

# **Technical Steering Meeting**

Aug 19, 2014



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#### Reminder:

# This call is being recorded

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#### Agenda

- 1. Approve minutes from previous meeting
- 2. Release proposal recap
- 3. Security 2.0 collaboration meeting
- 4. AllJoyn Discovery Redesign (14.02 to 14.06)

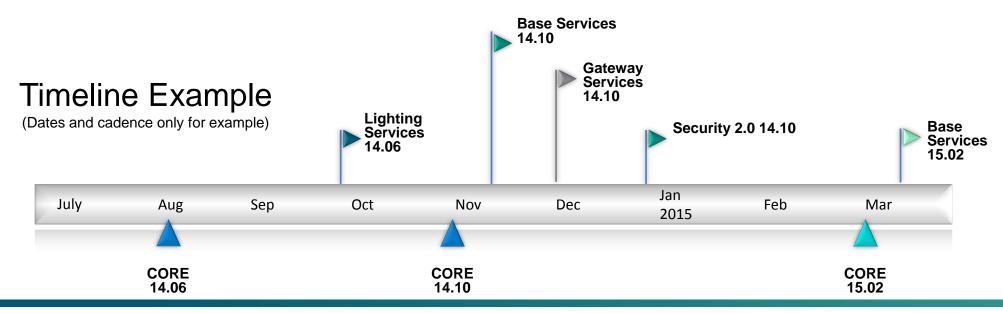
# Release Proposal Recap

#### **Proposed changes**

- Separate features from releases
  - Features are targeted for releases but releases do not depend on specific features
  - Features are developed and tested on public branches
    - If a feature does not meet quality for the targeted release, it is slipped to the following release
  - Once at release quality features are merged into the master branch for inclusion into next release
    - Release quality implies feature testing is complete
- Members are responsible for integration testing and hardening on their products
  - Need member input on process for platform specific contributions and testing
- Move away from a simultaneous release model
  - Each Working Group (WG) determines when they will release
  - Core currently on a 4 month cadence (February, June, & October)
    - Core WG would like TSC approval to change to a 6 month cadence (April & October)
  - Cross WG integration and resolution of technical dependencies is coordinated by the working groups

#### Move away from a simultaneous release model

- Working Group releases are based on a specific Core release version
  - Version naming is same as Core release version used
  - WG will identify the number of commits taken in after the Core release
- Examples:
  - Base Services WG commits to having a release for each core version
  - Lighting WG may chose not to update after 14.06
    - This implies that there would only be a Lighting 14.10 if a member chooses to do the work





# **Security 2.0**

**Collaboration Meeting** 

## **Security 2.0 Collaboration Meeting Overview**

- Face to face meeting held on Microsoft Campus
- Contributing teams include
  - Microsoft
  - Symantec
  - Technicolor
  - Qualcomm
- Notes from meeting posted on Core Wiki
  - https://wiki.allseenalliance.org/core/overview
- Next steps
  - Weekly program management collaboration call
    - Tuesday at 7am PT starting August 26
    - Agenda will be posted to the Core mailing list prior to each meeting
    - If you wish to discuss a specific topic, please post the request to the Core mailing list prior to the meeting
  - Each contributing team will post their schedules to Core mailing list

## **Security 2.0 Collaboration Meeting Highlights**

- HLD was reviewed and updated
  - Current HLD is posted
  - Updates from the collaboration meeting will be posted to the CORE Wiki early next week
- 32 action items identified and assigned
  - If there are any questions, comments, or concerns, please let us know
    - The action items in the meeting notes identify the major decisions
  - Call for assistance e.g. Test
    - If you wish to help, join the conversation on the CORE mailing list
- Code contribution
  - Each contributing team will have their own feature branch
  - The Security feature will have an integration branch
  - The integration branch will then be the branch merged with master

