

Class 14: RNA-seq analysis mini-project

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Background

The data for for hands-on session comes from GEO entry: GSE37704, which is associated with the following publication:

Trapnell C, Hendrickson DG, Sauvageau M, Goff L et al. “Differential analysis of gene regulation at transcript resolution with RNA-seq”. Nat Biotechnol 2013 Jan;31(1):46-53. PMID: 23222703 The authors report on differential analysis of lung fibroblasts in response to loss of the developmental transcription factor HOXA1. Their results and others indicate that HOXA1 is required for lung fibroblast and HeLa cell cycle progression. In particular their analysis show that “loss of HOXA1 results in significant expression level changes in thousands of individual transcripts, along with isoform switching events in key regulators of the cell cycle”. For our session we have used their Sailfish gene-level estimated counts and hence are restricted to protein-coding genes only.

Data Input

First we will download all the packages we need:

```
library(DESeq2)
library(AnnotationDbi)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
library(pathview)
library(gage)
library(gageData)
```

The .csv files corresponding to today’s data were also moved into this project directory, they are “GSE37704_featurecounts.csv” and “GSE37704_metadata.csv”.

```
colData <- read.csv("GSE37704_metadata.csv", row.names = 1)
countData <- read.csv("GSE37704_featurecounts.csv", row.names = 1)

head(colData)
```

```
              condition
SRR493366 control_sirna
SRR493367 control_sirna
SRR493368 control_sirna
SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
head(countData)
```

	length	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370
ENSG00000186092	918	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	718	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	1982	23	28	29	29	28
ENSG00000278566	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	3214	124	123	205	207	212
	SRR493371					
ENSG00000186092	0					
ENSG00000279928	0					
ENSG00000279457	46					
ENSG00000278566	0					
ENSG00000273547	0					
ENSG00000187634	258					

Check correspondance

Check the correspondance of colData rows and countData columns.

```
rownames(colData)
```

```
[1] "SRR493366" "SRR493367" "SRR493368" "SRR493369" "SRR493370" "SRR493371"
```

```
colnames(countData)
```

```
[1] "length"      "SRR493366" "SRR493367" "SRR493368" "SRR493369" "SRR493370"
[7] "SRR493371"
```

```
counts <- countData[,1]
```

```
all( rownames(colData) == colnames(counts) )
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Remove zero count genes

We will have rows in `counts` for genes that we cannot say anything about because they have zero expression in the particular tissue we are looking at.

```
head(counts)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

If the `rowSums()` is zero, then a given gene (i.e. row) has no count data. We should exclude these genes from further consideration.

```
to.keep <- rowSums(counts) != 0  
cleancounts <- counts[to.keep,]
```

Q. How many genes do we have left?

```
nrow(cleancounts)
```

```
[1] 15975
```

We have 15,975 genes left.

Setup DESeq object for analysis

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = cleancounts,  
                              colData = colData,  
                              design = ~condition)
```

Warning in `DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank)`: some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

Run DESeq analysis

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

Extract the results

```
res <- results(dds)
head(res)
```

log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.9136	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.2296	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.1881	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43989e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.6379	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.2551	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.9798	0.5428105	0.5215599	1.040744	2.97994e-01
	padj				
	<numeric>				
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01				
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03				

```

ENSG00000188976 1.76549e-35
ENSG00000187961 1.13413e-07
ENSG00000187583 9.19031e-01
ENSG00000187642 4.03379e-01

```

Add Gene annotation

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```

[1] "ACCNUM"      "ALIAS"       "ENSEMBL"     "ENSEMBLPROT" "ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6] "ENTREZID"    "ENZYME"      "EVIDENCE"     "EVIDENCEALL"  "GENENAME"
[11] "GENETYPE"    "GO"          "GOALL"        "IPI"           "MAP"
[16] "OMIM"        "ONTOLOGY"    "ONTOLOGYALL"  "PATH"          "PFAM"
[21] "PMID"        "PROSITE"     "REFSEQ"       "SYMBOL"        "UCSCKG"
[26] "UNIPROT"

```

```

res$symbol <- mapIds(x = org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys = rownames(res),
                     keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                     column = "SYMBOL",
                     multiVals = "first")

res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                    keys = rownames(res),
                    keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                    column = "ENTREZID",
                    multiVals = "first")

res$name = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                  keys = rownames(res),
                  keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                  column = "GENENAME",
                  multiVals = "first")

head(res, 10)

```

```

log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna
Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna
DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns

