```
In [1]: import numpy as np
  In [2]: a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
          a + 1
 Out[2]: array([2, 3, 4, 5])
 In [3]: 2**a
 Out[3]: array([ 2, 4, 8, 16])
  In [4]: b = np.ones(4) + 1
         a - b
 Out[4]: array([-1., 0., 1., 2.])
  In [5]: a * b
 Out[5]: array([ 2., 4., 6., 8.])
  In [6]: j = np.arange(5)
          2^{**}(j + 1) - j
 Out[6]: array([ 2, 3, 6, 13, 28])
  In [7]: a = np.arange(10000)
          %timeit a + 1
          10000 loops, best of 3: 9.34 µs per loop
  In [8]: I = range(10000)
          %timeit [i+1 for i in l]
          1000 loops, best of 3: 323 \mu s per loop
  In [9]: c = np.ones((3, 3))
          c * c
 Out[9]: array([[ 1., 1., 1.],
               [ 1., 1., 1.],
               [ 1., 1., 1.]])
In [10]: c.dot(c)
Out[10]: array([[ 3., 3., 3.],
               [ 3., 3., 3.],
               [ 3., 3., 3.]])
 In [11]: a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
          b = np.array([4, 2, 2, 4])
         a == b
Out[11]: array([False, True, False, True], dtype=bool)
In [12]: a > b
Out[12]: array([False, False, True, False], dtype=bool)
In [13]: a = np.array([1, 1, 0, 0], dtype=bool)
          b = np.array([1, 0, 1, 0], dtype=bool)
          np.logical_or(a, b)
Out[13]: array([ True, True, True, False], dtype=bool)
```

```
In [14]: np.logical_and(a, b)
Out[14]: array([ True, False, False, False], dtype=bool)
 In [15]: a = np.arange(10)
         np.sin(a)
Out[15]: array([ 0.
                       , 0.84147098, 0.90929743, 0.14112001, -0.7568025,
              -0.95892427, -0.2794155, 0.6569866, 0.98935825, 0.41211849])
 In [16]: np.log(a)
          -c:1: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
Out[16]: array([
                  -inf, 0. , 0.69314718, 1.09861229, 1.38629436,
               1.60943791,\ 1.79175947,\ 1.94591015,\ 2.07944154,\ 2.19722458])
 In [17]: np.exp(a)
Out[17]: array([ 1.00000000e+00, 2.71828183e+00, 7.38905610e+00,
                2.00855369e+01, 5.45981500e+01, 1.48413159e+02,
                4.03428793e+02, 1.09663316e+03, 2.98095799e+03,
                8.10308393e+03])
 In [18]: a = np.arange(4)
         a + np.array([1, 2])
         ValueError
                                         Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-18-82c1c1d5b8c1> in <module>()
             1 a = np.arange(4)
          ---> 2 a + np.array([1, 2])
         ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (4,) (2,)
 In [19]: a = \text{np.triu}(\text{np.ones}((3, 3)), 1) # see help(np.triu)
         а
Out[19]: array([[ 0., 1., 1.],
              [0., 0., 1.],
              [ 0., 0., 0.]])
 In [20]: a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         b = np.array([4, 2, 2, 4])
         c = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         np.array_equal(a, b)
Out[20]: False
In [21]: np.array_equal(a, c)
Out[21]: True
 In [22]: x = \text{np.array}([1, 2, 3, 4])
         np.sum(x)
Out[22]: 10
 In [23]: x.sum()
Out[23]: 10
 In [24]: from IPython.display import Image
         Image(filename='images/reductions.png')
```

```
IOFrror
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
          <ipython-input-24-6353959f60df> in <module>()
               1 from IPython.display import Image
          ----> 2 Image(filename='images/reductions.png')
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in __init__(self, data, url, filename, format, embed, width, height, retina)
             599
                       self.height = height
             600
                       self.retina = retina
          --> 601
                        super(Image, self).__init__(data=data, url=url, filename=filename)
             602
             603
                       if retina:
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in __init__(self, data, url, filename)
             303
                       self.filename = None if filename is None else unicode(filename)
             304
          --> 305
                        self.reload()
             306
             307
                    def reload(self):
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in reload(self)
                       """Reload the raw data from file or URL."""
             622
                       if self.embed:
          --> 623
                          super(Image,self).reload()
             624
                          if self.retina:
             625
                             self._retina_shape()
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in reload(self)
                       """Reload the raw data from file or URL."""
             309
                       if self.filename is not None:
          --> 310
                           with open(self.filename, self._read_flags) as f:
             311
                             self.data = f.read()
             312
                       elif self.url is not None:
          IOError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: u'images/reductions.png'
 In [25]: x = \text{np.array}([[1, 1], [2, 2]])
          Χ
Out[25]: array([[1, 1],
               [2, 2]])
 In [26]: x.sum(axis=0)
Out[26]: array([3, 3])
 In [27]: x[:, 0].sum(), x[:, 1].sum()
Out[27]: (3, 3)
 In [28]: x.sum(axis=1)
Out[28]: array([2, 4])
 In [29]: x[0, :].sum(), x[1, :].sum()
Out[29]: (2, 4)
 In [30]: x = np.random.rand(2, 2, 2)
          x.sum(axis=2)[0, 1]
Out[30]: 0.36156951645842483
 In [31]: x[0, 1, :].sum()
Out[31]: 0.36156951645842483
```

