

- ・プログラミング言語の経験

C 5years calculation for study, used at a course

C++ 0.5years only used at a course

R 0.5years only used at a course

- ・Tarai ベンチマーク (Mac OS Catalina 10.15.6, 1.8 GHz デュアルコア Intel Core i5)

C: 0.186540 秒

Python: 7.620864 秒

Ruby: 5.551839 秒

- ・tarai.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <time.h>
```

```
static long tarai(long, long, long);
```

```
int
```

```
main(int argc, char **argv)
```

```
{
```

```
    clock_t start, end;
```

```
    start = clock();
```

```
    printf("%ld¥n", tarai(13, 5, 0));
```

```
    end = clock();
```

```
    printf("Tarai 関数 (13,5,0) の実行時間: %f 秒 ¥n", (double)(end-start) /
```

```
CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
}
```

```
static long
```

```
tarai(long x, long y, long z)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (x<=y) {
```

```
        return y;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        return tarai(tarai(x-1, y, z),
```

```

        tarai(y-1, z, x),
        tarai(z-1, x, y));
    }
}

```

```

• tarai.py
#!/usr/bin/env python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

```

```

import time

def tarai(x, y, z):
    if x <= y: return y
    return tarai(
        tarai(x - 1, y, z),
        tarai(y - 1, z, x),
        tarai(z - 1, x, y))

st_time = time.clock()
print(tarai(13, 5, 0))
print(time.clock() - st_time)

```

```

• tarai.rb
#tarai.rb
#
#たらい回し関数の PureRuby 実装版

```

```

require 'benchmark'

puts Benchmark::CAPTION

```

```

def tarai(x, y, z)
  if x <= y then
    return y
  else
    return tarai(tarai((x-1), y, z), tarai((y-1), z, x), tarai((z-1), x, y))
  end
end

```

```
        end  
end
```

```
###実行  
puts tarai(13, 5, 0)  
puts Benchmark.measure {  
  tarai(13, 5, 0)  
}
```