CAB301: Algorithms and Complexity – Assignment 2

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1. NoDVDs Algorithm Design

The provided MovieCollection Abstract Data Type (ADT) outlines a method, named NoDVDs, in order to correctly calculate the total number of DVDs currently in the movie collection. To implement this, we populate the movie collection as a binary search tree (BST) then calculate the total number of DVDs using in-order traversal. This algorithm essentially works in the following way (Tang, 2023):

- 1. Traverse the left subtree of the root node in in-order.
- 2. Visit the root node.
- 3. Traverse the right subtree of the root node in in-order.

The NoDVDs method keeps track of a count of DVDs (initially zero), then, through the use of a private helper method named InOrderTraverseCountDVDs, traverses through the movie collection as above and increments the DVD count by the total copies of the movie at the current node it is visiting, until all the movies (nodes) currently in the collection is accounted for. It returns the count of DVDs as an integer number. The pseudocode of this algorithm is:

```
ALGORITHM NoDVDs()

// Calculate the total number of DVDs in this movie collection

// Output: An integer value of the total DVDs in the collection

dvdCount ← 0

return InOrderTraverseCountDVDs(root)

ALGORITHM InOrderTraverseCountDVDs(root)

// Given the root node of a BST, returns

// Output: An integer value of the total DVDs in the collection

if root ≠ null

InOrderTraverseCountDVDs(root.LChild)

dvdCount = dvdCount + root.Movie.TotalCopies

InOrderTraverseCountDVDs(root.RChild)

return dvdCount
```

2. NoDVDs Algorithm Empirical Analysis

We may then empirically analyse the NoDVDs algorithm to determine a hypothesis regarding the algorithm's efficiency class (Tang, 2023). To empirically analyse this, we will experimentally run the method over an increasing number of movies within the movie collection BST. The efficiency metric we will keep in mind of in this analysis is the execution time of the algorithm's implementation in relation to the increasing size of the movie collection and the total number of DVDs. The basic operation of this algorithm is the incrementation of *dvdCount* by a movie's total DVD copies done for every movie in the collection, or for every node in the BST. This analysis was done using the C# programming language.

We will analyse the NoDVDs algorithm and run it on collections with 100,000, 200,000, 400,000, 800,000, 1,600,000, 3,200,000, 6,400,000, and 12,800,000 unique movies each implemented using the following foreach loop. In each loop, the number of times the basic operation is done corresponds to the number of movies in the collection per loop. A stopwatch will be implemented, starting and stopping before and after NoDVDs is executed in every loop.

Movie titles are randomly generated using the following *generateMovieTitle* helper method within Program.cs. This method generates and returns a random 50-letter string:

```
// Helper method to generate movie titles to populate the collection for empirical analysis of NoDVDs().
// Adapted from https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1344221/how-can-i-generate-random-alphanumeric-strings.
2 reference:
static string generateMovieTitle()
{
    string letters = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";
    var stringChars = new char[50];
    var random = new Random();

    for (int i = 0; i < stringChars.Length; i++)
    {
        stringChars[i] = letters[random.Next(letters.Length)];
    }

    string movieTitle = new(stringChars);
    return movieTitle;
}</pre>
```

The foreach loop above also will print out the number of movies in the collection in each loop to ensure the correct number of movies are tested and run through per loop, as the Insert method implementation does not allow for duplicate movies (based on their titles) to be inserted into the same movie collection. A sample of a randomly generated movie:

```
Sample randomly generated movie.

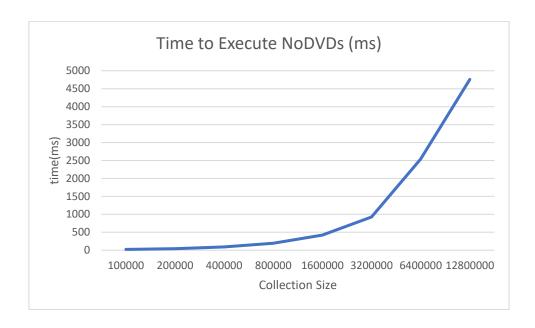
Title: UGYXZGslCYRhnEnnvwivtaJEpzGdmZanwuaEvfUUpKtHeLblrf, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 166, Available Copies: 85
```

