

COMPUTER NETWORKS  
LAB – 5

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CS22B1093

Q1)

//CS22B1093 ROHAN G

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#define FLAG 0x7E // Define the flag byte

#define ESCAPE 0x7D // Define the escape byte

void byteStuffing(char \*input, int length, char \*stuffed, int \*stuffedLength) {  
 int i, j = 0;

stuffed[j++] = FLAG;

// Stuff the data

for (i = 0; i < length; i++) {

if (input[i] == FLAG) {

stuffed[j++] = ESCAPE;

stuffed[j++] = FLAG ^ 0x20; // XOR with 0x20 = 0x5E

} else if (input[i] == ESCAPE) {

stuffed[j++] = ESCAPE;

stuffed[j++] = ESCAPE ^ 0x20; // XOR with 0x20 = 0x5D

} else {

stuffed[j++] = input[i];

}

}

// Add the ending flag byte

stuffed[j++] = FLAG;

\*stuffedLength = j;

}

// Function to perform byte unstuffing

void byteUnstuffing(char \*stuffed, int stuffedLength, char \*unstuffed, int \*unstuffedLength) {  
 int i = 1, j = 0;

while (i < stuffedLength - 1) {

if (stuffed[i] == ESCAPE) {

i++;

if (stuffed[i] == (FLAG ^ 0x20)) { // XOR with 0x20 = 0x5E

unstuffed[j++] = FLAG;

} else if (stuffed[i] == (ESCAPE ^ 0x20)) { // XOR with 0x20 = 0x5D

unstuffed[j++] = ESCAPE;

}

} else {

unstuffed[j++] = stuffed[i];

}

```

        i++;
    }
    *unstuffedLength = j;
}

int main() {
    char input[100];
    char stuffed[200];
    char unstuffed[100];
    int unstuffedLength;

    // Get the user input
    int inputLength;
    printf("Enter the number of bytes in the data: ");
    scanf("%d", &inputLength);

    printf("Enter the data bytes in hexadecimal (e.g., 45 7E 56 7D 78):\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < inputLength; i++) {
        int byte;
        scanf("%x", &byte);
        input[i] = (char)byte;
    }

    int stuffedLength = 0;

    byteStuffing(input, inputLength, stuffed, &stuffedLength);

    printf("Stuffed Data (with flags): ");
    for (int i = 0; i < stuffedLength; i++) {
        printf("0x%X ", stuffed[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");

    byteUnstuffing(stuffed, stuffedLength, unstuffed, &unstuffedLength);

    printf("Unstuffed Data (original): ");
    for (int i = 0; i < unstuffedLength; i++) {
        printf("0x%X ", unstuffed[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}

```

### Output -

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta gcc -o a q1.c

[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./a
Enter the number of bytes in the data: 5
Enter the data bytes in hexadecimal (e.g., 45 7E 56 7D 78):
45 7E 56 7D 78
Stuffed Data (with flags): 0x7E 0x45 0x7D 0x5E 0x56 0x7D 0x5D 0x
78 0x7E
Unstuffed Data (original): 0x45 0x7E 0x56 0x7D 0x78
```

Q2)

### Server -

```
// server.c
// CS22B1093 ROHAN G
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER 1024
#define PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY 20 // 20% chance of packet loss or corruption

// Function to simulate packet loss or corruption
int simulatePacketLossOrCorruption() {
    // Generate a random number to simulate packet loss or corruption
    int randomValue = rand() % 100;
    return (randomValue < PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY);
}

int main() {
    int server_fd, new_socket;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
    int addrlen = sizeof(address);
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    char ack[] = "ACK"; // Normal acknowledgment
    char corruptedAck[] = "CORRUPTED_ACK"; // Simulated corrupted ACK

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

    // Create socket file descriptor
    if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
        perror("socket failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
}
```

```

// Bind the socket to the port
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0) {
    perror("bind failed");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

// Start listening for connections
if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {
    perror("listen failed");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

printf("Server is listening on port %d...\n", PORT);

// Accept the connection from the client
if ((new_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, (socklen_t*)&addrlen)) < 0) {
    perror("accept failed");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

int packetNumber = 1;
while (1) {
    memset(buffer, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
    // Read packet from client
    int valread = read(new_socket, buffer, MAX_BUFFER);

    if (valread == 0) {
        printf("Connection closed by client.\n");
        break;
    }

    printf("\nReceived packet %d: %s\n", packetNumber, buffer);

