

Portfolio Project: Football Club Twitter Analysis

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INTRODUCTION

Over the course of Summer 2021, I have been taking Codecademy's Data Analyst certification course, which educates on tools like Python and SQL to obtain and clean data, run analyses, gather insights, and create visualizations from various forms of data.

This final portfolio presentation, which is a completely open-ended project, displays the most important tools learned during this course. Through the next few slides, I'll be running through the last 3,250 tweets from each "big six" football club (soccer club in the U.S.) in England's top-flight division, the Premier League.

I will explain the steps I took in gathering my final insights to provide a window into my methods, and the code is available in this project's GitHub repository. Thank you for viewing!

INSPECTING AND PREPARING DATA

INSPECTING AND PREPARING DATA

To start, I knew I needed a source of data that had a large amount of information. I visited Kaggle and found an amazing set of CSV files which contained scraped Tweet data from six different clubs: Arsenal, Chelsea, Manchester City, Manchester United, Liverpool, and Leicester City. After downloading these files, I hopped onto Jupyter Notebook and loaded these CSV files into separate Pandas dataframes.

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

arsenal_df = pd.read_csv('Arsenal.csv')
chelsea_df = pd.read_csv('ChelseaFC.csv')
mancity_df = pd.read_csv('ManCity.csv')
manutd_df = pd.read_csv('ManUtd.csv')
liverpool_df = pd.read_csv('LFC.csv')
leicester_df = pd.read_csv('LCFC.csv')

INSPECTING AND PREPARING DATA

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After creating the dataframes, I inspected the content and data types of each table.

print(leicester_df.head(5))
print(leicester_df.dtypes)

created_at object
full_tweet object
tweet_type int64
retweets int64
likes int64
mentions object
dtype: object

created_on	full_tweet	tweet_type	retweets	likes	mentions
2021-06-29 06:52:00	Happy birthday to former Fox Ali Mauchlen! h	0	7	112	NaN
2021-06-28 19:07:00	2 years of @JamesJustin98 as a \$\frac{1}{2} \n\nls this	0	20	444	jamesjustin98
2021-06-28 17:24:00	Club Historian John Hutchinson's Links With Th	0	9	169	NaN
2021-06-28 15:59:31	JJ \$\\n\n@JamesJ ustin98's rise to the top □ □ h	0	5	148	jamesjustin98
2021-06-28 13:54:35	"Everyone knows he's a world-class goalkeeper	0	19	327	kschmeichel1

(cont.)

SUMMARY STATISTICS

VIRTUAL PRESENCE

TOTAL FOLLOWERS

AVERAGE LIKES

AVERAGE RETWETS

Man Utd: 26.3M Arsenal: 17.8M Liverpool: 17.7M Chelsea: 17.6M Man City: 10.3M Leicester: 2.1M

Chelsea: 13,978
Man Utd: 10,730
Liverpool: 9,453
Arsenal: 8,948
Man City: 3,781
Leicester: 1,418

Chelsea: 1,500 Man Utd: 989 Liverpool: 795 Arsenal: 753 Man City: 344 Leicester: 125

50% (Median)

75%

Max

5,180

11,009

229,024

7,146

15,714

235,164

LIKE COUNT QUARTILES

	Arsenal	Chelsea	Manchester City	Manchester United	Liverpool	Leicester City
Min	3	4	0	3	6	3
25%	2,349	3,677.25	608.25	3,229	2,114	98

1,187

2,502.75

197,154

5,644.5

11,744.5

281,574

4,592

11,291.75

311,247

205

610.75

172,622

50% (Median)

75%

Max

334

782

44,397

1,346.5

91,662

RETWEET COUNT QUARTILES

	Arsenal	Chelsea	Manchester City	Manchester United	Liverpool	Leicester City
Min	0	0	0	1	1	0
25%	149	257	39	252	158	7

