VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

Object Oriented Java Programming (23CS3PCOOJ)

Submitted by

SIRIPURAPU MANASWI(1BM23CS331)

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Object Oriented Java Programming (23CS3PCOOJ)" carried out by **SIRIPURAPU MANASWI (1BM23CS331)**, who is bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering.** It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of an Object Oriented Java Programming (23CS3PCOOJ) work prescribed for the said degree.

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Github Link:

https://github.com/s-manaswi/MANASWI-1BM23CS331-JAVA

Program 1

Implement Quadratic Equation

```
LAB PROGRAM 1
                3 u.P ("There are in mial
Quadratic equation
import java. util. ran;
public class Quadratic Eqn &
     ps vm (string [] args) &
        scanner sc = new scanner (systemin);
        System.out. println (" Enter coefficient a: ");
        double a = sc. next Double();
       System.out.printin ("Enter coefficient b: ");
       double b = sc. next Double ();
        System.out. pointin ( "Enter Coefficient (: ");
        double c = sc. next Double();
        double discriminant = b * b - 4 + a * c;
        if (discoiminat >0) &
              double root 1 = (-b + Math. sqrt (discrimi-
                                 nant))/(2*a);
             double root 2 = (-b+ Math. sert (discriminary)
                                      /(2 * a);
             S.O.P. ("Roots are neal & distinct");
             S.O.P. (" Root 1: " + noot1);
             8.0. P. ("Root 2: " + noot 2);
       else if (discriminant == 0) {
              double 2001 = - 6/(2*a);
              8.0. p. ("Roots are real & equal");
              8-0-P. ("Root }="+800t);
```

KAR PERBURAN D else 8 3. D. P. ("There are no real solutions"); Quadratic somation import java util sant Sc. close (); public class quadracicten ? 8 3 Psvm (stample) augs) & scannes se new secones (systemia); : tudtuo System out prinche in their coefficient o Enter a coefficient a signal + 301.38 = 1 310 words System our printing out out testicient be Enter a coefficient bi Enter à coefficient c; The equation has 2 neal & distinct roots if (discommat >0) & noot 1 = 2.0 root 2 = 1.0 0 0 + 1 -) : 1 1000 nant)) [(2+a); deuble hook working of sipt to end 162+02: S. C. P. (" Rods are mal & distinct"): S.c. P (" PECt 1: " + AUC (13); 8-0-9 ("ROOL 2: "+ 20062);

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.lang.Math;
class Quadratic
{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter coefficient a: ");
     double a = scanner.nextDouble();
     System.out.print("Enter coefficient b: ");
     double b = scanner.nextDouble();
     System.out.print("Enter coefficient c: ");
     double c = scanner.nextDouble();
     double d = b * b - 4 * a * c;
     if (d > 0) {
       double r1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(d)) / (2 * a);
       double r2 = (-b - Math.sqrt(d)) / (2 * a);
       System.out.println("The roots are real and different:");
       System.out.println("Root 1: " + r1);
       System.out.println("Root 2: " + r2);
     } else if (d == 0) {
       double r = -b / (2 * a);
       System.out.println("The roots are real and the same:");
       System.out.println("Root: " + r);
     } else {
```

```
System.out.println("The roots are complex:");
double realPart = -b / (2 * a);
double imaginaryPart = Math.sqrt(-d) / (2 * a);
System.out.println("Root 1: " + realPart + " + " + imaginaryPart + "i");
System.out.println("Root 2: " + realPart + " - " + imaginaryPart + "i");
}
scanner.close();
}
```

Program 2

Implement SGPA Calculator

```
LAB PROGRAM - 2
SGPA Calculation
import java util. Scanner;
class Student;
     String name;
     String usn;
      int numsub;
      int [] coedits, marks[];
      Student (int num) &
       numsub = num;
      credits = new int Inums ub];
            marks = new int [nums up);
                           4 ( ) calculate surply
       Void details () & po = 21 quanto 1000)
            Scanner Sc = new Scanner ( system . in);
             System out printin ("Enter usn: ");
             wn = sc next();
System out printin ("Enter name: ");
 12 mars * manne = Sc-next(); map land
              System. out. println (" Enter credits
             for each subject: ");
              for (int i=o; i < numsub; i+t) &
              S. O. P. ("Cridits for subject "+
                     3 (a(i+1) + a" 11 Y)
                  credits [i] = sc. nextInt();
              3.0.p. ("Marks for gubjects: ");
              too (int i=0; ix nums ub; i++) f
                   S. 0 3 ( (Marks for subject "+ (i+1)+ ":")
                   marks [i] = Sc. nextInt();
              the il throngs s = 60) netward;
```

```
void display () &
     S.O.P. ("Instudent details: ");
      System out println ("USN: "4 usn);
      system.out println ("Name; "+ name);
      system-out-printin (" Insubject-wise
          credits & marks ");
      for cint i=o; ix numsub; i++) f
          S.O.P. ("Subject" + (i+i) + " credits = "
           + credits [i] + " Marks = " + marks [i]);
      S.O. P. ("SGPA: " + calculate SGPA());
double calculatesGIPA() &
     int total gradepts = 0; } (12/1011/16 1010)
     int total credits =0;
     for (inti=0; ixnumsub; i++) &
         to taicredits + = credits[i];
     int gradepoint = calculategradepoint (marks[i]);
           total grade points += grade point * credits[i];
  System - out printly (" & new pasts
      neturn (double) gar total grade points / total credits;
     for (int i=0; comments; i++) f
int calculategradepoint (int marks) &
      it (marks >= 90) &
     Credits [1]; or neutral (2);
    · else if ( marks > = 80) $ 1 1 9 0.8
           neturn 9; ozi trii) coi
Else if (marks > = 170 ) 50.8
       : () + net wen 8 ;[i] 2 x rom
       else it (marks ) = 60) neturn 7;
```

