

# Lecture 17

- 2nd order BL  
(continued #2)

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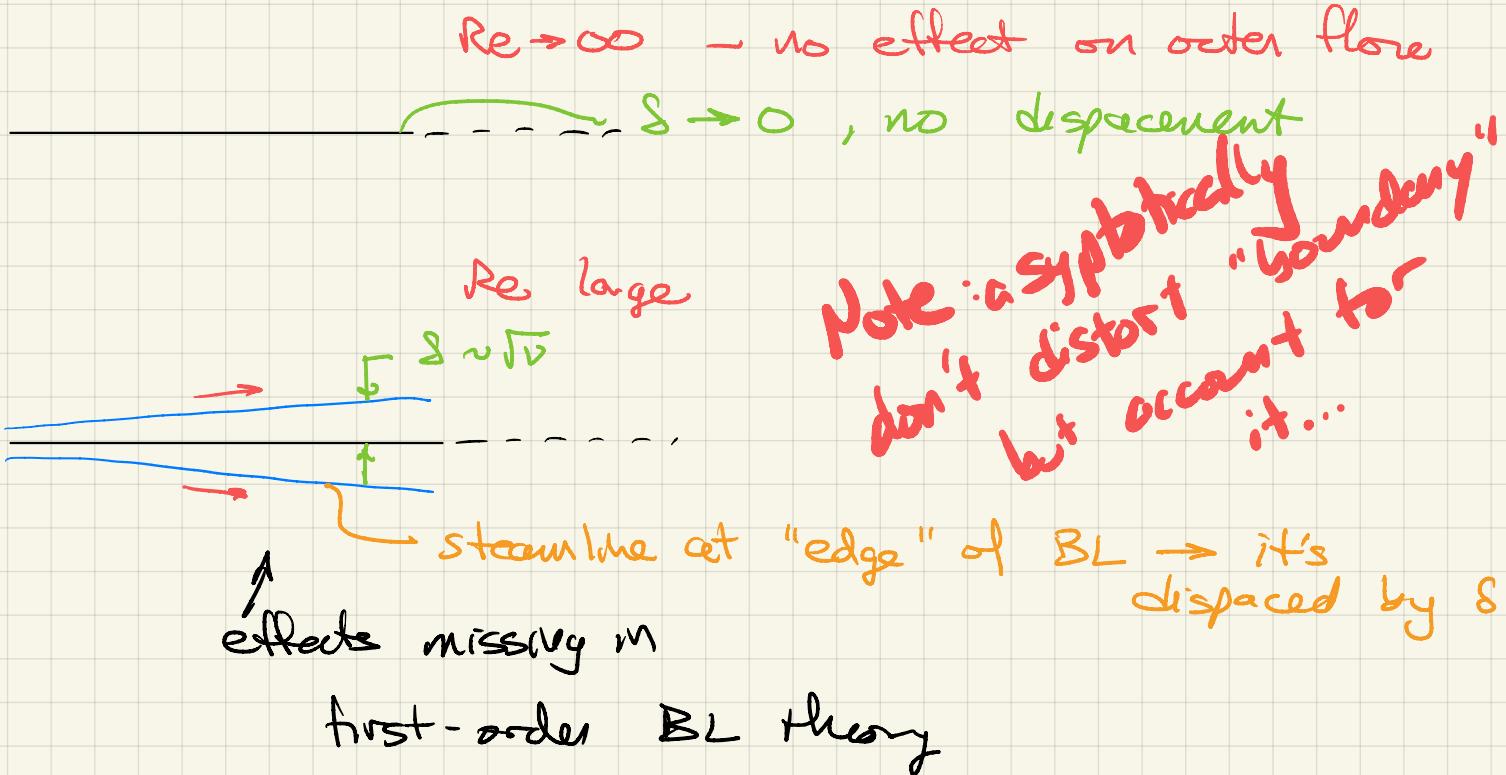
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# Lec 15