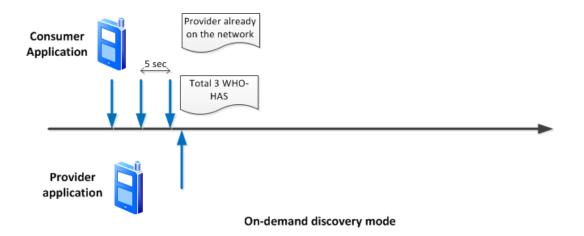


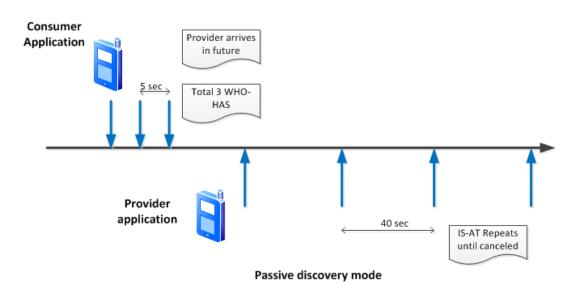
# AllJoyn Discovery Redesign (14.02 to 14.06)

#### **Outline**

- Review 14.02 (NS) Baseline
  - Wi-Fi Multicast Dependency
  - Analytical model
- Outline Performance Objectives
  - Discovery
  - Presence
- NGNS Results
  - Analytical Model
  - Test Results
- NGNS Stack and APIs
- NGNS Message Sequences

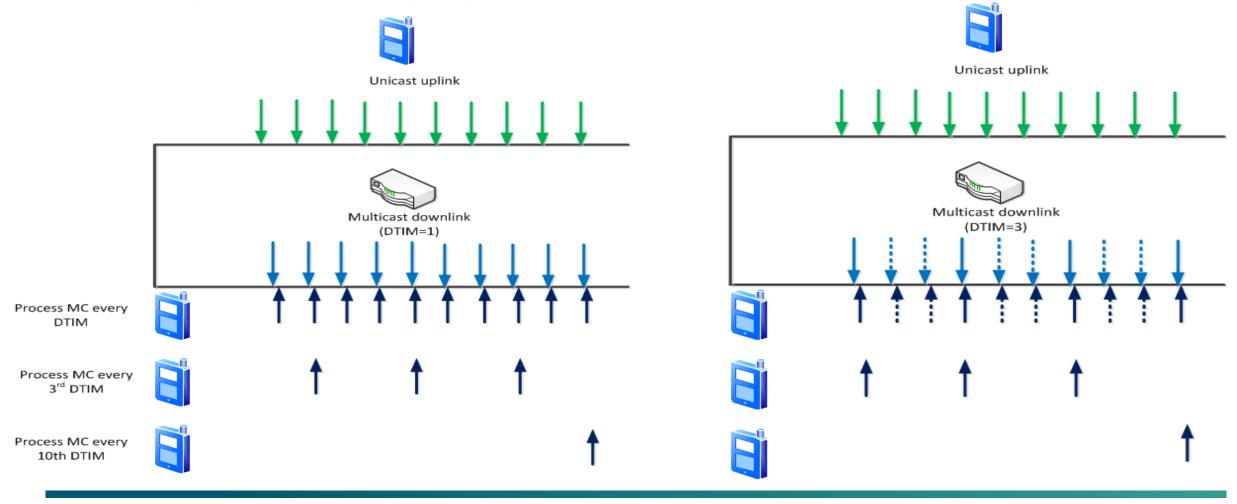
## **NS Discovery Modes**





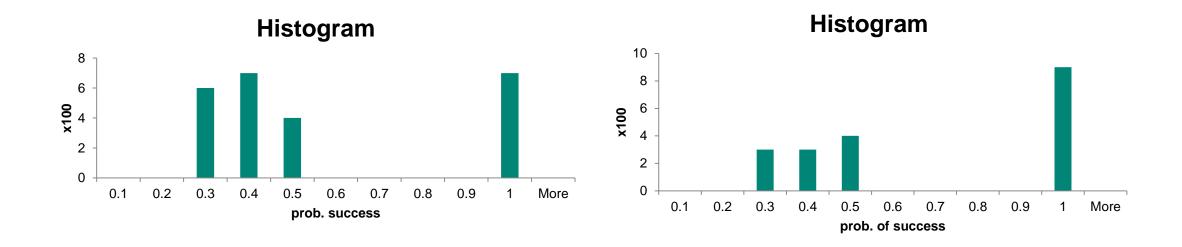
#### **Multicast Reception**

Send MC packet 100msec apart (beacon interval = 102.4 msec)



#### **Characterization: Multicast over Wi-Fi**

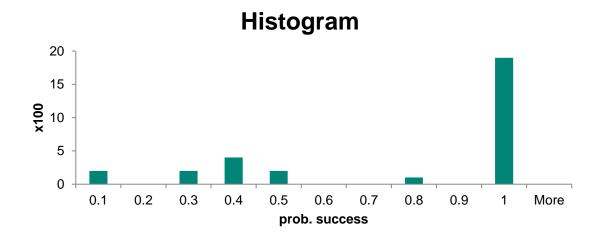
100% network available; AP DTIM=1; partial wake lock (standby)



Notice probability of success concentrated around 1/3 or close to 100%.

