

# InfoDiffusion: Information Entropy Aware Diffusion Process for Non-Autoregressive Text Generation

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## Introduction

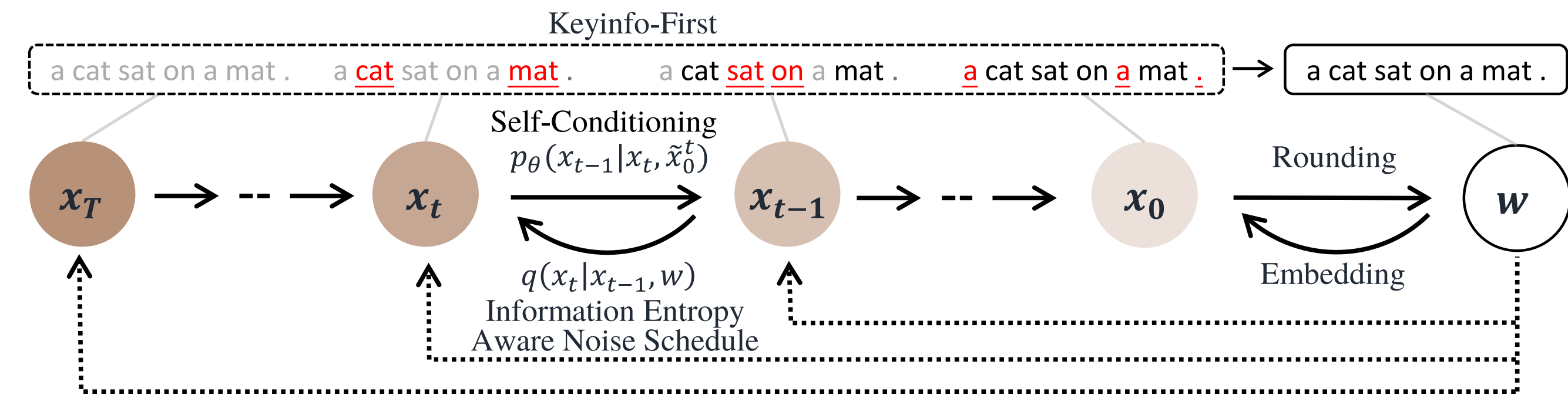
D3PM	DiffusionBERT	DiffuSeq
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Diffusion models have been increasingly studied for text generation and applied to tasks like named entity recognition and summarization.

There exists a notable disparity between the “easy-first” text generation process of current diffusion models and the “keyword-first” natural text generation process of humans, which could lead to poor generation quality and low efficiency.

To bridge this gap, we propose InfoDiffusion, a non-autoregressive text diffusion model. Our approach introduces a “keyinfo-first” generation strategy and incorporates a noise schedule based on the amount of text information. InfoDiffusion also combines self-conditioning with a partially noising model structure

## InfoDiffusion



The overview of the text diffusion model InfoDiffusion. Grey represents undecoded words, red underline indicates words decoded at the current time step, and black represents words decoded in previous time steps.

