# Diffusion Process and Take-off Conditions of the Online Platform

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# Outline

- 1. Motivation
- 2. The Model
- 3. The Data
- 4. Conclusion

#### Motivation - Introduction

Online Platforms

Place where people gather and share their contents in the Internet

Wikipedia
YouTube
Twitter

YouTube
Facebook

This paper studies diffusion process of online platforms

# Motivation - Related Literature : Diffusion Theory

Rogers (1962): Sociology

Bass (1969): Marketing

Ellison and Fudenberg (1995): Word-of-mouth social learning

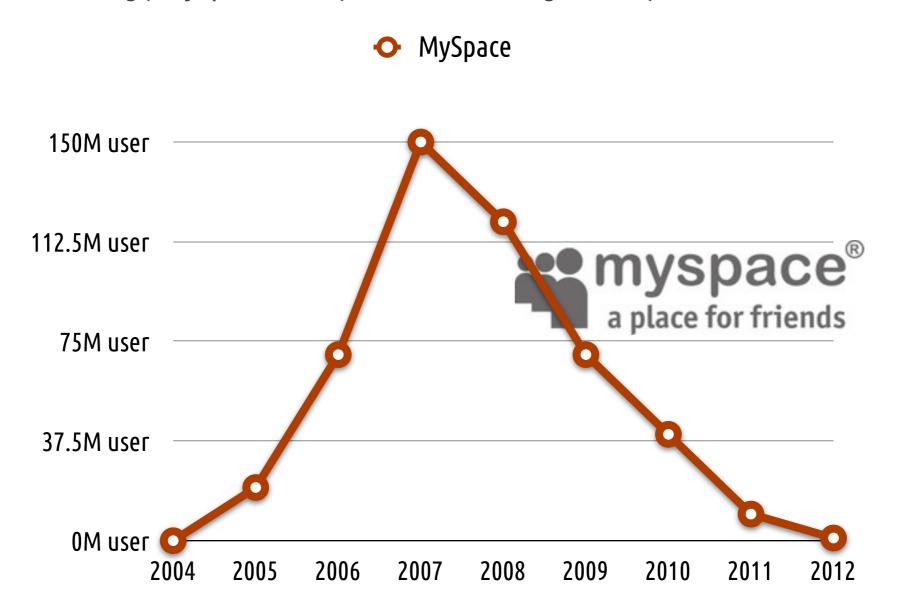
Morris (2000): Contagion thresholds in networks

Young (2009): Contagion, social influence, and social learning

Anthey and Ellison (2012): Diffusion dynamics of open source software

# Motivation - Limitation of the Existing Model

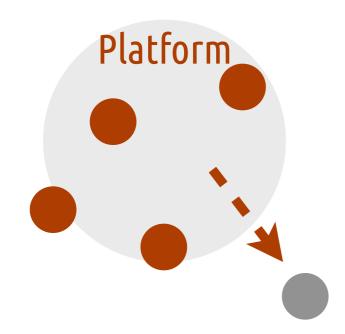
e.g.) MySpace - SNS (Social Networking Service) since 2003