2nd Order BL theory  $\Rightarrow$  how to include these rigorously



- BL approximation due to some  $U, V$
- $U, V$  response to the BL

INNER

OUTER

MATCH, each responding to the other

Interpretation #1:

# LAST TIME -

Inner -to- Outer  
Match

$\psi$  - stream function

$\psi = \text{const} \rightarrow \text{streamlines}$

$\psi = 0$  a streamline

$$y = B_1 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{Re^{1/2}}$$

$$x = y^2$$



paraboliz streamline  
↓

2nd Order Match

match

$$\psi_2 = -B_1 \sqrt{x}$$

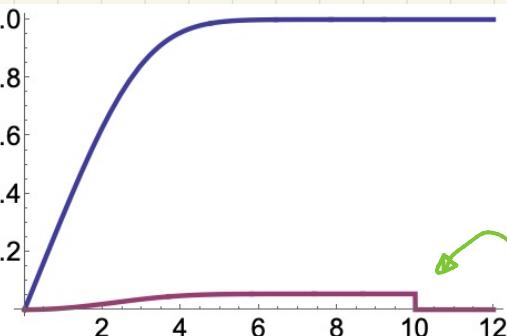
$$\delta_x \psi_2$$

$$\psi = \psi_1 - B_1 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{Re^{1/2}} + \psi_2$$

Interpretation #2:

$$v = -\psi_x = \frac{1}{2} \frac{B_1}{Re^{1/2}}$$

Note: looks like parabolic streamline, but applied @  $y=0$  -  
 $\frac{y}{Re^{1/2}} + S_-(Re) [\psi_2(x, 0)] +$



this should be the right  $v$  to  
remove the jump we saw at  $B_1$  "edge"

LATEX notes → uploaded

M?

Meeting feedback ...

Still need to solve (Match "above" was just "BC")

$$\rightarrow \text{sub } \psi = S_1 \psi_1 + S_2 \psi_2 \text{ into full N-S}$$

full

$$\left( \psi_y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - \psi_x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - \frac{1}{k_e} \nabla^2 \right) \nabla^2 \psi = 0$$

just substitution

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \overset{I}{\psi_{1y}} + \overset{A}{S_2 \psi_{2y}} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \overset{C}{\nabla^2 \psi_1} + \overset{II}{S_2 \nabla^2 \psi_2} \right) \\ & - \left( \overset{II}{\psi_{1x}} + \overset{B}{S_2 \psi_{2x}} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \overset{C}{\nabla^2 \psi_1} + \overset{III}{S_2 \nabla^2 \psi_2} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{k_e} \nabla^2 \nabla^2 \psi_1 - \frac{1}{k_e} S_2 \nabla^2 \nabla^2 \psi_2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$O(S_2) = O(\frac{1}{k_e} S_2)$

$O(I)$

$O(II)$

$O(S_2^2)$

$$O(I) : \left( \psi_{1y} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - \psi_{1x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \nabla^2 \psi_1 = 0 \quad \text{--- already solved } \psi_1 = \psi$$

$$\begin{aligned} O(S_2) : & S_2 \left( \overset{A}{\psi_{2y} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}} - \overset{B}{\psi_{2x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}} \right) \overset{C}{\nabla^2 \psi_1} \\ & + S_2 \left( \overset{I}{\psi_{1y} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}} - \overset{II}{\psi_{1x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}} \right) \overset{III}{\nabla^2 \psi_2} = O(\frac{1}{k_e}) = O(S_2^2) \end{aligned}$$

note: still no viscosity

$$u_z \frac{\partial \omega_1}{\partial x} + v_z \frac{\partial \omega_1}{\partial y}$$

2nd order  
advection of  
1st order  
vorticity

$$u_1 \frac{\partial \omega_2}{\partial x} + v_1 \frac{\partial \omega_2}{\partial y} = 0$$

