Exercise 5

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- 1. (a) Load the data in the file sp500.csv and construct the log returns (in percent). Make a time series plot and a histogram of the returns. Then, produce a correlogram of the squared residuals, and test the first 5 autocorrelations of the squared returns for joint significance using the Ljung-Box *Q*-test. Interpret your results.
 - (b) Perform an ARCH-LM test by regressing the returns on an intercept, and feeding the residuals into sm.stats.diagnostic.het_arch.
 - (c) Compute the historical volatility and plot it, by using a rolling object.
 - (d) Compute the EWMA volatility and plot it, by using a ewm object. Also, try and recreate the plot with the EWMA volatilities for different values of λ shown in the slides.
 - (e) Find a suitable (G)ARCH or TARCH model. Start with a GARCH(1, 1) or an ARCH(6) model, and determine whether it needs to be adjusted. You may need to install the arch package (docs). This can be done by putting !pip install arch into a Jupyter cell and executing it.
 - (f) Make a plot of the volatility estimates that your model generates. Then, compute the unconditional (or average) volatility, and plot the NIC.
 - (g) Forecast the volatility for T + 1.
- 2. (a) Show that

$$\widehat{\sigma}_{t+1,EWMA}^2 = \lambda \widehat{\sigma}_{t,EWMA}^2 + (1-\lambda)r_t^2, \qquad 0 < \lambda < 1.$$