183

32,016

562.5 77 429 324 14

970.75

52,321

744.75

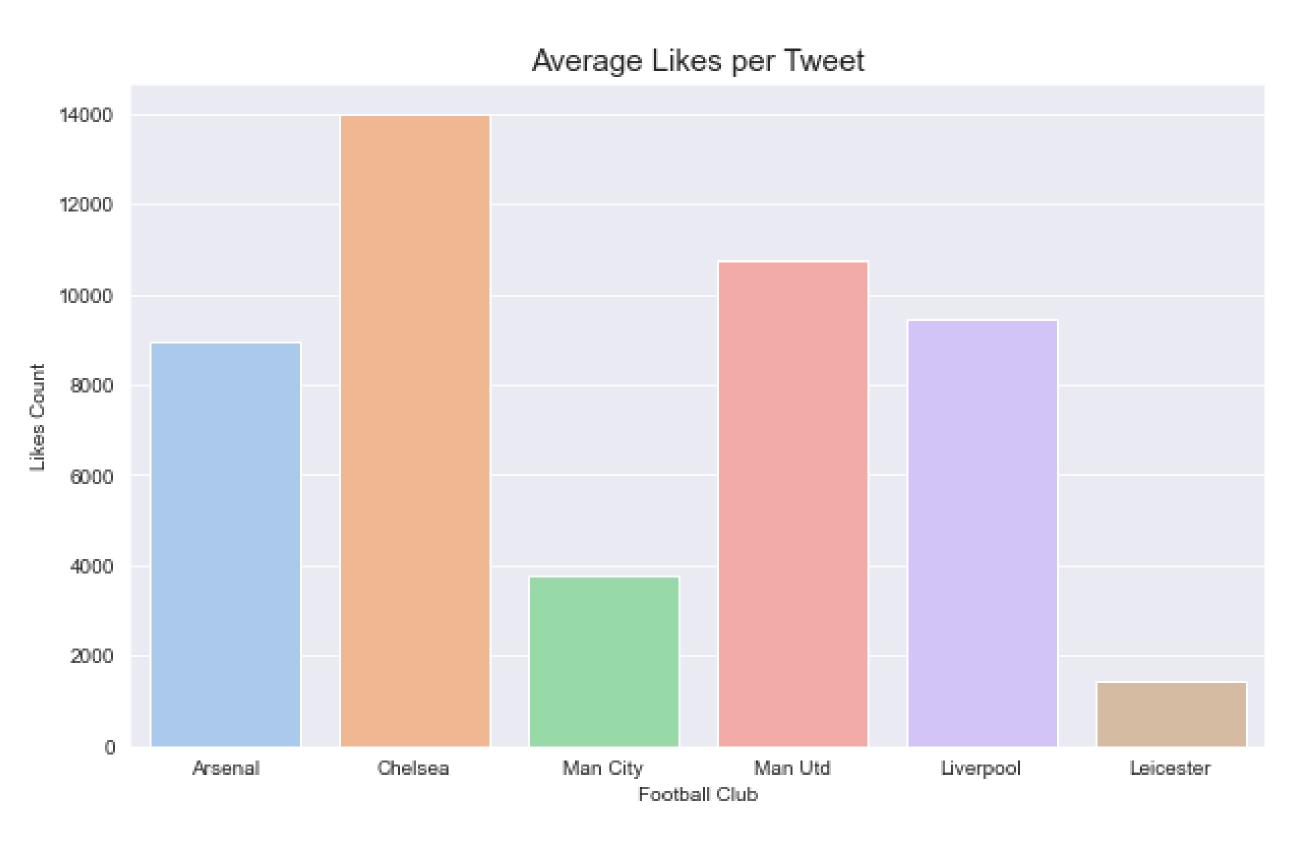
34,620

36

18,131

VISUALIZATIONS

VISUALIZATIONS - BARPLOT



To start off our visualizations, I thought that comparing mean likes per tweet by club would be a good indicator of social media presence.

- Chelsea has a higher mean count than the next three clubs, which are fairly close to each other.
- Leicester City is the only club with a mean
 like count of less than 2,000. This can be
 expected as the club is a newcomer to the
 "big six".