Existing models cannot explain failure to take-off

# Motivation - Hypothesis

Young's network externality



User ↑ ⇒ User ↑

Hypothesis: Another network externality



#### Motivation - Main Results

# 1. If there exists another type of network externality, failed to launch occur.

Explain the phenomenon such as failure of MySpace and success of Facebook

## 2. Whether take-off or not depends on three factors.

Initial condition of quality, content per capita, and rate of decline

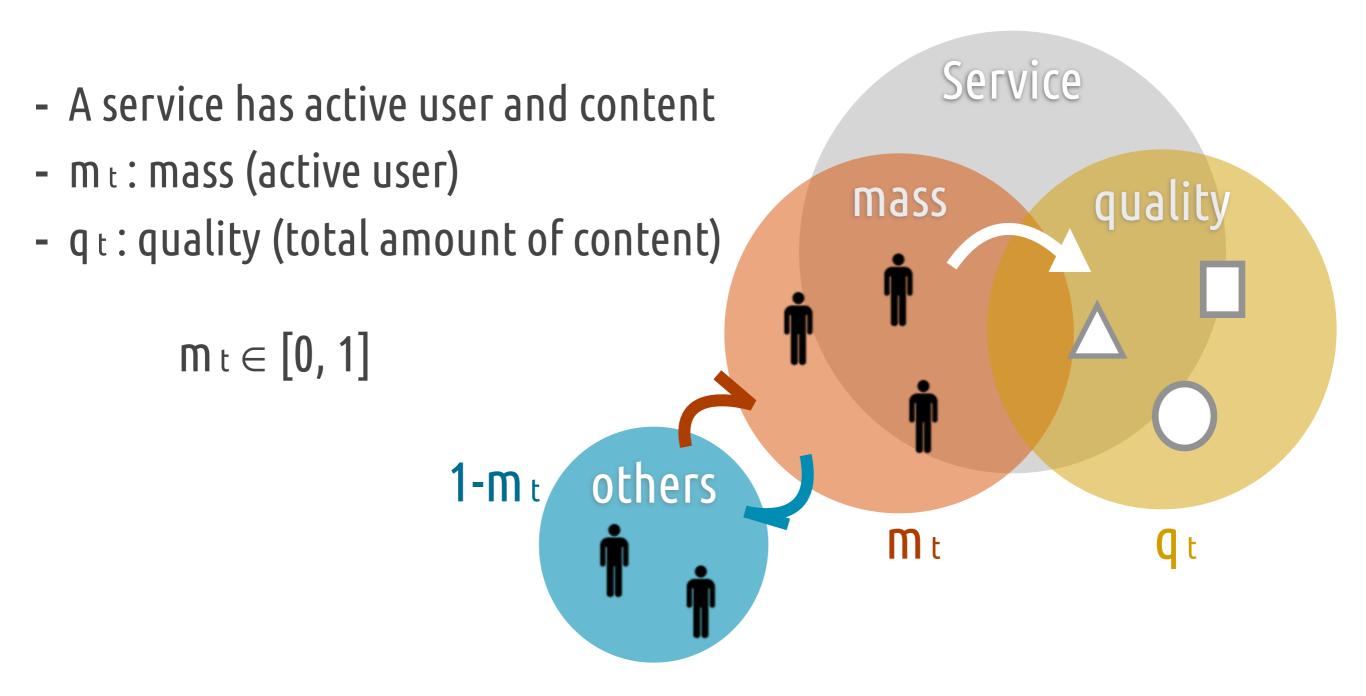
### 3. Simulation of the model can explain the real data