```

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.913579	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.229650	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.188076	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43989e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.637938	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.255123	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.979750	0.5428105	0.5215599	1.040744	2.97994e-01
ENSG00000188290	108.922128	2.0570638	0.1969053	10.446970	1.51282e-25
ENSG00000187608	350.716868	0.2573837	0.1027266	2.505522	1.22271e-02
ENSG00000188157	9128.439422	0.3899088	0.0467163	8.346304	7.04321e-17
ENSG00000237330	0.158192	0.7859552	4.0804729	0.192614	8.47261e-01
	padj	symbol	entrez	name	
	<numeric>	<character>	<character>	<character>	
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01	NA	NA	NA	
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03	SAMD11	148398	sterile alpha motif ..	
ENSG00000188976	1.76549e-35	NOC2L	26155	NOC2 like nucleolar ..	
ENSG00000187961	1.13413e-07	KLHL17	339451	kelch like family me..	
ENSG00000187583	9.19031e-01	PLEKHN1	84069	pleckstrin homology ..	
ENSG00000187642	4.03379e-01	PERM1	84808	PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..	
ENSG00000188290	1.30538e-24	HES4	57801	hes family bHLH tran..	
ENSG00000187608	2.37452e-02	ISG15	9636	ISG15 ubiquitin like..	
ENSG00000188157	4.21963e-16	AGRN	375790	agrin	
ENSG00000237330	NA	RNF223	401934	ring finger protein ..	

Save my results to a CSV file

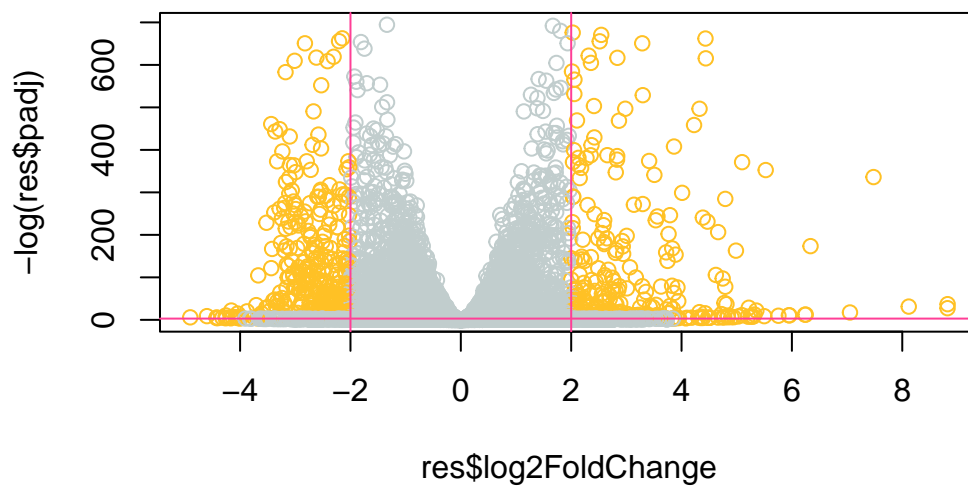
```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]
write.csv(res, file="class14results.csv")
```

Result visualization

```
mycols <- rep("azure3", nrow(res))
mycols[ res$log2FoldChange <= -2 ] <- "goldenrod1"
mycols[ res$log2FoldChange >= 2 ] <- "goldenrod1"
```

```
mycols[ res$padj >= 0.05 ] <-"azure3"

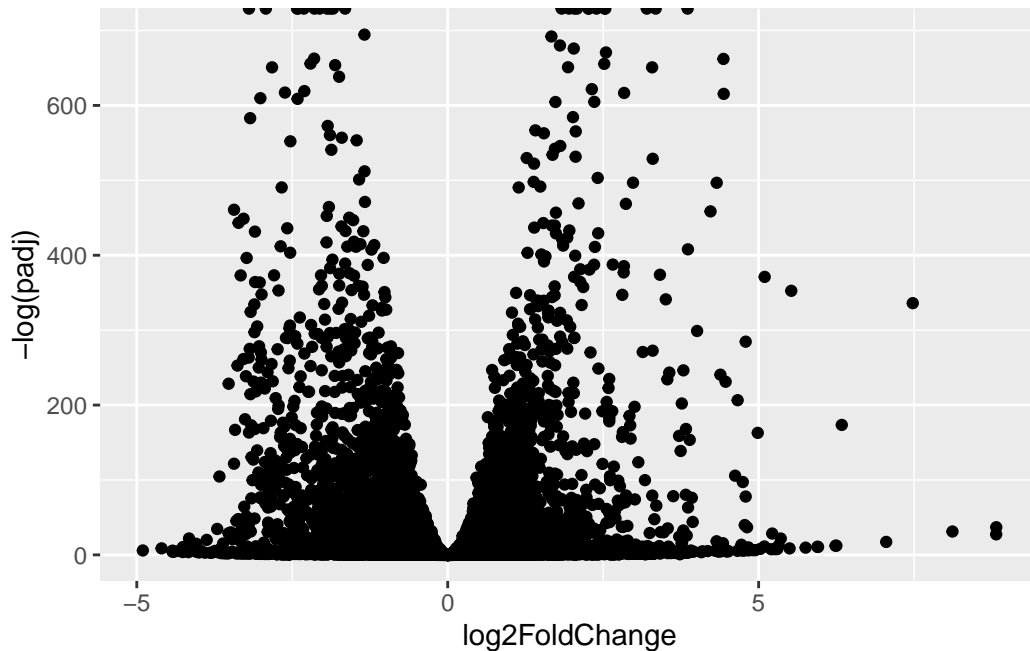
#mycols
plot(res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols)
abline(v=-2, col="violetred1")
abline(v=+2, col="violetred1")
abline(h=-log(0.05), col="violetred1")
```



```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(res) +
  aes(log2FoldChange, -log(padj)) +
  geom_point()
```

