

# **Dependency Management in WordPress with Composer**

A large, faint watermark of the WordPress logo is centered in the background. It features a stylized face with a mustache and a goatee, wearing a white shirt with a bow tie. The word "COMPOSER" is written in a stylized, outlined font across the bottom of the logo.

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# Overview

1. What is Composer?
2. Why should you use Composer?
3. How can you get started with Composer?
4. How can you use Composer with WordPress?
5. What are some Issues you can run into

# What is Composer?



# What is Composer?

*Composer is a tool for dependency management in PHP. It allows you to declare the libraries your project depends on and it will manage (install/update) them for you.*

– **Composer Documentation**

# What is Composer?

Other Package/Dependency Managers

- NPM (JavaScript)
- RubyGems (Ruby)
- pip (Python)

# Composer Basics

## **init**

Initialize a composer.json file with prompts.

# Composer Basics

## **update**

Get the latest versions of dependencies and update the composer.lock file.



# Composer Basics

## **install**

Reads the composer.json file from the current directory, resolves the dependencies, and installs them into vendor.

# Composer Basics

## **require**

Adds new packages to the composer.json file from the current directory and installs them.

**Why Should  
You Use Composer?**



# Why Should You Use Composer?

Composer is useful for:

1. Managing **third-party** plugins/dependencies
2. **Autoloading** classes
3. Creating/running custom **install/build/[x]\_** scripts

**How Can You Get  
Started With  
Composer?**

A faint, stylized illustration in the background shows a person with brown hair and a frustrated expression, with their hands raised in the air. The word 'COMPOSER' is written in a stylized, outlined font at the bottom of the image.

# How can you get started with Composer?

<https://getcomposer.org/download/> (Local):

[Home](#) | [Getting Started](#) | [Download](#) | [Documentation](#) | [Browse Packages](#)

## Download Composer

Run this in your terminal to get the latest Composer version:

```
php -r "copy('https://getcomposer.org/installer', 'composer-setup.php');"
php -r "if (hash_file('SHA384', 'composer-setup.php') === '669656bab3166a7aff8a7506
php composer-setup.php
php -r "unlink('composer-setup.php');"
```

This installer script will simply check some php.ini settings, warn you if they are set incorrectly, and then download the latest composer.phar in the current directory. The 4 lines above will, in order:

- Download the installer to the current directory
- Verify the installer SHA-384 which you can also [cross-check here](#)
- Run the installer
- Remove the installer

WARNING: Please do not redistribute the install code. It will change with every version of the installer. Instead, please link to this page or check [how to install Composer programmatically](#).

# How can you get started with Composer?

Homebrew (Global):

```
brew update
```

```
brew tap homebrew/dupes
```

```
brew tap homebrew/php
```

```
brew install composer
```

# How can you get started with Composer?

Use Local:

```
php composer.phar init
```

Use Global:

```
composer init
```



# DEMO

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# How can you get started with Composer?

- Package Name: vendor/name (wordplas/cool-library)
- Description: What does your package do?
- Author: Who are you? (FirstName LastName <email@email.com>)
- Minimum Stability: defaults to stable
- Define Dependencies