### Noise Schedule

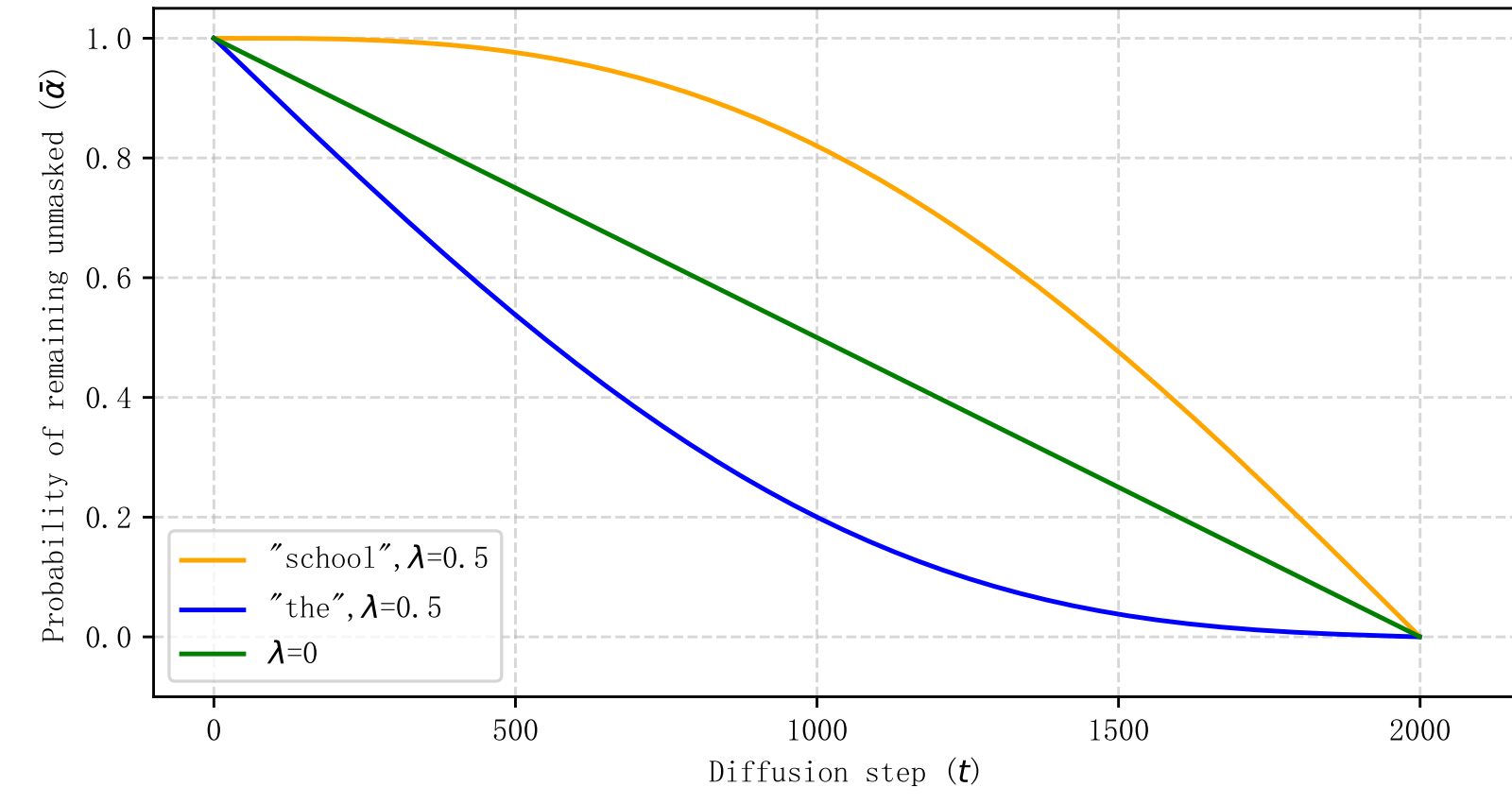
$$q(x_t | x_0) = \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_0, \sqrt{1 - \alpha_t}\mathbf{I})$$

$$\bar{\alpha}_t^i = 1 - \frac{t}{T} + \lambda(t)e(w^i) \in [0, 1]$$

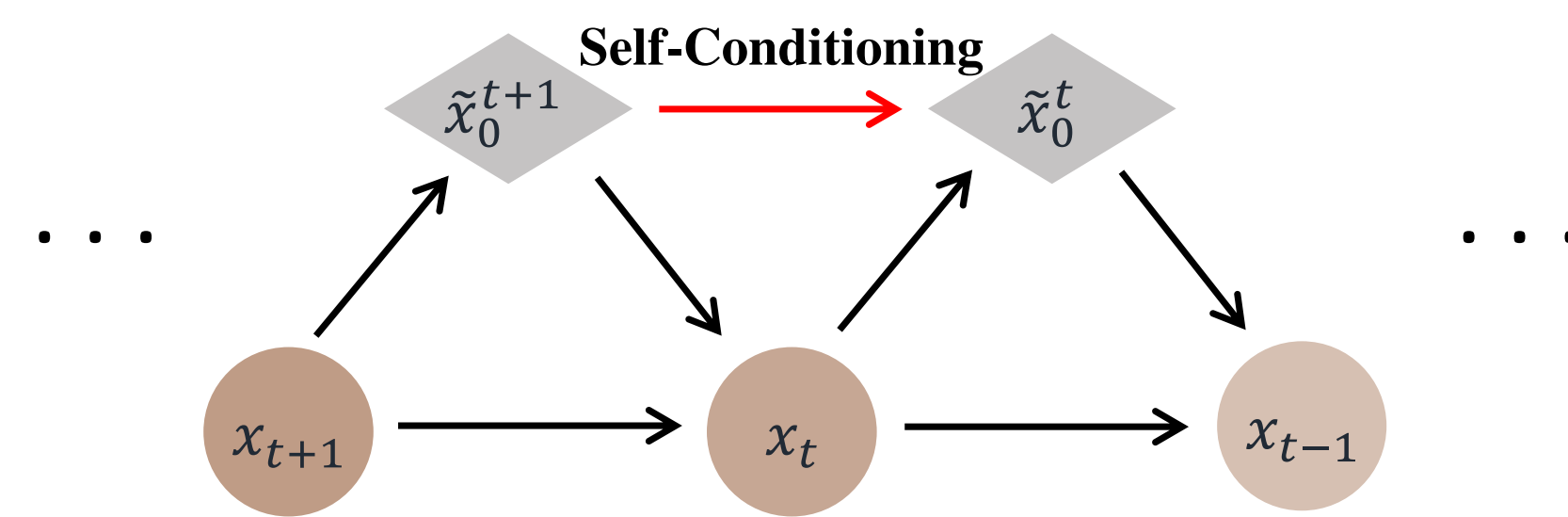
$$\lambda(t) = \lambda \sin\left(\frac{t}{T}\pi\right)$$

