

# Applied Text Mining in Python

Topic modeling



#### Documents Exhibit Multiple Topics

#### Seeking Life's Bare (Genetic) Necessities

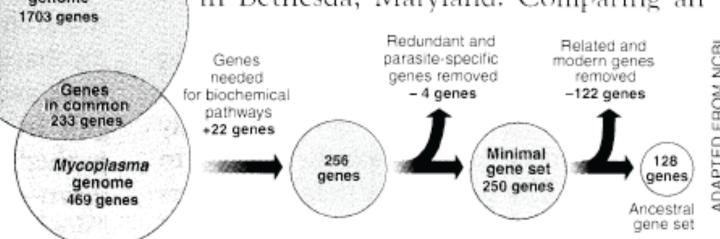
How many genes does an organism need to survive? Last week at the genome meeting here,\* two genome researchers with radically different approaches presented complementary views of the basic genes needed for life. One research team, using computer analyses to compare known genomes, concluded that today's organisms can be sustained with just 250 genes, and that the earliest life forms

required a mere 128 genes. The other researcher mapped genes in a simple parasite and estimated that for this organism, 800 genes are plenty to do the job—but that anything short of 100 wouldn't be enough.

Although the numbers don't match precisely, those predictions

"are not all that far apart," especially in comparison to the 75,000 genes in the human genome, notes Siv Andersson of Uppsala University in Sweden, who arrived at the 800 number. But coming up with a consensus answer may be more than just a genetic numbers game, particularly as more and more genomes are completely mapped and sequenced. "It may be a way of organizing any newly sequenced genome," explains

Arcady Mushegian, a computational molecular biologist at the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) in Bethesda, Maryland. Comparing an



Stripping down. Computer analysis yields an estimate of the minimum modern and ancient genomes.

(Figure courtesy Prof. David Blei)

Latent Dirichlet Allocation (Blei et al., '03)

Topic 1: Genetics

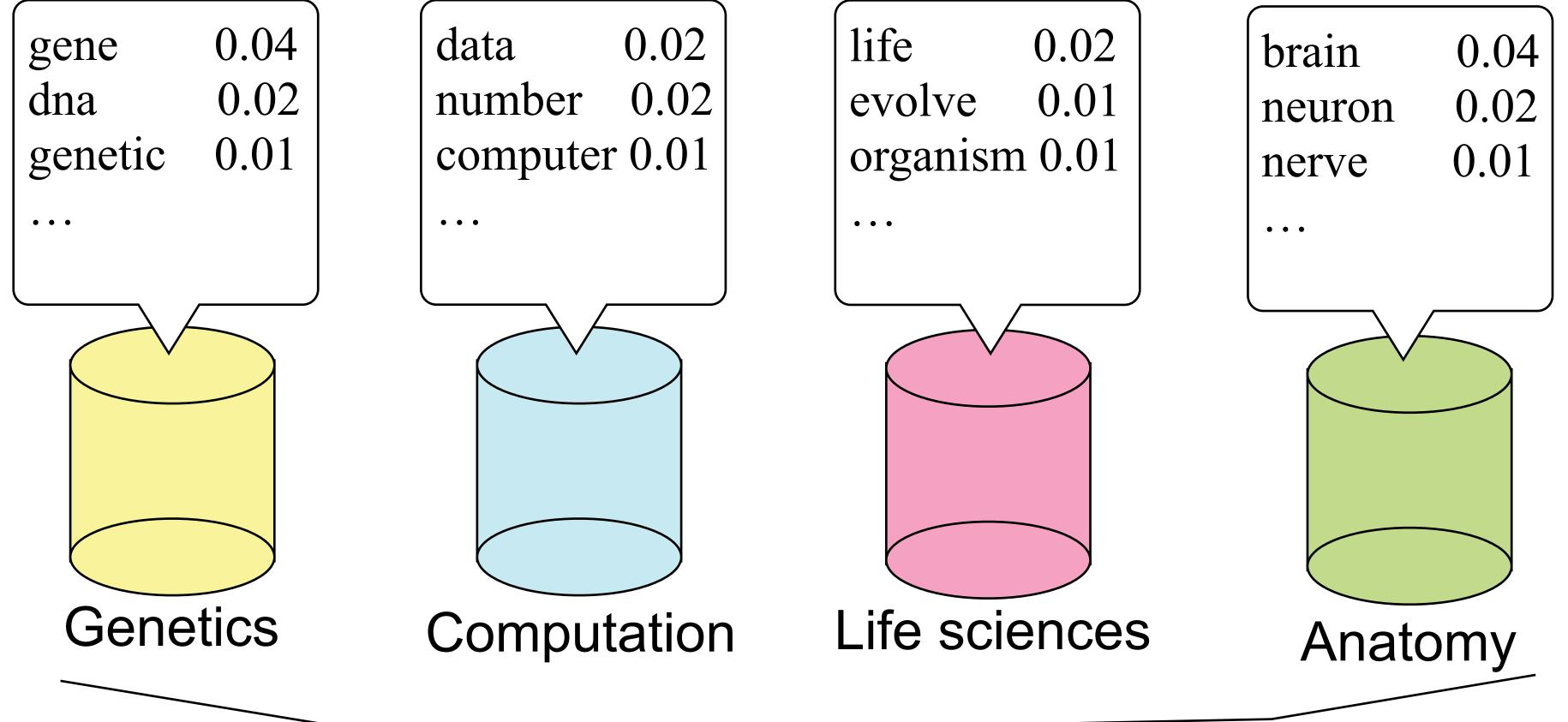
gene, sequence, genome, ...

Topic 2: Computation number, computer, analysis, ...

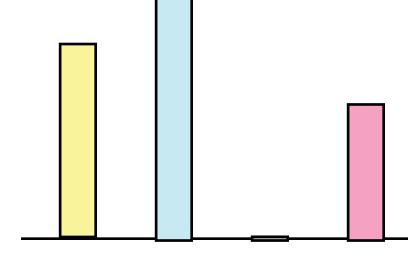
Topic 3: Life sciences life, survive, organism, ...

<sup>\*</sup> Genome Mapping and Sequencing, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, May 8 to 12.

### Intuition: Documents as a mixture of topics



Seeking life's bare (genetic) necessities





## What is Topic Modeling?

- A course-level analysis of what's in a text collection
- Topic: the subject (theme) of a discourse
- Topics are represented as a word distribution
- A document is assumed to be a mixture of topics



#### More examples of topics

human genome dna genetic genes sequence gene molecular sequencing map information genetics mapping project sequences

evolution evolutionary species organisms life origin biology groups phylogenetic living diversity group new two

common

disease host bacteria diseases resistance bacterial new strains control infectious malaria parasite parasites united tuberculosis

computer models information data computers system network systems model parallel methods networks software new simulations

(Figure courtesy Prof. David Blei)



# What is Topic Modeling? (2)

- What's known:
  - The text collection or corpus
  - Number of topics
- What's not known:
  - The actual topics
  - Topic distribution for each document

# What is Topic Modeling? (3)

- Essentially, text clustering problem
  - Documents and words clustered simultaneously

- Different topic modeling approaches available
  - Probabilistic Latent Semantic Analysis (PLSA) [Hoffman '99]
  - Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) [Blei, Ng, and Jordan, '03]