In [32]: x = np.array([1, 2, 3, 1])y = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [5, 6, 1]])x.mean() Out[32]: 1.75 In [33]: np.median(x) Out[33]: 1.5 In [34]: np.median(y, axis=-1) Out[34]: array([2., 5.]) In [35]: x.std() Out[35]: 0.82915619758884995 In [36]: x = np.array([1, 3, 2])x.min() Out[36]: 1 In [37]: x.max() Out[37]: 3 In [38]: x.argmin() Out[38]: 0 In [39]: x.argmax() Out[39]: 1 In [40]: np.all([True, True, False]) Out[40]: False In [41]: np.any([True, True, False]) Out[41]: True In [42]: a = np.zeros((100, 100))np.any(a != 0) Out[42]: False In [43]: np.all(a == a)Out[43]: True

Out[44]: True

THe other function will be total the difference of cumsum and sum is the cumsum works like a fibonacci while the sum is just a straight forward addition

```
In [49]: leat data/populations.txt
```

In [50]: !cat data/populations.txt

In [44]: a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 2])

b = np.array([2, 2, 3, 2]) c = np.array([6, 4, 4, 5]) ((a <= b) & (b <= c)).all()

```
In [51]: data = np.loadtxt('data/populations.txt')
          year, hares, lynxes, carrots = data.T # trick: columns to variables
          ValueError
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
          <ipython-input-51-e063cf00a973> in <module>()
              1 data = np.loadtxt('data/populations.txt')
          ----> 2 year, hares, lynxes, carrots = data.T # trick: columns to variables
          ValueError: need more than 0 values to unpack
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/numpy/lib/npyio.py:816: UserWarning: loadtxt: Empty input file: "data/populations.txt"
           warnings.warn('loadtxt: Empty input file: "%s"' % fname)
 In [52]:
         mileposts = np.array([0, 198, 303, 736, 871, 1175, 1475, 1544,
              1913, 2448])
          distance_array = np.abs(mileposts - mileposts[:, np.newaxis])
          distance_array
Out[52]: array([[ 0, 198, 303, 736, 871, 1175, 1475, 1544, 1913, 2448],
              [ 198, 0, 105, 538, 673, 977, 1277, 1346, 1715, 2250],
              [ 303, 105, 0, 433, 568, 872, 1172, 1241, 1610, 2145],
              [736, 538, 433, 0, 135, 439, 739, 808, 1177, 1712],
              [871, 673, 568, 135, 0, 304, 604, 673, 1042, 1577],
              [1175, 977, 872, 439, 304, 0, 300, 369, 738, 1273],
              [1475, 1277, 1172, 739, 604, 300, 0, 69, 438, 973],
              [1544, 1346, 1241, 808, 673, 369, 69, 0, 369, 904],
              [1913, 1715, 1610, 1177, 1042, 738, 438, 369, 0, 535],
              [2448, 2250, 2145, 1712, 1577, 1273, 973, 904, 535, 0]])
 In [53]: from IPython.display import Image
          Image(filename='images/route66.png')
          IOError
                                         Traceback (most recent call last)
          <ipython-input-53-18d14b338b24> in <module>()
              1 from IPython.display import Image
          ----> 2 Image(filename='images/route66.png')
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in __init__(self, data, url, filename, format, embed, width, height, retina)
            599
                      self.height = height
            600
                      self.retina = retina
          --> 601
                       super(Image, self).__init__(data=data, url=url, filename=filename)
            602
            603
                      if retina:
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in init (self, data, url, filename)
            303
                      self.filename = None if filename is None else unicode(filename)
            304
          --> 305
                       self.reload()
            306
            307
                   def reload(self):
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in reload(self)
                      """Reload the raw data from file or URL."""
            621
            622
                      if self.embed:
          --> 623
                         super(Image,self).reload()
            624
                         if self.retina:
            625
                           self._retina_shape()
          /usr/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/display.pyc in reload(self)
            308
                      """Reload the raw data from file or URL."""
            309
                      if self.filename is not None:
```