The results of the foreach loop are the following:

```
Empirically analysing 100000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 100000 movies to the collection is 3783 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 100000 movies is 22 milliseconds.
There are 100000 movies in the collection.
There are 9965061 total DVDs in the collection
Empirically analysing 200000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 200000 movies to the collection is 7134 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 200000 movies is 44 milliseconds.
There are 200000 movies in the collection.
There are 19876273 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 400000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 400000 movies to the collection is 15375 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 400000 movies is 93 milliseconds.
There are 400000 movies in the collection.
There are 39800403 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 800000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 800000 movies to the collection is 33850 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 800000 movies is 193 milliseconds.
There are 800000 movies in the collection.
There are 79545013 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 1600000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 1600000 movies to the collection is 69116 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 1600000 movies is 422 milliseconds.
There are 1600000 movies in the collection.
There are 159132101 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 3200000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 3200000 movies to the collection is 119093 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 3200000 movies is 924 milliseconds.
There are 3200000 movies in the collection.
There are 318283934 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 6400000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 6400000 movies to the collection is 272164 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 6400000 movies is 2541 milliseconds.
There are 6400000 movies in the collection.
There are 636787096 total DVDs in the collection.
Empirically analysing 12800000 movies' DVD count using NoDVDs():
The time to add 12800000 movies to the collection is 541597 milliseconds.
The time to count the DVD count for 12800000 movies is 4759 milliseconds. There are 12800000 movies in the collection.
There are 1273738057 total DVDs in the collection.
```

We will tabulate and chart the above results for better viewing and analysis:

size	100000	200000	400000	800000	1600000	3200000	6400000	12800000
time(ms)	22	44	93	193	422	924	2541	4759



We will now calculate the ratios of t(2n) and t(n) within the data.

$$\frac{t(200000)}{t(100000)} = \frac{44}{22} = 2.000, \frac{t(400000)}{t(200000)} = \frac{93}{44} = 2.114, \frac{t(800000)}{t(400000)} = \frac{193}{93} = 2.075,$$

$$\frac{t(1600000)}{t(800000)} = \frac{422}{193} = 2.187, \frac{t(3200000)}{t(1600000)} = \frac{924}{422} = 2.190, \frac{t(6400000)}{t(3200000)} = \frac{2541}{924} = 2.75,$$

$$\frac{t(12800000)}{t(6400000)} = \frac{4759}{2541} = 1.873$$

From these results, we can see that the ratios of t(2n) and t(n) tend to be greater than 2, therefore the algorithm is less efficient than O(n). The ratios also tend to be less than 4, therefore the algorithm is more efficient than $O(n^2)$. Therefore, we can deduce that the time efficiency class of the algorithm is between O(n) and $O(n^2)$. From the graph above, we can confirm that the time efficiency class of the NoDVDs algorithm is $O(n \log n)$, which is between O(n) and $O(n^2)$. The final ratio between NoDVDs execution times for collections of 12800000 and 6400000 movies is less than 2, however this can potentially be attributed to random variance and future executions of NoDVDs against the two collections may yield different results. Potentially calculating averages over a number of NoDVDs executions instead of one execution would yield a consistent $2 < \frac{t(2n)}{t(n)} < 4$ result.

3. Algorithm Testing

a. Testing Plan and Data

All testing will be done manually through the creation of a Program.cs file and Main method. The file begins by instantiating the movie collection BST.

```
// Initialise a movie collection binary search tree (BST)
IMovieCollection movieCollection = new MovieCollection();
```

We will test to see if each implemented method as described within the Movie and MovieCollection ADTs behave as intended.

Under the Movie ADT, which is used to define the fields that make up a movie object (their title, genre, classification, duration, available copies, and total copies), we find methods to implement to correctly display a movie object, ToString, and to compare the title of a movie object against another title, CompareTo. ToString must return a string which contains details of any movie object passed through it, namely their title, genre, classification, duration, and number of available copies. CompareTo has multiple possible integer value returns: -1 if the movie's title is less than another movie's title by dictionary order, 0 if both movies' titles are the same, and 1 if greater than. Both these methods do not have a pre-condition.

