

```
### R code from vignette source 'RIntro.Rnw'
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 1: "House keeping"
```

```
#####
```

```
options(width=81,continue=" ")
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 2: "assigning variables"
```

```
#####
```

```
y <- 5
```

```
y
```

```
assign("e",2.7183)
```

```
e
```

```
s = sqrt(2)
```

```
s
```

```
r <- rnorm(n=2)
```

```
r
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 3: "creating a vector and matrix and data.frame"
```

```
#####
```

```
x <- c(3.1416,2.7183)
```

```
m <- matrix(rnorm(9),nrow=3)
```

```
tab <- data.frame(store=c("downtown","eastside","airport"),sales=c(32,17,24))
```

```
cities <- c("Seattle","Portland","San Francisco")
```

```
ls()
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 4: "house keeping"
```

```
#####
```

```
options(width=40)
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 5: "type of an object"
```

```
#####
```

```
x
```

```
typeof(x)
```

```
cities
```

```
typeof(cities)
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 6: "house keeping"
```

```
#####
```

```
options(width=81)
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 7: "class of an object"
```

```
#####
```

```
m
```

```
class(m)
```

```
tab
```

```
class(tab)
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 8: "vectorized operations"
#####
constants <- c(3.1416,2.7183,1.4142,1.6180)
names(constants) <- c("pi","euler","sqrt2","golden")
constants
constants^2
10*constants

#####
### code chunk number 9: "vector indexing"
#####
constants[c(1,3,4)]
constants[c(-1,-2)]
constants[c("pi","golden")]
constants > 2
constants[constants > 2]

#####
### code chunk number 10: "illustrating recycling rule"
#####
constants
constants*2
constants*c(0,1)
constants*c(0,1,2)

#####
### code chunk number 11: "seq function arguments"
#####
args(seq.default)

#####
### code chunk number 12: "creating sequences"
#####
1:5
-5:5
seq(from=0,to=1,len=5)
seq(from=0,to=20,by=2.5)

#####
### code chunk number 13: "passing arguments to a function"
#####
seq(0,10,2)
seq(by=2,0,10)
seq(0,10,len=5)
seq(0,10)

#####
### code chunk number 14: "plot function arguments"
#####
args(plot.default)

#####
```

```
### code chunk number 15: "rep function examples"
#####
rep(0,10) # initialize a vector
rep(1:4, 2) # repeat pattern 2 times
rep(1:4, each = 2) # repeat each element 2 times
rep(1:4, c(2,1,2,1))
rep(1:4, each = 2, len = 10) # 8 integers plus two recycled 1's.
rep(1:4, each = 2, times = 3) # length 24, 3 complete replications
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 16: "methods for the generic function plot"
#####
methods(plot)[1:15]
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 17: "loading a library and loading data"
#####
args(library)
args(data)
library(nutshell)
data(top.bacon.searching.cities)
top.bacon.searching.cities[1,]
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 18: "install.packages function arguments"
#####
args(install.packages)
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 19: "installing packages" (eval = FALSE)
#####
## install.packages("nutshell")
## # or if repository needs to be specified
## install.packages("nutshell", repos="http://cran.fhcrc.org")
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 20: RIntro.Rnw:749-755
#####
percentChange <- function(x)
{
  100*(x[-1]/x[-length(x)]-1)
}
sales <- c(100,105,110,105,100)
percentChange(sales)
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 21: "creating lists"
#####
myList <- list(pi=3.1416,euler=2.7183,golden=1.6180)
class(myList)
length(myList)
myList
diverseList <- list(magic=myList,random=matrix(rnorm(4),ncol=2),
  state=c("WA","OR"))
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 22: "extracting elements from a list"  
#####  
myList[2]  
myList[[2]]  
myList[["pi"]]  
myList$golden  
diverseList[[3]][2]
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 23: "exploring a data.frame object"  
#####  
data(batting.2008)  
class(batting.2008)  
dim(batting.2008)  
batting.2008[1:2,1:4]  