    // Simulate packet loss or corruption
    if (simulatePacketLossOrCorruption()) {
        int corruptPacket = rand() % 2; // Decide between loss or corruption
        if (corruptPacket == 0) {
            printf("Packet %d lost. No ACK sent.\n", packetNumber);
        } else {
            printf("Packet %d corrupted. Sending corrupted ACK...\n", packetNumber);
            send(new_socket, corruptedAck, strlen(corruptedAck), 0); // Send corrupted ACK
        }
    } else {
        printf("Packet %d received successfully. Sending ACK...\n", packetNumber);
        send(new_socket, ack, strlen(ack), 0); // Send valid ACK
    }

    packetNumber++;
}

```

```

}

close(new_socket);
close(server_fd);
return 0;
}

```

#### Client -

```

// client.c
// CS22B1093 ROHAN G
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <time.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER 1024
#define TIMEOUT 3 // Timeout duration in seconds

int main() {
    int sock = 0, valread;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    char ack[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    int totalPackets, packetNumber = 1;

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

    // Create socket file descriptor
    if ((sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
        printf("\nSocket creation error\n");
        return -1;
    }

    serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serv_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);

    // Convert IPv4 and IPv6 addresses from text to binary form
    if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr) <= 0) {
        printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported\n");
        return -1;
    }

    // Connect to the server
    if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0) {
        printf("\nConnection failed\n");
        return -1;
    }
}

```

```

// Get the total number of packets to be sent
printf("Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted: ");
scanf("%d", &totalPackets);

while (packetNumber <= totalPackets) {
    // Create a packet message
    snprintf(buffer, MAX_BUFFER, "Packet %d", packetNumber);
    printf("\nSending packet %d: %s\n", packetNumber, buffer);

    // Send the packet to the server
    send(sock, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);

    fd_set readfds;
    struct timeval tv;
    int retval;

    // Initialize the timeout structure
    tv.tv_sec = TIMEOUT;
    tv.tv_usec = 0;

    // Set up the file descriptor set
    FD_ZERO(&readfds);
    FD_SET(sock, &readfds);

    // Wait for the ACK from the server or timeout
    retval = select(sock + 1, &readfds, NULL, NULL, &tv);

    if (retval == -1) {
        perror("select() error");
        close(sock);
        return -1;
    } else if (retval == 0) {
        printf("Timeout: ACK for packet %d not received. Retransmitting...\n", packetNumber);
        continue; // Retransmit the same packet
    } else {
        // ACK received
        memset(ack, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
        valread = read(sock, ack, MAX_BUFFER);
        if (valread > 0) {
            if (strcmp(ack, "ACK") == 0) {
                printf("ACK received for packet %d.\n", packetNumber);
                packetNumber++; // Move to the next packet
            } else if (strcmp(ack, "CORRUPTED_ACK") == 0) {
                printf("Corrupted ACK received for packet %d. Retransmitting...\n", packetNumber);
            } else {
                printf("No ACK or incorrect ACK received. Retransmitting packet %d...\n",
packetNumber);
            }
        } else {
            printf("Error receiving ACK. Retransmitting packet %d...\n", packetNumber);
        }
    }
}

```

```
}

printf("\nAll packets transmitted successfully.\n");
close(sock);
return 0;
}
```

### Terminal – 1(Server)

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta gcc -o server q2_server.c

[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./server
Server is listening on port 8080...

Received packet 1: Packet 1
Packet 1 corrupted. Sending corrupted ACK...

Received packet 2: Packet 1
Packet 2 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 3: Packet 2
Packet 3 corrupted. Sending corrupted ACK...

Received packet 4: Packet 2
Packet 4 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 5: Packet 3
Packet 5 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 6: Packet 4
Packet 6 corrupted. Sending corrupted ACK...

Received packet 7: Packet 4
Packet 7 corrupted. Sending corrupted ACK...

Received packet 8: Packet 4
Packet 8 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 9: Packet 5
Packet 9 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 10: Packet 6
Packet 10 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 11: Packet 7
Packet 11 lost. No ACK sent.

Received packet 12: Packet 7
Packet 12 received successfully. Sending ACK...

Received packet 13: Packet 8
Packet 13 received successfully. Sending ACK...
Connection closed by client.
```

## Terminal – 2(client)

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
• rzeta gcc -o client q2_client.c

[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
• rzeta ./client
Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted: 8

Sending packet 1: Packet 1
Corrupted ACK received for packet 1. Retransmitting...

