

Candidate Information

Module Examination MSCBF_RM01_TSA

Course 9.3: Time Series Analysis Autumn Semester Mock Exam

Name:						
First name:						
	-					
Exam Information						
Duration of exam:	90 min					
Points:	Assignment	Maximum number of points	Number of points awarded			
	Question 1	27				
	Question 2	27				
	Question 3	18				
	Question 4	18				
	Total	90				
	Grade					
Aids:	 Closed book Calculator 8 page summary (4 double sided a4 she 	eets)				
Lecturers:	Dr. Simon A. Broda					
Exam Instructions						
Instructions:	 When performing a statistical test, give the hypotheses, test statistic and its distribution, critical value, observed test statistic, decision (reject/don't reject), and a conclusion in words. For simplicity, all tests use the 5% significance level. 					



Question 1 (27 points)

1. I have simulated 1000 observations $\{y_t\}$ from an ARMA(p, q) model. Figure 2 on Page 11 shows a plot of the correlogram. Based on it, what do you think p and q are, and why?

 $6\,\mathrm{pts}$

2. The 11th sample autocorrelation (not shown in the graph) is $\hat{\tau}_{11} = -0.045$. Test if $\hat{\tau}_{11}$ is significantly different from zero.

6 pts

3. The output in Figure 3 on Page 11 shows the results of regressing Δy_t (y) on y_{t-1} (x1) and Δy_{t-1} (x2). Use it to test if the data are integrated.

6 pts

4. I have estimated a particular ARMA model. The estimation output is shown in Figure 4 on Page 12. Write down the estimated model in equation form.

 $3\,\mathrm{pts}$

5. Use the estimated model from the previous question to forecast the value of the series at t = 1001. You may need some of the values below.

6 pts

t	y_t	u_t
999	-0.77	-4.18
1000	-0.75	-1.41

Question 2 (27 points) In this exercise, we analyze the daily returns on Tesla stock between 6/29/2010 and 12/14/2022. The returns are shown in Figure 1.

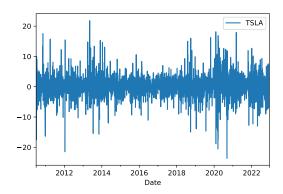


Figure 1: Returns on Tesla stock

The data clearly display volatility clustering, which we want to model using a GARCH model. The output is shown in Figure 5 on Page 12.

1. Write the model down as an equation (only the volatility equation).

3 pts

 ${\bf 2.}$ Does your model incorporate a leverage effect? Justify your answer.

 $6\,\mathrm{pts}$

3. Explain what the standardized residuals from a GARCH model are, ideally with an equation. Also, explain what their properties should be if the volatility model is correct.

 $6\,\mathrm{pts}$

4. Regressing the squared standardized residuals on an intercept and 5 of their own lags results in an R^2 of 0.00364. Use this to test if the GARCH model has successfully removed the volatility clustering.

 $6\,\mathrm{pts}$

5 .	Use the model to predict the variance σ_{t+1}^2 for $12/15/2022$, using the following values
	on $12/14/2022$: $\hat{u}_t = -2.72$ and $\sigma_t^2 = 15.198$.

6 pts

Question 3 (18 points) We now turn our attention to Value at Risk forecasting.

1. Use the model from the previous question to predict the 1% Value at Risk for 12/15/2022. Note: If you weren't successful in predicting the variance in the previous question, you can use the value $\hat{\sigma}_{t+1}^2 = 15.00$.



2. In a backtesting exercise, we have created 1% VaR forecasts for the entire sample. From this and the returns, we have created the hit series $\{I_t\}$.

12 pts

(a) (6 pts) Explain how the hit series is defined, and how many times you expect it to equal 1 if the VaR model is correct.

(b) (6 pts) Figure 6 on page 13 shows the result of regressing $(I_t-0.01)$ on an intercept and I_{t-1} . Use it to test the independence of the VaR violations.

