### GIS 3 Lab 1

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This lab is aimed to practice R installation and some introductory materials of the course.

#### 1. R Version

First, we check the R version installed.

```
## [1] "R version 3.6.3 (2020-02-29)"
```

As we can see, our R version is 3.6.3.

Next up, we will see some basic GIS examples achievable in R.

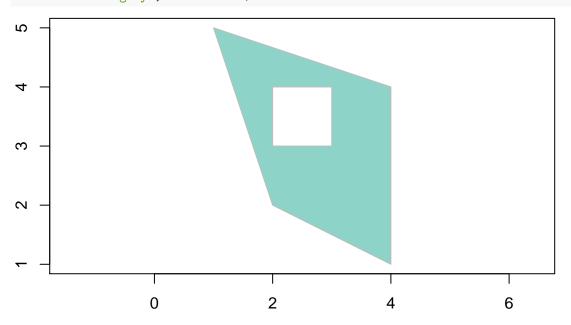
## 2. Simple Feature Geometries

The **sf** package contains multiple geometric construction functions that can be used to construct geometries such as points, lines, polygons and many more. This demonstration will showcase soome features of this functionality.

#### Polygon With A Hole

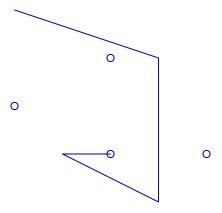
One of the special geometries that **sf** is able to build is a polygon with a hole. The code chunk below will construct such a shape. It is done by creating a polygon and its hole and combining those two together. (Code is shown for this part.)

```
polygon_border = rbind(c(1, 5), c(2, 2), c(4, 1), c(4, 4), c(1, 5))
polygon_hole = rbind(c(2, 4), c(3, 4), c(3, 3), c(2, 3), c(2, 4))
polygon_with_hole_list = list(polygon_border, polygon_hole)
plot(st_polygon(polygon_with_hole_list), col = sf.colors(12, categorical = TRUE),
    border = 'grey', axes = TRUE)
```



### **Another Example**

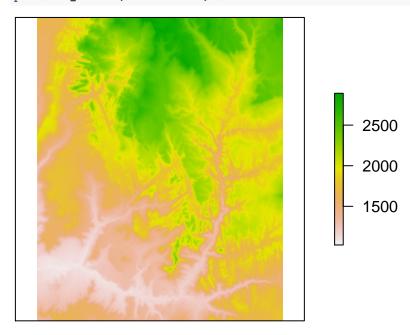
In this example, we draw two shapes together with the \textbf{st\_geometrycollection} function. In this case, we combine a multipoint and a linestring:



# 3. Basic Map Making Example

Using the raster package, we can make a map using the dataset in section 2.3 of the textbook. This map uses raster.

```
raster_filepath = system.file("raster/srtm.tif", package = "spDataLarge")
new_raster = raster(raster_filepath)
plot(new_raster, axes=FALSE, )
```



This is the end of Lab 1 of GIS 3.