--> 310

with open(self filename self read flags) as for

```
311
                             self.data = f.read()
             312
                       elif self.url is not None:
          IOError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: u'images/route66.png'
 In [54]: x, y = \text{np.arange}(5), \text{np.arange}(5)[:, \text{np.newaxis}]
          distance = np.sqrt(x ** 2 + y ** 2)
          distance
Out[54]: array([[ 0.
                         , 1. , 2. , 3.
                                                    , 4.
                                                                 ],
                     , 1.41421356, 2.23606798, 3.16227766, 4.12310563],
               [ 1.
                     , 2.23606798, 2.82842712, 3.60555128, 4.47213595],
               [ 2.
               [ 3.
                       , 3.16227766, 3.60555128, 4.24264069, 5.
               [ 4.
                        , 4.12310563, 4.47213595, 5. , 5.65685425]])
In [55]: plt.pcolor(distance)
          plt.colorbar()
Out[55]: <matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar instance at 0x7f7d748c1fc8>
In [56]: x, y = \text{np.ogrid}[0.5, 0.5]
          x, y
Out[56]: (array([[0],
               [1],
               [2],
               [3],
               [4]]),
           array([[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]]))
 In [57]: x.shape, y.shape
Out[57]: ((5, 1), (1, 5))
In [58]: distance = np.sqrt(x ** 2 + y ** 2)
 In [59]: x, y = np.mgrid[0:4, 0:4]
Out[59]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0],
               [1, 1, 1, 1],
               [2, 2, 2, 2],
               [3, 3, 3, 3]])
In [60]: y
Out[60]: array([[0, 1, 2, 3],
               [0, 1, 2, 3],
               [0, 1, 2, 3],
               [0, 1, 2, 3]])
In [61]: a = \text{np.array}([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
          a.ravel()
Out[61]: array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
In [62]: a.T
Out[62]: array([[1, 4],
               [2, 5],
               [3, 6]])
 In [63]: a.T.ravel()
Out[63]: array([1, 4, 2, 5, 3, 6])
```

with openionimename, sem_read_nage, as i.

```
In [64]: a.shape
Out[64]: (2, 3)
 In [65]: b = a.ravel()
          b = b.reshape((2, 3))
          b
Out[65]: array([[1, 2, 3],
               [4, 5, 6]])
 In [66]: a.reshape((2, -1)) # unspecified (-1) value is inferred
Out[66]: array([[1, 2, 3],
               [4, 5, 6]])
 In [67]: b[0, 0] = 99
          а
Out[67]: array([[99, 2, 3],
               [4, 5, 6]])
 In [68]: a = np.zeros((3, 2))
          b = a.T.reshape(3*2)
          b[0] = 9
          а
Out[68]: array([[ 0., 0.],
               [ 0., 0.],
               [ 0., 0.]])
 In [69]: z = \text{np.array}([1, 2, 3])
Out[69]: array([1, 2, 3])
 In [70]: z[:, np.newaxis]
Out[70]: array([[1],
               [2],
                [3]])
 In [71]: z[np.newaxis, :]
Out[71]: array([[1, 2, 3]])
 In [72]: a = \text{np.arange}(4*3*2).\text{reshape}(4, 3, 2)
          a.shape
Out[72]: (4, 3, 2)
 In [73]: a[0, 2, 1]
Out[73]: 5
 In [74]: b = a.transpose(1, 2, 0)
          b.shape
Out[74]: (3, 2, 4)
 In [75]: b[2, 1, 0]
Out[75]: 5
 In [76]: b[2, 1, 0] = -1
```

```
a[0, 2, 1]
Out[76]: -1
 In [77]: a = np.arange(4)
          a.resize((8,))
Out[77]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0])
 In [78]: b = a
          a.resize((4,))
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
          ValueError
          <ipython-input-78-fa61239db0dc> in <module>()
              1 b = a
          ----> 2 a.resize((4,))
          ValueError: cannot resize an array references or is referenced
          by another array in this way. Use the resize function
 In [79]: a = \text{np.array}([[4, 3, 5], [1, 2, 1]])
          b = np.sort(a, axis=1)
          b
Out[79]: array([[3, 4, 5],
               [1, 1, 2]])
 In [80]: a.sort(axis=1)
Out[80]: array([[3, 4, 5],
               [1, 1, 2]])
 In [81]: a = np.array([4, 3, 1, 2])
          j = np.argsort(a)
          j
Out[81]: array([2, 3, 1, 0])
 In [82]: a[j]
Out[82]: array([1, 2, 3, 4])
 In [83]: a = np.array([4, 3, 1, 2])
          j_max = np.argmax(a)
          j_min = np.argmin(a)
          j_max, j_min
Out[83]: (0, 2)
   In []:
```