usart_lib v2

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1 Hardware USART library for AVR 8bit MCU's

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Piotr Rudzki (c)2015

Date

08.03.2016

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1.2 Introduction

For now only supported data format is 8N1. This library supports two modes of operation for up to four USART's.

- · Interrupt based mode with separate circular transmitting and receiving buffers for each enabled USART
- · Normal mode without additional buffers.
- Mixing modes of operation is supported, e.g. USART0 in interrupt based mode, and USART1 in normal mode.

1.2.1 Changelog

Version

- 2.0 08.03.2016
 - full library rewrite, whole usage change
 - · added doxygen generated documentation
 - supported: ATmega162, ATmega48, ATmega88, ATmega168, ATmega328, ATmega640, A
 —
 Tmega1280, ATmega1281, ATmega2560, ATmega2561, Atmega16, ATmega32, ATmega323, A
 —
 Tmega8

Todo

- · add support for more AVR MCU's
- · add support for more frame formats
- · add support for MPCM

Bug

ATmega161 not working! Changes in usartInit(usartNumber_T, uint16_t) function and in usart_lib-mach.h
needed.

1.3 Usage

- · Include usart_lib.h in your sources.
- · Define proper macros, below details.
- Desired USART must be initialized before use. In both modes procedure looks identical. Simply call usart
 —
 Init(usartNumber_T, uint16_t) function.

2 Todo List

1.3.1 Interrupt based usage:

Define minimum one USART to use. e.g. USE_USART0_INTERRUPT, USE_USART1_INTERRUPT, USE
 E_USART1_INTERRUPT, USE_USART1_INTERRUPT. You can simply define this at the beginning usart
 _lib.h or in CFLAGS passed to AVR-GCC. Second option is preferred.

- Additional define buffers length separate for every USART transmitter and receiver. e.g. USART0_RX_BU
 FFER_LENGTH=32, USART0_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH=64. NOTE buffer length must be power of 2 and not
 exceed 256. If you not define buffers for used USART both buffers will be 16 bytes length.
- · Use functions provided for this purpose.

Warning

If interrupt mode isn't used for given USART it should not be enabled by macro USE_USARTx_INTERRUPT. It'll use some flash for two ISR (for receiver and transmitter) and some RAM for buffers!

See also

Interrupt mode receiver functions
Interrupt mode transmitter functions

1.3.2 Normal usage:

- Define minimum one USART to use: USE_USART0, USE_USART1, USE_USART2, USE_USART3. You
 can simply define this at the beginning usart_lib.h or in CFLAGS passed to AVR-GCC. Second option is
 preferred.
- · Use functions provided for this purpose.

See also

Normal mode receiver functions Normal mode transmitter functions

Always newest version You can find here: https://github.com/ryba84/usart_lib

2 Todo List

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3 Bug List

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6.1 File List

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7 Module Documentation

7.1 Macros

Macros

• #define USE USART0

define if You want USART0 support in normal mode

#define USE USART1

define if You want USART1 support in normal mode

#define USE USART2

define if You want USART2 support in normal mode

• #define USE_USART3

define if You want USART3 support in normal mode

#define USE USARTO INTERRUPT

define if You want USART0 support in interrupt mode

#define USE_USART1_INTERRUPT

define if You want USART1 support in interrupt mode

• #define USE USART2 INTERRUPT

define if You want USART2 support in interrupt mode

#define USE USART3 INTERRUPT

define if You want USART3 support in interrupt mode

#define USART0 RX BUFFER LENGTH 16

USART0 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

• #define USART0_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART0 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

• #define USART1 RX BUFFER LENGTH 16

USART1 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

• #define USART1_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART1 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART2_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART2_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART3_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART3 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART3 TX BUFFER LENGTH 16

USART3 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define ABS_VAL(x) (((x) < 0LL) ? (-(x)) : (x))

Calculate absolute value for given signed long long. Used by ERROR_CALC(x)

#define UBRR_CALC(x) (((F_CPU) + 8UL * (x)) / (16UL * (x)) - 1UL)

Calculate UBRR register value in normal mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define DOUBLE_UBRR_CALC(x) (((F_CPU) + 4UL * (x)) / (8UL * (x)) - 1UL)

Calculate UBRR register value in double mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define CM_BAUD(x) ((F_CPU) / (16UL * ((x) + 1UL)))

Calculate baud rate for given UBRR value in normal mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define DOUBLE_CM_BAUD(x) ((F_CPU) / (8UL * ((x) + 1UL)))