Can explain dynamics of active users and contents of platforms

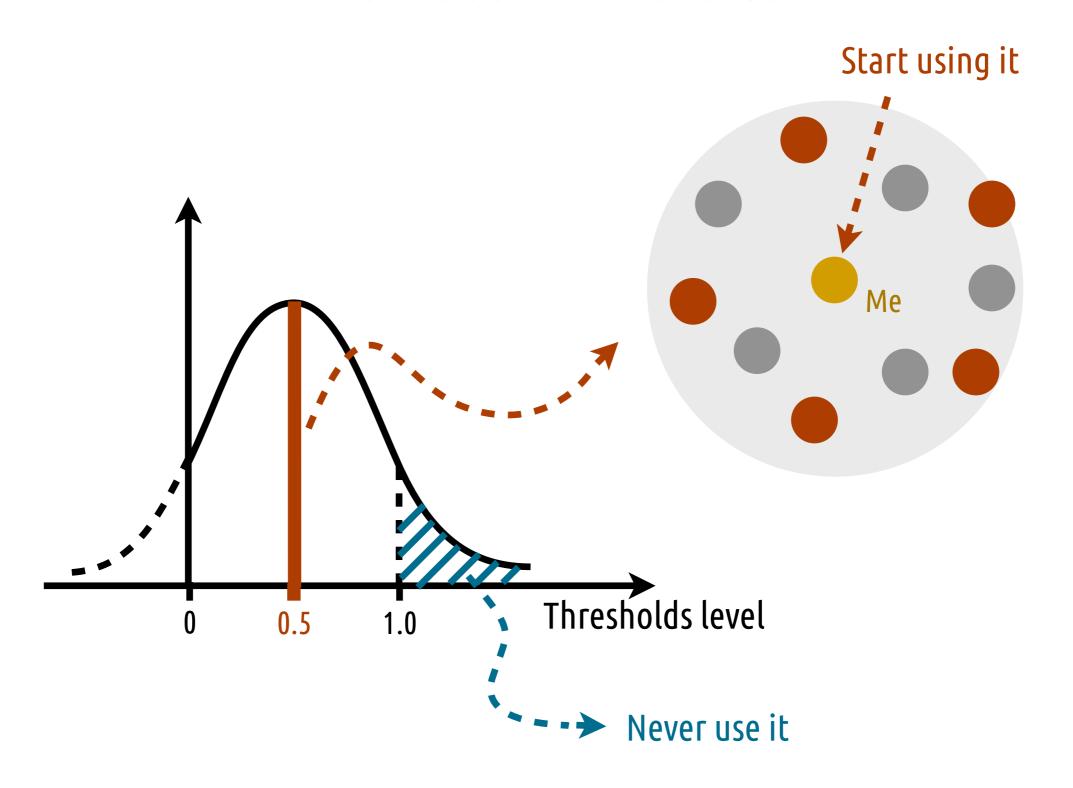
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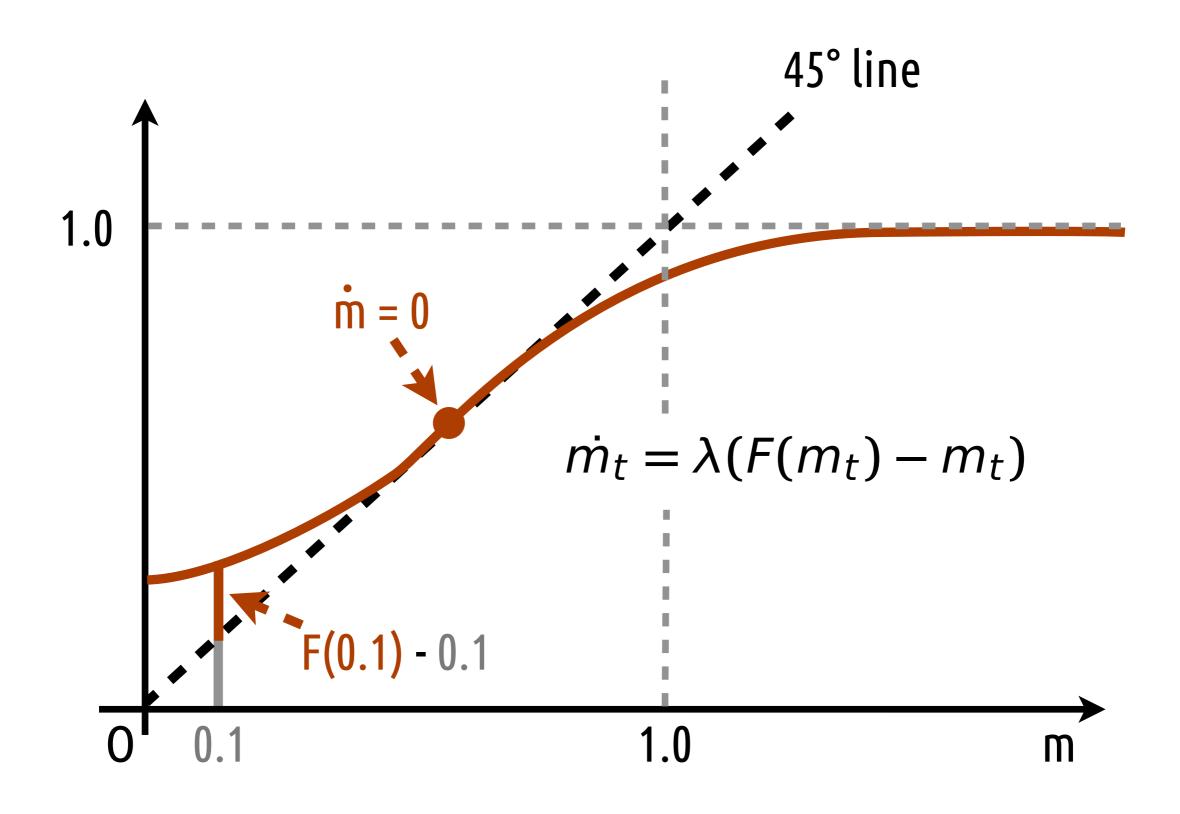
# The Model - Model Settings



