



Semester Thesis - Three Week Presentation

March 19, 2024

- ▶ Project Objective
- ▶ Methods
 - ▶ Electrostatic vs. Gravity
 - ▶ Initial Conditions (NGen-IC)
 - ▶ Implementation
- ▶ Current Work Status
- ▶ Next Steps
 - ▶ Implement Simulation Setup
 - ▶ Define Test Cases

Project Objectives

- ▶ Development of a Cosmology Mini App
 - simulation of cold dark matter to understand structure formation.
 - Include the expansion of the Universe
- ▶ Test the results → Comparison to existing simulations
- ▶ How far can we push it? (Number of Particles, mesh size)

Methods

- ▶ Define the physics of the simulation
 - set up the equations of motion for the particles
 - define the Poisson equation for the gravitational potential
- ▶ Define the initial conditions of the particles
- ▶ Run the simulations on a suitable grid size for a certain amount of time
 - Redshift z

Methods - Electrostatic vs. Newton Gravity

Electrostatic

- ▶ Poisson equation

$$\Delta\Phi(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{\rho(\mathbf{r})}{\varepsilon}$$

- ▶ Electric Field

$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = -\nabla\Phi(\mathbf{r})$$

Gravity

- ▶ Poisson equation

$$\Delta\Phi(\mathbf{r}) = 4\pi G\rho(\mathbf{r})$$

- ▶ Gravitational Field

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}) = -\nabla\Phi(\mathbf{r})$$

Methods - Electrostatic vs. General Relativity

Electrostatic

- ▶ Poisson equation

$$\Delta\Phi(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{\rho(\mathbf{r})}{\varepsilon}$$

- ▶ Particle Motions

$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}_i}{dt} = \mathbf{v}_i$$

$$\frac{d\mathbf{v}_i}{dt} = -\frac{q_i}{m_i} \nabla\Phi|_i$$

Gravity (Expanding Universe)

- ▶ Poisson equation

$$\Delta_x\Phi = 4\pi G a^2(t) [\rho(\mathbf{x}, t) - \bar{\rho}(t)]$$

- ▶ Particle Motions

$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}_i}{dt} = \mathbf{v}_i$$

$$\frac{d\mathbf{v}_i}{dt} = -\frac{1}{a^2(t)} \nabla_x\Phi|_i - 2H(t)\mathbf{v}_i$$

→ use Leapfrog to update particle simulations

Methods - Initial Conditions

NGenIC is an initial conditions code for cosmological structure formation (based on power spectrum)

Developed at Heidelberg Institute for Theoretical Studies

- ▶ generates particles with positions, velocities
- ▶ ICs are compatible with GADGET (cosmological simulations code from Max-Planck-Institute for Astrophysics)
- ▶ NGenIC code is MPI parallel → suitable for large initial conditions

Methods - Implementation

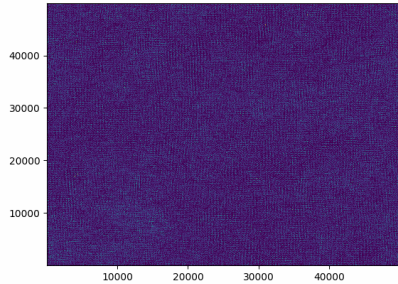
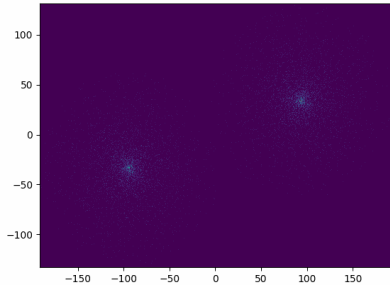
Implementation will be based on the structure of the Landau Damping Simulation

- ▶ collisionless dark matter particles
- ▶ Periodic boundary conditions
- ▶ FFT solver for Poisson equation (analogously to electrostatic)
- ▶ Leapfrog Integration (analogously to electrostatic)

What has been done so far?

- ▶ Download NGenIC and GADGET, install all dependencies
- ▶ Test of Generation of ICs with NGenIC
- ▶ First small simulation with GADGET
 - ▶ Collision of two galaxy clusters
 - ▶ large-scale structure formation

Animations



Ongoing Tasks

- ▶ Get a feeling for IPPL
- ▶ read in ICs from NGenIC and initialise IPPL particles with it
- ▶ Understand the parameters of NGenIC

Next Steps

- ▶ derive correct equations for particle movements (comoving vs. physical distances)
- ▶ Change physics equations for the time evolution in IPPL
- ▶ set up simulation → compare/verify with GADGET
- ▶ scaling study
- ▶ Generate nice pictures/movies :)

Questions

- ▶ Time attribute already implemented explicitly?