Group 9 - Iota

Assignment Requirements: Design Description

CS 4320

November 14th.

## Goals:

The goal of this project is to implement several additional API endpoints to Augur. These will be integrated with the existing API and offer functionality not already included. While these new endpoints will not be associated with visualizations (out of scope), they will be implemented in a manner that can facilitate such developments at a later time. These new endpoints are as follows.

- Sustained contributors (non-new contributors)
  - How many existing contributors have in some way contributed to the project during a certain period of time. This will involve mapping a given contributor to all types of contributions and aggregating this data.
  - This is a time series and best suited to a standard metric.
  - o Tables accessed in database query:
    - commits
- Release/tag frequency X
  - Average period of time between discrete tags or releases. This will involve comparing the times of various releases to each other and taking the average interval between them.
  - This is a time series and best suited to a standard metric.
  - Tables accessed in database query:
    - releases
- Proportion of merged/closed pull requests X
  - Ratio of merged pull requests over pull requests closed without merging. This will involve aggregating the total merged pull requests and closed pull requests per-repository.
  - This is a summary of the database and is likely best suited to a non-standard metric (route).
  - Tables accessed in database query:
    - pull requests
- Sum of additions/removals per contributor per repository X
  - Net code additions for a particular contributor. This will involve taking the sum of the additions and the sum of deletions from a particular contributor and calculating the difference.
  - This information describes information about particular contributors and is best suited to a non-standard metric (route).
  - Tables accessed in database query:
    - contributors, commits
- Messages by users on issues/PRs

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- This is a general category. The following is information that is relevant to this concern.
- All of these describe information about contributors in relation to messages and are likely best implemented as non-standard metrics (routes).
- Messages in discussions by authors over time (absolute or proportional). This will involve aggregating the amounts of messages by each author for a certain time period.
  - Tables referenced
    - issues, pull\_requests, message
- Proportion of message counts on PRs that were merged vs closed. This will
  involve taking the sum of the messages on PRs that were merged and the sum of
  the messages on PRs that were closed and calculating the difference.
  - Tables referenced
    - pull\_requests
- o Total of message lengths by author.
  - Tables referenced
    - pull\_requests, issues, contributors

From an architectural perspective, all of these noted changes can be made in the form of database queries, as is done for the already present endpoints. Beyond this, it will be necessary both to provide a mechanism to specify parameters to the endpoints and provide a means for the result of the query to be returned back to the caller, as is necessary for the API extensions to be useful.

An example endpoint implementation can be found in api/metrics/pull\_request.py the dev-ryan branch.

## Tests:

Test cases will ensure that for the given input request, appropriate results are returned. Because no proposed API endpoints modify the database, it is not necessary to check for data integrity both before and after the test. Tests will ensure the correctness of the information returned and that the new endpoints access the database correctly.

Tests are located in their own folder in the github repository. See the tests directory on the dev-group9 branch.

# SQL Query Examples for Endpoint Development:

While the purpose of this stage of development is not to entirely implement all details of the described endpoints, the following are some queries that could be used to retrieve the information required for some of their functionality.

- Proportion of merged/closed pull requests
  - This query returns a table of repos and the corresponding merged/closed pull request ratio for each repo. If there are no closed pull requests for the repo, then the ratio is null (division by 0)

```
SELECT
      -a.repo id,
      CAST(merged AS FLOAT) / NULLIF(CAST(closed AS FLOAT),0) AS
merged to closed ratio FROM
      (SELECT
            repo id, COUNT(pr merged at) AS merged
            FROM pull requests
            WHERE pr merged at IS NOT NULL
            GROUP BY repo_id) a
      INNER JOIN
      (SELECT
            repo_id, COUNT(pr_closed_at) AS closed
            FROM pull requests
            WHERE pr_merged_at IS NULL
            GROUP BY repo id) b
      ON a.repo id = b.repo id
      WHERE a.repo_id = :repo_id;
```

Note: It may be prudent to select a specific row from this resulting table for use in augur; this is a more general query that can be easily selected from.

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- Sum of additions/removals per contributor per repository.
  - This query will return a table of contributor email addresses mapped to the net contributions by that contributor. The table will be empty if there are no common contributors between the contributors and commits tables.

#### **SELECT**

```
cntrb_email,SUM(cmt_added)-SUM(cmt_removed) AS net_contributions FROM augur_data.contributors,augur_data.commits

WHERE cntrb_email=cmt_committer_email

GROUP BY cntrb_email;
```

Note: It will be necessary to select a particular row from the result to get the results for a particular contributor of a given repository, which may be required depending on how the endpoint is implemented in augur.

- Release/tag frequency
  - Note that this query is currently hard-coded to return the number of releases per day for each repo. It should be improved upon in the future to support multiple time frames.

### SELECT