```
else if (marks >= $0) & neturn 6;
      else if (marks >= 40) neturns;
      else neturn o;
                  Contract the contract one Plan
    SGIPA demo &
     public static vold main (string args[]) &
          Scanner Sc = new Scanner (system.in);
          System out printin ("Enter number of subjects: ");
          int numsub = sc. nextInt();
          Student S = new Student (numsub);
          S. details();
          S. display ();
           PSIMPI
output:
Enter number of subjects: 4
Enter USN: 1BM 23 CS 384.
Entu Name: Sanassa
Enter credits for each subject:
enedits for subject 1: 4
Cnedits for subject 2: 4
Chedits for subject 3: 3
Credits for subject 4: 2
 Enter credits for each subject:
Marks for subject 1: 98
 Marks for subject 2: 92
 Marks for subjects: 95
 Marks for Subject 4: 90
```

```
Student Details:
USN: IBM23CS 284

Name: Sanasra.

Subject-wise Credits and Marks:
Subject 1: Credits: 4 Marks: 98

Subject 2: Credits: 4 Marks: 92

Subject 3: Credits: 3 Marks: 95

Subject 4: Chilts: 1 Marks: 90

869PA: 10.00
```

import java.util.Scanner;

```
class Sgpacalc {
   String usn;
   String name;
   int numSubjects;
   int[] credits;
   int[] marks;

   Sgpacalc(int x) {
     numSubjects = x;
}
```

```
credits = new int[numSubjects];
  marks = new int[numSubjects];
}
void acceptDetails() {
  Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter USN: ");
  usn = sc.nextLine();
  System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
  name = sc.nextLine();
  System.out.println("Enter credits for each subject:");
  for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
     System.out.print("Credits for subject " + (i+1) + ": ");
     credits[i] = sc.nextInt();
  }
  System.out.println("Enter marks for each subject:");
  for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
     System.out.print("Marks for subject " + (i+1) + ": ");
     marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
  }
}
void displayDetails() {
  System.out.println("\nStudent Details:");
  System.out.println("USN: " + usn);
```

```
System.out.println("Name: " + name);
     System.out.println("\nSubject-wise Credits and Marks:");
     for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
       System.out.println("Subject " + (i+1) + ": Credits = " + credits[i] + ",
Marks = " + marks[i]);
     }
     System.out.println("SGPA: " + calculateSGPA());
  }
  double calculateSGPA() {
     int totalCredits = 0;
     int totalGradePoints = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < numSubjects; i++) {
       totalCredits += credits[i];
       int gradePoint = calculateGradePoint(marks[i]);
       totalGradePoints += gradePoint * credits[i];
     }
     return (double) totalGradePoints / totalCredits;
  }
  int calculateGradePoint(int marks) {
     if (marks \geq= 90) return 10;
     else if (marks \geq= 80) return 9;
     else if (marks \geq 70) return 8;
```

```
else if (marks >= 60) return 7;
else if (marks >= 50) return 6;
else if (marks >= 40) return 5;
else return 0;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter number of subjects: ");
    int numSubjects = sc.nextInt();

    Sgpacalc s = new Sgpacalc(numSubjects);
    s.acceptDetails();
    s.displayDetails();
}
```

}

Program 3:

Create Objects for Books

```
LAB PROGRAM-3
9) White a Java program to criate a class Book which
 contains 4 members: name, author, price, num-pages.
 Include a constructor to set values for the members.
 Include neithods to set & get the details of the objects. Include
 a tostring () method that could display the complete details
  of the BOOK.
 Develop a java program to create n books objects.
 import java util Scanner; 30 garate at garate single
 Sthing name; 4 th and are + coarses +
     Sthing author; Wiggener & Bonny 19
     int price;
     int numpages;
     Book & String name, String author, int price,
      int numpages) ?
      this name = name;
          this author = author;
          this . price = price;
          this. numpages = numpages;
    3
         details () & Minnes of Parish
    void
         System. out print ("Enter name of book " +
             ( 1 3 diono (1+1) +1"; "); "
          String name = S. next Line ();
```

