

Stochastic processes in the realCourse > Week 6 > world

> Problem (5-6)

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Problem 5

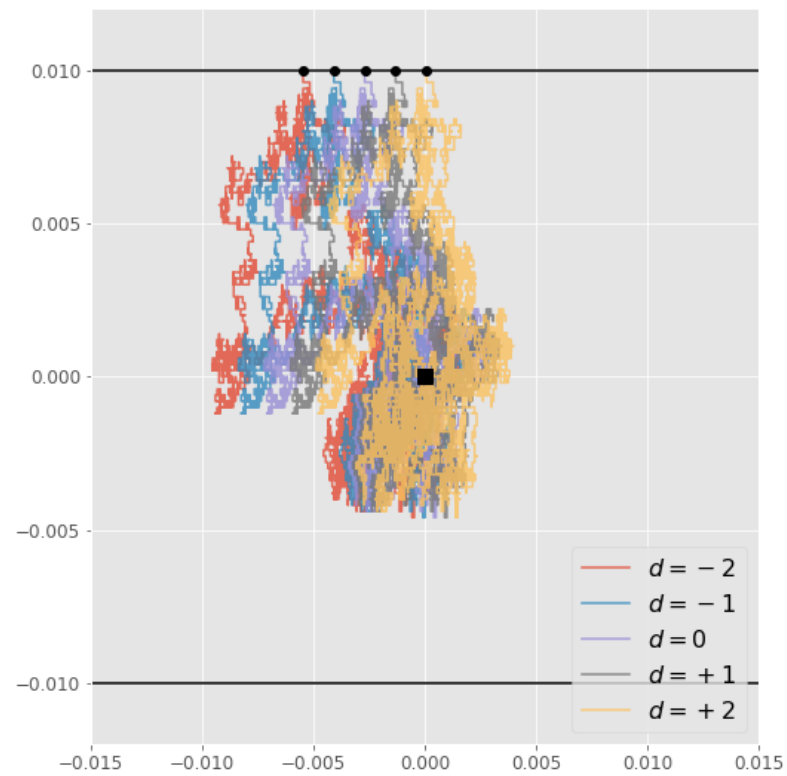
0.0/1.0 point (graded)

Use the code example introduced in the video to simulate the 2D random walk for one transaction of model 2 (the stochastic dealer model with a memory term). In this case, an extra "drift" or memory term $d\langle\Delta P\rangle_M$ is added to the update rule for the mid-prices $p_i(t)$ of the dealers. The constant d determines whether the dealers are trend-followers ($d > 0$) or contrarians ($d < 0$), and $\langle\Delta P\rangle_M$ is a weighted average of the market prices increases $\Delta P = P_{n+1} - P_n$ over the previous M trades. Notice that if $d = 0$, we recover the original model 1 version, without memory.

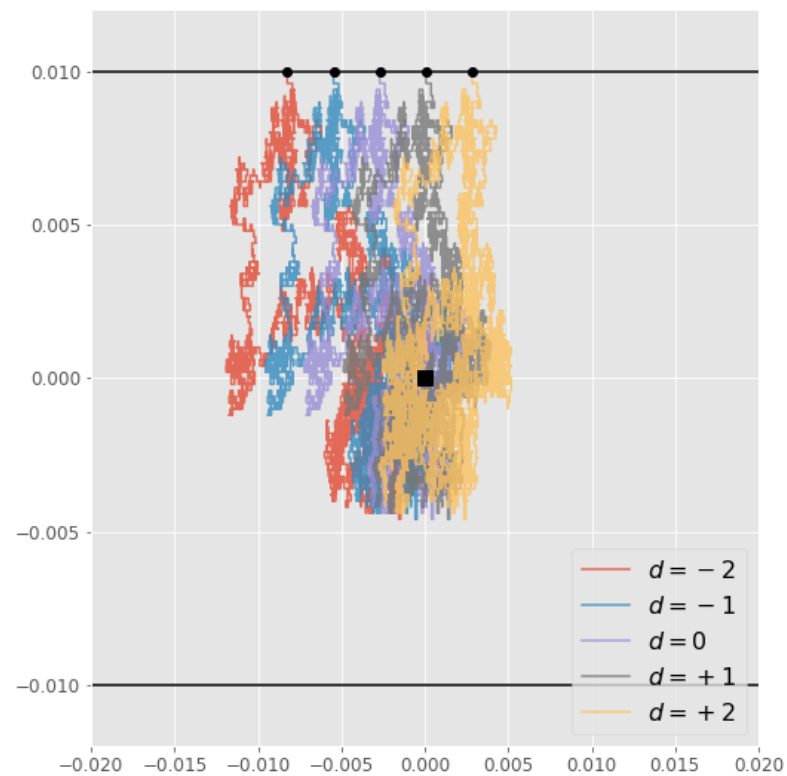
Use exactly the same parameters as in the video, but take $d = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$, to simulate both contrarians and trend-followers. For comparison purposes, be sure to initialize the random number generator using the same seed for all the simulations. Plot the random walk in 2D space