# The Model - Thresholds



## The Model - Mass



# The Model - Quality

### 1. Quality depends on uploaded contents

e.g.) The quality of YouTube depends on videos uploaded by users

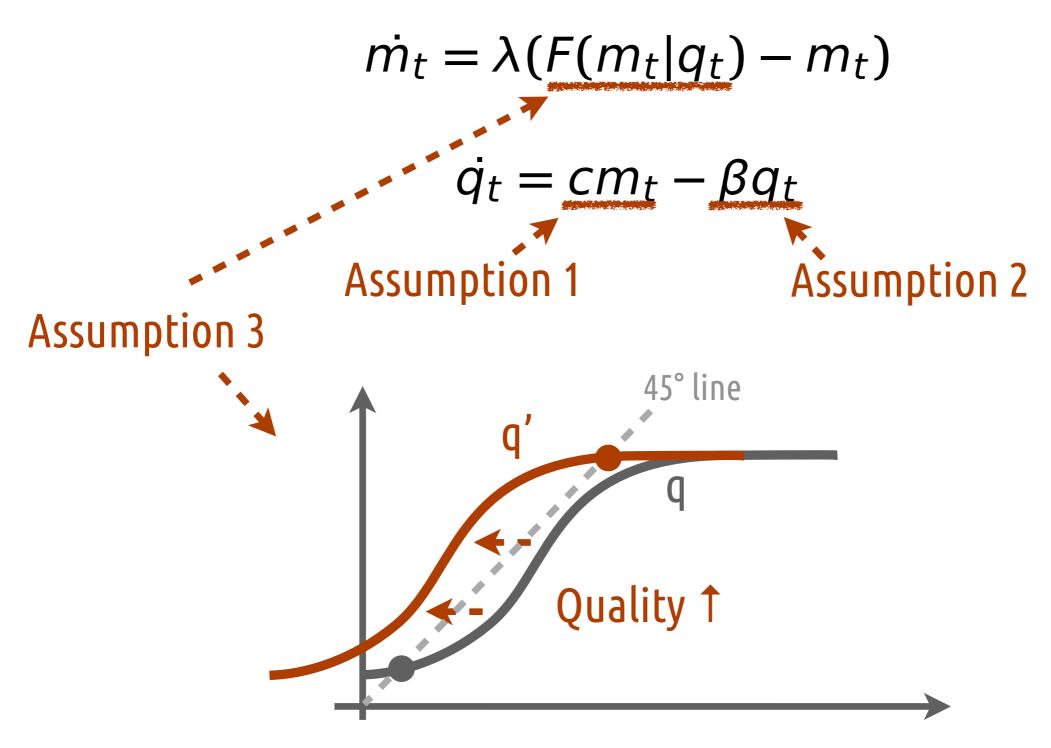
## 2. Quality diminish over time

e.g.) If nobody uploaded videos, the reputation of YouTube would decrease

### 3. Quality affects users' thresholds distribution

e.g.) The more YouTube has videos, the more users try to use it

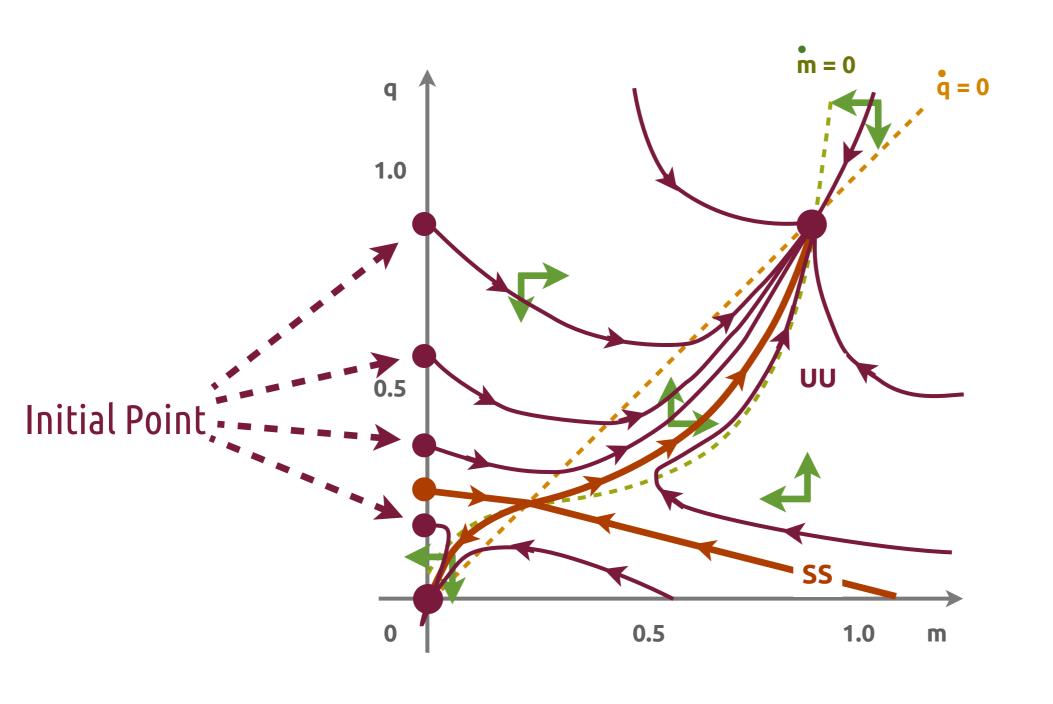
# The Model - Dynamics of Mass and Quality



