# Multilingual Room Matching with Fuzzy Logic and XGBoost

Ryoji – Room Match ML API Project

## April 2025

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1	Introduction		3. Send a test request:
for Ro	nis project builds a multilingual machine learning A matching hotel room listings, inspired by Cupic bom Match API. The system accepts POST reques	<pre>curl -X POST http://127.0.0.1:5050/room_match \     -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \     -d @sample_request.json</pre>	
with structured room data from both suppliers and a reference catalog, and returns probabilistic room match			4. Or run python test_post.py

# 2 Project Structure and API Setup

predictions. It supports mixed-language inputs (e.g., English, Arabic, Korean) and uses fuzzy logic, language

detection, and machine learning classification.

• Room\_Match/ (project root)

# 3 Methodology

## 3.1 Input Format

The input to the API is a JSON object with supplier and reference rooms:

```
"inputCatalog": [
    {
      "supplierId": "nuitee",
      "supplierRoomInfo": [
        {"supplierRoomId": "2", "supplierRoomName": "Classic Room - Olympic Queen Bed - ROOM ONLY"}
   }
 ],
  "referenceCatalog": [
      "propertyId": "5122906",
      "propertyName": "Pestana Park Avenue",
      "referenceRoomInfo": [
        {"roomId": "512290602", "roomName": "Classic Room"},
        {"roomId": "512290608", "roomName": "Classic Room - Disability Access"}
      1
   }
 ]
}
```

#### 3.2 Room Matching Strategy

To develop the backend ML model, I first loaded and explored the datasets:

```
df_rooms: pdated_core_rooms.csv
df_ref: referance_rooms-1737378184366.csv
```

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) included inspecting schema with df.info(), removing records where room\_name is NaN, and understanding key identifier relationships like lp\_id, hotel\_id, room\_id, and core\_room\_id. The room\_id typically acts as a foreign key while core\_room\_id reflects internal indexing.

sectionFigures A figure (see below) summarizes the ID

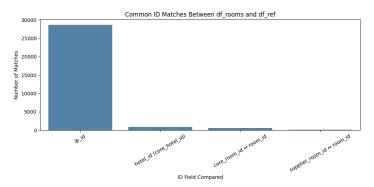


Figure 1: Common ID Matches Between core rooms and reference rooms"

matching counts of lp\_id, hotel\_id, room\_id, and core\_room\_id.

Language detection was performed using fastText to annotate room names for multilingual handling.

For supervised model training:

- Matching candidates were created when (lp\_id, hotel\_id, room\_id) matched more than once.
- Similarity scores were computed using fastText embedding similarity.
- The dataset was labeled and split accordingly.
- A tuned XGBoost classifier was trained on features including ID match booleans and text-based similarity.

Evaluation metrics:

- Confusion Matrix to identify true/false positives and negatives
- F1-Score to balance precision and recall
- **ROC Curve** for threshold-independent classification performance

Figures below show the confusion matrix and ROC curve.

### 3.3 Model Training

- Label = 1 if fuzzy score > 0.85 AND ID match
- Model: XGBoost classifier
- Tuning: Optuna
- Metrics: F1, AUC, Confusion Matrix

#### 3.4 Multilingual Handling

- fastText supports 100+ languages.
- Can detect Arabic, Korean, Japanese, etc. but only the dominant language.
- Mixed-language strings may produce partial results.
- Example: Deluxe Room (デラックスルーム) may be detected as Japanese or English depending on structure.

Limitation: fastText cannot detect or translate multiple languages in one string. It returns only the dominant language.

Recommendation: Use SentenceTransformer (MiniLM-L12-v2) with GPU for better cross-lingual semantic understanding.

## 4 Results

• **F1-score:** 99.6%

• ROC AUC: High

• Confusion Matrix: Few false positives/negatives

# 5 Sample Output

```
{
  "supplierRoomId": "2",
  "supplierRoomName": "Classic Room - Olympic Queen Bed - ROOM ONLY",
  "refRoomId": "512290602",
  "refRoomName": "Classic Room",
  "fuzzy_score": 1.0,
  "match_score": 0.9991,
  "lang_supplier": "en",
  "lang_ref": "en"
}
```

#### 6 Limitations and Future Work

- Only one supplier extension to multiple for RWE.
- Current model uses only name-based features.
- Future versions should add:
  - Room view, floor, amenities
  - Descriptions and full metadata

#### 6.1 Deployment Notes

- Docker for reproducibility
- CI/CD with Jenkins or GitHub Actions
- Hosting via FastAPI or TorchServe

#### 6.2 LLM Potential

- Fine-tuning MiniLM-L12-v2 with LoRA
- Use of RAG + embeddings for richer room description grounding
- Large LLMs for summarization and inference