Lab 5

This lab provides exercises on iteration over lists.

Download lab5 files from Canvas, and place it in your cpe101 directory.

Iteration Patterns

This part of the lab requires solving a number of relatively simple problems using specific iteration patterns. You will likely notice that the code in the functions for each pattern is very, very (extremely!) similar. That's because you will be using common patterns. Patterns are good; they allow programmers to think "I need to do something like that, but with different values or with different operations" and then do it by changing the parts that are actually different.

You must provide at least two test cases for each of the following functions.

Map Pattern

Develop these functions in the map directory in files map.py and map_tests.py.

Each of the functions for this part of the lab is to be implemented using the map pattern. In this pattern, each value in the result list is determined by a computation on the value in the corresponding position (i.e., at the same index) in the input list.

Note: You must implement at least one of these functions using a (explicit) loop and at least one of these functions using a list comprehension. You can choose either approach for the third function.

square_all

The square_all function computes and returns a list of the square of each value in the input list.

add_n_all

The add_n_all function (taking two parameters) computes and returns a list with each element set to the sum of the parameter n and the corresponding value in the input list.

distance all

The distance_all function computes and returns a list containing the distance from the origin to the corresponding point in the input list.

Filter Pattern

Develop these functions in the filter directory in files filter.py and filter tests.py.

Each of the functions for this part of the lab is to be implemented using the filter pattern. In this pattern, the values in the result list are determined by a conditional test on each value in the input list. Only those values that satisfy the condition will be copied to the result list. It is conventional for the values in the result list to be in the same relative order as in the input list.

Note: You must implement at least one of these functions using a (explicit) loop and at least one of these functions using a list comprehension. You can choose either approach for the third function.

are_positive

The are positive function returns a list of all positive values in the input list.

are_greater_than

The are_greater_than function (taking two parameters) returns a list of all values in the input list that are greater than the n parameter.

are_in_first_quadrant

The are_in_first_quadrant function returns all points in the input list that are in the first quadrant (i.e., both x- and y-components are positive) of the Cartesian plane.

Time Permitting (not required)

If you have the time and interest, explore the map and filter functions provided by Python.

Demonstration

Demonstrate the test cases from each part of the lab to your instructor to have this lab recorded as completed. In addition, be prepared to show the source code to your instructor.