Sending packet 1: Packet 1
ACK received for packet 1.

Sending packet 2: Packet 2
Corrupted ACK received for packet 2. Retransmitting...

Sending packet 2: Packet 2
ACK received for packet 2.

Sending packet 3: Packet 3
ACK received for packet 3.

Sending packet 4: Packet 4
Corrupted ACK received for packet 4. Retransmitting...

Sending packet 4: Packet 4
Corrupted ACK received for packet 4. Retransmitting...

Sending packet 4: Packet 4
ACK received for packet 4.

Sending packet 5: Packet 5
ACK received for packet 5.

Sending packet 6: Packet 6
ACK received for packet 6.

Sending packet 7: Packet 7
Timeout: ACK for packet 7 not received. Retransmitting...

Sending packet 7: Packet 7
ACK received for packet 7.

Sending packet 8: Packet 8
ACK received for packet 8.

All packets transmitted successfully.
```



Q3)

Server -

```
// Receiver program for Go-Back-N protocol using TCP
//CS22B1093 ROHAN G
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER 1024
#define PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY 20 // 20% chance of packet loss or corruption

int simulatePacketLossOrCorruption() {
    return rand() % 100 < PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY;
}

int main() {
    int server_fd, new_socket;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
    int addrlen = sizeof(address);
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    int expectedSeqNum = 0; // The next packet the receiver expects

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

    if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
        perror("socket failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    address.sin_family = AF_INET;
    address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
    address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

    if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0) {
        perror("bind failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {
        perror("listen failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    printf("Receiver is listening on port %d...\n", PORT);

    if ((new_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, (socklen_t*)&addrlen)) < 0) {
        perror("accept failed");
    }
}
```

```

    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

while (1) {
    memset(buffer, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
    int valread = read(new_socket, buffer, MAX_BUFFER);
    if (valread == 0) {
        printf("Connection closed by sender.\n");
        break;
    }

    printf("\nReceived: %s\n", buffer);

    if (simulatePacketLossOrCorruption()) {
        printf("Packet %d lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.\n", expectedSeqNum);
        continue;
    }

    int receivedSeqNum = atoi(buffer + 7); // Extract packet number

    if (receivedSeqNum == expectedSeqNum) {
        printf("Packet %d received successfully.\n", receivedSeqNum);
        expectedSeqNum++;
    } else {
        printf("Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet %d.\n", expectedSeqNum);
    }

    char ack[MAX_BUFFER];
    snprintf(ack, MAX_BUFFER, "%d", expectedSeqNum - 1);
    printf("Sending cumulative ACK for packet %d\n", expectedSeqNum - 1);
    send(new_socket, ack, strlen(ack), 0);
}

close(new_socket);
close(server_fd);
return 0;
}

```

#### Client -

```

// Simulate Go-Back-N ARQ protocol using TCP
//CS22B1093 ROHAN G
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <time.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER 1024
#define TIMEOUT 3 // Timeout duration in seconds

```

```

#define PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY 20 // 20% chance of packet loss or corruption

int simulatePacketLossOrCorruption() {
    return rand() % 100 < PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY;
}

int main() {
    int sock = 0, valread;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    char ack[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    int totalPackets, windowSize;
    int base = 0, nextSeqNum = 0; // Go-Back-N window variables
    int ackNum = 0;

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

    // Create socket file descriptor
    if ((sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
        printf("\nSocket creation error\n");
        return -1;
    }

    serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serv_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);

    if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr) <= 0) {
        printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported\n");
        return -1;
    }

    if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0) {
        printf("\nConnection failed\n");
        return -1;
    }

    printf("Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted: ");
    scanf("%d", &totalPackets);
    printf("Enter the window size: ");
    scanf("%d", &windowSize);

    while (base < totalPackets) {
        // Send packets within window
        while (nextSeqNum < base + windowSize && nextSeqNum < totalPackets) {
            snprintf(buffer, MAX_BUFFER, "Packet %d", nextSeqNum);
            printf("\nSending packet %d\n", nextSeqNum);
            send(sock, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
            nextSeqNum++;
        }

