

Задача. Крива на Безие $C(u)$ е определена чрез контролните си точки: $P_0(25;0)$, $P_1(50;50)$, $P_2(-50;50)$, $P_3(0;25)$ и $P_4(-25;0)$.

Намерете:

- $C(0,2)$ като използвате полиномите на Бернщайн;
- $C(0,2)$ чрез алгоритъма на де Кастилно;
- надрезделите кривата при $u=0,2$ и намерете контролните полиноми на двете дяла;
- $\dot{C}(0,2)$ и $\ddot{C}(0,2)$
- да се увеличи степенята на $C(u)$ с 1, да се намери и начертает новия контролен полигон;
- $C^*(0,2)$, ако $C^*(u)$ се намира от $C(u)$ чрез преместване на P_2 в $P_2^*(0,35)$.

Решение:

$$a) \quad C(u) = \sum_{i=0}^n B_{ni}(u) P_i, \quad n=4, \quad u=0,2 = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$C(0,2) = B_{4,0}(0,2)P_0 + B_{4,1}(0,2)P_1 + B_{4,2}(0,2)P_2 + B_{4,3}(0,2)P_3 + B_{4,4}(0,2)P_4$$

$$B_{ni}(u) = \frac{n!}{i!(n-i)!} u^i (1-u)^{n-i}$$

$$B_{4,0}(0,2) = \frac{4!}{0!(4-0)!} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^0 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4 = \frac{256}{625} = 0,4096$$

$$B_{4,1}(0,2) = \frac{4!}{1!(4-1)!} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^1 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{256}{625} = 0,4096$$

$$B_{4,2}(0,2) = \frac{4!}{2!(4-2)!} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{96}{625} = 0,1536$$

$$B_{4,3}(0,2) = \frac{4!}{3!(4-3)!} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^1 = \frac{16}{625} = 0,0256$$

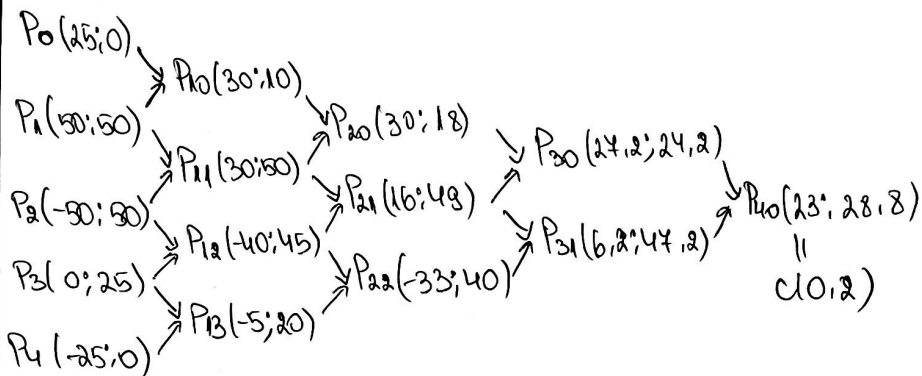
$$B_{4,4}(0,2) = \frac{4!}{4!(4-4)!} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^4 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^0 = \frac{1}{625} = 0,0016$$

$$C(0,2) = 0,4096(25;0) + 0,4096(50;50) + 0,1536(-50;50) + 0,0256(0;25) + 0,0016(-25;0)$$

$$C(0,2) = (10,24;0) + (20,48;20;48) + (-4,68;4,68) + (0;0,64) + (-0,04;0)$$

$$\underline{\underline{C(0,2) = (23; 23,8)}}$$

8)



$$u = 0.2 = \frac{1}{5} ; 1 - u = 1 - 0.2 = 0.8 = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$P_{10} = (1-u)P_0 + uP_1 = \frac{4}{5}(25; 0) + \frac{1}{5}(50; 50) = (30; 10)$$

$$P_{11} = (1-u)P_1 + uP_2 = \frac{4}{5}(50; 50) + \frac{1}{5}(-50; 50) = (30; 50)$$

$$P_{12} = (1-u)P_2 + uP_3 = \frac{4}{5}(-50; 50) + \frac{1}{5}(0; 25) = (-40; 45)$$

$$P_{13} = (1-u)P_3 + uP_4 = \frac{4}{5}(0; 25) + \frac{1}{5}(-25; 0) = (-5; 20)$$

$$P_{20} = (1-u)P_{10} + uP_{11} = \frac{4}{5}(30; 10) + \frac{1}{5}(30; 50) = (30; 18)$$

$$P_{21} = (1-u)P_{11} + uP_{12} = \frac{4}{5}(30; 50) + \frac{1}{5}(-40; 45) = (16; 49)$$

$$P_{22} = (1-u)P_{12} + uP_{13} = \frac{4}{5}(-40; 45) + \frac{1}{5}(-5; 20) = (-33; 40)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{30} &= (1-u)P_{20} + uP_{21} = \frac{4}{5}(30; 18) + \frac{1}{5}(16; 49) = \left(24; \frac{144}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{16}{5}; \frac{49}{5}\right) \\ &= (24; 28.8) + (3.2; 9.8) = (27.2; 38.6) \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{31} = (1-u)P_{21} + uP_{22} = 0,8(16;49) + 0,2(-33;40) = \\ = (12,8;39,2) + (-6,6;8) = (6,2;47,2)$$

$$P_{40} = (1-u)P_{30} + uP_{31} = 0,8(24,2;24,2) + 0,2(6,2;47,2) \\ = (21,46;19,36) + (1,24;9,44) = (23;28,8)$$