**SO EASY!!!!**

2016  
NEW







# **How Can You Use Composer With WordPress?**

# How can you use Composer with WordPress?

1. Plugin/Theme Development
2. Manage your WordPress Install

# Plugin/Theme Development

1. Class Autoloading
2. Manage PHP dependencies

# Class Autoloading

1. PSR-4
2. PSR-0
3. classmap
4. file

# Class Autoloading

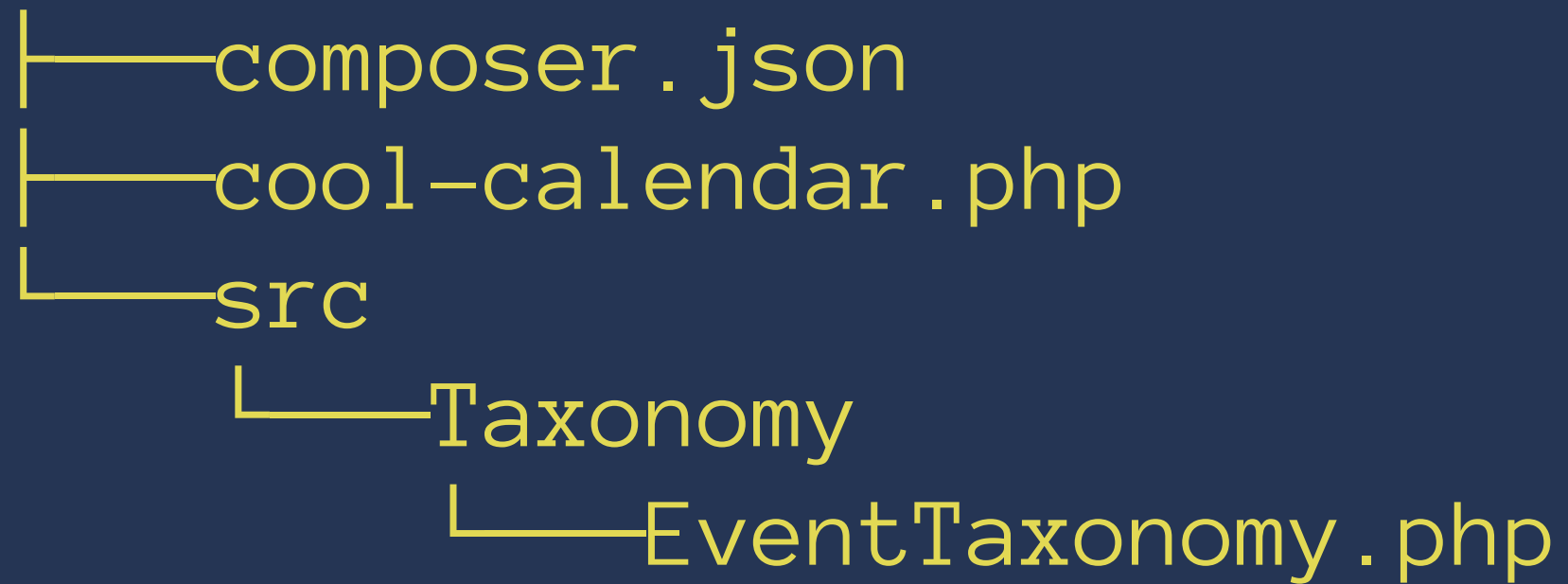
## PSR4

```
{  
    "autoload": {  
        "psr-4": {  
            "CoolCalendar\\": "src/"  
        }  
    }  
}
```



# Class Autoloading

## PSR4



```
graph LR; A[composer.json] --- B[cool-calendar.php]; A --- C[src]; C --- D[Taxonomy]; D --- E[EventTaxonomy.php];
```

Diagram illustrating the PSR4 autoloading structure:

- composer.json
- cool-calendar.php
- src
  - Taxonomy
    - EventTaxonomy.php

# Class Autoloading

## PSR4

`src/Taxonomy/EventTaxonomy.php`

```
<?php
```

```
namespace CoolCalendar\Taxonomy;
```

```
class EventTaxonomy{  
    public function do_something() {  
  
    }  
}
```

# Class Autoloading

## PSR4

cool-calendar.php

```
<?php
// Stuff about my plugin

use CoolCalendar\Taxonomy\EventTaxonomy;

require __DIR__ . '/vendor/autoload.php';

$taxonomy = new EventTaxonomy();
$taxonomy->do_something();
```

# DEMO

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# Class Autoloading

## Pros

- Only one require
- Organized code

# Class Autoloading

## Cons

- PSR-4 directly contradicts WordPress Coding Standards

# Manage PHP Dependencies

```
php composer.phar require guzzlehttp/guzzle:~6.0
```

```
{  
    "require": {  
        "guzzlehttp/guzzle": "~6.0"  
    }  
}
```

# Manage PHP Dependencies

```
<?php
```

```
use GuzzleHttp\Client;
```

```
$client = new GuzzleHttp\Client(['base_uri' => 'https://foo.com/api/']);  
$response = $client->request('GET', 'test');
```



# DEMO

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# Manage PHP Dependencies

- Cleaner repo
- Easier to manage updates
- Easier to keep everyone on the same version

# Manage your WordPress Install

## WordPress in a Sub-directory

```
{  
  "require": {  
    "johnpbloch/wordpress": "^4.7",  
    "composer/installers": "~1.2.0"  
  },  
  "extra": {  
    "wordpress-install-dir": "wp"  
  }  
}
```

# Manage your WordPress Install

## Manage Plugins as Dependencies

WordPress Packagist

```
{  
    "repositories": [  
        {  
            "type": "composer",  
            "url": "https://wpackagist.org"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

# Manage your WordPress Install

## Manage Plugins as Dependencies

```
composer require wpackagist-plugin/contact-form-7
```

# Manage your WordPress Install

## Manage Plugins as Dependencies

### Custom install directories