        // Wait for ACK or timeout
        fd_set readfds;

```

```

struct timeval tv;
int retval;

tv.tv_sec = TIMEOUT;
tv.tv_usec = 0;
FD_ZERO(&readfds);
FD_SET(sock, &readfds);

retval = select(sock + 1, &readfds, NULL, NULL, &tv);

if (retval == -1) {
    perror("select() error");
    close(sock);
    return -1;
} else if (retval == 0) {
    // Timeout occurred
    printf("Timeout: Retransmitting from packet %d...\n", base);
    nextSeqNum = base; // Go back to base for retransmission
} else {
    // Read ACK from receiver
    memset(ack, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
    valread = read(sock, ack, MAX_BUFFER);
    if (valread > 0) {
        ackNum = atoi(ack);
        if (ackNum >= base) {
            printf("ACK received for packet %d\n", ackNum);
            base = ackNum + 1; // Slide window forward
        }
    }
}

printf("\nAll packets transmitted successfully.\n");
close(sock);
return 0;
}

```

## Terminal – 1 (server)

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./server1
Receiver is listening on port 8080...

Received: Packet 0Packet 1Packet 2Packet 3
Packet 0 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 0

Received: Packet 4
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 1.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 0

Received: Packet 1
Packet 1 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 1

Received: Packet 2Packet 3Packet 4
Packet 2 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 2

Received: Packet 5
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 3.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 2

Received: Packet 6
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 3.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 2

Received: Packet 3
Packet 3 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 3

Received: Packet 4Packet 5Packet 6
Packet 4 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 4

Received: Packet 7
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 5.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 4

Received: Packet 5
Packet 5 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 5

Received: Packet 6Packet 7
Packet 6 received successfully.
Sending cumulative ACK for packet 6
Connection closed by sender.
```

## Terminal – 2 (client)

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./client1
Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted:
8
Enter the window size: 4

Sending packet 0

Sending packet 1

Sending packet 2

Sending packet 3
ACK received for packet 0

Sending packet 4
Timeout: Retransmitting from packet 1...

Sending packet 1

Sending packet 2

Sending packet 3

Sending packet 4
ACK received for packet 1

Sending packet 5
ACK received for packet 2

Sending packet 6
Timeout: Retransmitting from packet 3...

Sending packet 3

Sending packet 4

Sending packet 5

Sending packet 6
ACK received for packet 3

Sending packet 7
ACK received for packet 4
Timeout: Retransmitting from packet 5...

Sending packet 5

Sending packet 6

Sending packet 7
ACK received for packet 56

All packets transmitted successfully.
```

Q4)

Server -

// receiver\_selective\_repeat.c

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <unistd.h>

#include <arpa/inet.h>

#include <time.h>

#define PORT 8080

#define MAX\_BUFFER 1024

#define PACKET\_LOSS\_PROBABILITY 20 // 20% chance of packet loss or corruption

```
int simulatePacketLossOrCorruption() {
    return rand() % 100 < PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int server_fd, new_socket;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
    int addrlen = sizeof(address);
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    int expectedSeqNum = 0; // Expected packet number for Selective Repeat ARQ
```

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

```
    if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
        perror("socket failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
```

```
    address.sin_family = AF_INET;
    address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
    address.sin_port = htons(PORT);
```

```
    if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0) {
        perror("bind failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
```

```
    if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {
        perror("listen failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
```

    printf("Receiver is listening on port %d...\n", PORT);

```
    if ((new_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, (socklen_t *)&addrlen)) < 0) {
        perror("accept failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
```

```

}

while (1) {
    memset(buffer, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
    int valread = read(new_socket, buffer, MAX_BUFFER);
    if (valread == 0) {
        printf("Connection closed by sender.\n");
        break;
    }

    printf("\nReceived: %s\n", buffer);

    if (simulatePacketLossOrCorruption()) {
        printf("Packet %d lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.\n", expectedSeqNum);
        continue;
    }

    int receivedSeqNum = atoi(buffer + 7); // Extract packet number

    if (receivedSeqNum >= expectedSeqNum) {
        printf("Packet %d received successfully.\n", receivedSeqNum);
        expectedSeqNum = receivedSeqNum + 1;
    } else {
        printf("Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet %d.\n", expectedSeqNum);
    }

    char ack[MAX_BUFFER];
    snprintf(ack, MAX_BUFFER, "%d", receivedSeqNum);
    printf("Sending ACK for packet %d\n", receivedSeqNum);
    send(new_socket, ack, strlen(ack), 0);
}

close(new_socket);
close(server_fd);
return 0;
}

```

#### Client -

// sender\_selective\_repeat.c

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/select.h>