Warning: Removed 1237 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range (`geom_point()`).



Pathway analysis

```
data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)

# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]

# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
[1] "10" "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
```

```
$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
[1] "10" "1066" "10720" "10941" "151531" "1548" "1549" "1551"
[9] "1553" "1576" "1577" "1806" "1807" "1890" "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251" "3614" "3615" "3704" "51733" "54490" "54575" "54576"
[25] "54577" "54578" "54579" "54600" "54657" "54658" "54659" "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
```

```
[41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
[49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"
```

```
$`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "100" "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
[9] "108" "10846" "109" "111" "11128" "11164" "112" "113"
[17] "114" "115" "122481" "122622" "124583" "132" "158" "159"
[25] "1633" "171568" "1716" "196883" "203" "204" "205" "221823"
[33] "2272" "22978" "23649" "246721" "25885" "2618" "26289" "270"
[41] "271" "27115" "272" "2766" "2977" "2982" "2983" "2984"
[49] "2986" "2987" "29922" "3000" "30833" "30834" "318" "3251"
[57] "353" "3614" "3615" "3704" "377841" "471" "4830" "4831"
[65] "4832" "4833" "4860" "4881" "4882" "4907" "50484" "50940"
[73] "51082" "51251" "51292" "5136" "5137" "5138" "5139" "5140"
[81] "5141" "5142" "5143" "5144" "5145" "5146" "5147" "5148"
[89] "5149" "5150" "5151" "5152" "5153" "5158" "5167" "5169"
[97] "51728" "5198" "5236" "5313" "5315" "53343" "54107" "5422"
[105] "5424" "5425" "5426" "5427" "5430" "5431" "5432" "5433"
[113] "5434" "5435" "5436" "5437" "5438" "5439" "5440" "5441"
[121] "5471" "548644" "55276" "5557" "5558" "55703" "55811" "55821"
[129] "5631" "5634" "56655" "56953" "56985" "57804" "58497" "6240"
[137] "6241" "64425" "646625" "654364" "661" "7498" "8382" "84172"
[145] "84265" "84284" "84618" "8622" "8654" "87178" "8833" "9060"
[153] "9061" "93034" "953" "9533" "954" "955" "956" "957"
[161] "9583" "9615"
```

The main `gage()` function requires a named vector of fold changes, where the names of the values are the Entrez gene IDs.

Note that we used the `mapIDs()` function above to obtain Entrez gene IDs (stored in `res$entrez`) and we have the fold change results from DESeq2 analysis (stored in `res$log2FoldChange`).

```
# name a new vector for fold changes
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
1266 54855 1465 51232 2034 2317
-2.422719 3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)

# Look at the object returned from gage
attributes(keggres)
```

```
$names
[1] "greater" "less"      "stats"
```

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	3.784520e-03	-2.698128	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	8.961413e-03	-2.405398	8.961413e-03

	q.val	set.size	exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle	0.001448312	121	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	0.007586381	36	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	0.073840037	144	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	0.121861535	28	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	0.121861535	102	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	0.212222694	53	8.961413e-03

Each `keggres$less` and `keggres$greater` object is a data matrix with gene sets as rows sorted by p-value.