```
System out print ("Enter author of book: "
                           + (i+1) + ": ");
  string author = s.nextline;
  S.O.P. (" Enter price of the book "+(i+1)+"; "):
   int price = s.nextInt();
 S.O.P. ("Enter por no. of pages In book"+(1+1)
int numpages = s. nextInt();
 . 5
               the energy of more property on the
 Six yaryaya Krod
 public String to string () {
       neturn "Book name: "+ name +" \n Author"
       + author + "In Price" + price + "In Number
        of pages: "+ numpages;
 9
 Class My book &
     public Static void main (string args[]) ?
         Scanner Sc = new Scanner (system in);
          S.O.P. ("Enter number of books: ");
          int n = Sc. next Int();
          Book [] books = new bookin];
          for (inti=o; i(n; i++) {
               books li] = new Book ();
               books [i].details (); 2 late hior
        System out paint ("Enter hame by he
          S.O.P. ("In Book details : ");
          for (BOOK book : books )
           & S.O.P. (book); &
     4
```

output: Enter thenumber of books: 2 Enter name of the book: Silent Patient Enter name of the Author: Alex Michaelides Enter price : Cours was and same same and sa Enter no. of pages: a points the own of the grain shaper . . . Enter name of the Author: Holly Jackson Entu pola: tonet class snape ? 450 Enter number of pages: 400 Book details: Book Name: Silent Patient Author: Alex Michaelides Price: 499 Number of pages: 325 System our printer (" Einter Langth: Book Name: A61667 M Author: Holly Jackson Price: 450 Number of pages: 400.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Book {
  String name;
  String author;
  int price;
  int numPages;
  Book(String name, String author, int price, int numPages) {
     this.name = name;
     this.author = author;
     this.price = price;
     this.numPages = numPages;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     String bookDetails = "Book Name: " + this.name + "\n" +
                  "Author Name: " + this.author + "\n" +
                  "Price: " + this.price + "\n" +
                  "Number of Pages: " + this.numPages + "\n";
    return bookDetails;
}
public class BooksData {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter the Number of Books: ");
  int n = s.nextInt();
  Book[] books = new Book[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     System.out.print("Enter name of book " + (i + 1) + ": ");
     String name = s.next();
     System.out.print("Enter author of book " + (i + 1) + ": ");
     String author = s.next();
     System.out.print("Enter price of book " + (i + 1) + ": ");
    int price = s.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Enter number of pages in book " + (i + 1) + ": ");
     int numPages = s.nextInt();
    books[i] = new Book(name, author, price, numPages);
  }
  System.out.println("\nBook Details:");
  for (Book book : books) {
     System.out.println(book);
  }
  s.close();
```

Program 4:

Implement Abstract Class

```
LAB PROGRAM-4
aperelop a java program to create an abstract class
 named snape that contains two integers & an empty
  method named printAreal). Provide three classes
 named Rectangle, Triangle & circle such that each
  one of the classes extende the class snape. Each one
  of the classes contain only the method print Areal)
  that prints the area of the given shape.
 import java-util-Scanner;
                                       HONE JULKSON
 abstract class shape &
       float dim1, dim 2;
       Shape () 53
       abstract void printArial);
 3
                                         Book details:
 Class Rectangie extends Shape &
       Rectangle () 23
       void getd () &
            Scanner Sc = new Scanner (systemin);
            System.out.printin ("Enter length: ");
             dim1 = sc. next Float;
             S. O. P. ("Enter breadth: ");
             dim2 = sc. nextfloat;
       .
            print Areal) &
       void
            double area = dim 1 x dim 2;
            system. out printin ("Area of rectangle:"
                            7 c/1/10 + area);
       3
```

```
riass Triangle extends Shape &
     Thiangle () & 3
      void geta () &
           Scanner Sc = new Scanner (system.in);
           8. O.P. ("Enter height: ");
           dim1 = = Sc. nextfloat ();
            S-D.P. ("Entu base: ");
            dim 2 = sc. nextfloatl);
      void print Area() &
             double Area = 0.5 x dim1 x dim2;
             8.0.P. ("Arla of Triangle: "+ Area);
       9
3
      cincle extends shape &
Class
      circle () f }
       void getd () &
          Scanner SC = next Scanner (System.in);
          System.out. printin ("Ender radius: ");
          dim 1 = Sc. nextfloat ();
          dim 2 = 0.0 f;
      void print Anea() &
          double area = math Ps * diml * diml;
          S. O.P. ("Anea of cincle: "+ area);
```

```
Class Main # 8
     ps wm (string angs 17) §
          Rutangle nect = new Rectangle();
          Iniangle tri = new Thiangle();
          Circle circ = new cincle();
          nect. getdiri mant sant
           tni, getd();
           circ getal);
           suct. printArua();
           triprintaria();
           circ. print Arial);
               1 Paca St Talample
Dusput:
Ensur length of nectangle:
2.5
Entu breadth of rectangie;
2.5
enter beight of triangle: 4.2
enter base of triangle: 2
Enter radius of circle: 5.5
Area of Richarge: 6.25
Arua of Iniangle: 4.1999
Arua of cincle: 96.03317
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
abstract class Shape
{
        float dim1, dim2;
        Shape() {}
        abstract void printArea();
}
class Rectangle extends Shape
{
        Rectangle() {}
        void getd()
        {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter length of rectangle:");
            dim1=sc.nextFloat();
            System.out.println("Enter breadth of rectangle:");
            dim2=sc.nextFloat();
        }
        void printArea()
        {
        double area = dim1 * dim2;
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + area);
        }
}
```

```
class Triangle extends Shape
{
        Triangle() {}
        void getd()
        {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter height of triangle:");
            dim1=sc.nextFloat();
            System.out.println("Enter base of triangle:");
            dim2=sc.nextFloat();
        }
        void printArea()
        {
        double area = 0.5 * dim1 * dim2;
        System.out.println("Area of Triangle: " + area);
}
class Circle extends Shape
  Circle() {}
        void getd()
        {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter radius of circle:");
            dim1=sc.nextFloat();
```

```
dim2=0.0f;
        }
        void printArea()
        double area = Math.PI * dim1 * dim1;
        System.out.println("Area of Circle: " + area);
        }
}
class Main
{
  public static void main(String[] args)
         {
        Rectangle rect = new Rectangle();
        Triangle tri = new Triangle();
        Circle circ = new Circle();
             rect.getd();
             tri.getd();
             circ.getd();
        rect.printArea();
        tri.printArea();
        circ.printArea();
        }
}
```