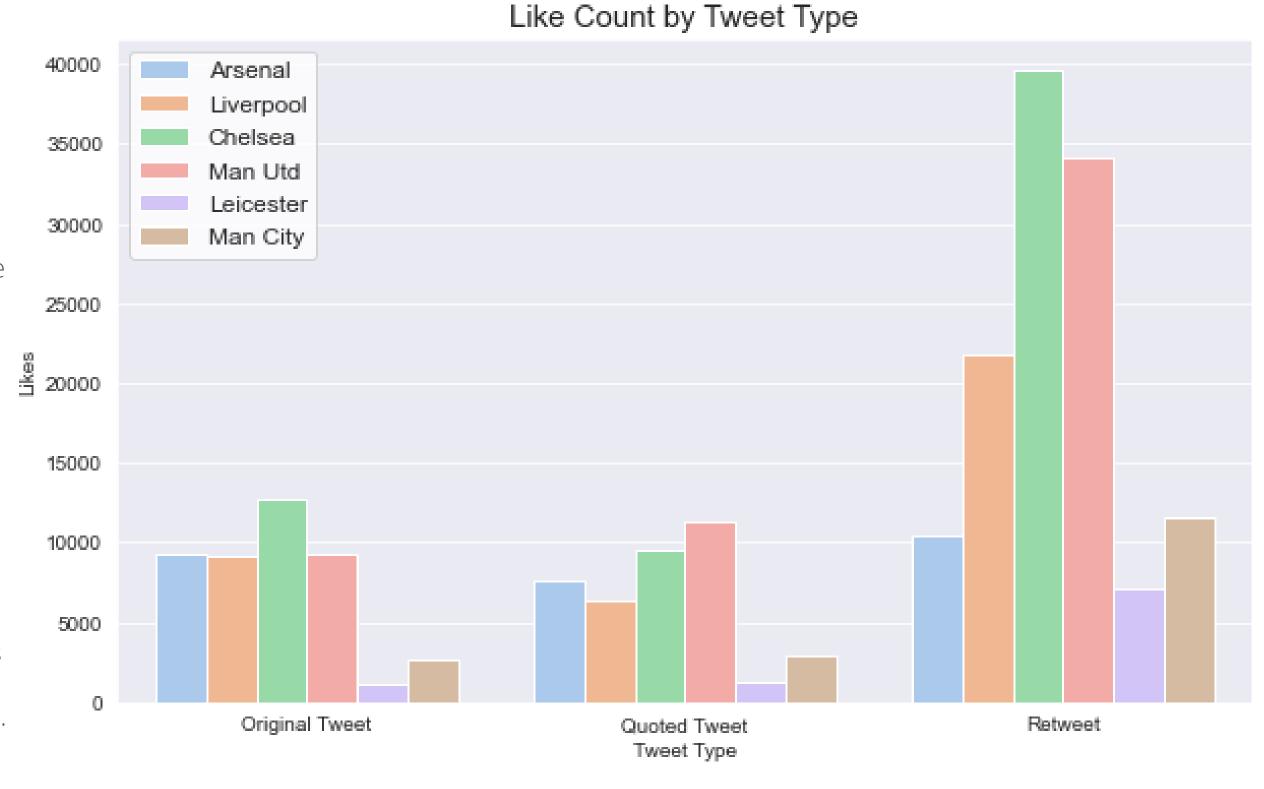
VISUALIZATIONS - BARPLOT

Moving away from average like counts, we can view total likes for each tweet type by each club.

This gives us an idea of not just how many likes each club receives, but which kinds of posts those likes are directed towards.

Insights:

- Retweets are understandably much higher in counts than other tweet types.
- Interesting to note, however, that Man Utd has more total likes in quoted tweets than Chelsea.



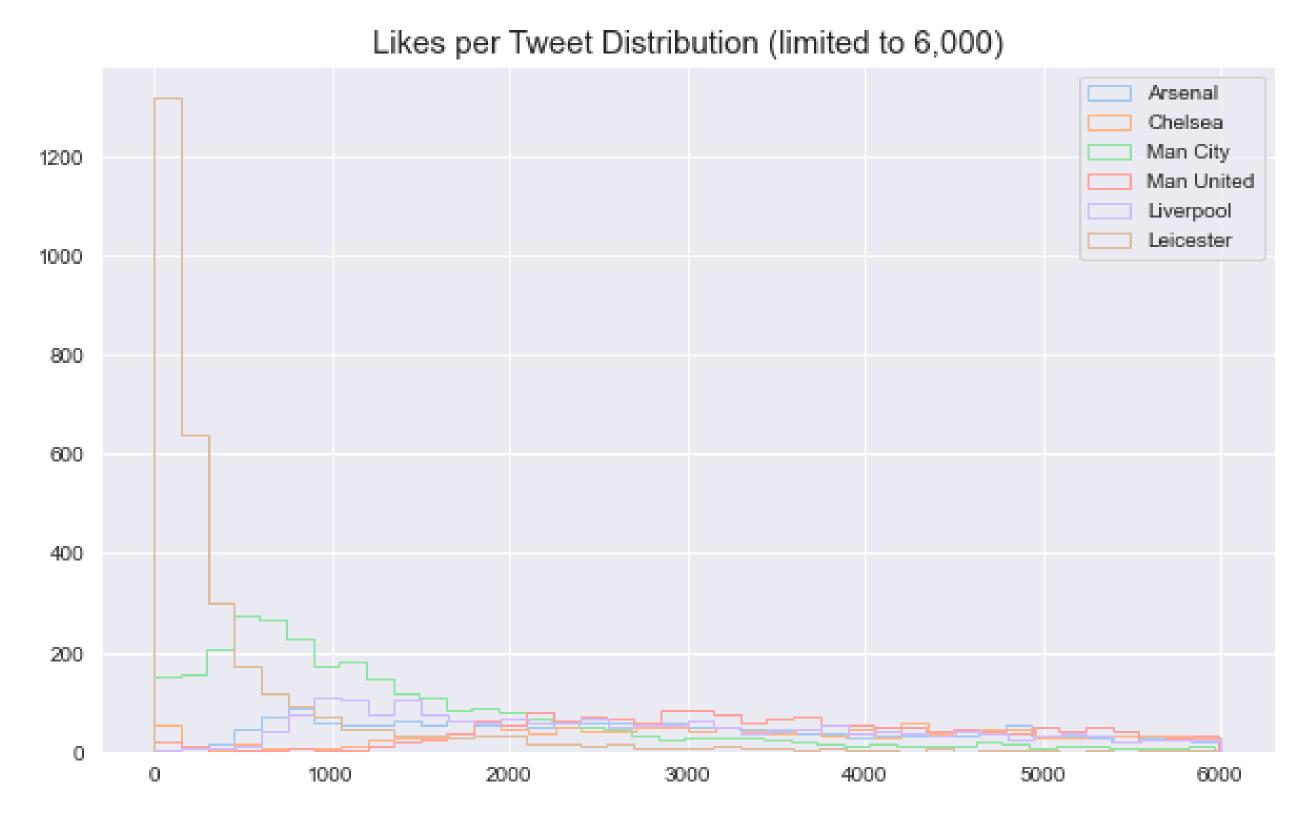
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VISUALIZATIONS - HISTOGRAM