Now we can make a pathway plot with our results shown in color.

```
# Making a pathway plot from the first down (less) pathway id we could see above
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

The output can be seen here:

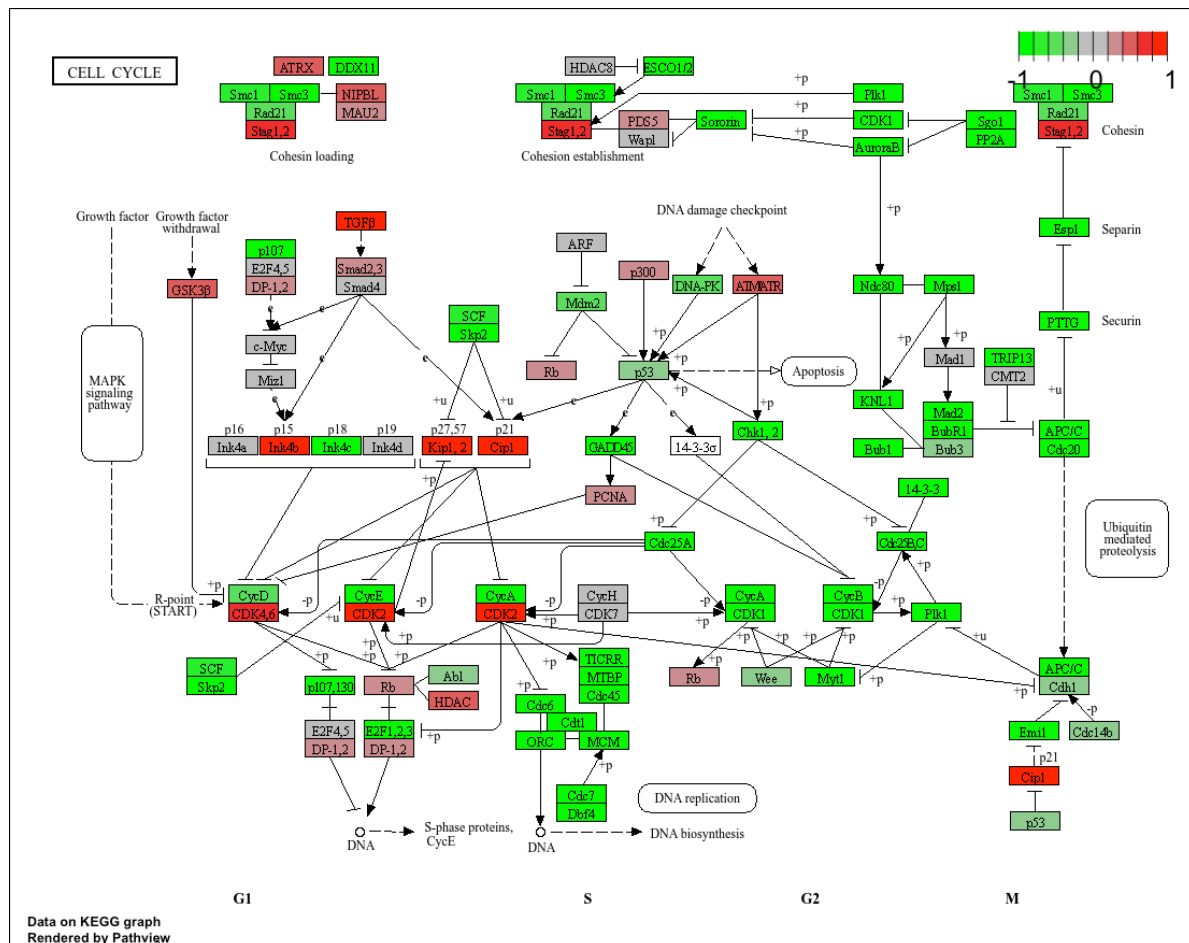


Figure 1: Pathway plot for the “less” pathway “hsa04110”

```
# A different PDF based output of the same data
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Warning: reconcile groups sharing member nodes!