$$e(w^i) = \frac{H(w^i) - \bar{H}(w)}{\max(H(w^j)) - \min(H(w^j))}$$

At the initial stage of the forward process, words conveying little meaning are perturbed, while words conveying key information are left intact. Then in the final stage, the key informative words are perturbed. This guides the model to focus first on generating the core semantic content during the reverse process.



### Self-Conditioning



An illustration of reverse diffusion sampling steps with Self-Conditioning, sampling directly based on its previously generated samples. The model generates the current prediction  $\tilde{x}_0^t(x_t, \tilde{x}_0^{t+1}, t, \theta)$ , through a denoising network  $f_\theta(x_t, t)$ .

## Experiments and Results

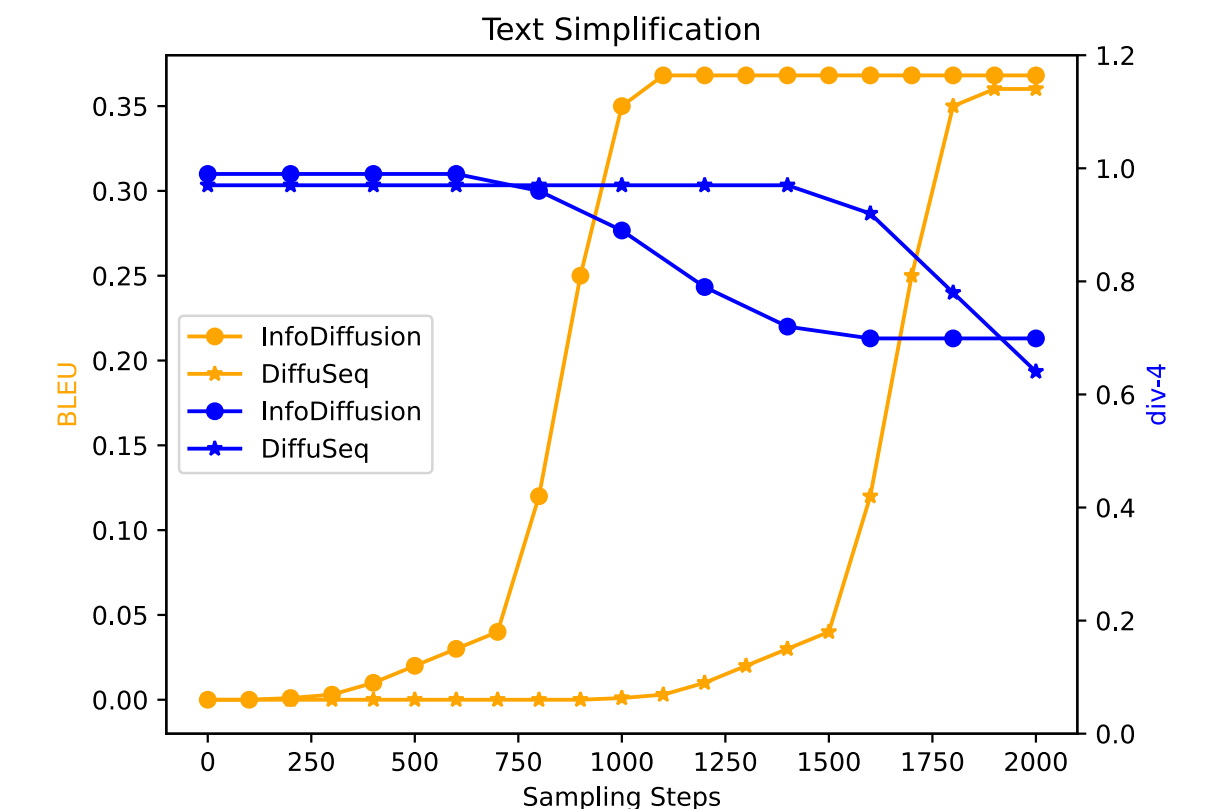
Dataset	Model	Quality			Diversity		Length
		BLEU↑	ROUGE-L↑	BERTScore↑	Dist-1↑	Self-BLEU↓	
Open Domain Dialogue	GRU-attention	0.0068	0.1054	0.4128	0.8998	0.8008	4.46
	Transformer-base	<b>0.0189</b>	0.1039	0.4781	0.7493	0.3698	19.5
	GPT2-base FT	0.0108	<b>0.1508</b>	0.5279	0.9194	0.0182	16.8
	GPT2-large FT	0.0125	0.1002	<b>0.5293</b>	0.9244	0.0213	16.8
	GPVAE-T5	0.0110	0.1009	0.4317	0.5625	0.3560	20.1
	NAR-LevT	0.0138	0.0550	0.4760	<b>0.9726</b>	0.7103	4.11
Question Generation	DiffuSeq	0.0139	0.1056	0.5131	0.9467	<b>0.0144</b>	13.6
	InfoDiffusion	0.0152	<u>0.1272</u>	<u>0.5314</u>	0.9497	0.0152	15.3
	GRU-attention	0.0651	0.2617	0.5222	0.7930	0.9999	10.1
