log Likelihood	-5,625.624	-14,592.800	-18,593.900	-5,621.669	-14,593.020	-18,593.690
Akaike Inf. Crit.	11,291.250	29,225.600	37,227.810	11,285.340	29,228.050	37,229.390
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	11,422.830	29,357.180	37,358.750	11,423.500	29,366.210	37,366.870

Note:

95% Confidence Intervals in parentheses

```

Specification=="~~~Cov."),
`P-Value` = round(`P-Value`, 2))

stargazer(results_table, summary = FALSE, header = F,
  type="latex", style="aer", align = T,
  title="CFA Measurement Model of Concentrated Disadvantage",
  notes="$LR\\chi^2$ vs. saturated (4) = 1186, p < .05, CFI = .926, SRMR = .049")

```

Table 3: CFA Measurement Model of Concentrated Disadvantage

	LHS	Specification	RHS	Std(Beta)	SE	P-Value
1	Conc. Dis.	FL	Unemp. Rate	0.444	0.012	0
2	Conc. Dis.	FL	Poverty Rate	0.520	0.010	0
3	Conc. Dis.	FL	Female-HH Rate	0.866	0.004	0
4	Conc. Dis.	FL	No HS Diploma Rate	0.822	0.005	0
5	Conc. Dis.	FL	Black Pop	0.930	0.004	0
6	Unemp. Rate	Cov.	Black Pop	0.080	0.020	0

$LR\chi^2$  vs. saturated (4) = 1186, p < .05, CFI = .926, SRMR = .049