class(batting.2008[,2])  
class(batting.2008[,3])  
class(batting.2008[,4])
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 24: "head and tail functions"  
#####  
args(getS3method("head", "data.frame"))  
data(dow30)  
head(dow30)  
tail(dow30,3)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 25: "extracting elements from a data.frame"  
#####  
dow30[1:4,c("symbol","Date","Close")]  
head(dow30[-1,c(1,2,6)],3)  
dow30[dow30[, "Volume"]>1.5e9,  
      c("symbol","Date","Close","Volume")]
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 26: RIntro.Rnw:927-932  
#####  
pet.str <- c("dog","cat","cat","dog","fish","dog","rabbit")  
pets <- as.factor(pet.str)  
pets  
as.numeric(pets)  
levels(pets)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 27: "getting and setting the working directory"  
#####  
(my.wd <- getwd())  
setwd(R.home())  
getwd()  
setwd(my.wd)  
getwd()
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 28: "read.table function arguments"
#####
args(read.table)

#####
### code chunk number 29: "write.table function example"
#####
intc <- dow30[dow30[, "symbol"]=="INTC", -1]
write.table(x=intc, file="INTC.CSV", quote=F, sep=",", col.names=T, row.names=F)
msft <- dow30[dow30[, "symbol"]=="MSFT", -1]
write.table(x=msft, file="MSFT.CSV", quote=F, sep=",", col.names=T, row.names=F)

#####
### code chunk number 30: "read.table function example"
#####
dat <- read.table("intc.csv", header=TRUE, sep=",", as.is=TRUE)
dat[1:5,]

#####
### code chunk number 31: "write.table function arguments"
#####
args(write.table)
args(write)

#####
### code chunk number 32: "write.table function example"
#####
write(x=constants, file="vector.dat", sep="\t")
write.table(x=m, file="matrix.dat", sep="\t", row.names=F, col.names=F)
file.info(list.files(pattern=".[d][a][t]", full.names=T))[, c("size", "mtime")]

#####
### code chunk number 33: "paste function example"
#####
args(paste)
a <- 2; b <- 2
paste("We know that: ", a, " + ", b, " = ", a+b, sep = "")
paste("variable", 1:5, sep="")

#####
### code chunk number 34: "apply function example"
#####
args(apply)
set.seed(1)
(m <- matrix(sample(9), ncol=3))
apply(m, 2, sum)

#####
### code chunk number 35: "opening R help system"
#####
help.start()
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 36: "getting help for a function"  
#####  
help(read.table)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 37: "alternative method for getting help for a function"  
#####  
??predict
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 38: "plot function arguments"  
#####  
args(plot.default)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 39: plotPoints  
#####  
library(Ecdat)  
data(Capm)  
plot(Capm[, "rf"])
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 40: plotLine  
#####  
plot(Capm[, "rf"], type="l")
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 41: plotBars  
#####  
plot(Capm[, "rmrf"], type="h")
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 42: plotXY  
#####  
plot(Capm[, "rmrf"], Capm[, "rcon"])
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 43: "points function arguments"  
#####  
args(points.default)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 44: "lines function arguments"  
#####  
args(lines.default)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 45: "text function arguments"  
#####  
args(text.default)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 46: plotEmptyFrame  
#####  
plot(0,xlim=c(-20,20),ylim=c(-20,20),type="n",  
     xlab="market return",ylab="construction return")
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 47: plotAllComponentsSeperately  
#####  
plot(0,xlim=c(-20,20),ylim=c(-20,20),type="n",  
     xlab="market return",ylab="construction return")  
points(x=Capm[, "rmrf"],y=Capm[, "rcon"],col="gray")  
lines(x=-20:20,y=-20:20,lwd=2,col="darkred")  
text(20,20,labels="slope = 1",pos=2)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 48: "segments function arguments"  
#####  
args(segments)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 49: "curve function arguments"  