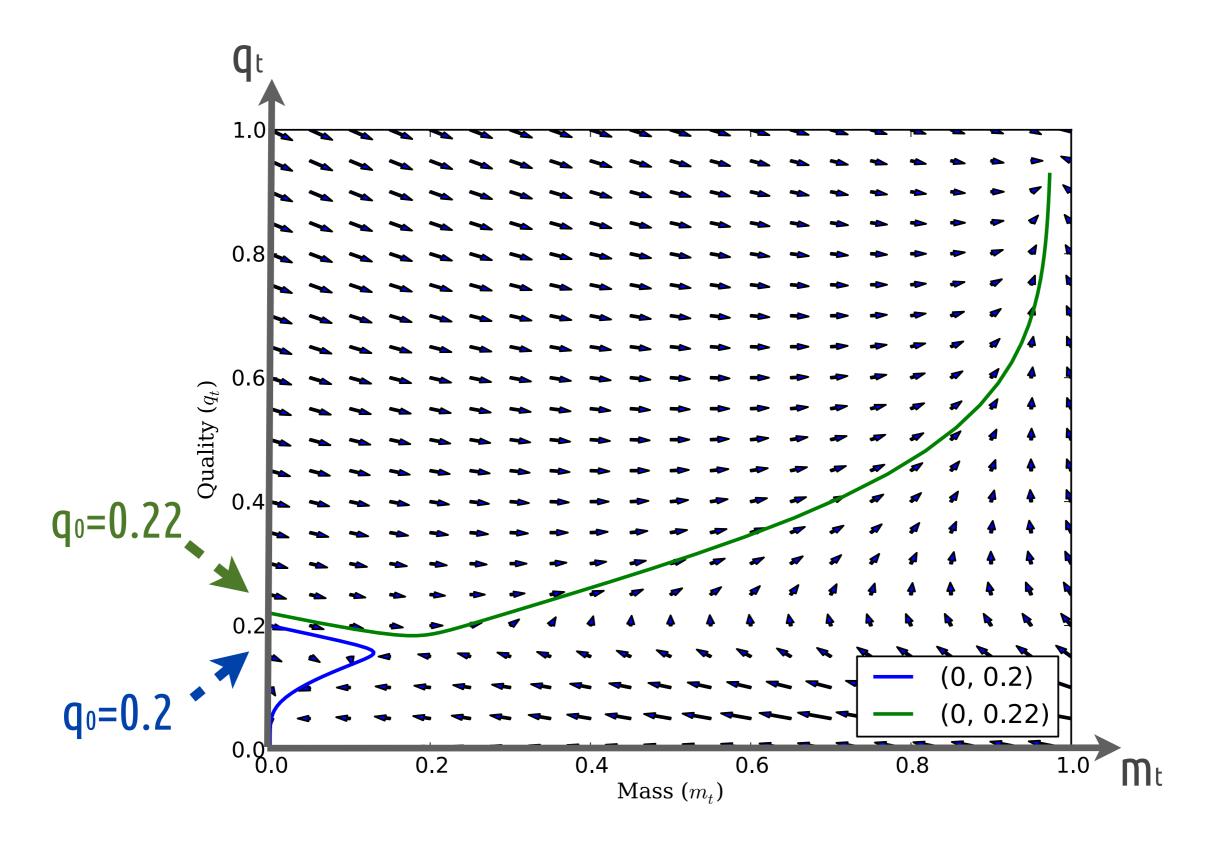
If q' > q, then q' has first order stochastic dominance over q.

#### The Model - Diffusion Process and Take-off Conditions I

Thresholds Distribution : N ( $\mu/q$ ,  $\sigma^2$ )



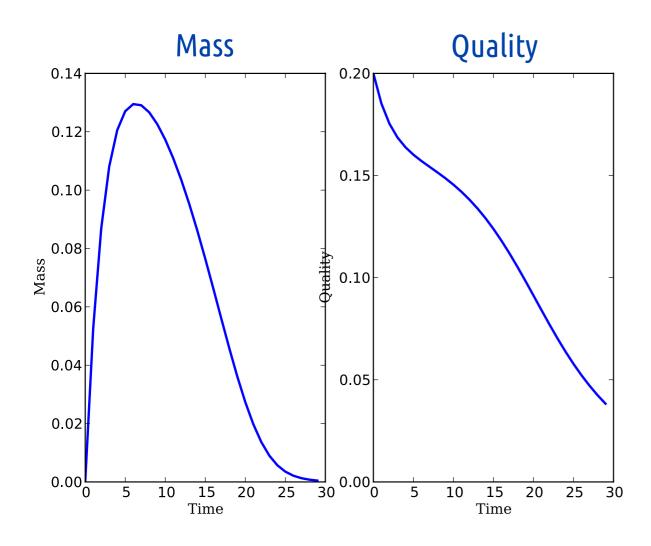
#### The Model - Diffusion Process and Take-off Conditions II