Here we can view like distributions for each club.

This should give us a good idea of where each team stands compared to each other.

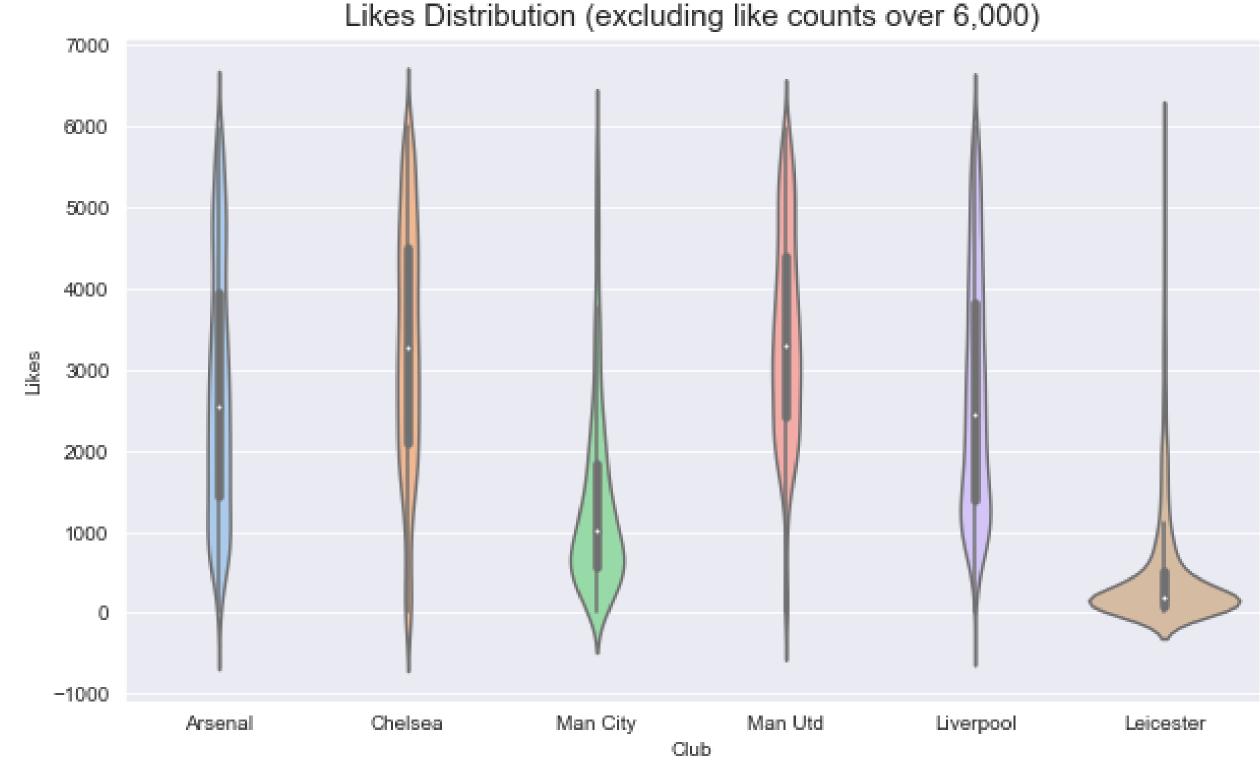
- Leicester City has much more posts that received fewer likes than the other five clubs.
- A boxplot or violin plot would be better for viewing spread in a comparative manner.