#### Characterization: Multicast over Wi-Fi

100% network available; AP DTIM=3; partial wake lock (standby)



Notice probability of success concentrated around 1/10, 1/3 or close to 100%.

#### **Latency – Analytical Modeling**

#### On-demand discovery

Event	Probability of success $(p_i)$	Discovery Time $(d_i)$
IS-AT received at first attempt	$p^2$	$T_{s}$
IS-AT received at the second attempt	$(q+pq)p^2$	$T_{who}$ + $T_s$
IS-AT received at the third attempt	$(q+pq)^2p^2$	$2 * T_{who} + T_s$
IS-AT received after three attempts	$1-(p^2+(q+pq)p^2+(q+pq)^2p^2)$	$2*T_{who} + \frac{q}{p}T_{is} + T_s$

#### Passive discovery:

IS-AT reception can be modeled as Geometric distribution, hence:

$$\mathsf{E}[\mathsf{Delay}] = \frac{q}{p} T_{is} + T_s$$

Parameter	Description	Value
р	Probability of successful receipt on multicast	0.35, 0.95
$T_{who}$	Timer for WHO-HAS transmissions	5 sec
T <sub>is</sub>	Timer for IS-AT transmissions	40 sec
$T_s$	Discovery time in a successful case	500 ms

## **Expected Performance**

Current Baseline - Analytical

Key metrics	Value (p =0.35)	Value (p =0.95)
Prob. that IS-AT received within first iteration	12.3%	90.3%
Prob. that IS-AT received within three WHO-HAS iterations	32.4%	99.9%
Expected Latency (passive mode)	74.29 sec*	2.11sec
Expected Latency to detect presence (deterministic)	120 sec	120 sec

<sup>\*</sup> Notification benchmarking data supports this estimated result

#### **NGNS Problem Statement**

#### Discovery:

- The expected time taken to find a match for both on-demand and passive discovery modes are unacceptable
- Objectives
  - On demand discovery 50th percentile: 1 sec, 95th percentile: 10 sec

#### Presence:

- The expected time taken to find a name has left the network is unacceptable
- Objectives
  - On demand discovery 50th percentile: 0.5 sec, 95th percentile: 1 sec

#### **Discovery Use Cases**

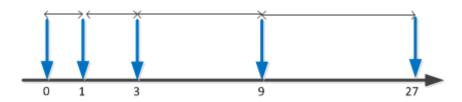
Make Consumer Application the "Driver"

	Use Case	Realized By
1		DNS-SD query over *mDNS; mDNS unicast response
2	Provider application initiated unsolicited advertisement	DNS-SD response over mDNS
3	Consumer application polling for the provider application's existence	Unicast query and Unicast response

<sup>\*</sup>mDNS IP address/port preferred over AllJoyn assigned address/port

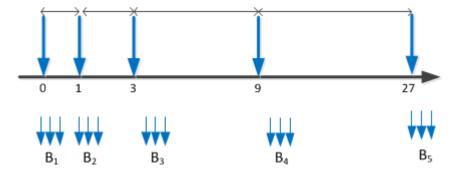
## **Improved Algorithm**

- Achieve 50th percentile: 1sec, 95th percentile: 10sec;
  - Model similarly to Bonjour (Tx = 0,1,3,9)
  - $-P = 1 (1-p)^4$ ; p is prob. of success for each transmission
  - P of 0.95 → p ~ 0.6
  - Determine #quick-repeats to realize p ~ 0.6



#### **Transmission Schedule**

- Each MC message follows the transmission schedule
- Each message quick-repeated to address misbehaving devices
- Provides the desired prob. of success (p)
- MC messages within a burst are 100ms apart so that DTIM in successive Beacon frames is set



#### **Analytical Modeling**

New Transmission Schedule + Quick Repeats + Unicast response

Key metrics	14.02 Value (* <i>p</i> =0.35)	14.06 Value (p =0.35)
Prob. that discovery succeeds within 1 sec	12.3%	60%
Prob. that discovery succeeds within 10 sec	32.4%	97.4%

