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# C Memory Address

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## Memory Address

When a variable is created in C, a memory address is assigned to the variable.

The memory address is the location of where the variable is stored on the computer.

When we assign a value to the variable, it is stored in this memory address.

To access it, use the reference operator ( `&` ), and the result will represent where the variable is stored:

## Example

```
int myAge = 43;
printf("%p", &myAge); // Outputs 0x7ffe5367e044
```

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**Note:** The memory address is in hexadecimal form (0x..). You probably won't get the same result in your program.

You should also note that `&myAge` is often called a "pointer". A pointer basically stores the memory address of a variable as its value. To print pointer values, we use the `%p` format specifier.

You will learn much more about pointers in the next chapter.

## Why is it useful to know the memory address?

**Pointers** are important in C, because they give you the ability to manipulate the data in the computer's memory - **this can reduce the code and improve the performance.**

Pointers are one of the things that make C stand out from other programming languages, like Python and Java.

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