[,1] [,2]

```
[1,] "9"  "300"  
[2,] "9"  "306"
```

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf

Now, let's process our results a bit more to automatically pull out the top 5 upregulated pathways, then further process that just to get the pathway IDs needed by the `pathview()` function. We'll use these KEGG pathway IDs for pathview plotting below.

```
# Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways  
keggrespathways_up <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]  
  
# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string  
keggresids_up = substr(keggrespathways_up, start=1, stop=8)  
keggresids_up
```

```
[1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"
```

```
# Draw plots for the top five pathways  
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids_up, species="hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

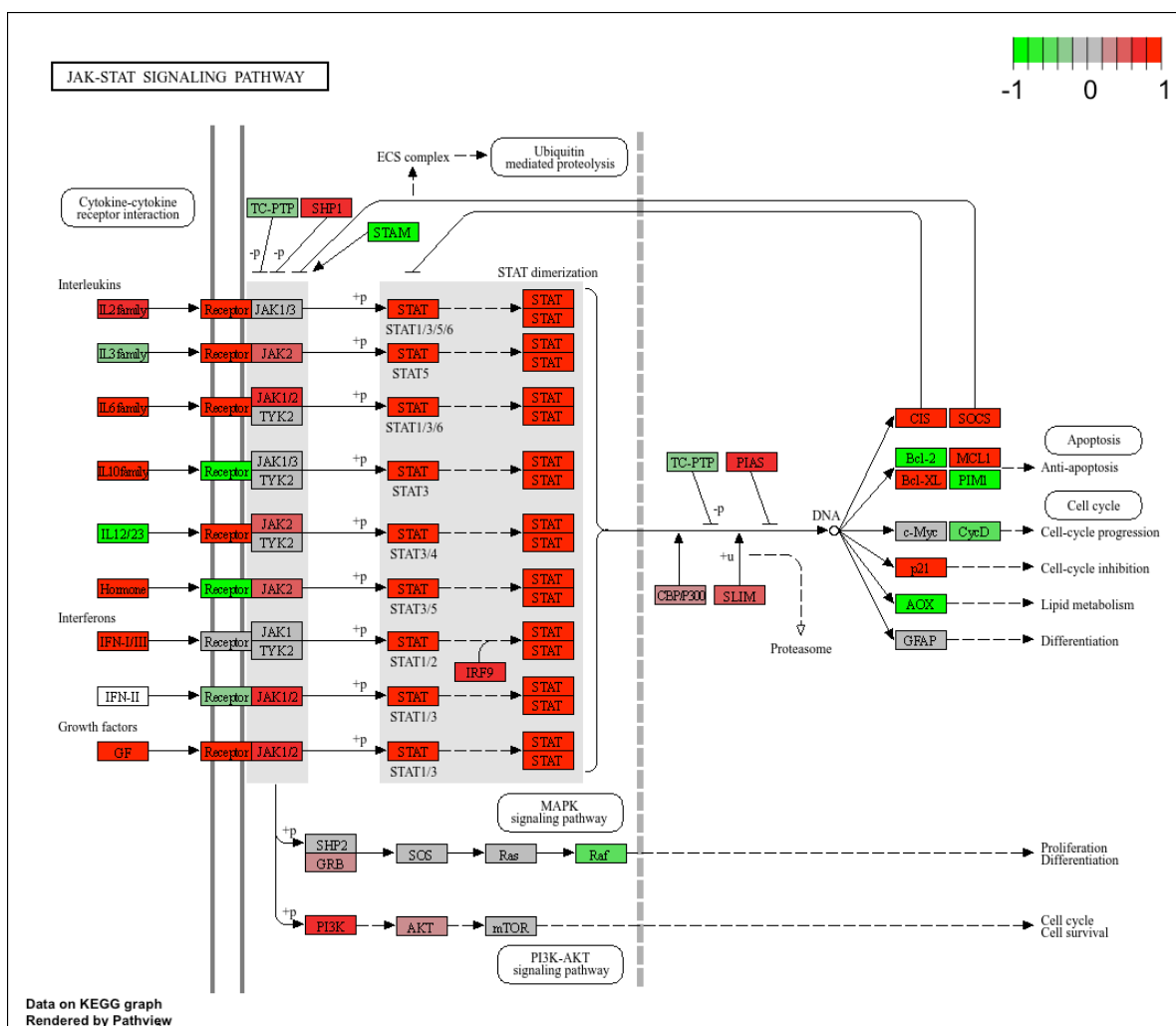
Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png



We can do the same thing for the top 5 downregulated pathways.

```
# Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways
keggrespathways_down <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids_down = substr(keggrespathways_down, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids_down
```

```
[1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
```

```
# Draw plots for the top five pathways
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids_down, species="hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