<sup>\*</sup>p is probability of success of receiving multicast packet

#### **Comparison with Test Data**

#### Name Based Discovery

#### Test iteration

- Start 5 Advertisers, each advertising one name for a duration of 80 seconds, on five of the six Android devices (all devices advertise with a common prefix)
- Wait for 45 seconds, to wait out the unsolicited advertisement traffic.
- Start 1 Finder, each attempting to discover five names based on the common prefix for a duration of 37 seconds (essentially 80s 45s, plus a safety buffer of two seconds)
- Wait for the program to exit on all devices. The Finder reports each name that was found and how long it took to discover it.

Key metrics	14.02 Estimate ( <i>p</i> =0.35)	14.06 Estimate ( <i>p</i> =0.35)	14.06 Android (sleep)	14.06 Android (no sleep)
Prob. that discovery succeeds within 1 sec	12.3%	60%	41.9%	74.3%
Prob. that discovery succeeds within 10 sec	32.4%	97.4%	89.4%	99.9%

#### **Comparison with Test Data**

#### Presence

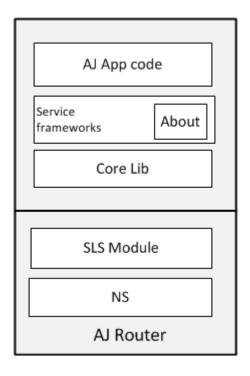
#### Test iteration

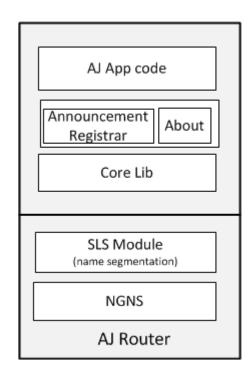
- Start test program in advertising mode on 5 (out of of the total 6) devices
- Wait for 45 seconds to ensure that all unsolicited advertisement traffic is completely sent out
- Start test program in discovering mode on the 6th device
- The test program discovers five names and queries the presence of each discovered

Key Metrics	14.06 Estimate	14.06 Test Data
Prob. that presence detection occurs within 500ms	50%	95.3%
Prob. that presence detection occurs within 1 sec	95%	98.88%