	Transformer-base	0.0364	0.1994	0.5334	0.8236	0.8767	12.1
	GPT2-base FT	0.0741	0.2714	0.6052	0.9602	0.1403	<b>0.9216</b>
	GPT2-large FT	0.1110	0.3215	<b>0.6346</b>	<b>0.9670</b>	0.2910	9.96
Text Simplification	GPVAE-T5	0.1251	0.3390	0.6308	0.9381	0.3567	11.4
	NAR-LevT	0.0930	0.2893	0.5491	0.8914	0.9830	6.93
	DiffuSeq	0.1731	0.3665	0.6123	0.9056	0.2789	<u>0.8103</u>
	InfoDiffusion	<b>0.1924</b>	<b>0.3892</b>	<u>0.6310</u>	<u>0.9142</u>	<b>0.2625</b>	12.7
	GRU-attention	0.3256	0.5602	0.7871	0.8883	0.9998	18.9
	Transformer-base	0.2445	0.5058	0.7590	0.8886	0.8632	18.5
Paraphrase	GPT2-base FT	0.3085	0.5461	0.8021	0.9439	0.5444	16.1
	GPT2-large FT	0.2693	0.5111	0.7882	<b>0.9464</b>	0.6042	15.4
	GPVAE-T5	0.3392	0.5828	0.8166	0.9308	0.8147	18.5
	NAR-LevT	0.2052	0.4402	0.7254	0.9715	0.9907	8.31
	DiffuSeq	0.3622	0.5849	0.8126	0.9264	0.4642	17.7
	InfoDiffusion	<b>0.3941</b>	<b>0.5997</b>	<b>0.8437</b>	<u>0.9323</u>	<b>0.4515</b>	<b>0.6741</b>
Paraphrase	GRU-attention	0.1894	0.5129	0.7763	0.9423	0.9958	8.30
	Transformer-base	0.0580	0.2489	0.5392	0.7889	0.7717	5.52
	GPT2-base FT	0.1980	0.5212	0.8246	0.9798	0.5480	9.67
	GPT2-large FT	0.2059	0.5415	0.8363	<b>0.9819</b>	0.7325	9.53
	GPVAE-T5	0.2409	0.5886	0.8466	0.9688	0.5604	9.60
	NAR-LevT	0.2268	0.5795	0.8344	0.9790	0.9995	8.85
Paraphrase	DiffuSeq	0.2413	0.5880	0.8365	0.9807	<b>0.2732</b>	11.2
	InfoDiffusion	<b>0.2656</b>	<b>0.5928</b>	<b>0.8576</b>	<u>0.9815</u>	0.2873	<b>0.8972</b>