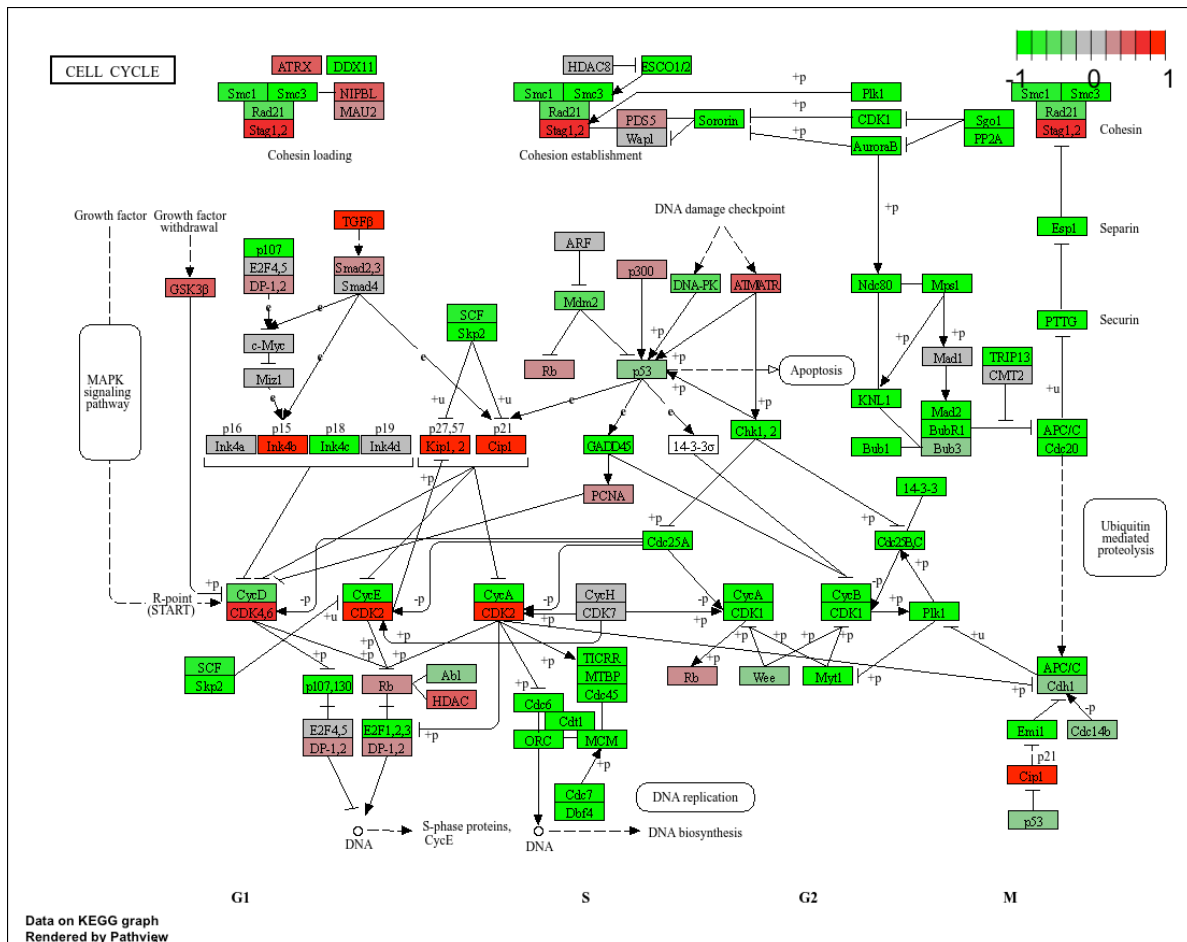
Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

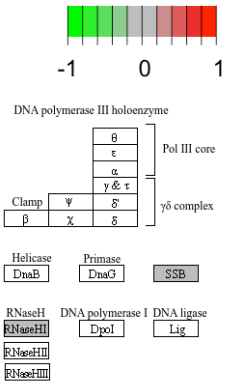
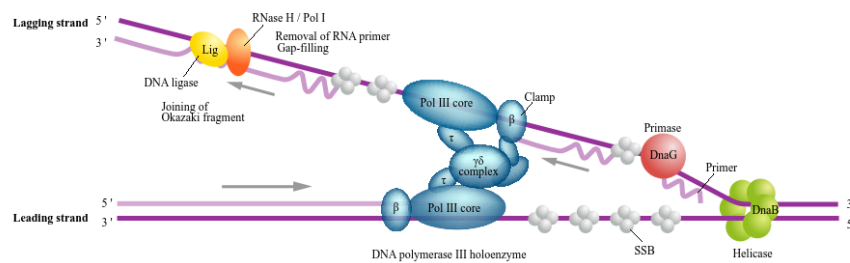
Info: Working in directory /Users/reneezuhars/Desktop/BIMM 143/R work/Class 14

Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png

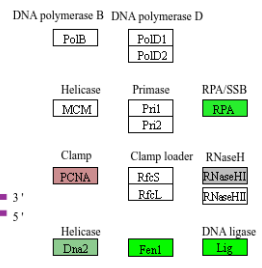
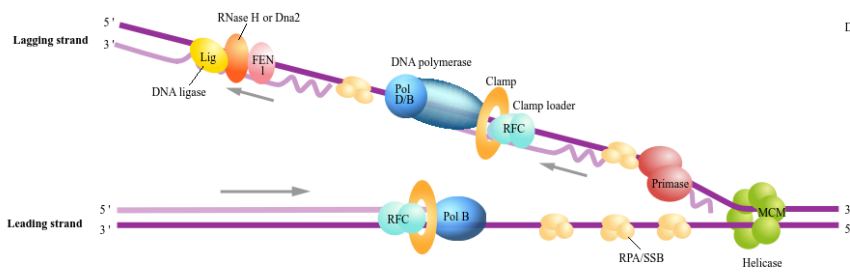