$(A(t) = \frac{1}{2}(p_1(t) + p_2(t)), D(t) = p_1(t) - p_2(t))$. Which of the following is the closest to what you obtained?

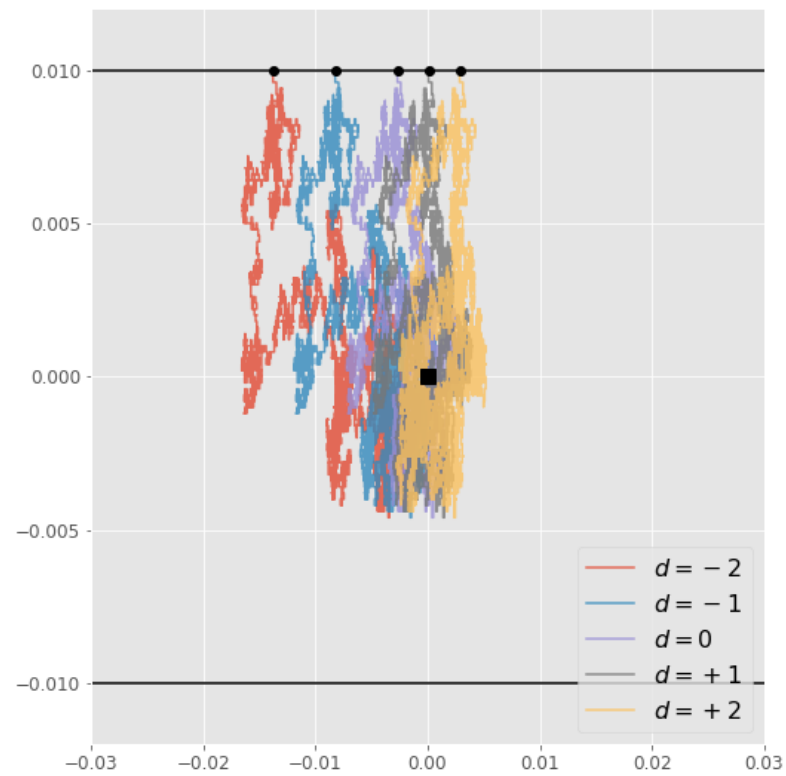
G31



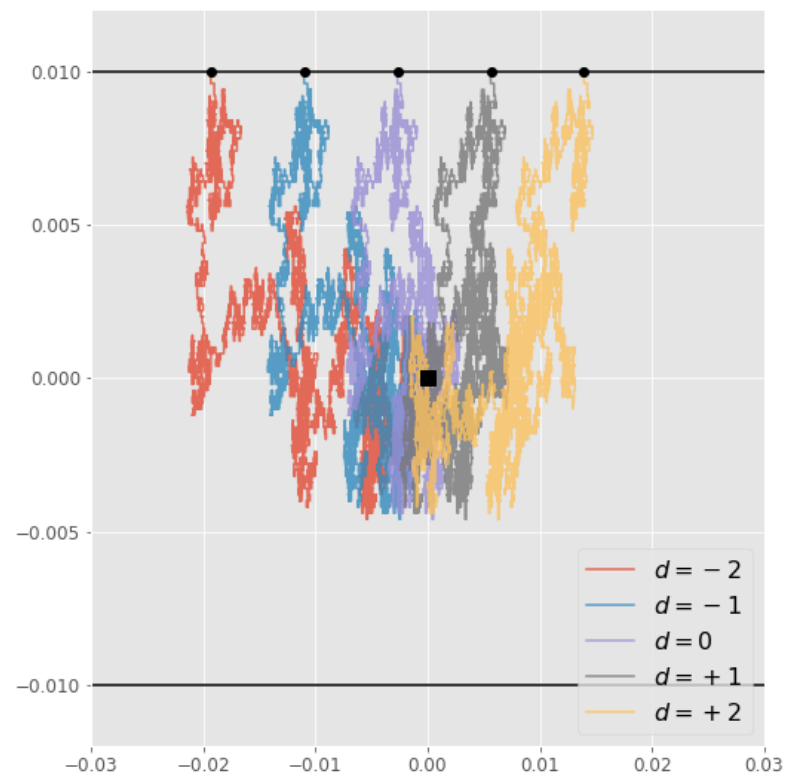
G32



G33



G34



☐ G31☐ G32☐ G33☐ G34

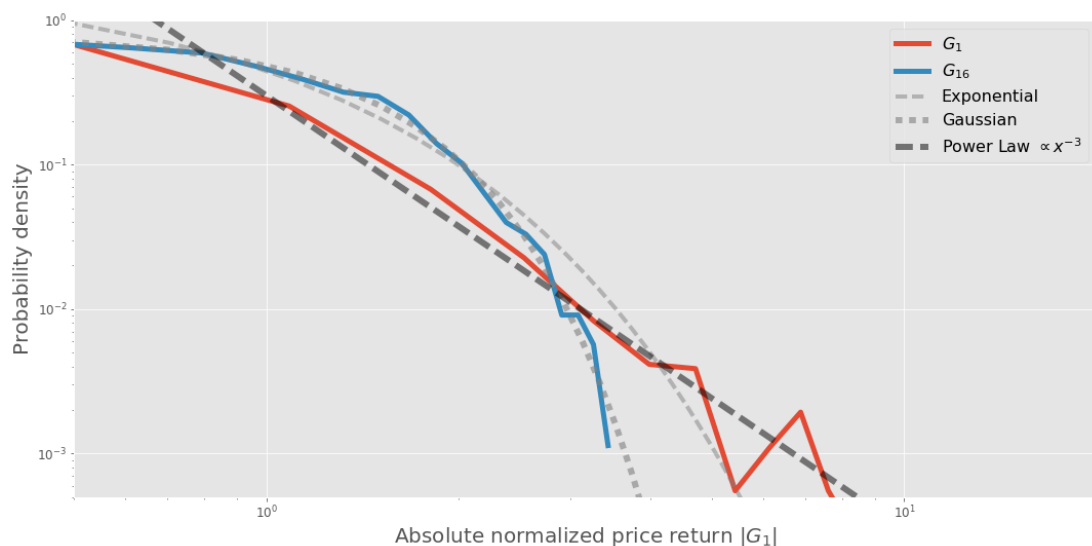
You have used 0 of 2 attempts

Problem 6

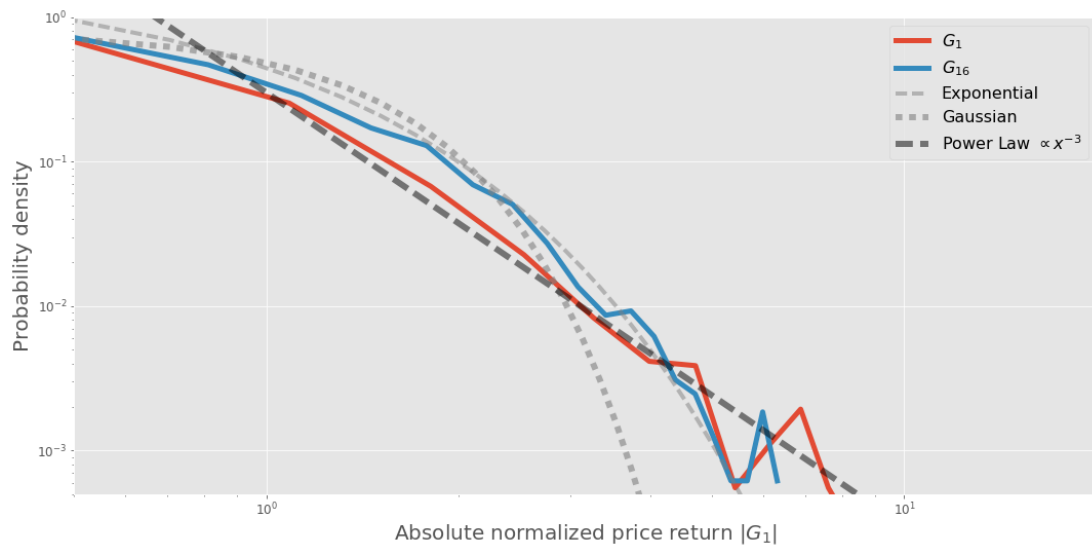
0.0/1.0 point (graded)

Use the code example and data (model2.txt) introduced in the video to calculate the probability distribution function of the absolute price return G_τ for two different values of the time delay, $\tau = 1$ and $\tau = 16$. As a guide to the eye, you should also plot the exponential, Gaussian, and power-law distributions. Which of the following graphs is the closest to what you obtained (When generating the histogram, use $n = 20$ bins for comparison)?

