

In this module, you will develop an original interactive or reactive system in which music or sound is a key component. Innovative and imaginative methods of interaction by a participant should be explored, and this could be for any relevant context (performance, composition, installation, game, sound toy, etc).

During the first half of the module, you should consider and develop a written proposal and plan for this project. Your proposal should be around 2000 words and address the following areas:

## 1 Introduction

The aim of this paper is to propose the design and production of an hardware synthesizer, starting from an existing digital sound engine. In the sections that follow, it will be explained the background and the rationale behind the project, as well as the initial research undertaken. Then, it will be depicted a "blueprint" of the product: the general concept, the architecture of the system – both hardware and software – and the production plan will be covered in detail. In the last part the evaluation criteria will be set, in order to have a concrete measure of the work outcomes.

## 2 Background and Motivation

This project has been shaped and will be realised keeping as a pivotal point the *chiptune* subculture and its principles. As will be discussed in the next paragraphs, the product is conceived to be used by people already familiar with the environment and limitations of this musical style. Its purpose is to give users a different and more modern way to interact with a well-known set of sounds and synthesis capabilities.

### 2.1 Pushing the Limits Using Constraints

**Chiptune** As stated by Collins et al. (2014 ) the term *chiptune* has multiple definitions. Also known as *chip music* or *8-bit music*, it derives from the sound chips that, in the first generation of computers and gaming consoles, were used to balance the processing power of generating sound effects and music from the CPU. In its strictest meaning, chiptune is used to refer to music created entirely from the original, vintage audio chips. Nevertheless, modifications that do not alter the nature of the sound produced are allowed.

The broadest definition is more related to the aesthetics of the sound, rather than to the source generating it. The entire subculture which gravitates around the foundations and features of chip music can be called *chiptune* too. Anyway, this paper and the related project will try to stick to the strictest definition of the word, in order to create a product able to maintain the sound fidelity of the old processors.

**DMG-001 and trackers** In particular, the following study focuses on the Nintendo DMG-001 from 1989, known with the commercial name of *Game Boy*, which is supposedly one of the most popular tools for the production of chip music. From the official datasheet (Nintendo, 2019) portable console runs on a custom *Sharp LR35902* 8-bit CPU, similar to the *Zilog Z80*<sup>1</sup> and has four audio channels<sup>2</sup>:

Channel	Type	Features
1	Quadrangular <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Volume envelope</li> <li>- 4-mode pulse width</li> <li>- Frequency register from C3 upwards</li> <li>- Frequency envelope</li> </ul>
2	Quadrangular	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Volume envelope</li> <li>- 4-mode pulse width</li> <li>- Frequency register from C3 upwards</li> </ul>
3	Wave	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- User-definable waveforms</li> <li>- Bank of 32 samples (4-bit each)</li> <li>- Frequency register from C2 upwards</li> </ul>
4	Pseudo-random noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- White and brown noise</li> </ul>

## 2.2 Rationale

# 3 Name of the Project

## 3.1 Concept

## 3.2 System Architecture

### Hardware

#### Controls

#### User Interface

### DMG-001 Mods

<sup>1</sup>Popular 8-bit microprocessor widely used from the 1970s to the mid-1980s in desktop and home computers, military applications, synthesizers, arcade machines. . .

<sup>2</sup>To be precise, as stated in the 8BC Chiptune Wiki (2007), the console has a fifth – and least known – channel: it is an analogue input channel that allows external synthesis on cartridge to be mixed with the sound generated by the other channels. No cartridges are known to use this channel and its functionality, though.

<sup>3</sup>Also known as *pulse wave* or *square wave*.

Sound

Midi Functionality

Screen

Power

Embedded Software

### 3.3 Production

Resources

Schedule

## 4 Discussion

### 4.1 Minimum Viable Product

### 4.2 Evaluation Criteria

## 5 Conclusions

## References

Collins, K. and Kapralos, B. and Tessler, H. and Paul, J. L. (2014) *The Oxford Handbook of Interactive Audio*. USA: Oxford University Press.

Marquez, I. (2014) Playing new music with old games: The chiptune subculture. *G— A— M— E Games as Art, Media, Entertainment* [Online], 1 (3), pp. 67-79. Available from: <[http://www.gamejournal.it/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/GAME\\_3-Subcultures\\_Journal\\_Marquez.pdf](http://www.gamejournal.it/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/GAME_3-Subcultures_Journal_Marquez.pdf)> [Accessed 20 October 2019].

Nintendo (2019) *Game Boy, Game Boy Color, Game Boy Pocket Technical Data* [Support page] [Online] Available from: <<https://www.nintendo.co.uk/Support/Game-Boy-Pocket-Color/Product-information/Technical-data/Technical-data-619585.html>> [Accessed 20 October 2019].

8BC Chiptune Wiki (2007) *Game Boy* [Online] Available from: <[https://web.archive.org/web/20080221140919/http://8bitcollective.com/wiki/index.php?title=Game\\_Boy#Sound](https://web.archive.org/web/20080221140919/http://8bitcollective.com/wiki/index.php?title=Game_Boy#Sound)> [Accessed 5 October 2019].

**Section 1 Overall project aims and rationale Who is your project aimed at?**

**In what situation/context is it designed to be used?**

- Live performance
- Music production

**How and why will people engage with it?**

- It will be an easy and straightforward way of making chiptune music

**Section 2 Details of project What are the key hardware/software elements in your project?**

- Sound engine: GameBoy DMG-01 (1989)
- New Hardware Interface

**What sounds will your system work with?** The system will generate sound using the sound chip of the GameBoy

**What will the relationship be between user inputs and the sound parameters (mapping)?** To interact with the sound, the Midi protocol will be used. Since the GameBoy can't read and understand Midi messages, a translation unit is required amid the interface and the sound engine (i.e. an Arduino board).

**How does this mapping support your overall project aims?**

**Section 3 Evidence of contextual awareness, research and reading What other similar systems have you looked at? How has your idea developed from this research?**

**What relevant concepts have fed into your design process?**

**Section 4 Plan for implementation What resources do you require to complete your project? What specific tasks do you need to complete and by when?**

**This should be written using appropriate academic language with reference to relevant texts/media using Harvard format.**