DNA REPLICATION

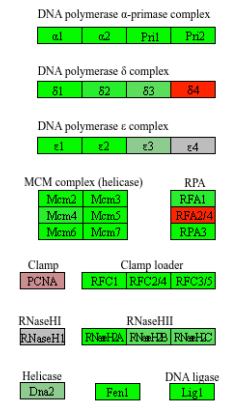
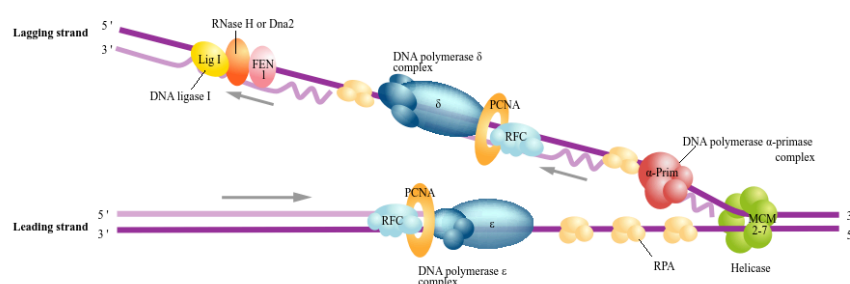
Replication complex (Bacteria)



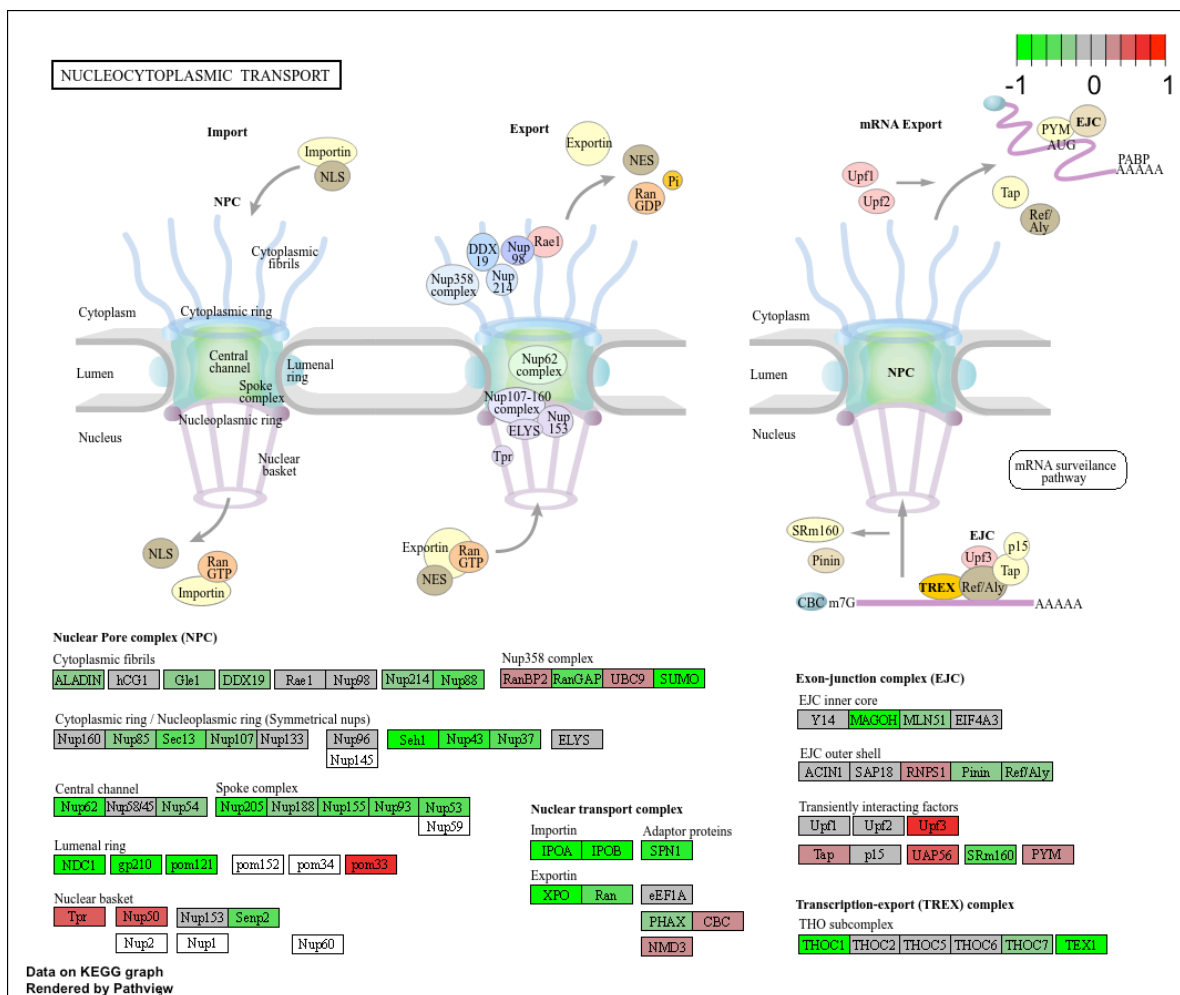
Replication complex (Archaea)