Calculate baud rate for given UBRR value in double mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define ERROR_CALC(x, y) (ABS_VAL(((x) * 1000LL) / (y) - 1000LL))

Calculate baud rate error multiplied by 1000 for given close match baud rate x and desired y baud rate. Used by $BAUD_CALC(x)$

• #define BAUD CALC(x)

Calculate UBRR register value for passed baud rate x.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Macro definitions

7.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
7.1.2.1 #define BAUD_CALC( x )
```

Value:

```
((ERROR_CALC(CM_BAUD(UBRR_CALC(x)),(x)) <=\
        ERROR_CALC(DOUBLE_CM_BAUD(DOUBLE_UBRR_CALC(x)),(x))) ?\
        UBRR_CALC(x) :\
        (DOUBLE_UBRR_CALC(x) | 0x8000))</pre>
```

Calculate UBRR register value for passed baud rate x.

If baud error in normal mode will be greater then baud error in double mode then macro returns UBRR value for double mode. Because maximum UBRR value must be lower then 4096 (1 << 12), macro sets 15th bit in returned value to indicate double mode.

Warning

This macro does not check for UBRR overflow!!! It doesn't test if baud rate error isn't too big!!! You should read datasheet for Your MCU to find out best baud rate for used F_CPU.

Examples:

interrupt_mode.c.

7.1.2.2 #define USART0_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART0 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.3 #define USART0_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART0 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

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7.1.2.4 #define USART1_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART1 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.5 #define USART1_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART1 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.6 #define USART2_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.7 #define USART2_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.8 #define USART3_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART3 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.1.2.9 #define USART3_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART3 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

Warning

maximum defined length 256

7.2 Type definitions

Data Structures

struct fifo_T

FIFO buffer type. Used only in interrupt based USART.

struct usartTxBuffer_T

Transmitter structure. Used only in interrupt based USART.

Typedefs

```
    typedef enum __txStatus _txStatus_T
        USART transmitter status.
```

• typedef enum __usartNumber usartNumber_T

USART's names for use with library functions.

typedef void(* _usartFctPtr_T) (usartNumber_T const)

Function pointer for library callbacks.

Enumerations

7.2.1 Detailed Description

New type definitions

7.2.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

```
7.2.2.1 enum txStatus
```

USART transmitter status.

Enumerator

```
STOPPED library sets this when transmitter interrupt not working STARTED library sets this when transmitter interrupt working
```

```
7.2.2.2 enum __usartNumber
```

USART's names for use with library functions.

Enumerator