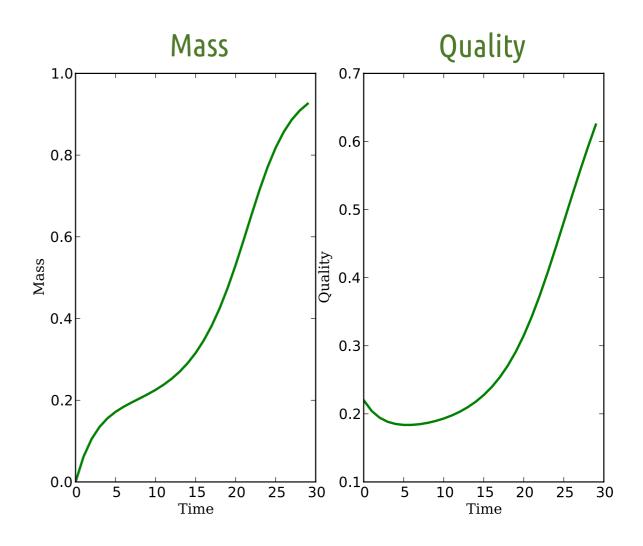


#### The Model - Diffusion Process and Take-off Conditions III

q<sub>0</sub>=0.2 (Failed to Take-off)

 $q_0=0.22$  (Take-off)





# The Model - Critical Value of Quality

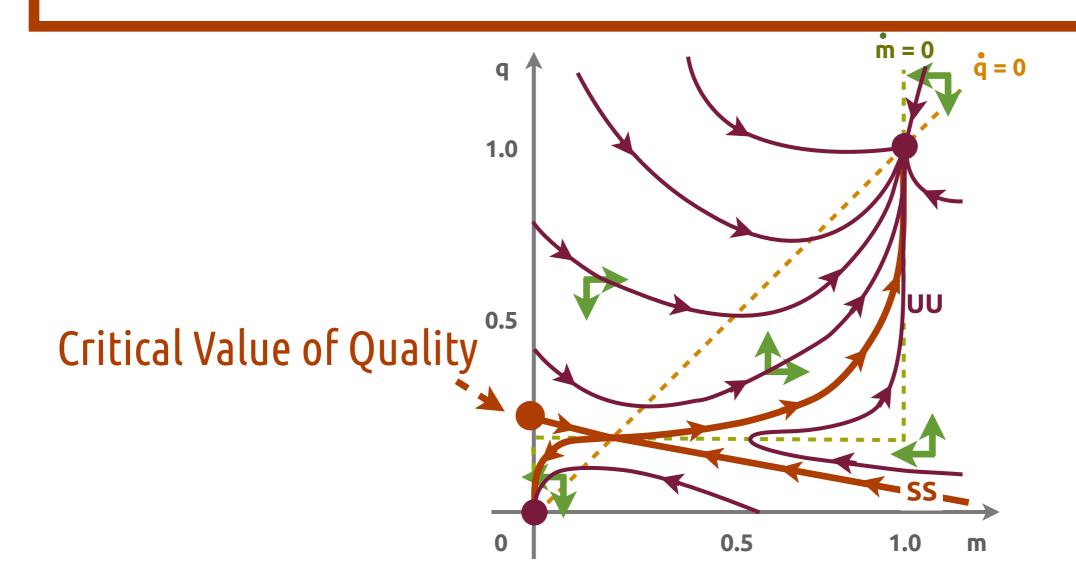
#### Definition

Critical value of quality is defined as the level of quality  $\bar{q}$  such that if  $q_0 \in [0, \bar{q})$  then  $\lim_{t\to\infty} m_t = 0$  and if  $q_0 \in (\bar{q}, \infty)$  then  $\lim_{t\to\infty} m_t = m^*$  ( $m^* > 0$ )

# The Model - Proposition

#### Proposition

Thresholds distribution is given by  $U(\alpha/q_t - 1, \alpha/q_t)$ . If  $c/\beta > \alpha$  and  $\lambda(c/\beta - \alpha)^2 \ge c\alpha$  hold, then there exists critical value of quality  $\bar{q} \in [\alpha, c/\beta]$ 



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# The Data - Music Platform App on iPhone