Program 5:

Bank Account Management

```
LAB PROGRAM-5
a) create a banking system to acheive following tasks:
as accept deposit from customer & update balance
 b) Display balance
 e) compute & deposit interest.
 d) Permit withdrawal & update balance
 check for minimal balance, impose penacry is necessary
 & update the balance.
 import java util Scanner;
 class Account &
      String cust name &, accoum;
      double deposit, balance, withdrawalamt;
      void getal) {
          Scannis Sc = new Scanner (system.in);
          S.O.p. ("Entu Customer name: ");
          cust name = sc. nextline();
         S.O. P. (" Enter accno: ");
          accoum = Sc. next line ();
          S.O.P. ("Enter deposit amount:");
          deposit = Sc. next Double ();
          bollance = deposit;
          S.O.P. ();
      S.O.P. ("Customer name: "+ (ustname);
     void puld1)?
       8. o.p. ("Account number: "+ accnum);
       8.0.p.();
```

```
class currace extends account &
       void balance check() &
           if (balance <= 1000) &
                S.O.P. 1"You have lus than min balance,
                         7500 diducted! ");
               1800 balance - = 500;
      void calc Display Balance() &
         8.0.P. 1" current acc details: ");
          putd();
          Sop. 1 " Amount to be withdrawn");
          Scanner sc = new Scanner (system.7n);
          withdrawalamt = Sc. next Double ();
           balance -= withdrawalamt;
           bouance check ();
           S.O.P. (" Balance : " + Balance );
           S.O.P. ();
      4
9
      sovace extends account &
class
       void interest calc () {
              bouance = balance + (0.07 + balance);
       void calc display Balance () &
             Scanner sc = new Scanner (system.in);
             S.O.P. (" Enter customer name");
              S.O.P. (" savings acc details");
              putd();
              S.O. P. ( " Amount to be withdrawn ");
              withdrawal amt -= sc. next Double ();
              8.0.P. ("Balance before addition of interst
                                           + balance);
```

```
interest cone ();
             S.o.P. ("Baiance after addn of interest: "+ baiance)
             S.O.P. ();
    Bank &
class
    public static void main (string args[]) &
         Scanner SC = new scanner (system in);
         String acctype;
         S.O.P. ("Enter acctype: ");
         accippe = Sc. nextline ();
          it (accippe equals ("Savings account ")) &
               Savace sace - new savace ();
               Saccegetal);
               Sacc. care Display Balance ();
          Use if (accippe equals ("current account")) }
               currace cace = new currace();
               carcegetd();
               cacc. carcaisplay barance();
          esse &
              S.O.P. (" gavalid acctype ");
```

```
output:
Enter type of account (savings account / Current account)
Savings account
 Ensu customer name:
 Manaswi
 Enter customer account number:
 123 ABC 789
 Entu deposit amount:
 25000
Savings account details:
Customer name: Manaswi
Account number: 128 ABC 789
Enter amount to be withdrawn
10000
Balance byore addn of interest: 15000.00
Balance after addn of interest: 16050.00
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Account {
  protected String customerName;
  protected String accountNumber;
  protected double balance;
  protected String accountType;
  public Account(String customerName, String accountNumber, String
accountType, double initialBalance) {
    this.customerName = customerName;
    this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
    this.accountType = accountType;
    this.balance = initialBalance;
  }
  public void deposit(double amount) {
    balance += amount;
    System.out.println("Deposit successful! Current balance: " + balance);
  }
  public void displayBalance() {
    System.out.println("Account balance: " + balance);
  }
  public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (balance >= amount) {
       balance -= amount;
       System.out.println("Withdrawal successful! Current balance: " +
balance);
    } else {
```

```
System.out.println("Insufficient balance! Withdrawal failed.");
    }
  }
  public String getAccountType() {
    return accountType;
  }
class SavAcct extends Account {
  private static final double interestRate = 0.04;
  public SavAcct(String customerName, String accountNumber, double
initialBalance) {
    super(customerName, accountNumber, "Savings", initialBalance);
  }
  public void computeInterest() {
    double interest = balance * interestRate;
    balance += interest;
    System.out.println("Interest of " + interest + " has been added to your
account. New balance: " + balance);
class CurAcct extends Account {
  private static final double MIN BALANCE = 500;
  private static final double PENALTY = 50;
  public CurAcct(String customerName, String accountNumber, double
initialBalance) {
    super(customerName, accountNumber, "Current", initialBalance);
  }
```

```
public void checkMinimumBalance() {
    if (balance < MIN BALANCE) {
       balance -= PENALTY;
       System.out.println("Balance is below minimum. A penalty of " +
PENALTY + " has been charged. New balance: " + balance);
     }
  }
public class Bank {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter customer name: ");
    String customerName = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter account type (1 for Savings, 2 for Current): ");
    int accountChoice = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter account number: ");
    String accountNumber = scanner.nextLine();
    Account account = null;
    if (accountChoice == 1) {
       System.out.print("Enter initial deposit for Savings account: ");
       double initialDeposit = scanner.nextDouble();
account = new SavAcct(customerName, accountNumber, initialDeposit);
     } else if (accountChoice == 2) {
       System.out.print("Enter initial deposit for Current account: ");
       double initialDeposit = scanner.nextDouble();
```

```
account = new CurAcct(customerName, accountNumber,
initialDeposit);
     } else {
       System.out.println("Invalid choice! Exiting program.");
       return;
    }
    boolean running = true;
    while (running) {
       System.out.println("\nBank Operations Menu:");
       System.out.println("1. Deposit \n 2.withdraw \n 3.Display Balance 4.
Compute Interest (Savings account only) 5.
                                              Check and apply minimum
balance penalty (Current account only) 6.Exit ");
       System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1:
            System.out.print("Enter deposit amount: ");
            double depositAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
            account.deposit(depositAmount);
            break;
         case 2:
            System.out.print("Enter withdrawal amount: ");
            double withdrawAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
            account.withdraw(withdrawAmount);
            break;
         case 3:
            account.displayBalance();
            break;
```

```
case 4:
            if (account instanceof SavAcct) {
              ((SavAcct) account).computeInterest();
            } else {
              System.out.println("Interest can only be computed for Savings
account.");
            }
            break;
          case 5:
            if (account instanceof CurAcct) {
              ((CurAcct) account).checkMinimumBalance();
            } else {
              System.out.println("Minimum balance check can only be applied
to Current account.");
            break;
          case 6:
            System.out.println("Exiting program.");
            running = false;
            break;
          default:
            System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please select a valid option.");
       }
    scanner.close();
}
```

