

Practice Mode

Contest scoreboard | Sign in

### Round A APAC Test 2016

A. Googol String

B. gCube

C. gCampus

D. gSnake

### **Questions** asked

- Submissions		
Googol String		
7pt	Not attempted <b>2083/5209 users</b> correct (40%)	
12pt	Not attempted <b>957/1730 users</b> correct (55%)	
gCube		
8pt	Not attempted <b>1557/2234 users</b> correct (70%)	
16pt	Not attempted <b>855/1488 users</b> correct (57%)	
gCampus		
10pt	Not attempted 493/1232 users correct (40%)	
15pt	Not attempted <b>227/482 users</b> correct (47%)	
gSnake		
13pt	Not attempted <b>121/629 users</b> correct (19%)	
19pt	Not attempted <b>41/88 users</b> correct (47%)	

<ul> <li>Top Scores</li> </ul>	
cebrusfs	100
sgtlaugh	100
usaxena95	100
akovski	100
NAFIS	100
liuyibo1994	100

# Problem C. gCampus

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the <a href="Quick-Start Guide">Quick-Start Guide</a> to get started.

Small input 10 points	Solve C-small
Large input 15 points	Solve C-large

## Problem

Company G has a main campus with N offices (numbered from 0 to N - 1) and M bidirectional roads (numbered from 0 to M - 1). The ith road connects a pair of offices (U<sub>i</sub>, V<sub>i</sub>), and it takes C<sub>i</sub> minutes to travel on it (in either direction).

A path between two offices X and Y is a series of one or more roads that starts at X and ends at Y. The time taken to travel a path is the sum of the times needed to travel each of the roads that make up the path. (It's guaranteed that there is at least one path connecting any two offices.)

Company G specializes in efficient transport solutions, but the CEO has just realized that, embarrassingly enough, its own road network may be suboptimal! She wants to know which roads in the campus are *inefficient*. A road is inefficient if and only if it is not included in **any** shortest paths between **any** offices.

Given the graph of offices and roads, can you help the CEO find all of the inefficient roads?

## Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, T. T test cases follow. Each case begins with one line with two integers N and M, indicating the number of offices and roads. This is followed by M lines containing three integers each:  $U_i$ ,  $V_i$  and  $C_i$ , indicating the ith road is between office  $U_i$  and office  $V_i$ , and it takes  $C_i$  minutes to travel on it.

### Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x:", where x is the test case number (starting from 1). Then output the road numbers of all of the inefficient roads, in increasing order, each on its own line. (Note that road 0 refers to the first road listed in a test case, road 1 refers

dtyfc	100
Legendks	100
Shaon	100
jki14	100

to the second road, etc.)

Limits

 $0 < C_i \le 1000000$ .

Small dataset

 $1 \le T \le 10.$  $1 \le N = M \le 100.$ 

Large dataset

 $1 \le T \le 3$ .

 $1 \le N \le 100$ .

 $1 \le M \le 10000$ .

# Sample

Input	Output
2 3 3 0 1 10 1 2 3 2 0 3 3 3 0 1 10 1 2 3 2 1 3	Case #1: 0 Case #2:

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