Quest	ion 4 (18 points) Answer t	the questions below.	
1.			
(a)) (3 pts) Spurious regression	ns can occur between cointegrated variables.	18
	True	☐ False	
(b)	(3 pts) In a stationary time of the series.	he series, shocks U_t have a transitory effect on the future	
	☐ True	☐ False	
(c)) (3 pts) An ARCH (q) mosquared returns.	del for the returns corresponds to an $AR(q)$ for the	
	True	☐ False	
(d)) (3 pts) The order q of an	MA(q) model can be determined from the correlogram.	
	☐ True	☐ False	
(e)	(3 pts) In the presence of the right of the origin tha	the leverage effect, the news impact curve is steeper to an to the left.	
	☐ True	☐ False	
(f)) (3 pts) A VaR model is co	prrectly specified if no VaR violations occur.	
	True	False	

End of exam.

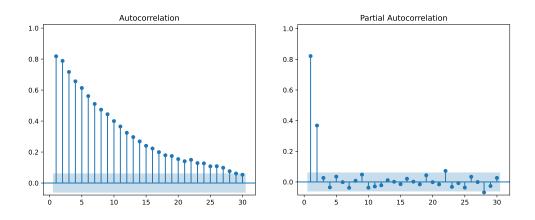


Figure 2: Correlogram of simulated data.

OLS Regression Results

=========	======			=====	=====			
Dep. Variabl	e:			У	R-sq	uared:		0.208
Model:				OLS	Adj.	R-squared:		0.207
Method:		Le	east Squ	ares	F-st	atistic:		130.9
Date:		Mon,	16 Oct	2023	Prob	(F-statistic)	;	3.47e-51
Time:			15:0	4:00	Log-	Likelihood:		-2086.9
No. Observat	ions:			998	AIC:			4180.
Df Residuals	:			995	BIC:			4195.
Df Model:				2				
Covariance T	ype:		nonro	bust				
========	======			=====				
	coei	f s	std err		t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
x1	-0.116	 L	0.018	 -6	.520	0.000	-0.151	-0.081
x2	-0.3594	1	0.030	-12	2.164	0.000	-0.417	-0.301
const	0.0309	9	0.062	C	.497	0.619	-0.091	0.153
Omnibus:	======	-====	 0	===== .529	Durb	======== in-Watson:		2.023
Prob(Omnibus):			.768		ue-Bera (JB):		0.404
Skew:	•			.003	-	(JB):		0.817
Kurtosis:				.098		. No.		3.76
=========	=======			=====	=====	==========		========

Figure 3: Output for ADF test.

SARIMAX Results

Dep. Variable Model: Date: Time: Sample: Covariance Type	Мо	ARIMA(2, 0, n, 16 Oct 20 15:10: - 10	0) Log 223 AIC 43 BIC 0 HQIC			1000 -2091.958 4191.917 4211.548 4199.378		
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]		
const ar.L1 ar.L2 sigma2		0.528 0.032 0.032 0.169		0.683 0.000 0.000 0.000	-0.818 0.461 0.297 3.507	0.586		
Ljung-Box (L1) Prob(Q): Heteroskedast: Prob(H) (two-s	icity (H):	======	0.13 0.71 0.86 0.18	Jarque-Bera Prob(JB): Skew: Kurtosis:	(JB):		0.36 0.83 0.00 3.09	

Figure 4: Estimated ARMA model.

Constant Mean - GARCH Model Results

=========	======	========	=====		
Dep. Variable:		TS	LA R	l-squared:	0.000
Mean Model:		Constant Me	an A	dj. R-squared	1: 0.000
Vol Model:		GAR	CH L	og-Likelihood	1: -8267.70
Distribution:		Norm	al A	IC:	16543.4
Method:	Max	imum Likeliho	od B	BIC:	16567.6
			N	lo. Observatio	ons: 3138
Date:	М	on, Oct 16 20	23 D:	of Residuals:	3137
Time:		15:33:	03 D:	of Model:	1
	Mean			lel	
=========		========		.=======	
					95.0% Conf. Int.
mu					2 [-1.359e-03, 0.225]
		Volat	ility 1	Model	
=========	======				=======================================
					95.0% Conf. Int.
O					2 [-8.938e-02, 0.369]
-					2 [6.024e-03,5.859e-02]
beta[1]	0.9564	2.205e-02	43.3	369 0.000	[0.913, 1.000]
==========	======	=========	=====	==========	

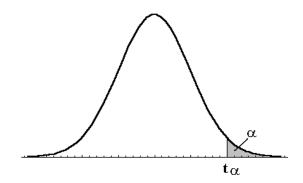
Figure 5: Estimated GARCH model.