Under the MovieCollection ADT, representing a collection of movies, we find various methods by which we may interact with said collection. The singular invariant of this ADT states that there should be no duplicate movies in the collection, and Number of movies in the collection must be greater than or equal to 0. The IsEmpty bool method is used to check whether the movie collection is empty or not, returning 'true' if it is and 'false' otherwise. However the method runs, we must ensure that the movie collection and the number of movies within it remain unchanged. Next, the Insert method allows the user to insert a movie object into the movie collection. As long as the movie does not previously exist within the collection, the method adds the movie into the collection and increments the Number of movies. If the movie previously exists, then the method returns false and all aspects of the collection remain the same. The Delete method allows the user to delete a movie object from the movie collection. If the movie does exist in the collection, then it removes the movie object, decrements the Number by one, and returns true. Otherwise, it returns false and all aspects of the collection remain the same. The Search method, called with a movie's title, returns the reference of the movie object if the movie does exist in the collection, otherwise it returns null and all aspects of the collection remain the same. The NoDVDs method, as explored above, counts the number of total DVDs currently in the movie collection. The method returns an integer value of the number of total DVDs, and the collection remains unchanged. The ToArray method converts the movie collection into an array stored in descending dictionary order by their titles. This, similar to the NoDVDs method, was implemented using in-order traversal. Finally, the Clear method must remove all the movies in the collection and set Number to 0. All methods do not have a pre-condition.

The testing plan to test each method as per the descriptions and conditions above is as follows:

Test	Precondition	Postcondition	Input Data	Expected
				Output
1. Using IsEmpty	Given an empty	Returns True, if	Initially empty	Write a message if
method on empty	collection,	collection empty.	movie collection.	the IsEmpty
collection.		Collection		method returns
		unchanged, new		True. Collection
		Number = old		unchanged, new
		Number.		Number = old
				Number.
2. Insert method.	Given a valid	Add movie to	Valid movie	Returns True for
	movie object,	collection and new	objects.	every movie object
		Number = old		inserted, new
		Number + 1 and		Number = old
		return true, if not		Number + number
		previously in		of movies inserted.
		collection.		
3. IsEmpty	Given a populated	Returns False.	Populated movie	Return False.
method on a	collection,	Collection	collection.	Collection
populated movie		unchanged, new		unchanged, new
collection.		Number = old		Number = old
		Number.		Number.
4. ToArray	Given a movie	Return array of	Populated movie	Array of movies
method.	collection with	movies stored in	collection.	sorted in
	movie objects in it,	dictionary order by		dictionary order by
		their titles.		their titles. We
		Collection remains		will use a
		unchanged, new		printArray helper

		Number = old	1	method to check
		Number.		this. This will be
				discussed later in
				the report.
5. Insert existing	Given movie	Movies not added to	Existing movies.	Return False.
movies into the	objects we to	the collection. New		Movies not added
BST.	already exist in the	Number = old		as they already
	collection,	Number and return		exist. Collection
		false.		and Number
				unchanged.
6. Search for	Given existing	Return reference of	Existing movies'	Reference of
movies in the	movies and their	the movie object	title	movie object.
collection.	titles,	searched for.		Collection and
				Number
				unchanged.
7. Search for	Given non-existent	Returns null	Non-existent	Write a message
movies that do not	movie titles,		movie title	that movie does
exist in the				not exist if Search
collection.				method returns
				null. Collection
				and Number
				unchanged.
8. Use NoDVDs	Given movie	Return integer value	Populated movie	Write message
method to count	collection,	of total DVDs in	collection.	showing Integer
total DVDs in the		collection.		value of total
collection.				DVDs.
9. Delete method	Given existing	Delete movie from	Existing movie	Movie deleted
to delete movies	movie object,	collection. Return	object.	from collection.
in collection.		True. New Number		Return True.
		= old Number – 1.		Number = old
				Number – 1.

10. Delete movies	Given non-existent	No movies deleted,	Non-existent	No movies
that do not exist in	movie object,	return False, new	movie object,	deleted, method
the collection.		Number = old		returns False,
		Number.		collection and
				Number
				unchanged.
11. ToArray	Given movie	Return array of	Populated movie	Array of movies in
method to convert	collection,	movies in the	collection	descending
collection to array.		collection in		dictionary order.
		descending		Use printArray
		dictionary order.		helper method to
				print the array.
12. Clear method	Given movie	Deletes all movies	Populated movie	All movies
to clear the	collection,	from the collection,	collection	deleted, Number =
collection.		Number $= 0$.		0.
13. NoDVDs	Given movie	Number of total	Empty movie	Zero DVDs in the
when movie	collection is empty,	DVDs should return	colleciton	collection.
collection is		0.		
empty.				
14. Testing the	Given a string and	Returns 0 if movie	Same string, lesser	0 for same title, -1
CompareTo	a movie's title to	title are the same, -1	string ("AAA") in	for lesser title, 1
method.	compare,	if dictionary order of	terms of dictionary	for greater title.
		the string is less than	order, greater	
		the movie's title, 1 if	string ("ZZZ") in	
		greater than.	terms of dictionary	
			order	
15. Testing the	Given movie	Returns movie title,	Movie object	Movie title, genre,
ToString method.	object,	genre, classification,		classification,
		duration, and		duration, available
		available copies in		copies in that
		that order.		order.
		1		

