

# CONVEX ANALYSIS WORKSHOP

RYUTO SAITO

## 1. CONVEX FUNCTIONS

### 1.1. Definitions.

**Definition 1.1.1** (Convex function): Let  $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ . A function  $f : S \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  is convex if  $\mathbf{dom} f$  is a convex set and

$$\forall \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbf{dom} f, \forall t \in \{0, 1\}, f(t\mathbf{x} + (1-t)\mathbf{y}) \leq tf(\mathbf{x}) + (1-t)f(\mathbf{y})$$

where  $\mathbf{dom} f$  is the effective domain of  $f$ :

$$\mathbf{dom} f := \{\mathbf{x} \in S \mid f(\mathbf{x}) < \infty\}.$$

### 1.2. Lemma.

**Lemma 1.2.1:**

### 1.3. Exercise.

**Proposition 1.3.1** (First-order convexity condition): Suppose  $f$  is differentiable. Then  $f$  is convex if and only if  $\mathbf{dom} f$  is convex and

$$\forall \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbf{dom} f, f(\mathbf{y}) \geq f(\mathbf{x}) + f(\mathbf{x})^T(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}).$$

[1]

## REFERENCES

1. Boyd, S., Vandenberghe, L.: Convex Optimization. Cambridge University Press (2004)

*Email address:* j2200071@gunma-u.ac.jp