```
USARTO for USARTOUSART1 for USART1USART2 for USART2USART3 for USART3
```

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7.3 Universal functions

Functions

void usartInit (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint16_t const ubrrValue)
 USART initialization.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

This group contains functions used by all modes transmitter and receiver

7.3.2 Function Documentation

7.3.2.1 void usartInit (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint16_t const ubrrValue)

USART initialization.

Always must be run for used USART. On the fly baud rate change supported. Simply use this function another time for desired USART. You should wait for all transmissions end before baud change.

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)
ubrrValue	Value calculated with BAUD_CALC(x) macro

7.4 Interrupt mode receiver functions

Functions

• int16_t usartGetByteFromReceiveBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get byte from receive buffer.

void registerRxDataReadyCallback (usartFctPtr T callback)

Register callback function called when new data in buffer.

void registerRxBufferFullCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when receive buffer full.

void usartRxStart (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Start interrupt based receiver.

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use with interrupt mode receiver

7.4.2 Function Documentation

7.4.2.1 void registerRxBufferFullCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when receive buffer full.

Callback function must be void type, and get as argument USART number (usartNumber_T). Registering this function is not required.

Parameters

callback	Pointer to void function. Function must accept USART number as parameter (usartNumber_T)
----------	--

7.4.2.2 void registerRxDataReadyCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when new data in buffer.

Callback function must be void type, and get as argument USART number (usartNumber_T). Registering this function is not required.

Parameters

callback	Pointer to void function. Function must accept USART number as parameter (usartNumber_T)
----------	--

7.4.2.3 int16_t usartGetByteFromReceiveBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get byte from receive buffer.

Returns

When buffer empty returns -1, otherwise returns data byte.

Parameters

usartNumber USART number

 $7.4.2.4 \quad \text{void usartRxStart (} \ \ \textbf{usartNumber_T const} \ \textit{usartNumber} \ \ \textbf{)}$

Start interrupt based receiver.

Parameters

7.5 Interrupt mode transmitter functions

Functions

• int8_t usartPutByteToTransmitBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Put byte to transmit buffer.

void registerTxCompleteCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when transmission from buffer ends.

void usartTxStart (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Start interrupt based transmitter.

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use with interrupt mode transmitter

7.5.2 Function Documentation

7.5.2.1 void registerTxCompleteCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when transmission from buffer ends.

Callback function must be void type, and get as argument USART number (usartNumber_T). Registering this function is not required.

Parameters

7.5.2.2 int8_t usartPutByteToTransmitBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Put byte to transmit buffer.

Returns

When buffer full it doesn't put any data in and returns -1, otherwise returns 0.

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number
data	Byte to put in buffer

7.5.2.3 void usartTxStart (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Start interrupt based transmitter.

Parameters

7.6 Normal mode receiver functions

Functions

uint8_t usartDataReceived (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)
 Get receive complete flag.

uint8_t usartImGetByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Immediate return contents of USART data register.

• uint8_t usartGetByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Wait for receive complete flag, then return contents of USART data register.

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use with normal mode receiver

7.6.2 Function Documentation

7.6.2.1 uint8_t usartDataReceived (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get receive complete flag.

Returns

Returns non zero value if flag set, else returns 0

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)
-------------	------------------------------

7.6.2.2 uint8_t usartGetByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Wait for receive complete flag, then return contents of USART data register.

Returns

USART data register contents

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)

7.6.2.3 uint8_t usartImGetByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Immediate return contents of USART data register.

Returns

USART data register contents

Parameters

7.7 Normal mode transmitter functions

Functions

uint8_t usartDataTransferred (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)
 Get transmit complete flag.

void usartImPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)
 Immediate put byte to USART data register.

• void usartPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Wait for transmit complete flag, then put byte to USART data register.

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use with normal mode transmitter

7.7.2 Function Documentation

7.7.2.1 uint8_t usartDataTransferred (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get transmit complete flag.

Returns

Returns non zero value if flag set, else returns 0

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)
-------------	------------------------------

7.7.2.2 void usartImPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Immediate put byte to USART data register.

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)
data	Byte to put (uint8_t)

7.7.2.3 void usartPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Wait for transmit complete flag, then put byte to USART data register.

Parameters

usartNumber	USART number (usartNumber_T)
data	Byte to put (uint8_t)

8 Data Structure Documentation

8.1 fifo_T Struct Reference

FIFO buffer type. Used only in interrupt based USART.

```
#include <usart_lib.h>
```

Data Fields

- volatile uint8_t tail
- · volatile uint8 t head
- volatile uint8_t * data

8.1.1 Detailed Description

FIFO buffer type. Used only in interrupt based USART.

Maximum buffer capacity: 256 bytes.

- 8.1.2 Field Documentation
- 8.1.2.1 volatile uint8_t* fifo_T::data

pointer to buffer

8.1.2.2 volatile uint8_t fifo_T::head

last byte in buffer

8.1.2.3 volatile uint8_t fifo_T::tail

first byte in buffer

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· usart_lib.h

8.2 usartTxBuffer_T Struct Reference

Transmitter structure. Used only in interrupt based USART.

```
#include <usart_lib.h>
```

Data Fields

```
volatile fifo_T * buffer
```

```
    volatile _txStatus_T status
```

8.2.1 Detailed Description

Transmitter structure. Used only in interrupt based USART.

8.2.2 Field Documentation

```
8.2.2.1 volatile fifo_T* usartTxBuffer_T::buffer
```

pointer to buffer (fifo_T)

```
8.2.2.2 volatile _txStatus_T usartTxBuffer_T::status
```

interrupt based transmitter status (_txStarted_T)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• usart_lib.h

9 File Documentation

9.1 usart_lib-mach.h File Reference

Hardware support definitions.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
```

9.1.1 Detailed Description

Hardware support definitions.

If You want add support for new MCU you can edit this file. Read comments in code for details.