The tests will done on a 64-bit Windows 11 Home version 22H2 build 22621.1555 operating system laptop, with an AMD Ryzen 7 4800HS 2.9 GHz CPU, NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1660 Ti Max-Q dGPU, AMD Radeon(TM) iGPU, and 16GB of RAM. It is connected via Ethernet. All C# code implementations were done and will be ran in Microsoft Visual Studio Community 2022 (64-bit) version 17.4.4 with .NET Framework version 4.8.09032.

b. Testing Results

Test 1: Using IsEmpty method on empty collection.

Result:

IsEmpty method behaves as intended. The output is as the expected output, as IsEmpty() returns True and writes a message saying the movie collection is empty. Number of movies in the collection stay the same.

Test 2: Insert method to add movies to the BST.

Insert method works as intended. It returns true for the six movie objects inserted into the movie collection. The number correctly reflects how many movies were inserted to the collection.

Test 3: IsEmpty method on a populated movie collection.

Result:

IsEmpty behaves as intended, returning false and prints a message saying collection is not empty.

Test 4: ToArray method.

A helper method 'printArray' was implemented to help test the ToArray method. This method is as follows:

```
// Test 4: Use ToArray and the printArray helper method to show the movies in the BST.
Console.WriteLine("Test 4: Use ToArray and the printArray helper method to show the movies in the BST.\n");
IMovie[] movies = movieCollection.ToArray();
printArray(movies);
Console.WriteLine("-----");
```

Result:

```
Test 4: Use ToArray and the printArray helper method to show the movies in the BST.

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Come and See, Genre: History, Classification: M, Duration: 142, Available Copies: 24

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Shiva Baby, Genre: Comedy, Classification: M, Duration: 78, Available Copies: 12

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18
```

ToArray works as intended. A complete array of the movies sorted in descending dictionary order of their titles is returned.

Test 5: Inserting existing movies into the BST.

```
Test 5: Insert existing movies into the BST.

This movie already exists in the collection.
This movie already exists in the collection.

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Come and See, Genre: History, Classification: M, Duration: 142, Available Copies: 24

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Shiva Baby, Genre: Comedy, Classification: M, Duration: 78, Available Copies: 12

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 6 movies in the collection.
```

Insert works as intended when trying to add pre-existing movies to the collection. The method returns false and writes a message to the user stating the movie already exists in the collection. The movies are not added as evident by using ToArray and printArray. The existing movie collection and the number of movies in it are unchanged.

Test 6: Search for movies in the collection.

```
// Test 6: Use Search method to search for movies in the BST. Count should not change as per the post-condition.
Console.WriteLine("Test 6: Use Search method to search for movies in the BST. Count should not change as per the post-condition.\n");
Console.Write(movieCollection.Search("Fallen Angels").ToString());
Console.WriteLine();

movies = movieCollection.ToArray();
printArray(movies);
Console.WriteLine("There are " + movieCollection.Number + " movies in the collection.");
```

Result:

```
Test 6: Use Search method to search for movies in the BST. Count should not change as per the post-condition.

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Come and See, Genre: History, Classification: M, Duration: 142, Available Copies: 24

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Shiva Baby, Genre: Comedy, Classification: M, Duration: 78, Available Copies: 12

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 6 movies in the collection.
```

Search method works as intended. It correctly returns the reference of the object (with the help of ToString). The movie collection and number of movies in it remain unchanged.

Test 7: Search for movies that do not exist in the collection.

```
Test 7: Search movies that do not exist. Should return a null value as per the post-condition. Count should not change.

Pride and Prejudice does not exist in the collection. Search method returns a null value.

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Come and See, Genre: History, Classification: M, Duration: 142, Available Copies: 24

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Shiva Baby, Genre: Comedy, Classification: M, Duration: 78, Available Copies: 12

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 6 movies in the collection.
```

Search behaves as intended when searching for non-existent movies. It returns a null value, and the test prints a message telling the user that the movie does not exist in the collection. Collection and Number remain unchanged.

