## Homework 1.1

Due: April 7, 2021

## Monod's<sup>1</sup> nightmare

Escherichia coli is a bacterium that has been used extensively in microbiological studies. E. coli cells are rod-shaped; they are 0.75  $\mu$ m wide, 0.75  $\mu$ m deep, and 2  $\mu$ m long. Under ideal conditions, a population of E. coli doubles in just over 20 minutes.

- (a) What is r for E. coli?
- (b) If  $N_0 = 1$ , how long would it take for an exponentially growing population of  $E.\ coli$  experiencing ideal conditions to fill your room?

## Solution.

- (a) Since the population doubles every 20 minutes, it becomes  $2^3 = 8$  times the initial population in one hour. We have  $\frac{dN}{dt} = 8N$  and  $r = \frac{1}{N} \frac{dN}{dt} = 8$ .
- (b) A single *E. coli* is  $0.75 \times 0.75 \times 2 = 1.125 \ \mu\text{m}^3 = 1.125 \times 10^{-18} \ \text{m}^3$  large. My room is  $5 \times 5 \times 2 = 50 \ \text{m}^3$ . Thus  $4.4 \times 10^{19} \ E$ . coli are needed to fill my room. We have  $\exp(rt) = 4.4 \times 10^{19}$ . Solving yields t = 5.7 hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Jacques Monod (1910-1976) was the recipient of a 1965 Nobel Prize for his work on gene regulation. He also invented the chemostat and conducted innovative experimental studies on microbial growth.