#### **Protocol Stacks**

• 14.02 vs 14.06

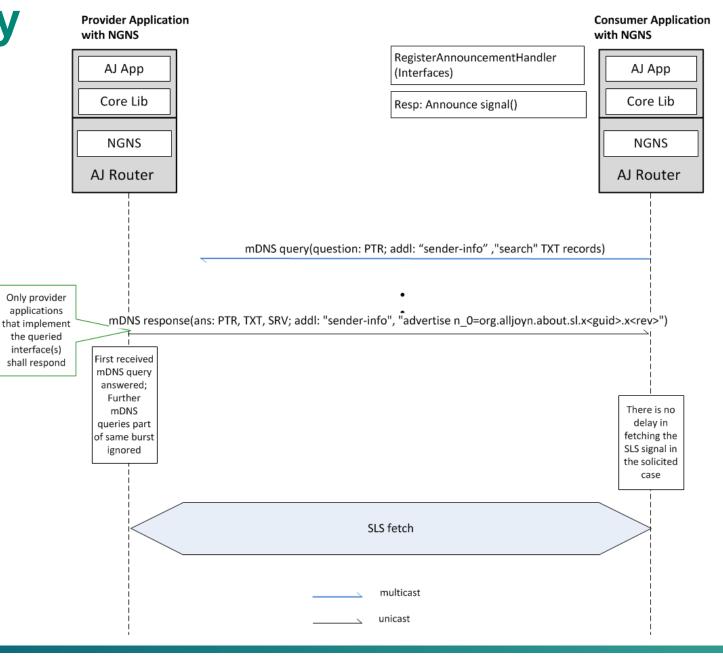




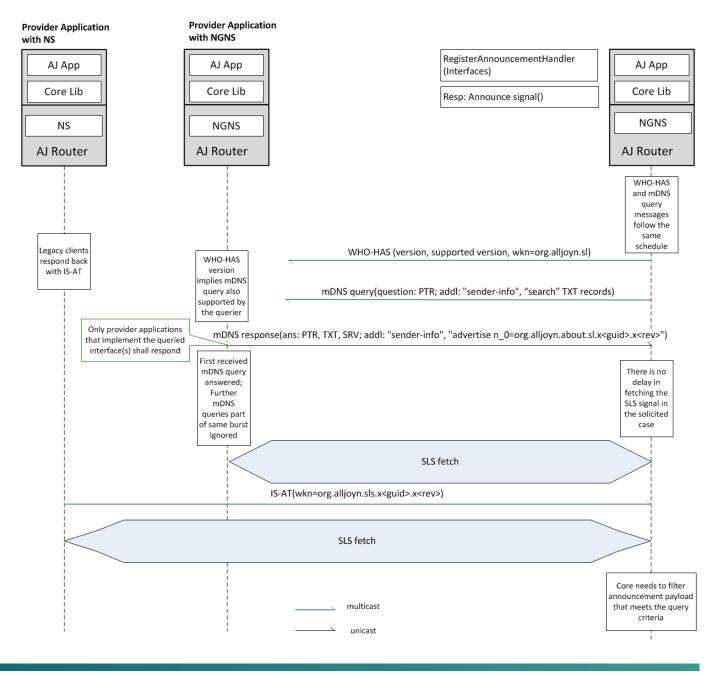
## **Discovery Functions**

Discovery	Discovery use case	Pre-condition	API	Input	Output
Existing	Advertise WKN		AdvertiseName	WKN	
Existing	WKN based search	WKN is advertised	FindAdvertisedName	WKN prefix	WKN
Existing	Presence	FindAdvertisedName	LostAdvertisedName		WKN
Existing	Send Announce signal	Application provides Announce() payload	SendAnnounce()	Announce payload	Consumer App receives all Announce signals due to addMatch rules
New	Interface-name based search	Announce is being emitted by the Provider Application	RegisterAnnounceHandler()	Interface Name(s)	Announce signals that match the search criteria
New	On-demand Presence	Name has been discovered before	Ping()	name	Enumeration

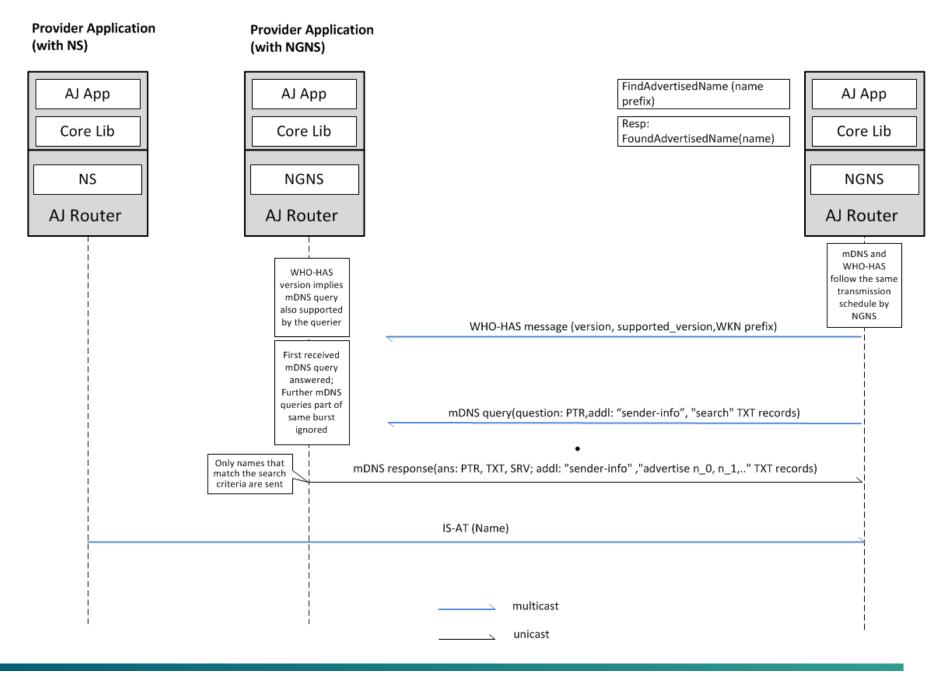
# Interface-based query (NGNS-NGNS)