Test 8: Use NoDVDs method to count total DVDs in the collection.

```
Test 8: Use NoDVDs method to count how many total DVDs are available in the collection. Movie collection (using ToArray implementation to check) and count remain unchanged.

There are 77 total DVDs in the collection.

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Come and See, Genre: History, Classification: M, Duration: 142, Available Copies: 24

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Shiva Baby, Genre: Comedy, Classification: M, Duration: 78, Available Copies: 12

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 6 movies in the collection.
```

NoDVDs behaves as intended and correctly counts and returns the amount of DVDs in the collection. Manually counting: 7 + 24 + 13 + 12 + 3 + 18 = 77. Collection and Number remain unchanged.

Test 9: Delete method to delete movies in the collection.

Result:

```
Test 9: Use Delete method to delete movies in the BST, then use NoDVDs method to check if the correct movies are deleted. Movie and DVD count should reduce by however many movies are deleted.

True
True
True
Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7
Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13
Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3
Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18
There are 4 movies in the collection.
There are 41 total DVDs in the collection.
```

Delete method works as intended. The method returns true when successfully deleting the movie objects passed into it. The correct movies are deleted as shown by the ToArray and printArray methods. Number is correctly decremented by the two movies deleted. NoDVDs also reflects the DVDs deleted.

Test 10: Deleting movies that do not exist in the collection.

```
Test 10: Delete movies that do not exist. Count should not change.

False

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 4 movies in the collection.

There are 41 total DVDs in the collection.
```

Delete works as intended. No movies are deleted and the method returns false when deleting a movie that does not exist in the collection. The movie collection and number remain unchanged.

Test 11: ToArray method to convert collection to array.

Result:

```
Test 11: Use ToArray method to convert movie collection to array. Use printArray helper method to print the array.

Title: Aftersun, Genre: Drama, Classification: M, Duration: 101, Available Copies: 7

Title: Fallen Angels, Genre: Action, Classification: M, Duration: 98, Available Copies: 13

Title: Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse, Genre: Action, Classification: PG, Duration: 117, Available Copies: 3

Title: The Good, the Bad and the Ugly, Genre: Western, Classification: M15Plus, Duration: 161, Available Copies: 18

There are 4 movies in the collection.
```

This confirms that the ToArray method works as intended. It correctly returns the movies array in descending dictionary order. Number remains unchanged.

Test 12: Clear method.

```
// Test 12: Use Clear method to clear the binary search tree.
Console.WriteLine("Test 12: Use Clear method to clear the binary search tree.\n");
movieCollection.Clear();

movies = movieCollection.ToArray();
printArray(movies);

Console.WriteLine("\nThere are " + movieCollection.Number + " movies in the collection.");
Console.WriteLine();
Console.WriteLine("------");
```

Result:

```
Test 12: Use Clear method to clear the binary search tree.

There are 0 movies in the collection.
```

The clear method works as intended. It clears all the movies in the collection, as evident by using ToArray and printArray printing nothing. Number of the collection is zero.

Test 13: NoDVDs when movie collection is empty.

```
// Test 13: Use NoDVDs when the movie collection is empty.
Console.WriteLine("Test 13: Use NoDVDs when the movie collection is empty.\n");
Console.WriteLine("There are " + movieCollection.NoDVDs() + " total DVDs in the collection.");
Console.WriteLine("-----");
```

Result:

```
Test 13: Use NoDVDs when the movie collection is empty.

There are 0 total DVDs in the collection.
```

NoDVDs correctly returns zero DVDs in the collection when the collection is empty.

Test 14: Testing the CompareTo method.

```
Test 14: Testing the CompareTo method.

0
-1
1
```

CompareTo behaves as intended. It correctly returns 0 for the same title, 'AAA' correctly returns -1 as it is lesser in dictionary order to 'Test Movie', and 'ZZZ' correctly returns 1 as it is greater in dictionary order to 'Test Movie'.

Test 15: Testing the ToString method.

```
// Test 15: Testing the ToString method.
Console.WriteLine("Test 15: Testing the ToString method.\n");
Console.WriteLine(test.ToString());
Console.ReadLine();
```

Result:

```
Test 15: Testing the ToString method.

Title: Test Movie, Genre: Comedy, Classification: PG, Duration: 13, Available Copies: 29
```

ToString works as intended. It correctly returns the test movie title, genre, classification, duration, and available copies in that order.

4. References

- Tang, Maolin (2023, March 6). *CAB301 Algorithms and Complexity: Analysis of Algorithms* [PowerPoint slides]. Canvas. https://canvas.qut.edu.au/
- Tang, Maolin (2023, March 27). *CAB301 Algorithms and Complexity: Binary Tree, binary search tree, and algorithms* [PowerPoint slides]. Canvas. https://canvas.qut.edu.au/