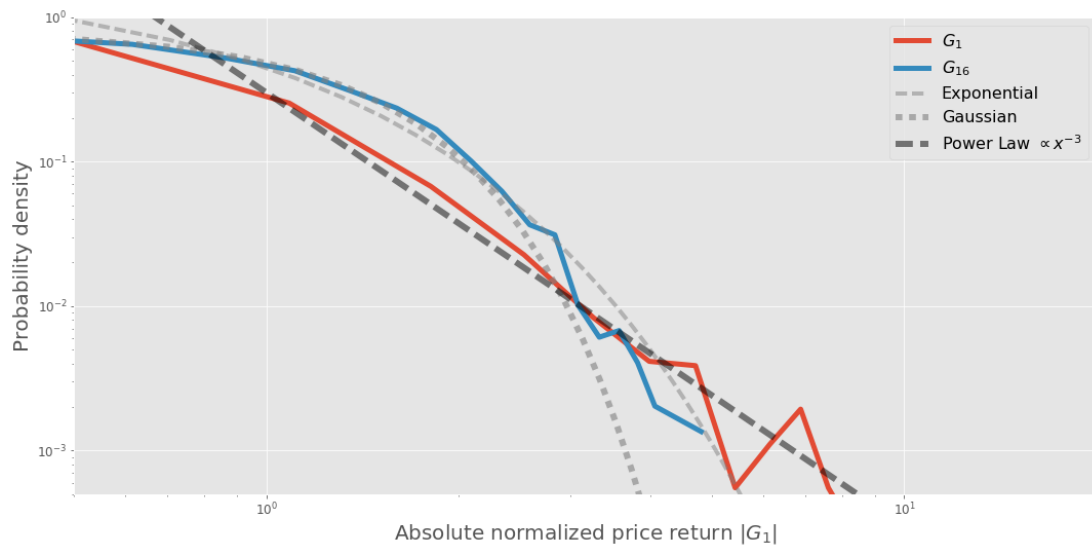
G41



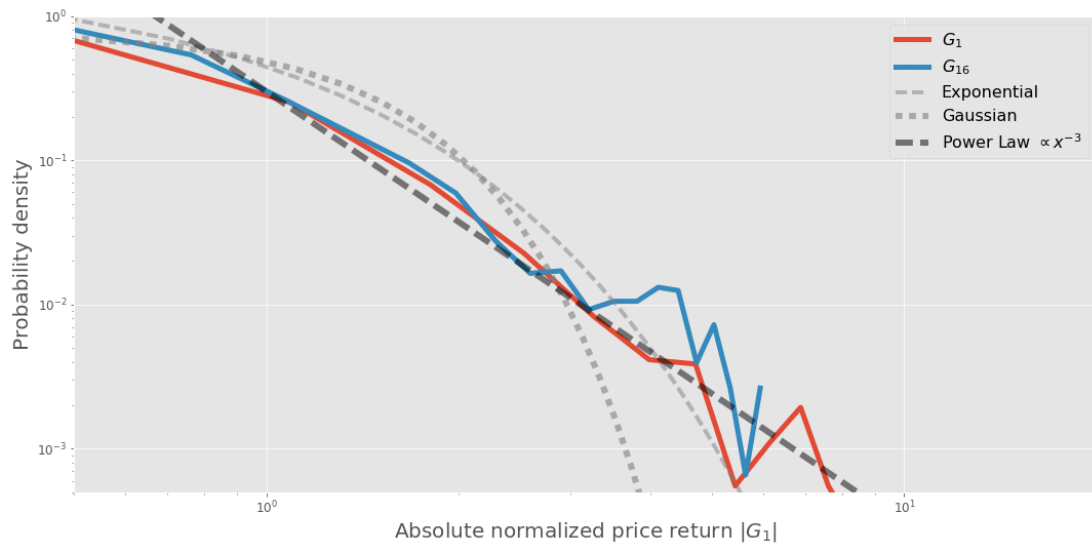
G42



G43



G44



☐ G41☐ G42☐ G43☐ G44

You have used 0 of 2 attempts

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