VISUALIZATIONS - VIOLIN PLOT

Using a violin plot has significantly helped with viewing distributions in a competitive manner. As like distributions have many outliers, counts over 6,000 have been excluded for the sake of visual clarity.

- Leicester City and Man City have many more like counts under 1,000 than other clubs.
- Like distribution is fairly even amongst the other clubs, with no large clusters.



VISUALIZATIONS - LINE PLOT

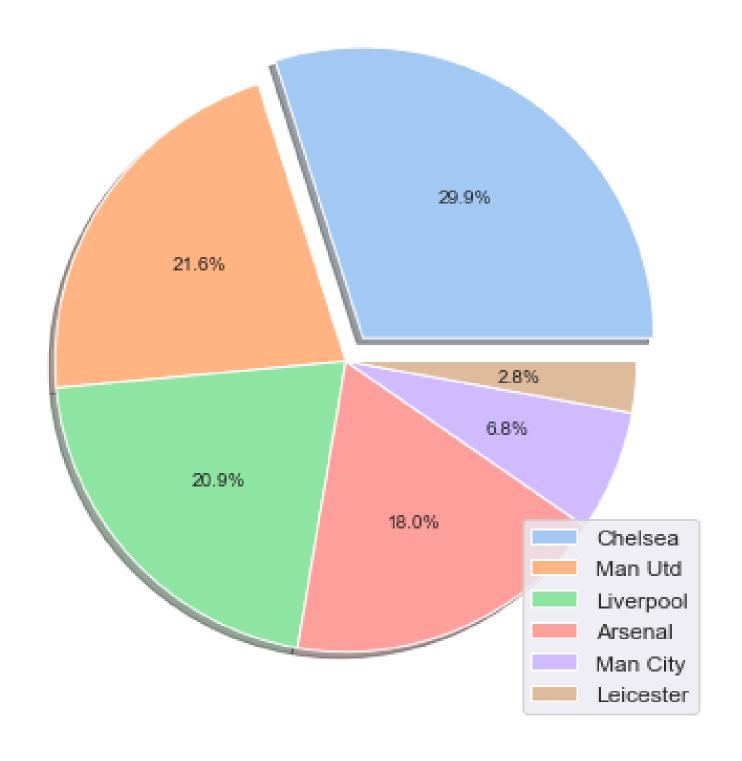


Moving on to time series analysis, we can see the like counts per month of each club. Since data was gathered based on the number of tweets, not every club has the same time frame.

- All clubs save for Man Utd experienced a nice increase in like counts from April to May 2021.
 FA Cup and Champion's League finals may be responsible.
- Leicester and Man City have lower like counts but a higher tweet count per month due to the shorter time frame.

VISUALIZATIONS - PIE PLOT

Percentage of Total Likes (Feb 2021 - Jun 2021)



After the previous slide, we can see that from February 2021 onwards, data from all six clubs is being collected. I created this pie plot to see who takes up the most likes in this time frame.

- Chelsea's Twitter account lays claim to the highest percentage of likes with almost a third of the total. This is expected, as the team won the Champions League in May.
- Man United, Liverpool, and Arsenal are also thriving while sticking around the 20% range.
- Leicester once again comes up with considerably lower figures than the rest of the pack, despite winning the FA Cup Final during this time frame.

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CONCLUSION

CONCLUSION

What insights did we gain from looking at the data? Here are a few:

- 1. Despite having less followers than Manchester United, Arsenal, and Liverpool, Chelsea's posts received more likes and retweets on average and in total than anyone else.
- 3. <u>Leicester was an obvious outlier in social activity</u>. This is due to the team being a relative newcomer to the "big six", having won their first and only Premier League title in the 2015/16 season.
- 4. While Leicester and Manchester City enjoyed less activity, the time frame in which they tweeted the same number of posts as other clubs is shorter, meaning that these clubs have denser posting schedules.

I sincerely hoped you enjoyed reading through this presentation. If you have any questions, please let me know, and feel free to check out my GitHub page for more projects and reports!