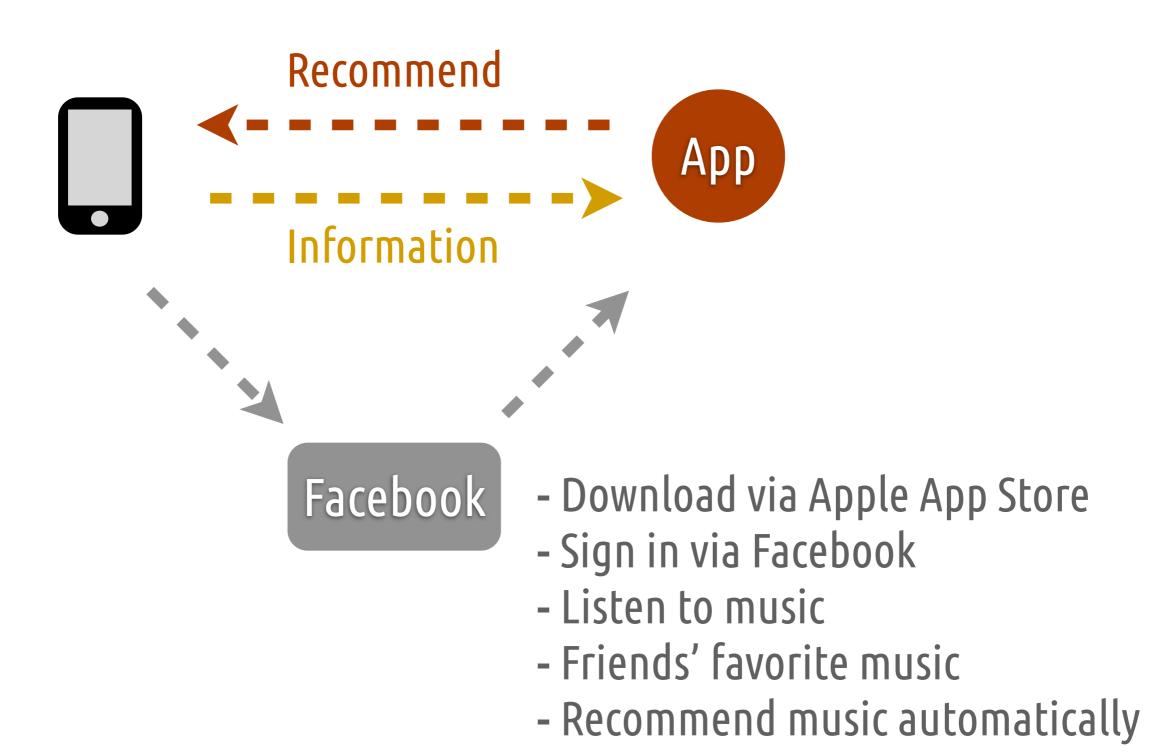


### Populi - Social Music App

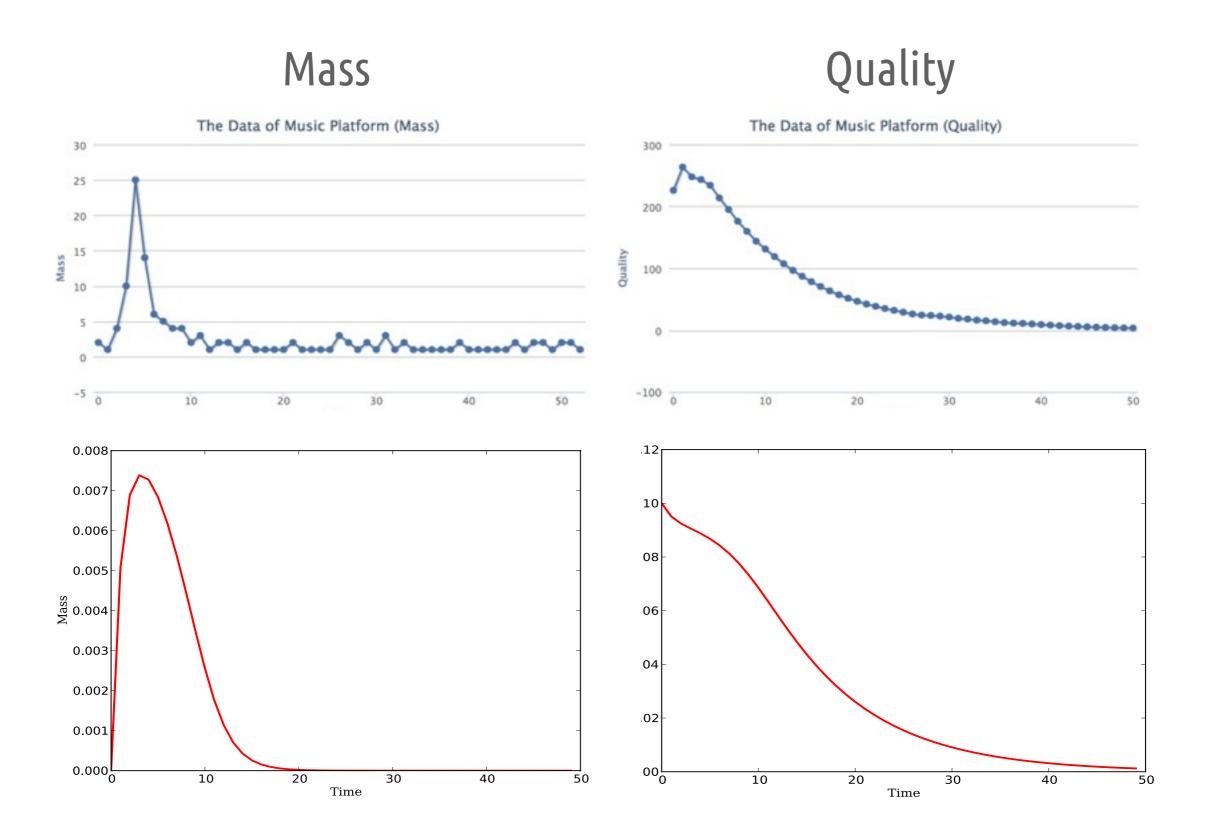
Released in June



# The Data - Detail of the App



### The Data - Simulation and the Data



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#### Conclusion - Intuitions of Diffusion Process

If quality depends on uploaded contents and also affects users