```
{
  extra": {
    "installer-paths": {
      "wp-content/plugins/{$name}/": ["type:wordpress-plugin"],
      "wp-content/mu-plugins/{$name}/": ["type:wordpress-muplugin"],
      "wp-content/themes/{$name}/": ["type:wordpress-theme"]
    }
  }
}
```

# DEMO

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# Manage your WordPress Install

## Next Steps:

- Set up wp-config and server config to recognize new folder structure
- See: [Bedrock](#) by Roots for an example of a full setup.





**What Are Some  
Issues You Can  
Run Into?**

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# Issues

## Version conflicts

- Plugin 1 requires FooSDK v1
- Plugin 2 requires FooSDK v2
- Plugin 1 is loaded first with FooSDK v1
- Plugin 2 runs into problems



**OH NO!!!**

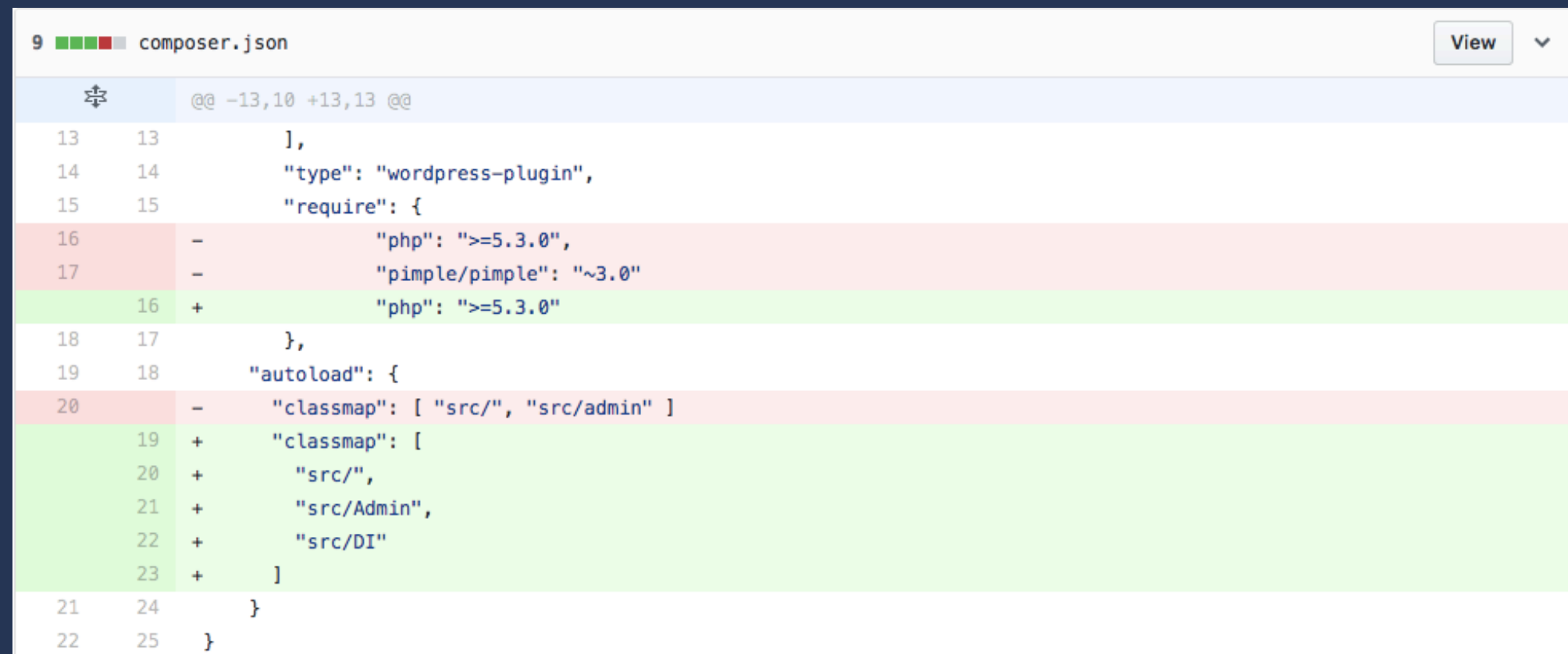
**WHAT CAN WE DO???**

# Options

- Manually rename packages
- Automatically rename packages

# Manually Rename Packages

- Copy the class files into a folder
- Add the folder to the autoloader section of composer.json



9 composer.json View

@@ -13,10 +13,13 @@

```
13 13     },
14 14     "type": "wordpress-plugin",
15 15     "require": {
16 -         "php": ">=5.3.0",
17 -         "pimple/pimple": "~3.0"
18 +         "php": ">=5.3.0"
19     },
20 18     "autoload": {
21 -         "classmap": [ "src/", "src/admin" ]
22 +         "classmap": [
23 +             "src/",
24 +             "src/Admin",
25 +             "src/DI"
26 +         ]
27     }
28 }
```

# Automatically Rename Packages

<https://github.com/coenjacobs/mozart>



# Automatically Rename Packages

```
<?php
```

```
use WordPlas\MozartTest\Dependencies\Pimple\Container;
```

```
require __DIR__ . '/vendor/autoload.php';
```

```
$container = new Container();
```

```
var_dump($container);
```



# DEMO

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# Issues

## Version conflicts

<https://deliciousbrains.com/dependency-management-wordpress-proposal/>

# Questions?