1st order  
advection  
of 2nd order  
vorticity

$$\frac{D_2 \omega_1}{Dt}$$



$$\psi_i = y$$

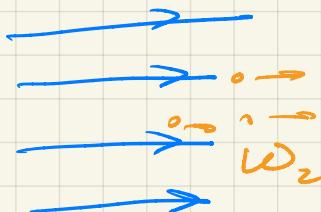
already have  $\nabla^2 \psi_i = 0$

$$\omega_1 = 0$$

$$\frac{D_1 \omega_2}{Dt}$$

just  
advection

$u_1$  advection



coming from far  
upstream

→ no upstream  $\omega$  to  
advect →  $\omega_2 = 0$  everywhere

$$\text{so } \nabla^2 \psi_2 = -\omega_2 = 0$$

solve 2nd order OUTER

$$\nabla^2 \psi_2 = 0$$

$$y = 0 \quad \beta C$$

$$\begin{matrix} y \rightarrow \pm \infty, \\ x \rightarrow -\infty \end{matrix}$$

$$\psi_2(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ -\beta_1 \sqrt{x} & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\psi_2(x, y) = o(y)$$

— a degree  
smaller than  
 $\psi_1 = y$

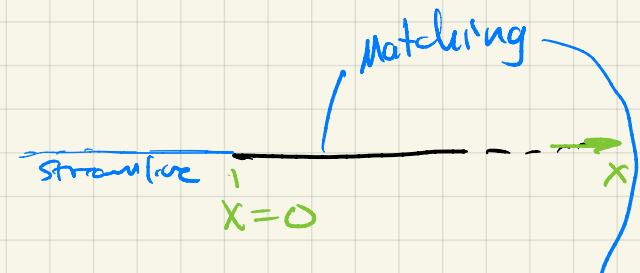
solution

$$\psi_2 = -\beta_1 \operatorname{Re} \left\{ \sqrt{x+iy} \right\}$$

$$\text{can check } \frac{\partial^2 \psi_2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \psi_2}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$x+iy = r e^{i\theta}$$

$$\nabla^2 \psi_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial \psi_2}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 \psi_2}{\partial \theta^2} = 0$$

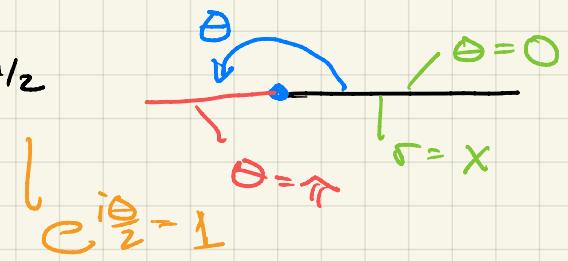


$$\psi_2(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ -\beta_1 \sqrt{x} & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

like our  
etc y  
for Tadudiff

BC

$$\psi_2(r, 0) = -B_1 r^{1/2}$$



$$\psi_2(r, \pi) = 0 \quad \operatorname{Re}\{C^{i\theta_2}\} = 0$$

by inspection

$$\psi_2(r, \theta) = -B_1 r^{1/2} e^{i\theta/2} \quad \text{if satisfies}$$

$$\nabla^2 \psi_2 = 0$$

sub in ...

$\xrightarrow{\text{sub in}}$

$$-\frac{B_1}{4} r^{-3/2} e^{i\theta/2} + \frac{B_1}{4} r^{-3/2} e^{i\theta/2} = 0$$