Program 6:

Implement Packages

```
LAB PROGRAM - 6
  (neare package (TE with 2 classes student & Inturnals
cheat another package SEE which has class externals
which in turn is a child wars of student
Package CTE;
import java. util . Scanner;
public class student &
    String name;
    String un;
    int sem;
    public void getal) &
        Scanner SC = new Scanner (system.in);
        8.0. P. 1" Entu usn: ");
      wsn = Sc. next line ();
       8.0.p. (" Enter name:");
       name = sc. nextline ();
       8.0.p.( "Enter simustin: ");
       sem = sc. next Int();
    3
   public void display () &
       5.0.p.();
       8.0.P. (" wn: " + wn);
        8.0. P. (" name: " + name);
       S.O.P. ("Semester: " + sem);
       S-0-P-();
   4
```

```
package CIE;
  import java util scanner;
  public class Intunals &
      public int markscie[] = new int[5];
       public void getmarks () &
          for (int i=0; ix5; i++) &
              Scanner Sc = new scanner (system.in);
              S.O.P. (" marks in subject "+ (1+1));
              mankscieli] = sc. nextInt ();
     public int neturn manus cie (inti) &
          neturn markscie [i];
4
package SEE;
import java. will scanner;
import CIE Student;
import CIE. Internan;
public class extunais extends student &
     int marksce[] = new int [5];
     public void getmarks () &
        for (inti=0; 1<5; i++) &
            Scanner Sc = new Scanner (system in);
            System. out point in (" marks in subject"
            markssee (i) = Sc. next Int ();
       3
```

```
public void caretotal manks (intunals il) &
          for (int 1=0; ix5; i++) &
              S.O.P. (" Subject "+ (i+1) +": "+
                  (il. neturn markscie [1])+ (marssee[1] (2));
         S.O.P. ();
    8
import CIE Student;
import CIE, intunals;
import SEE . Exturnals;
import java util scanner;
public class Main &
     psvm (string args[1) &
         Scanner Sc = new Scanner (system in);
          S.O.P. (" Number of Students.");
          int n = SC. nextint ();
          intennals [] il = new Intunals [n];
          extunals [] el = new Extunals [n];
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) &
               S. D. P. ( "Student " + (1+1) + " details: ");
               elli] = new externau ();
               il [i] = new internals ();
               el (i) = getd ();
               illi). get marks ();
               cl[i] · get marks();
         for lint 1=0; 1 kn ; (++) &
              elli) display ();
               el [j] galc totalmarks (il[i]);
          4
```

```
(javac cit /* java SEE/* java Main-java
output:
Number of Students:
1
Studen 1 details:
Enter Wsn: IBM 23 (S 320
Enter name: Ram
Enter semester: 03
Enter CIE marks
marks in subject 1: 45
marks in subject 2: 49
marks in subject 3: 48
marks in subject 4: 40
mank in subject 5:
                     30
Enter SEE marks
manks in subject 1: 100
       in subject 2: 95
marks
       in subject 3: 98
marks
marks in subject 4: 99
marks in mubical 5: 100
Student USN : 1BM23 (5 320
Student name: Ram
Simusten: 03
Subject 1: 95
Subject 2: 97
Subject 3: 98
Subject 4: 90
subject 5: 100
```

```
CODE:
```

```
package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Internal {
        public int marksCie[] = new int[5];
        public void getMarks() {
            for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {
                   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                   System.out.println("Enter CIE marks in subject "+(i+1));
                   marksCie[i]=sc.nextInt();
             }
        }
        public int returnCieMarks(int i) {
            return marksCie[i];
        }
}
package SEE;
import CIE.Student;
import CIE.Internal;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class External extends Student {
        int marksSee[] = new int[5];
        public void getMarks() {
            for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {
                   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.println("Enter SEE marks in subject "+(i+1));
                   marksSee[i]=sc.nextInt();
             }
        }
        public void calcTotalMarks(Internal i1) {
            for(int i=0; i<5; i++) {
                   System.out.println("Subject "+(i+1)+":
"+(i1.returnCieMarks(i)+(marksSee[i]/2)));
             }
            System.out.println();
        }
}
import CIE.Student;
import CIE.Internals;
import SEE.Externals;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main package {
        public static void main(String args[]) {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter the number of students whose details you
want to enter");
            int n = sc.nextInt();
            Internals[] i1 = new Internals[n];
            Externals[] e1 = new Externals[n];
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
```

```
System.out.println("Student "+(i+1)+" details:");
    e1[i] = new Externals();
    i1[i] = new Internals();
    e1[i].getd();
    i1[i].getMarks();
    e1[i].getMarks();
}

for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    e1[i].display();
    e1[i].calcTotalMarks(i1[i]);
}
}</pre>
```

