

# Aufgabe 1.

a.) Beschreibung des Filters

$$y[k] = c_1 \cdot x[k-1] + c_2 \cdot x[k-2] + c_3 \cdot y[k-1] + c_4 \cdot y[k-2]$$

$$c_1 = -\frac{1}{4} \quad c_3 = 1$$

$$c_2 = \frac{1}{4} \quad c_4 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y[k] = -\frac{1}{4} \cdot x[k-1] + \frac{1}{4} \cdot x[k-2] + 1 \cdot y[k-1] - \frac{1}{2} y[k-2]$$

b.)  $H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)}$

$$Y(z) = -\frac{1}{4} z^{-1} X(z) + \frac{1}{4} z^{-2} X(z) + z^{-1} Y(z) - \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} Y(z)$$

$$Y(z) - z^{-1} Y(z) + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} Y(z) = -\frac{1}{4} z^{-1} X(z) + \frac{1}{4} z^{-2} X(z)$$

$$Y(z) \cdot (1 - z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2}) = X(z) \cdot (-\frac{1}{4} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4} z^{-2})$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{-\frac{1}{4} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4} z^{-2}}{1 - z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2}} = \frac{1 - z}{4z^2 - 4z + 2} \rightarrow 1 - z = 0 \quad z_n = 1$$

$$2z^2 - 2z + 1 = 0$$

$$z^2 - z + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

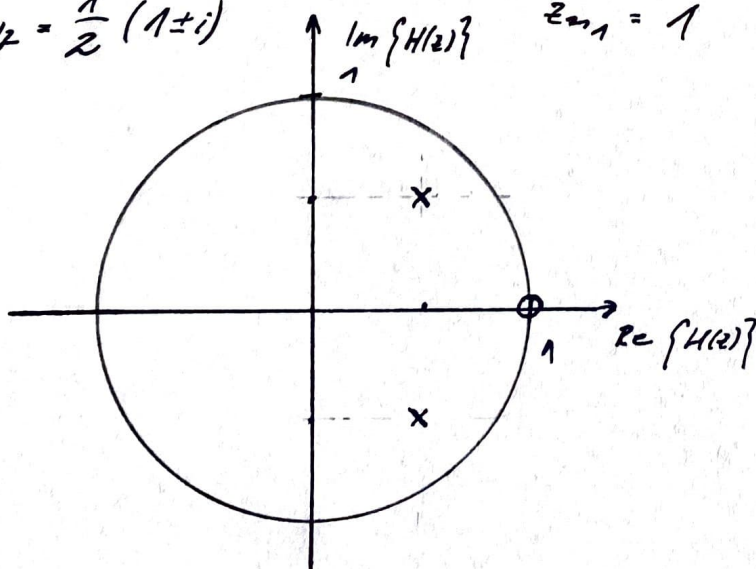
$$z_{p1/2} = \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm i)$$

c.) Pol (zp)

Nullstellen (zn)

$$z_{p1/2} = \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm i)$$

$$z_{n1} = 1$$



d.) IIR Hochpass

e.) System ist stabil,  
da Pol von  $H(z)$   
innerhalb des  
Einheitskreises liegen.  
 $|z_{p1/2}| < 1$