OLS Regression Results

=========		========	=====	=====	========		========	
Dep. Variable: np.subtract(I, 0.01)			.01)	R-sq	uared:		0.000	
Model: OLS		OLS	Adj.	R-squared:		0.000		
Method:		Least Squ	ares	F-st	atistic:		1.409	
Date:		Mon, 16 Oct	2023	Prob	(F-statisti	c):	0.235	
Time:		18:5	4:56	Log-	Likelihood:		1976.8	
No. Observation	ons:		3137	AIC:			-3950.	
Df Residuals:			3135	BIC:			-3938.	
Df Model:			1					
Covariance Typ	oe:	nonro	bust					
			====	=====			=======	
	coef	std err		t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]	
b0	0.0065	0.002	2.	 817	0.005	0.002	0.011	
<pre>I.shift(1)</pre>	0.0212	0.018	1.	187	0.235	-0.014	0.056	
Omnibus:	======	4069.6	===== 91	===== Durbin	======== -Watson:	======	2.001	
Prob(Omnibus)	:	0.0	00	Jarque	-Bera (JB):		412759.104	
Skew:		7.4		Prob(J			0.00	
Kurtosis:		57.1	60	Cond.	No.		7.76	
=========		========	=====	=====	.========		=======	

Figure 6: Test regression for the Value at Risk backtest.

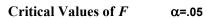
Critical Values of t

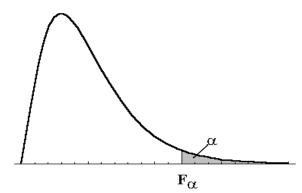


Degrees of freedom	t _{.10}	t _{.05}	t _{.025}	t .01	t _{.005}	Degrees of freedom	t _{.10}	t _{.05}	t _{.025}	t .01	t _{.005}
1	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	24	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787
3	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	26	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779
4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771
5	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	28	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763
6	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	29	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756
7	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	30	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750
8	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	35	1.306	1.690	2.030	2.438	2.724
9	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	40	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	45	1.301	1.679	2.014	2.412	2.690
11	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	50	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678
12	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	60	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660
13	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	70	1.294	1.667	1.994	2.381	2.648
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	80	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	90	1.291	1.662	1.987	2.368	2.632
16	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	100	1.290	1.660	1.984	2.364	2.626
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	120	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617
18	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	140	1.288	1.656	1.977	2.353	2.611
19	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	160	1.287	1.654	1.975	2.350	2.607
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	180	1.286	1.653	1.973	2.347	2.603
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	200	1.286	1.653	1.972	2.345	2.601
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	∞	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807						