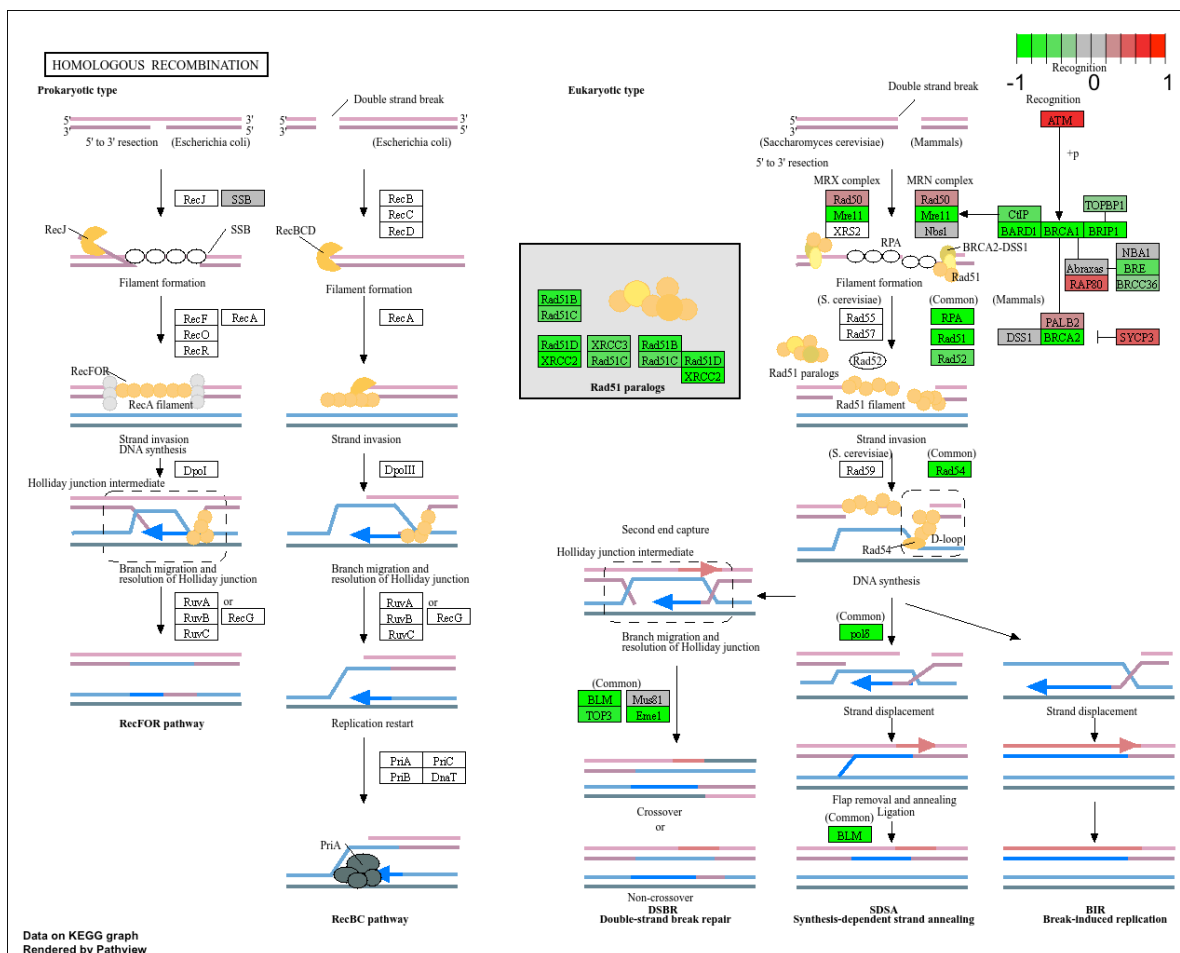


Replication complex (Eukaryotes)



Data on KEGG graph
Rendered by Pathview






```
lapply(gobpres, head)
```

```
$greater
```

		p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610	behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295	tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04

		q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	0.1951953	113	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1951953	339	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	0.1951953	424	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610	behavior	0.1967577	426	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3565320	257	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295	tube development	0.3565320	391	5.953254e-04

```
$less
```

		p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0048285	organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10

		q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0048285	organelle fission	5.841698e-12	376	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195672e-11	362	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	1.658603e-08	142	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.178402e-07	84	1.729553e-10

```
$stats
```

		stat.mean	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	3.824205	3.824205
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	3.653886	3.653886
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	3.643242	3.643242
G0:0007610	behavior	3.565432	3.565432
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	3.261376	3.261376

G0:0035295 tube development

3.253665 3.253665

Reactome analysis

We need to make a little file of our significant genes that we can upload to the reactome webpage:

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]  
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
[1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=
```

Then, to perform pathway analysis online go to the Reactome website (<https://reactome.org/PathwayBrowser/#>)
Select “choose file” to upload your significant gene list. Then, select the parameters “Project to Humans”, then click “Analyze”.