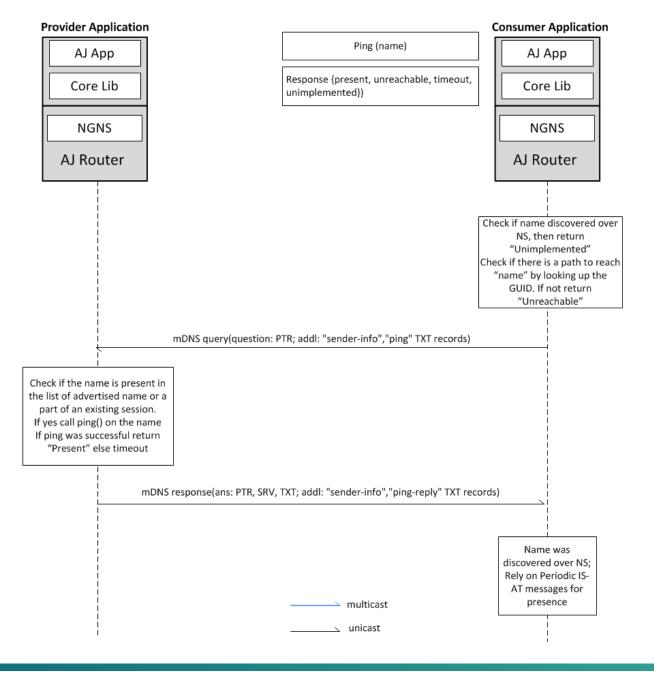
# Interface-based query (NGNS-mixed mode)



## Name Based Query (NGNSmixed mode)



#### **Presence – Ping API**



#### Interface search: mDNS Query

- mDNS Query
  - sent to multicast IP and port as specified in RFC 6762 always and Subnet directed broadcast (if configured to true)
  - Top bit in the qclass field in the DNS header is set to indicate unicast responses are accepted
  - Question Section: \_alljoyn.\_udp.local. PTR record
  - Additional
    - Name="search.<guid>.local." TXT [i\_0] or [i\_0,i\_1,..]
       //if multiple interfaces are being queried; could be wild char \*
      - Keys are ANDed
      - One search record per query
    - Name="sender-info.<guid>.local." TXT [pv, bid, guid, UDPv4, IPv4] //connection specs for the unicast NS
    - Where key nomenclature is as follows:
      - pv:version of the NS
      - bid: burst identifier (1..n where n is determined by the schedule) ← As per the schedule it is 1..5 in 14.06 release
      - guid: daemon guid
      - UDPv4: UDP port to be used with IPv4
      - IPv4: unicast IPv4

#### **Examples Search Record**

- Name="search.<guid>.local." TXT record
  - One Search record per query
  - Example1: keys are ANDed
    - txtvers=0
    - i\_0=org.alljoyn.Clock
    - i\_1=org.alljoyn.Radio

#### mDNS Response

- mDNS Response (unicast)
  - Answer
    - \_alljoyn.\_udp.local. PTR record to domain name <guid>.\_alljoyn.\_udp.local.
    - <guid>.\_alljoyn.\_udp.local. TXT record [UDPv6]
       ← reflects UDPv6 port for AJ (D-D) over IPv6
    - <guid>.\_alljoyn.\_udp.local. SRV record UDPv4, <guid>.local. ← reflects UDPv4 for AJ (D-D) over IPv4

#### Additional

- Name="sender-info.<guid>.local." TXT [pv, bid, guid, UDPv4] ← reflects where unicast polling over UDP is sent using NS;
   IP addresses are sent in the A and AAAA record
- Name="advertise.<guid>.local." TXT [n\_0=org.alljoyn.about.sl.x<guid>.x<id>]
- <guid>.local. A record for IPv4
   ← reflects IPv4 for AJ session (D-D) over IPv4
- <guid>.local. AAAA record for IPv6
   ← reflects IPv6 for AJ TCP session (D-D) over IPv6
- Where key nomenclature is as on the previous slide
- Address records always populated in unicast responses

#### **NGNS** in nutshell

- NGNS Discovery protocol is based on DNS-SD over mDNS
- Completely backwards compatible with 14.02 APIs and wire protocol
- Interface based query and Presence APIs are two key additions to the API set
- Subject to much stricter latency objectives
- https://allseenalliance.org/docs/api/cpp/classajn\_1\_1\_bus\_attachment.html
- https://allseenalliance.org/docs/api/cpp/classajn\_1\_1services\_1\_1\_announcement\_registrar.html



# **Technical Steering Meeting**

# Thank you

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