## Analysis

### Ablation Study

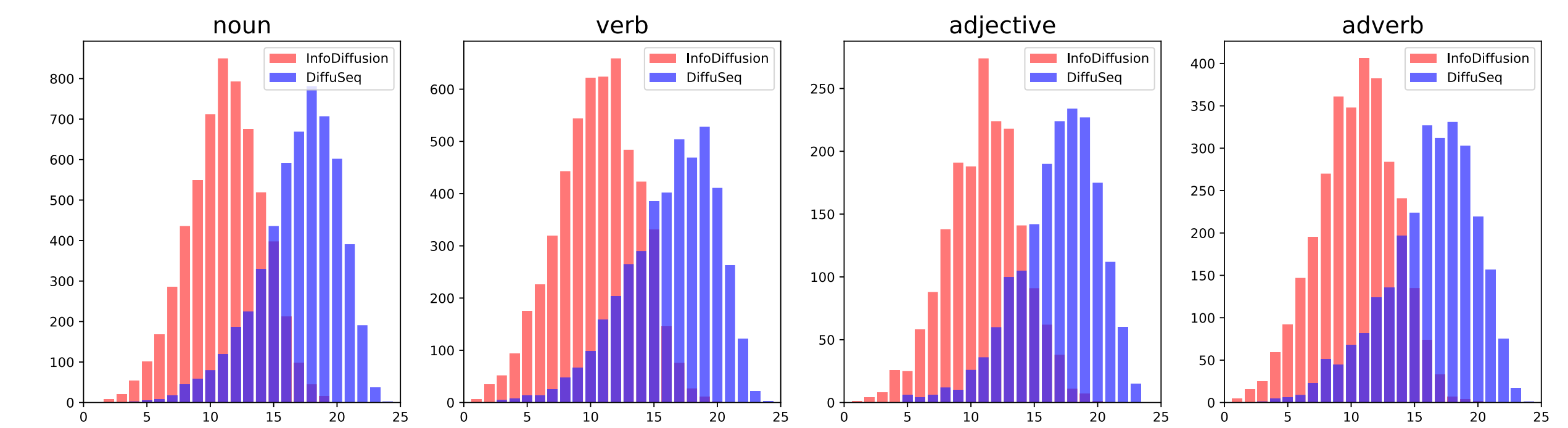
Model	BLEU↑	ROUGE-L↑	BERTScore↑	Dist-1↑
InfoDiffusion	0.2656	0.5928	0.8576	0.9815
- Self-Conditioning	0.2531	0.5884	0.8462	0.9816
- Noise Schedule	0.2480	0.5870	0.8413	0.9798

### Inference Efficiency



### Case Study

Diffusion Step $t$	Generation Results of Intermediate Processes $\tilde{x}_0^t$
Input Text	What should i do to be a great geologist?
$t = 100$	athan backlash swiped i regentlated patrollingnine jennie ? chill [PAD]
$t = 130$	athan backlash swiped i regentlated spotting geologist ? chilean [PAD]
$t = 200$	clan patrice swiped i regent carmelgrowth geologist? [unused288] [PAD]
$t = 230$	glancing patrice can i heringlated growth geologist ? navigable [PAD]
$t = 300$	glance patrice can i moscowgrowth geologist ? corporal [PAD] [PAD]
$t = 340$	[CLS] how can i 1859 a 1765 geologist? mcqueen [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
$t = 400$	[CLS] how can i [unused252] a sculpted geologist? [SEP] [PAD] [PAD]
$t = 490$	[CLS] how can i 35th a nueva geologist? [SEP] [PAD] [PAD]
$t = 600$	[CLS] how can i 35th a sculpted geologist? [SEP] [PAD] [PAD]
$t = 840$	[CLS] how can i become a good geologist? [SEP]
$t = 950$	[CLS] how can i become a good geologist? [SEP]
$t = 1000$	[CLS] how can i become a good geologist? [SEP]
$t = 1600$	[CLS] how can i become a good geologist? [SEP]
$t = 2000$	[CLS] how can i become a good geologist ? [SEP]



## Conclusion

- We propose InfoDiffusion, a novel non-autoregressive text diffusion model, and enables the model to aware the information entropy contained in the text to prioritize generating
- Experimental results demonstrate that InfoDiffusion, which follows a “keyinfo-first” generation order consistent with humans, achieves better generation quality and higher efficiency than baseline models across four text generation tasks.

## Acknowledgements

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