б) Построенията кривата при $u=0,2$ на елементи C_1 и C_2 , определени от съответните интервали за параметра и контролните полиноми:

$$C_1(u); u \in [0;0,2] [P_0, P_{10}, P_{20}, P_{30}, P_{40}]$$

$$C_2(u); u \in [0,2;1] [P_{40}, P_{31}, P_{22}, P_{13}, P_4]$$

$$\gamma) \dot{C}(0,2) = ? \quad , \quad \ddot{C}(0,2) = ?$$

$$\dot{C}(u) = n [P_{n-1,1} - P_{n-1,0}], \quad \ddot{C}(u) = n(n-1) [P_{n-2,2} - 2P_{n-2,1} + P_{n-2,0}]$$

$$\dot{C}(0,2) = 4 [P_{31} - P_{30}] = 4 [(6,2;47,2) - (24,2;24,2)] \\ = 4(-21;23) = (-84;92)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\dot{C}(0,2) = (-84;92)}$$

$$\ddot{C}(0,2) = 4 \cdot 3 [P_{22} - 2P_{21} + P_{20}] \\ = 12 [(-33;40) - 2(16;49) + (30;18)] \\ = 12 [(-33;40) - (32;98) + (30;18)] \\ = 12(-35;-40) = (-420;480)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\ddot{C}(0,2) = (-420;480)}$$

$$A) n=4 \rightarrow n+1=5$$

Известе контролни точки: $Q_0, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3, Q_4, Q_5$

$$Q_0 = P_0 \Rightarrow Q_0 = (25; 0)$$

$$Q_5 = P_4 \Rightarrow Q_5 = (-25; 0)$$

$$Q_i = \frac{i}{n+1} P_{i-1} + \left(1 - \frac{i}{n+1}\right) P_i, \quad i = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

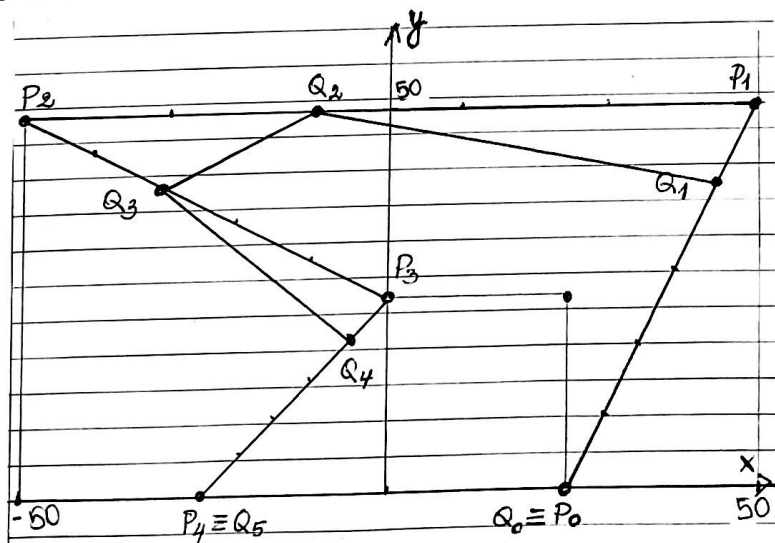
$$Q_1 = \frac{1}{5} P_0 + \left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) P_1 = \frac{1}{5} (25; 0) + \frac{4}{5} (50; 50) = (45; 40)$$

$$Q_2 = \frac{2}{5} P_1 + \left(1 - \frac{2}{5}\right) P_2 = \frac{2}{5} (50; 50) + \frac{3}{5} (-50; 50) = (-10; 50)$$

$$Q_3 = \frac{3}{5} P_2 + \left(1 - \frac{3}{5}\right) P_3 = \frac{3}{5} (-50; 50) + \frac{2}{5} (0; 25) = (-30; 40)$$

$$Q_4 = \frac{4}{5} P_3 + \left(1 - \frac{4}{5}\right) P_4 = \frac{4}{5} (0; 25) + \frac{1}{5} (-25; 0) = (-5; 20)$$

$$Q_0(25; 0), Q_1(45; 40), Q_2(-10; 50), Q_3(-30; 40), Q_4(-5; 20), Q_5(-25; 0)$$



$$c) \quad C^*(u) = C(u) + B_{n,j}(u) \vec{V}$$

$$\vec{V} = P_j^* - P_j$$

$$\Rightarrow C^*(0,2) = C(0,2) + B_{4,2}(0,2) \vec{V}$$

$$C(0,2) = (23, 28, 8) \quad \sigma_T \delta)$$

$$B_{4,2}(0,2) = 0,1536 \quad \sigma_T \alpha)$$

$$\vec{V} = P_j^* - P_j = P_2^* - P_2 = (0, 35) - (-50, 50) = (50, -15)$$

$$C^*(0,2) = (23, 28, 8) + 0,1536 (50, -15)$$

$$= (23, 28, 8) + (7,68; 2,304)$$

$$= (30,68; 31,104)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{C^*(0,2) = (30,68; 31,104)}$$