Critical Values of χ^2 χ^2_{α}

Degrees of	$\chi^2_{.10}$	$\chi^2_{.05}$	$\chi^{2}_{.025}$	$\chi^2_{.01}$	$\chi^{2}_{.005}$
freedom 1	2.706	3.841	5.024	6.635	7.879
2	4.605	5.991	7.378	9.210	10.597
3	6.251	7.815	9.348	11.345	12.838
4	7.779	9.488	11.143	13.277	14.860
5	9.236	11.070	12.833	15.086	16.750
6	10.645	12.592	14.449	16.812	18.548
7	12.017	14.067	16.013	18.475	20.278
8	13.362	15.507	17.535	20.090	21.955
9	14.684	16.919	19.023	21.666	23.589
10	15.987	18.307	20.483	23.209	25.188
11	17.275	19.675	21.920	24.725	26.757
12	18.549	21.026	23.337	26.217	28.300
13	19.812	22.362	24.736	27.688	29.819
14	21.064	23.685	26.119	29.141	31.319
15	22.307	24.996	27.488	30.578	32.801
16	23.542	26.296	28.845	32.000	34.267
17	24.769	27.587	30.191	33.409	35.718
18	25.989	28.869	31.526	34.805	37.156
19	27.204	30.144	32.852	36.191	38.582
20	28.412	31.410	34.170	37.566	39.997
21	29.615	32.671	35.479	38.932	41.401
22	30.813	33.924	36.781	40.289	42.796
23	32.007	35.172	38.076	41.638	44.181
24	33.196	36.415	39.364	42.980	45.559
25	34.382	37.652	40.646	44.314	46.928
26	35.563	38.885	41.923	45.642	48.290
27	36.741	40.113	43.195	46.963	49.645
28	37.916	41.337	44.461	48.278	50.993
29	39.087	42.557	45.722	49.588	52.336
30	40.256	43.773	46.979	50.892	53.672
40	51.805	55.758	59.342	63.691	66.766
50	63.167	67.505	71.420	76.154	79.490
60	74.397	79.082	83.298	88.379	91.952
70	85.527	90.531	95.023	100.425	104.215
80	96.578	101.879	106.629	112.329	116.321
90	107.565	113.145	118.136	124.116	128.299
100	118.498	124.342	129.561	135.807	140.169





		df _{num}	N	UMERATO	OR DEGR	EES OF FI	REEDOM			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
df _{den}	1	161.4	199.5	215.7	224.6	230.2	234.0	236.8	238.9	240.5
	2	18.51	19.00	19.16	19.25	19.30	19.33	19.35	19.37	19.38
	3	10.13	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81
\mathbf{z}	4	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00
0	5	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77
Q	6	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10
Ξ	7	5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68
Ξ	8	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39
\simeq	9	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18
<u> </u>	10	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02
	11	4.84	3.98	3.59	3.36	3.20	3.09	3.01	2.95	2.90
<u> </u>	12	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80
0	13	4.67	3.81	3.41	3.18	3.03	2.92	2.83	2.77	2.71
	14	4.60	3.74	3.34	3.11	2.96	2.85	2.76	2.70	2.65
S	15	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59
Ξ	16	4.49	3.63	3.24	3.01	2.85	2.74	2.66	2.59	2.54
Ξ	17	4.45	3.59	3.20	2.96	2.81	2.70	2.61	2.55	2.49
×	18	4.41	3.55	3.16	2.93	2.77	2.66	2.58	2.51	2.46
G	19	4.38	3.52	3.13	2.90	2.74	2.63	2.54	2.48	2.42
Ξ	20	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39
D	21	4.32	3.47	3.07	2.84	2.68	2.57	2.49	2.42	2.37
	22	4.30	3.44	3.05	2.82	2.66	2.55	2.46	2.40	2.34
\simeq	23	4.28	3.42	3.03	2.80	2.64	2.53	2.44	2.37	2.32
0	24	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30
Ξ	25	4.24	3.39	2.99	2.76	2.60	2.49	2.40	2.34	2.28
A	26	4.23	3.37	2.98	2.74	2.59	2.47	2.39	2.32	2.27
Z	27	4.21	3.35	2.96	2.73	2.57	2.46	2.37	2.31	2.25
Ξ	28	4.20	3.34	2.95	2.71	2.56	2.45	2.36	2.29	2.24
Σ	29	4.18	3.33	2.93	2.70	2.55	2.43	2.35	2.28	2.22
0	30	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21
Z	40	4.08	3.23	2.84	2.61	2.45	2.34	2.25	2.18	2.12
Ξ	60	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04
O	120 ∞	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.96
	3	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88

Dickey-Fuller critical values for different significance levels $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$

0.01	0.025	0.05	0.10
	τ		
-2.58	-2.23	-1.95	-1.62
	$ au_{\mu}$		
-3.43	-3.12	-2.86	-2.57
	$ au_{ au}$		
-3.96	-3.66	-3.41	-3.12

5% critical values of Engle-Granger test vs. number of regressors k (excluding constant)

1	2	3	4	5
-3.41	-3.80	-4.16	-4.49	-4 74