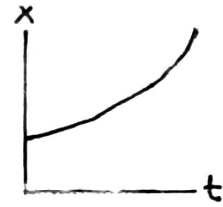
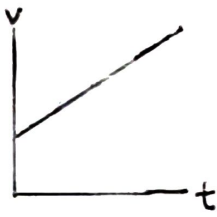
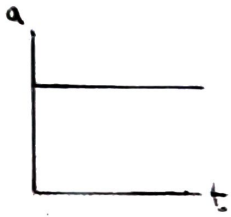


## Kinematic equations

When  $a$  is constant.



$$V_f = \int a \, dt$$

$$t = \frac{V_f - V_i}{a} \quad \leftarrow \quad \boxed{V_f = at + V_i}$$

$$X_f = \int at + V_i \, dt$$

$$\boxed{X_f = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + V_i t + X_i}$$

$$X_f = \frac{1}{2}a \left( \frac{V_f - V_i}{a} \right)^2 + V_i \left( \frac{V_f - V_i}{a} \right) + X_i \quad \leftarrow$$

$$X_f - X_i = \frac{1}{2}a \frac{(V_f - V_i)^2}{a^2} + \frac{V_i(V_f - V_i)}{a} = \frac{(V_f - V_i)^2}{2a} + \frac{2V_i(V_f - V_i)}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{(V_f - V_i)^2 + 2V_i(V_f - V_i)}{2a}$$

$$(V_f - V_i)(V_f - V_i) = V_f^2 - 2V_i V_f + V_i^2$$

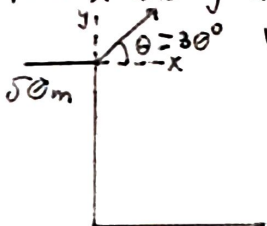
$$(2V_i)(V_f - V_i) = 2V_i V_f - 2V_i^2$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{V_f^2 - 2V_i V_f + V_i^2 + 2V_i V_f - 2V_i^2}{2a} = \frac{V_f^2 - V_i^2}{2a}$$

$$\boxed{V_f^2 = V_i^2 + 2a\Delta x}$$

## 2D motion

The  $x$  and  $y$  acceleration are separate.  $a_x = 0$  and  $a_y = -g = -9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$



$$V_i = 10 \frac{m}{s}$$

a) How far above the roof does it go?

$$V_{yi} = V_i \sin \theta \quad V_{yf} = 0 \quad V_{yf}^2 = V_{yi}^2 + 2a \Delta y$$

$$0^2 = (V_i \sin \theta)^2 + 2(-g) \Delta y \quad \Delta y = 1.28m$$

b) How long does it take to reach the ground?

$$Y_f = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + V_{yi}t + Y_i \quad -50 = \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)t^2 + V_i \sin \theta t + 0 \quad 0 = -4.9t^2 + 5t + 50$$

c) What angle does it hit the ground?

$$V_{xf} = V_x = V_i \cos \theta \quad V_{yf} = at + V_{yi}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{V_{yf}}{V_{xf}} \quad \theta = -74.74^\circ$$

$$a = -4.9 \quad b = 5 \quad c = 50$$

$$t = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(-4.9)(50)}}{2(-4.9)}$$

d) How far away from the building does it hit?

$$X_f = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + V_{xi}t + X_i \quad X_f = 0 + V_i \cos \theta t + 0 \quad X_f = 32.475m$$

$$t = -1.72 \text{ and } 3.75s$$