Program 7:

Implement Exception Handling

```
CAB PROGRAM 7
       one willy winder has Excepted
p Demonstrate exception landling by creating a base
  class "Father" and derived class "son" which
  extends base class. Create a whongage exception when
  age is negative and also when non's age exceeds
  father's age.
sol) import java-util-scanner;
 class wrong age Exception extends Exception &
      public Wrong Age Exception (String message) &
            super (message);
      & sen 2" + sen 2" 63 MED ?" MENTER
 9
 class father &
      protected int age;
      public Father (int age) throws wrong Age Exceptions
     if (ager to) from but sitch at money
              throw new Wrong Age Exception ("Father's
        age cannot be negative. ");
          Systems but paintly [" Farming &
          this age = age;
 3
  Class son extends father &
       private int son Ageing and more
       public Son (int father Age, int Son Age)
        throws wrong Age Exception &
            super (father Age);
```

```
if (son Age <0) {
               throw new Wrong Age Exception ("Sone
                  age cannot be negative. ");
           If ( son Age > = father Age ) &
             throw new wrong Age Exception ("Son;
                age cannot be greater than or equal
                 to father is age. ");
           this. SonAge = SonAge;
           Europe De Exercent (Sening mes
     public String toString () &
           neturn "Father's Age: "+ age +
            ", Son's Age: " + Son Age;
3
     Exception Inheritance Demo & MAHOT
     public No static void main ( String [] args) &
     try Egox 3 well ground were worns
           Father father = new Father (45);
           System. Out pointln (" father eneated
             with age: "+ father. age);
            80n 80n = new Son (45, 20);
            System. out. printin (80n);
        catch (wrong Age Exception e) &
            System. err. printin ("Exception occured: "+a)
```

```
tny &
         Son invalidson = new son (40,40);
     catch ( Wrong Age Exception e) &
         8.0. p. ("Exception occured: "+ e.get message());
      9
     try &
         father invalidather: new father (-60);
     9
      catch ( wrong Age Exception e) {
          8.0.p. ("Exception occurred: "+ e.gerne sage());
 9
output :
father's age:
45
Father's age: 45, Son's Age: 20
Exception occured: Son's age cannot be greater than or
                 equal to father's age.
Exception occured: father's age cannot be negative.
```

```
class WrongAgeException extends Exception {
  public WrongAgeException(String message) {
    super(message);
  }
}
class Father {
  protected int age;
  public Father(int age) throws WrongAgeException {
    if (age < 0) {
      throw new WrongAgeException("Father's age cannot be negative.");
    this.age = age;
}
class Son extends Father {
  private int sonAge;
  public Son(int fatherAge, int sonAge) throws WrongAgeException {
    super(fatherAge);
    if (sonAge < 0) {
       throw new WrongAgeException("Son's age cannot be negative.");
     }
    if (sonAge >= fatherAge) {
       throw new WrongAgeException("Son's age cannot be greater than or
equal to Father's age.");
     }
```

```
this.sonAge = sonAge;
  }
  public String toString() {
    return "Father's Age: " + age + ", Son's Age: " + sonAge;
  }
}
public class ExceptionInheritanceDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     try {
       Father father = new Father (45);
       System.out.println("Father created with age: " + father.age);
       Son son = new Son(45, 20);
       System.out.println(son);
     } catch (WrongAgeException e) {
       System.err.println("Exception occurred: " + e.getMessage());
     }
    try {
       Son invalidSon = new Son(40, 40);
     } catch (WrongAgeException e) {
       System.err.println("Exception occurred: " + e.getMessage());
     }
     try {
       Father invalidFather = new Father(-5);
     } catch (WrongAgeException e) {
       System.err.println("Exception occurred: " + e.getMessage());
```