```

```

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER 1024
#define TIMEOUT 3
#define PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY 20 // 20% chance of packet loss or corruption

```



```

int simulatePacketLossOrCorruption() {
    return rand() % 100 < PACKET_LOSS_PROBABILITY;
}

int main() {
    int sock = 0, valread;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
    char buffer[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    char ack[MAX_BUFFER] = {0};
    int totalPackets, windowSize;
    int base = 0, nextSeqNum = 0; // Selective Repeat ARQ window variables
    int ackNum = 0;
    int *ackReceived; // Track if packets have been acknowledged

    srand(time(0)); // Seed for random number generation

    // Create socket file descriptor
    if ((sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
        printf("\nSocket creation error\n");
        return -1;
    }

    serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serv_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT);

    if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr) <= 0) {
        printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported\n");
        return -1;
    }

    if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0) {
        printf("\nConnection failed\n");
        return -1;
    }

    printf("Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted: ");
    scanf("%d", &totalPackets);
    printf("Enter the window size: ");
    scanf("%d", &windowSize);

    ackReceived = (int *)malloc(totalPackets * sizeof(int));
    memset(ackReceived, 0, totalPackets * sizeof(int));

    while (base < totalPackets) {
        // Send packets within window
        while (nextSeqNum < base + windowSize && nextSeqNum < totalPackets) {
            if (!ackReceived[nextSeqNum]) {
                snprintf(buffer, MAX_BUFFER, "Packet %d", nextSeqNum);
                printf("\nSending packet %d\n", nextSeqNum);
                send(sock, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
            }
            nextSeqNum++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

}

// Wait for ACK or timeout
fd_set readfds;
struct timeval tv;
int retval;

tv.tv_sec = TIMEOUT;
tv.tv_usec = 0;
FD_ZERO(&readfds);
FD_SET(sock, &readfds);

retval = select(sock + 1, &readfds, NULL, NULL, &tv);

if (retval == -1) {
    perror("select() error");
    close(sock);
    return -1;
} else if (retval == 0) {
    // Timeout occurred
    printf("Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...\n");
    nextSeqNum = base;
} else {
    // Read ACK from receiver
    memset(ack, 0, MAX_BUFFER);
    valread = read(sock, ack, MAX_BUFFER);
    if (valread > 0) {
        ackNum = atoi(ack);
        if (ackNum >= base && ackNum < totalPackets) {
            printf("ACK received for packet %d\n", ackNum);
            ackReceived[ackNum] = 1;

            // Slide window if the base packet is acknowledged
            while (ackReceived[base] && base < totalPackets) {
                base++;
            }
        }
    }
}

printf("\nAll packets transmitted successfully.\n");
free(ackReceived);
close(sock);
return 0;
}

```

## Terminal – 1 (server):

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta gcc -o q4 q4_server.c

[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./q4
Receiver is listening on port 8080...

Received: Packet 0
Packet 0 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 0

Received: Packet 1Packet 2Packet 3
Packet 1 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 1

Received: Packet 4
Packet 4 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 4

Received: Packet 5
Packet 5 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 5

Received: Packet 2
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 6.
Sending ACK for packet 2

Received: Packet 3
Packet 6 lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.

Received: Packet 6
Packet 6 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 6

Received: Packet 3
Packet 7 lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.

Received: Packet 3
Packet 7 lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.

Received: Packet 3
Packet 7 lost or corrupted. No ACK sent.

Received: Packet 3
Out-of-sequence packet received. Expected packet 7.
Sending ACK for packet 3

Received: Packet 7
Packet 7 received successfully.
Sending ACK for packet 7
Connection closed by sender.
```

## Terminal – 2 (client):

```
[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta gcc -o q4l q4_client.c

[~/sem5/cn/lab5]
● rzeta ./q4l
Enter the total number of packets to be transmitted: 8
Enter the window size: 4

Sending packet 0

Sending packet 1

Sending packet 2

Sending packet 3
ACK received for packet 0

Sending packet 4
ACK received for packet 1

Sending packet 5
ACK received for packet 4
ACK received for packet 5
Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...

Sending packet 2

Sending packet 3
ACK received for packet 2

Sending packet 6
ACK received for packet 6
Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...

Sending packet 3
Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...

Sending packet 3
Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...

Sending packet 3
Timeout: Retransmitting unacknowledged packets...

Sending packet 3
ACK received for packet 3

Sending packet 7
ACK received for packet 7

All packets transmitted successfully.
```