decision, then there exists critical value of quality.

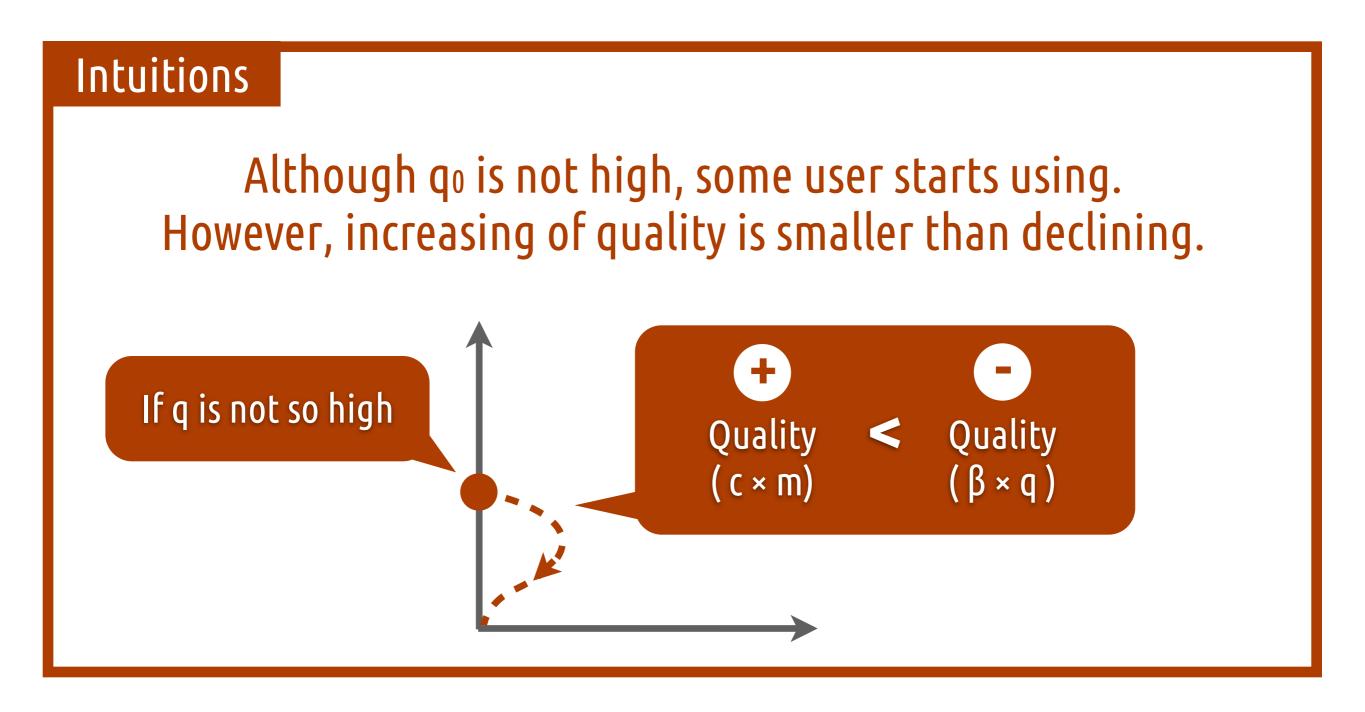
#### Intuitions

Platforms is affected by another type of network externality



#### Conclusion - Intuitions of Take-off Conditions

Whether take-off or not depends on q<sub>0</sub> (initial quality), c (content per capita), β (decline rate)



# Thank You for Your Attention