Program 8:Multithreading, Creating Threads in Java

```
Lab program 8
Q) WAP which creates two threads, one thread displaying
 "BMS college of Engineening" once every 10 sec and
  another display "CSE" once every 2 sec.
  Class Bus College thread extends thread &
      public void run() &
         Mulle (fans) &
              thy &
                 S.O.P. (" BMS college of Engineering");
                  Thread. Sleep (10000);
              9
              catch (Insumpted Exception e) &
                   S.O.P. (e);
          4
  4
  class CSEThread extends Thread &
       public void run() &
          while (tome) of
              try & see the barren
                   8.0.P. ("CSE");
                   Thread. s leep (2000);
                catch (Interupted Exception e) &
                  8.0.P.(e);
```

```
public class Main &
   ps vm (String [] args) &
   BMS college Thread bms Thread = new
BMSCollege7hread();
  CSEThread Csethread = new CSEThreads
bms7nread - start ();
        (St Thread . start();
                  AND IN PROPERTY SPECIAL SECTION AND ADDRESS.
0/2
BMS College of Engineering
CSE
CSE
CSE
CSE
CSE
     unic than Diversal Maint extends France long
BMS College of Engineering
CSE
CSE
1(
```

```
class BMSCollegeThread extends Thread {
  public void run() {
    while (true) {
       try {
         System.out.println("BMS College of Engineering");
         Thread.sleep(10000);
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         System.out.println(e);
       }
class CSEThread extends Thread {
  public void run() {
    while (true) {
       try {
         System.out.println("CSE");
         Thread.sleep(2000);
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         System.out.println(e);
```

```
public class Main {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     BMSCollegeThread bmsThread = new BMSCollegeThread();
     CSEThread cseThread = new CSEThread();
     bmsThread.start();
     cseThread.start();
}
```

Program 9:

Interface to Perform Integer Division

```
Lab Program - 9
Q) WAP that creates a usen interface to perform
integer divisions. The user enters 2 numbers in the
text fields, Num! and Num 2. The division of
Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the result field
 when the divide button is clicked. It Num 1 or Nums
 were not an integer, the program would throw on
Dumber for mat txception. It Num 2 were zero, the
 program would throw an Arithmetic Exception
 Display the exception in a message dialog box.
 impost java. aut. x;
import java awt event;
 public class Division Main 1 extends Frame implements
                                        Action Listener
 2
     Textfield nums, num2;
     Button dresut;
      Label outresult;
      String out = " ";
     deuble result Num;
     int flag = 0 ;
      public Division Main 1 () &
          set Layout (new Flow layout ());
          dResult = new Button ("RESULT");
```

```
Label Number 1 = new Label (" Number 1:",
  Label. RIGHT);
     Label Number 2 = new Label ("Number 2: ", Label LEAD.
     num1 = new Textfield (5);
     num 2 = new Textfield (5);
     out Result = new habel (" Result: ", Laber . RIGHT);
     add (number 1);
     add (num1);
      add (number 2);
      add (num 2);
       add (dResult);
       add (out Result);
       num1. add Action Listiper (this);
       numa. add Action Listener (this);
       dresult. add Action Listener (this);
       add Window Listenen (new Window Adapter() &
 public void window Closing (window Event we) f
System.exit(o);
   18- (3 state is 19 to 2 to block site.
 public void action penbormed (Action Event ae) &
       int n1, n2;
          it (al. get source () == dresut) &
       try &
              n1 = Integer. passeInt (num1. getText());
               n2 = Integer. parse Int (num2 . get lext());
               if ( n2 == 0)
                throw new Arithmetic Exception();
               out = n1 + " "+n2 + " ".
```

```
nesult Num = n1/n2;
out + = String value of (result Num);
    supaint();
    catch ( Numberformat Exception e1) &
         flag = 1;
          out = " Number Format Exception ! " + e1;
          repaint();
     8
     couch (Arithmetic Exception e2) &
          flag = 1;
          out = 11 Ham Divide by O Exception!" + e2;
  public void paint (Graphics g) &
      if (flag = =0)
         g. draw Strintg (out, out Res Wit. get X1) +
                outResut getwidth (), out Resut, getyl)
                + out Result. getHeight ()-8);
      6186
      g. draw String (out, 100, 200);
          roflag=0;
```

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class SwingDemo{
SwingDemo(){
// create jframe container
JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divider App");
jfrm.setSize(275, 150);
jfrm.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
// to terminate on close
jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
// text label
JLabel ilab = new JLabel("Enter the divider and divident:");
// add text field for both numbers
JTextField aitf = new JTextField(8);
JTextField bitf = new JTextField(8);
// calc button
JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
// labels
JLabel err = new JLabel();
JLabel alab = new JLabel();
JLabel blab = new JLabel();
JLabel anslab = new JLabel();
// add in order :)
jfrm.add(err); // to display error bois
```

```
jfrm.add(jlab);
jfrm.add(ajtf);
jfrm.add(bjtf);
jfrm.add(button);
ifrm.add(alab);
jfrm.add(blab);
jfrm.add(anslab);
ActionListener l = new ActionListener() {
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
System.out.println("Action event from a text field");
}
};
ajtf.addActionListener(1);
bitf.addActionListener(1);
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
try{
int a = Integer.parseInt(ajtf.getText());
int b = Integer.parseInt(bjtf.getText());
int ans = a/b;
alab.setText("\nA = " + a);
blab.setText("\nB = " + b);
anslab.setText("\nAns = "+ ans);
catch(NumberFormatException e){
alab.setText("");
blab.setText("");
```

```
anslab.setText("");
err.setText("Enter Only Integers!");
}
catch(ArithmeticException e){
alab.setText("");
blab.setText("");
anslab.setText("");
err.setText("B should be NON zero!");
}
}
});
// display frame
jfrm.setVisible(true);
}
public static void main(String args[]){
// create frame on event dispatching thread
SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable(){
public void run(){
new SwingDemo();
}
});
```

Program 10:

Implement Deadlock and Inter-process Communication