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Date

08.03.2016

9.2 usart_lib.h File Reference

Include usart_lib.h in Your sources. Do not edit this file, unless You know what You are doing.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include "usart_lib-mach.h"
```

Data Structures

· struct fifo T

FIFO buffer type. Used only in interrupt based USART.

struct usartTxBuffer_T

Transmitter structure. Used only in interrupt based USART.

Macros

• #define USE USART0

define if You want USART0 support in normal mode

• #define USE USART1

define if You want USART1 support in normal mode

• #define USE USART2

define if You want USART2 support in normal mode

#define USE_USART3

define if You want USART3 support in normal mode

#define USE_USART0_INTERRUPT

define if You want USART0 support in interrupt mode

#define USE_USART1_INTERRUPT

define if You want USART1 support in interrupt mode

#define USE USART2 INTERRUPT

define if You want USART2 support in interrupt mode

#define USE_USART3_INTERRUPT

define if You want USART3 support in interrupt mode

#define USART0_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART0 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART0_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART0 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART1_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART1 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART1_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART1 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART2_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

• #define USART2_TX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART2 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART3_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 16

USART3 receive buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define USART3 TX BUFFER LENGTH 16

USART3 transmitter buffer length used in interrupt mode.

#define ABS_VAL(x) (((x) < 0LL) ? (-(x)) : (x))

Calculate absolute value for given signed long long. Used by ERROR_CALC(x)

• #define UBRR_CALC(x) (((F_CPU) + 8UL * (x)) / (16UL * (x)) - 1UL)

Calculate UBRR register value in normal mode. Used by BAUD CALC(x)

• #define DOUBLE_UBRR_CALC(x) (((F_CPU) + 4UL * (x)) / (8UL * (x)) - 1UL)

Calculate UBRR register value in double mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define CM_BAUD(x) ((F_CPU) / (16UL * ((x) + 1UL)))

Calculate baud rate for given UBRR value in normal mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define DOUBLE_CM_BAUD(x) ((F_CPU) / (8UL * ((x) + 1UL)))

Calculate baud rate for given UBRR value in double mode. Used by BAUD_CALC(x)

#define ERROR_CALC(x, y) (ABS_VAL(((x) * 1000LL) / (y) - 1000LL))

Calculate baud rate error multiplied by 1000 for given close match baud rate x and desired y baud rate. Used by $BAUD_CALC(x)$

• #define BAUD CALC(x)

Calculate UBRR register value for passed baud rate x.

Typedefs

typedef enum __txStatus _txStatus_T

USART transmitter status.

typedef enum usartNumber usartNumber T

USART's names for use with library functions.

typedef void(* _usartFctPtr_T) (usartNumber_T const)

Function pointer for library callbacks.

Enumerations

Functions

int16_t usartGetByteFromReceiveBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get byte from receive buffer.

int8_t usartPutByteToTransmitBuffer (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Put byte to transmit buffer.

void usartInit (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint16_t const ubrrValue)

USART initialization.

void registerRxDataReadyCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when new data in buffer.

void registerRxBufferFullCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when receive buffer full.

void usartRxStart (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Start interrupt based receiver.

uint8_t usartDataReceived (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get receive complete flag.

uint8 t usartImGetByte (usartNumber T const usartNumber)

Immediate return contents of USART data register.

uint8_t usartGetByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Wait for receive complete flag, then return contents of USART data register.

void registerTxCompleteCallback (_usartFctPtr_T callback)

Register callback function called when transmission from buffer ends.

void usartTxStart (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Start interrupt based transmitter.

uint8_t usartDataTransferred (usartNumber_T const usartNumber)

Get transmit complete flag.

- void usartImPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)
 Immediate put byte to USART data register.
- void usartPutByte (usartNumber_T const usartNumber, uint8_t const data)

Wait for transmit complete flag, then put byte to USART data register.

9.2.1 Detailed Description

Include usart_lib.h in Your sources. Do not edit this file, unless You know what You are doing.

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Date

08.03.2016

10 Example Documentation

10.1 interrupt_mode.c

```
* interrupt mode.c
   Created on: 08 mar 2016
        Author: Piotr Rudzki ryba.lodz@gmail.com
 * Simple interrupt mode example. It only echoes what it receives. * To test this example You must pass to compiler USE_USARTO_INTERRUPT macro.
 * e.g. -DUSE_USARTO_INTERRUPT
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 \star it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 \star the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
  along with this program. If not, see <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "usart_lib.h"
// usart_lib call this function when new data received
void rxDataReady(usartNumber_T const usartNumber) {
    int16_t tmp = usartGetByteFromReceiveBuffer(usartNumber); // get data from
       buffer
    if (tmp > -1) { // if buffer not empty
        int8_t txBufferFlag = usartPutByteToTransmitBuffer(usartNumber, (uint8_t
      )tmp); // put received data to transmit buffer
        if (txBufferFlag == 0) { // if there was room in buffer
            usartTxStart(usartNumber); // start transmitting data
    }
}
```

```
int main(void) {
    usartInit(USARTO, BAUD_CALC(14400)); // Initialize USARTO
    registerRxDataReadyCallback(&rxDataReady); // Register callback
    usartRxStart(USARTO); // Start interrupt based receiver
    sei(); // global interrupts enable

// main program loop
    while (1) {
// something to do without waiting for USART
    }
}
```

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