2nd order OUTER

$$\psi = \psi_1 + S_2 \psi_2$$

$$\psi = y - \frac{B_1}{R e^{1/2}} \operatorname{Real} \left\{ \sqrt{x+iy} \right\}$$

$$u = \psi_{1, y} = 1 - \frac{B_1}{R e^{1/2}} \frac{1}{2} (x+iy)^{1/2} i$$

drop "Real"  
part  
restriction

MATCH back to INNER

represent in INNER variables

$Re \rightarrow \infty$  expand

to  $O(\gamma/Re^{1/2})$

$$= 1 - \frac{\beta_1}{Re^{1/2}} \sum_i \left( x + i \frac{\gamma}{Re^{1/2}} \right)^{-1/2}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\beta_1}{Re^{1/2}} \sum_i \underbrace{\frac{i^{-1/2}}{x} + O(\gamma/Re)}$$

pure imaginary

$$= 1 + \frac{\phi}{Re^{1/2}}$$

↑ zero to  $O(Re^{1/2})$

=

INNER

$$\psi = \Delta_1 \bar{\Psi}_1(x, \gamma) + \Delta_2 \bar{\Psi}_2(x, \gamma)$$

$\uparrow$  Blasius  
 $\uparrow$   $\gamma/Re^{1/2}$  still not set

represent in OUTER variables

$$\gamma = y Re^{1/2}$$

$$= \Delta_1 \bar{\Psi}_1(x, y Re^{1/2}) + \Delta_2 \bar{\Psi}_2(x, y Re^{1/2}) + \dots$$

$$\text{MATCH } u = \psi_y$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Re^{\frac{1}{2}}} \cancel{R^{\frac{1}{2}} \Phi_{1y}(x, y \Re^{\frac{1}{2}})} + \Delta_2 \Re^{\frac{1}{2}} \Phi_{2y}(x, y \Re^{\frac{1}{2}}) + \dots$$

Blasius

$$\Phi_1 = \sqrt{x} f_1(\eta) \quad \eta = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\Phi_{1y} = \cancel{\sqrt{x} f'_1(\eta)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = f'_1(\eta) = f'_1 \left( \underbrace{\frac{y \Re^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}}} \right)$$

take  $\Re \rightarrow \infty$

$$= f'_1 \left( \underbrace{\frac{y \Re^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}}} \_\infty \right) + \Re^{\frac{1}{2}} \Delta_2 \Phi_{2y}(x, \infty)$$

$$f'_1(\infty) = 1$$

$\Re$  to  
match OUTER  
term

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{\Re^{\frac{1}{2}}} \bar{\Phi}_{2y}(x, \infty)$$

$\Rightarrow \phi$  to match  
OUTER

like "BC"

SOLVE 2nd order INNER

$$\psi = \Delta_1 \Psi_1 + \Delta_2 \Psi_2 \Rightarrow \text{full NS}$$

⋮

$$O(\Delta_2) : \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( \Psi_{2YYY} + \Psi_{1x} \Psi_{2YY} - \Psi_{1y} \Psi_{2xy} \right. \\ \left. + \Psi_{2x} \Psi_{1yy} - \Psi_{2y} \Psi_{1xy} \right) = 0$$

keep viscous term

nonlinear 1<sup>st</sup> / 2<sup>nd</sup> mix terms

$\Psi_1$  - known (Blasius)

$\Psi_2$  - linear equation for  $\Psi_2$

BC

$$\Phi_2(x, 0) = 0$$

no penetration  
— wall stream line

$$\Phi_{2y}(x, 0) = 0$$

no slip

$$\Phi_{2y}|_{x, \infty} = 0$$

match

solution is

$$\Phi_2 = 0$$

(unique)

or eigenfunctions

(non unique)

OUTER:

$$y = \frac{1}{Re^{1/2}} \beta_1 \operatorname{Real} \left\{ \sqrt{x+iy} \right\}$$

INNER

$$\frac{f_x}{Re} f_1 \left( \frac{y Re^{1/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{0}{Re^{1/2}}$$

COMMON

$$y = \frac{\beta_1}{Re} \sqrt{x}$$

COMPOSITE:

$$\frac{f_x}{Re^{1/2}} f_1 \left( \frac{y Re^{1/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\beta_1}{Re^{1/2}} \operatorname{Real} \left\{ \sqrt{x+iy} \right\} + \frac{\beta_1}{Re^{1/2}} \sqrt{x}$$

$Re = 100$

