

# Calculator of cost travel and flights

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## Analysis

**Description:** The program will work as a calculator of travel cost and flights which will allow Miguel (passionate traveler) to discover new destinations and explore options for his flights alone or with his friends.

### Input:

1. **String** travelAccompanied (**Alone - Accompanied**)
2. **double** passengerW (**x>0, x<=109**)
3. **String** chooseRate (**XS - S - M**)
4. **String** ynSeatSelection (**Yes/No**)
  - 4.1 **String** choosePositionSeat (**Aisle - Middle - Window**)
5. **String** ynChooseExtraTenSuitcase (**Yes/No**)
  - 5.1 **int** amountExtraTenSuitcase (**x>0, x<=3**)
6. **String** ynChooseExtraTwentyTSuitcase (**Yes/No**)
  - 6.1 **int** amountExtraTwentyTSuitcase (**x>0, x<=2**)

### Output:

1. **double** totalPassengerToPay (**This variable will the individual total for a passenger, it will change depending of the user amount in a FOR loop**)
2. **double** travelAccompaniedToPay (**Sum of passenger tickets if there's more than one passenger traveling**)

### Example:

The user is asked if he is traveling alone or accompanied

--The user says *he is traveling alone*

The program asks for an approximate weight in kg

--The user says *9*

The program asks for the flight rate to choose

--The user choose the *S* rate

The program asks to the user if he wants to select the seat for his flight

--The user says *yes*

The program show to user 3 seat positions to choose

--The user choose *window* as seat

The program asks to the user if he wants to add extra 10kg suitcases

--The user says *no*

The program asks to the user if he wants to add extra 23kg suitcases

--The user says *yes*

The program asks to the user how many 23kg suitcases he need

--The user says *1*

The program says to the user that the total value of the ticket will be: 383750

## Contract methods

### Method 1: Welcome | METHOD String

Description: This method will welcome the user and it will ask if he/she is traveling alone or accompanied

@return travelAccompanied

### Method 2.1: Rate\_XS\_Includes | METHOD void

Description: This method will just display information about what the XS rate brings.

### Method 2.2: Rate\_S\_Includes | METHOD void

Description: This method will just display information about what the S rate brings.

**Method 2.3: Rate\_M\_Includes | METHOD void**

Description: This method will just display information about what the M rate brings.

**Method 2.4: Rate\_Recommendation | METHOD void**

Description: This method will manage the three possible rates to choose and will display the best one to choose.

**Method 3: Choose-Flight-Rate | METHOD String**

Description: This method will show to the user a suggested rate depending on the imputed weight.

@return chooseRate

**Method 4.1: Seat-Selection-XS-S | METHOD Double**

Description: This method will display the option to select a seat for the XS and S rates, returning the sum value to the check.

@param **double** totalPassengerToPay

@return totalPassengerToPay

**Method 4.2: Seat-Selection-M | METHOD Double**

Description: This method will allow the rate M user to select their seat, returning the sum value to the check.

@param **double** totalPassengerToPay

@return totalPassengerToPay

**Method 5: Extra-10KG-Checked-Suitcase | METHOD Double**

Description: This method will allow the user to add extra 10kg suitcases, returning the sum value to the check.

@param **double** totalPassengerToPay

@return totalPassengerToPay

**Method 6: Extra-23KG-Checked-Suitcase | METHOD Double**

Description: This method will allow the user to add extra 23kg suitcases, returning the sum value to the check.

@param **double** totalPassengerToPay

@return totalPassengerToPay

**Method 7: Rate-Selection-Menu | METHOD Double**

Description: This method will allow you to call a menu for selecting the rate flight, allowing to call it repetitive times when the user is traveling accompanied.

@param **String** chooseRate

@param **double** totalPassengerToPay

@return totalPassengerToPay