#####  
args(curve)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 50: "abline function arguments"  
#####  
args(abline)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 51: "matplot function arguments"  
#####  
args(matplot)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 52: "par function parameters"  
#####  
names(par())
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 53: "legend function arguments"  
#####  
args(legend)
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 54: "barplot function arguments"  
#####  
args(barplot.default)
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 55: plotPDF
#####
args(dnorm)
x <- seq(from = -5, to = 5, by = 0.01)
x[1:10]
y <- dnorm(x)
y[1:5]
par(mar = par()$mar + c(0,1,0,0))
plot(x=x,y=y,type="l",col="seagreen",lwd=2,
      xlab="x",ylab="density\ny = dnorm(x)")
grid(col="darkgrey",lwd=2)
title(main="Probability Density Function (PDF)")
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 56: plotCDF
#####
args(pnorm)
args(qnorm)
y <- pnorm(x)
par(mar = par()$mar + c(0,1,0,0))
plot(x=x,y=y,type="l",col="seagreen",lwd=2, xlab="x = qnorm(y)",
      ylab="probability\ny = pnorm(x)") ; grid(col="darkgrey",lwd=2)
title(main="Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF)")
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 57: "house keeping"
#####
set.seed(1)
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 58: "rnorm function argument"
#####
args(rnorm)
x <- rnorm(150)
x[1:5]
y <- rnorm(50,sd=3)
y[1:5]
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 59: "hist function arguments"
#####
args(hist.default)
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 60: plotDefaultHistogram
#####
hist(x,col="seagreen")
```

```
#####
### code chunk number 61: plotDensityHistogram
#####
hist(c(x,y),prob=T,breaks="FD",col="seagreen")
```

```
#####
```



```
### code chunk number 62: plotHistogramWithManyBreaks
```

```
#####
```

```
hist(c(x,y),prob=T,breaks=50,col="seagreen")
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 63: "create zoo object"
```

```
#####
```

```
library(zoo)
```

```
msft.df <- read.table("MSFT.CSV", header = TRUE, sep = ",", as.is = TRUE)
```

```
head(msft.df,2)
```

```
args(zoo)
```

```
msft.z <- zoo(x=msft.df[, "Close"],order.by=as.Date(msft.df[, "Date"]))
```

```
head(msft.z)
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 64: "inspect zoo object"
```

```
#####
```

```
class(msft.z)
```

```
start(msft.z)
```

```
end(msft.z)
```

```
frequency(msft.z)
```

```
class(coredata(msft.z))
```

```
class(time(msft.z))
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 65: plotZooTimeSeries
```

```
#####
```

```
ticks <- as.Date(unique(as.yearmon(index(msft.z))))
```

```
plot(msft.z, xaxt='n',xlab="",ylab="$",main="Microsoft Stock Price")
```

```
axis(side=1, at=ticks, lab=format(ticks,"%b-%y"))
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 66: "read zoo object"
```

```
#####
```

```
args(read.zoo)
```

```
soft <- read.zoo(file="MSFT.CSV",header=TRUE,sep=",")
```

```
head(soft,2)
```

```
class(soft)
```

```
class(coredata(soft))
```

```
class(index(soft))
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 67: "variable scoping example"
```

```
#####
```

```
f <- function(x) {
```

```
  y <- 2*x
```

```
  print(x) # formal parameter
```

```
  print(y) # local variable
```

```
  print(z) # free variable
```

```
}
```

```
#####
```

```
### code chunk number 68: "check search path"
```

```
#####
```

```
search()
```

```
#####  
### code chunk number 69: "variable scoping example 1 and 2"  
#####  
# example 1  
a <- 10  
x <- 5  
f <- function (x) x + a  
f(2)  
# example 2  
f<- function (x)  
{  
  a<-5  
  g(x)  
}  
g <- function(y) y + a  
f(2)  
  
#####  
### code chunk number 70: "variable scoping example 3 and 4"  
#####  
# example 3  
f <- function (x) {  
  a<-5  
  g <- function (y) y + a  
  g(x)  
}  
f(2)  
# example 4  
f <- function (x) {  
  x + mean(rivers) # rivers is defined in the dataset package  
}  
f(2)
```