```
Lab program 10
al Demonstrate Interprocess communication
 deadlock
 class Q &
   int n;
   boolean valueSet = faise;
    synchronized int get() &
        while (!value set) f
           tny &
               S.O.P. ("in Consumer waiting in");
               wait();
           9
            coutch (Interrupted Exceptione) &
               S.O.P. ("610t: "+n);
             8.0.P. ("Gret" +n);
             valueset = false; man have sitting
             8.0. p. ("In Intimate Producer In");
             notity();
             neturn n; ((++i) sug s
        synchronized void put lint n) &
            while
   synchronized void put (intn) {
         while (value set).
            try&
                8.0.P. ( squot; in Producer waiting
                   in & qout;);
                wait();
```

```
Catch (Interrupted Exception e) &
              S.O.P. ( & Quot; Interrupted Exception
                  caugut bauot; );
         3
       this . n = n
       ValueSet = true;
       S.O.P. ( " put: " +n);
       S.O.P. (kquot; in Intimate consumer in & quot;);
       notity();
   8
9
Class Producer implements Runnable ?
      29;
      Producer (Qa) &
          this 9($19;
          new thread (this, kquot; Producer ");
      9
      public void run() &
          while (i & It; 15) &
                9-put (i++);
            3
```

```
class Consumer implements Runnable &
     Q 9;
     Consumer (Q q) &
         this 9 = 9;
         new Thread (this, & quot; Consumer & quot).
     public void run() &
         int 1 =0:
         While (ixit; 15) & 17 qual mount
              int r = q.get();
               S.O.P. (squot; consumed: squot;+8);
          FOR (nome + trying call Blast &
3
                  enoused void laster f.
class Pcfixed &
     public static void main (string args []) &
          Qq = new Q();
          new producen (q);
          new consumer (a);
          S.O.P. ( " Press Control -C to Stop. kquot;)
    game Consent more bought - since gains
                  C.P. (name + " Extend to boar!) "
```

```
Deadlock -
  class A &
      Aynchronized void foo (Bb) &
          String name = thread. currentThread (). get Name().
         8.0.P. (name + " entired A-f00");
          try &
             Thread. 81eep (1000);
        catch (Exception e) {
             8.0.P. ("A Intersupted);
         8.0. P. (name +" tryinto call B. last()"):
         b. 10st();
    synchronized void last () &
          S.O.P. (" graside A. last");
     4
8
class B &
                       new Centrement (4),
     Synchronized void bon (Aa) &
     String name = Thread current thread (). get Namel);
     S.O.P. (name + " Entered B bar ()");
     tny &
         Thread, sleep (1000);
     catch ( Exception e) &
         8.0. P. ("Birtupted");
    5
```

```
S.O.P. (name + "trying to call A last()");
           a.last();
      4
      synchronized void last() &
           S.O. P. ("Inside A. last");
      3
 3
 class Deadlock implements Runnable &
      Aa = new A();
      3 b = new B();
       Deadlock () &
           Thruad · Current Thread (). set Name ("Main Thread");
            Thread t = new Thread (this, "Racing Thread");
            t.start();
            a. foo(b);
             8.0.P. ("Back in main thread");
       3
       public void run () &
             b. bar(a);
             S.O.P. ("Back in Other Thread");
       3
       public static void main (String args[]) ?
             new Deadlock();
      4
4
```

```
//PCFixed.java
class Q {
int n;
boolean valueSet = false;
synchronized int get() {
while(!valueSet)
try {
System.out.println("Consumer waiting");
wait();
} catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("InterruptedExceptioncaught");
}
System.out.println("Got: " + n);
valueSet = false;
System.out.println("Intimate Producer");
notify();
return n;
}
synchronized void put(int n) {
while(valueSet)
try {
System.out.println("Producer waiting");
wait();
} catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
}
```

```
this.n = n;
valueSet = true;
System.out.println("Put: " + n);
System.out.println("Intimate Consumer");
notify();
}
class Producer implements Runnable {
Qq;
Producer(Q q) {
this.q = q;
new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
}
public void run() {
int i = 0;
while(i<15) {
q.put(i++);
}
class Consumer implements Runnable {
Qq;
Consumer(Q q) {
this.q = q;
new Thread(this, "Consumer").start();
}
public void run() {
```

```
int i=0;
while(i<15) {
int r=q.get();
System.out.println("consumed:"+r);
i++;
}
class PCFixed {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Q q = new Q();
new Producer(q);
new Consumer(q);
System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");
}
//Deadlock.java
class A {
synchronized void foo(B b) {
String name =Thread.currentThread().getName();
System.out.println(name + " enteredA.foo");
try {
Thread.sleep(1000);
} catch(Exception e) {
System.out.println("A Interrupted");
}
```

```
System.out.println(name + " trying tocall B.last()");
b.last();
}
void last() {
System.out.println("Inside A.last");
}
class B {
synchronized void bar(A a) {
String name =Thread.currentThread().getName();
System.out.println(name + " enteredB.bar");
try {
Thread.sleep(1000);
} catch(Exception e)
System.out.println("B Interrupted");
System.out.println(name + " trying tocall A.last()");
a.last();
}
void last() {
System.out.println("Inside A.last");
}
class Deadlock implements Runnable
A = new A();
```

```
B b = new B();
Deadlock() {
Thread.currentThread().setName("MainThread");
Thread t = new Thread(this, "RacingThread");
t.start();
a.foo(b); // get lock on a in this thread.
System.out.println("Back in mainthread");
}
public void run() {
b.bar(a); // get lock on b in other thread.
System.out.println("Back in other thread");
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
new Deadlock();
}
```