



Java Enums

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Enums

An **enum** is a special "class" that represents a group of **constants** (unchangeable variables, like **final** variables).

To create an **enum**, use the **enum** keyword (instead of class or interface), and separate the constants with a comma. Note that they should be in uppercase letters:

Example

```
enum Level {  
    LOW,  
    MEDIUM,  
    HIGH  
}
```

You can access **enum** constants with the **dot** syntax:

```
Level myVar = Level.MEDIUM;
```

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Enum is short for "enumerations", which means "specifically listed".

Enum inside a Class

You can also have an `enum` inside a class:

Example

```
public class Main {  
    enum Level {  
        LOW,  
        MEDIUM,  
        HIGH  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Level myVar = Level.MEDIUM;  
        System.out.println(myVar);  
    }  
}
```

The output will be:

MEDIUM

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Enum in a Switch Statement

Enums are often used in `switch` statements to check for corresponding values:

Example

```
enum Level {  
    LOW,  
    MEDIUM,  
    HIGH  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Level myVar = Level.MEDIUM;  
  
        switch(myVar) {  
            case LOW:  
                System.out.println("Low level");  
                break;  
            case MEDIUM:  
                System.out.println("Medium level");  
                break;  
            case HIGH:  
                System.out.println("High level");  
                break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

The output will be:

Medium level

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Loop Through an Enum

The enum type has a `values()` method, which returns an array of all enum constants. This method is useful when you want to loop through the constants of an enum:

Example

```
for (Level myVar : Level.values()) {  
    System.out.println(myVar);  
}
```

The output will be:

```
LOW  
MEDIUM  
HIGH
```

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Difference between Enums and Classes

An `enum` can, just like a `class`, have attributes and methods. The only difference is that enum constants are `public`, `static` and `final` (unchangeable - cannot be overridden).

An `enum` cannot be used to create objects, and it cannot extend other classes (but it can implement interfaces).

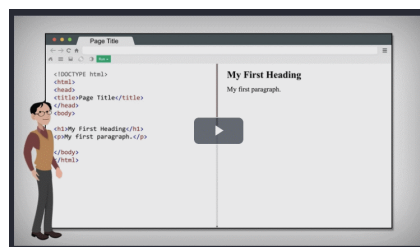
Why And When To Use Enums?

Use enums when you have values that you know aren't going to change, like month days, days, colors, deck of cards, etc.

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